

HIGHWAY WORK PROPOSAL

Wisconsin Department of Transportation
DT1502 01/2020 s.66.0901(7) Wis. Stats

Proposal Number: **005**

<u>STATE ID</u>	<u>FEDERAL ID</u>	<u>PROJECT DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>HIGHWAY</u>	<u>COUNTY</u>
5865-02-64	WISC 2026436	Stoddard - Coon Valley, Village Park Driveway to Depot St	STH 162	Vernon
5865-02-74	N/A	Stoddard - Coon Valley, Village Park Driveway to Depot St	STH 162	Vernon

ADDENDUM REQUIRED ATTACHED AT BACK

This proposal, submitted by the undersigned bidder to the Wisconsin Department of Transportation, is in accordance with the advertised request for proposals. The bidder is to furnish and deliver all materials, and to perform all work for the improvement of the designated project in the time specified, in accordance with the appended Proposal Requirements and Conditions.

Proposal Guaranty Required: \$100,000.00 Payable to: Wisconsin Department of Transportation	Attach Proposal Guaranty on back of this PAGE.
Bid Submittal Date: August 11, 2026 Time (Local Time): 11:00 am	Firm Name, Address, City, State, Zip Code
Contract Completion Time November 05, 2027	SAMPLE NOT FOR BIDDING PURPOSES
Assigned Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Goal 0%	This contract is exempt from federal oversight.

This certifies that the undersigned bidder, duly sworn, is an authorized representative of the firm named above; that the bidder has examined and carefully prepared the bid from the plans, Highway Work Proposal, and all addenda, and has checked the same in detail before submitting this proposal or bid; and that the bidder or agents, officer, or employees have not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal bid.

Do not sign, notarize, or submit this Highway Work Proposal when submitting an electronic bid on the Internet.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this date _____

(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Bidder Signature)

(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State Wisconsin)

(Print or Type Bidder Name)

(Date Commission Expires)

(Bidder Title)

Notary Seal

Type of Work: Removals, Milling, Grading, Aggregate, Asphalt Pavement, Structure Replacement, Structure Rehabilitation, Culvert Pipe, Curb and Gutter, Storm Sewer, Beam Guard, Erosion Control, Permanent Signing, Traffic Control, Pavement Marking, Water, Restoration.	For Department Use Only
Notice of Award Dated	Date Guaranty Returned

**PLEASE ATTACH
PROPOSAL GUARANTY HERE**

PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

The bidder, signing and submitting this proposal, agrees and declares as a condition thereof, to be bound by the following conditions and requirements.

If the bidder has a corporate relationship with the proposal design engineering company, the bidder declares that it did not obtain any facts, data, or other information related to this proposal from the design engineering company that was not available to all bidders.

The bidder declares that they have carefully examined the site of, and the proposal, plans, specifications and contract forms for the work contemplated, and it is assumed that the bidder has investigated and is satisfied as to the conditions to be encountered, as to the character, quality, and quantities of work to be performed and materials to be furnished, and as to the requirements of the specifications, special provisions and contract. It is mutually agreed that submission of a proposal shall be considered conclusive evidence that the bidder has made such examination.

The bidder submits herewith a proposal guaranty in proper form and amount payable to the party as designated in the advertisement inviting proposals, to be retained by and become the property of the owner of the work in the event the undersigned shall fail to execute the contract and contract bond and return the same to the office of the engineer within fourteen (14) days after having been notified in writing to do so; otherwise to be returned.

The bidder declares that they understand that the estimate of quantities in the attached schedule is approximate only and that the attached quantities may be greater or less in accordance with the specifications.

The bidder agrees to perform the said work, for and in consideration of the payment of the amount becoming due on account of work performed, according to the unit prices bid in the following schedule, and to accept such amounts in full payment of said work.

The bidder declares that all of the said work will be performed at their own proper cost and expense, that they will furnish all necessary materials, labor, tools, machinery, apparatus, and other means of construction in the manner provided in the applicable specifications and the approved plans for the work together with all standard and special designs that may be designed on such plans, and the special provisions in the contract of which this proposal will become a part, if and when accepted. The bidder further agrees that the applicable specifications and all plans and working drawings are made a part hereof, as fully and completely as if attached hereto.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, agrees to begin the work not later than ten (10) days after the date of written notification from the engineer to do so, unless otherwise stipulated in the special provisions.

The bidder declares that if they are awarded the contract, they will execute the contract agreement and begin and complete the work within the time named herein, and they will file a good and sufficient surety bond for the amount of the contract for performance and also for the full amount of the contract for payment.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, shall pay all claims as required by Section 779.14, Statutes of Wisconsin, and shall be subject to and discharge all liabilities for injuries pursuant to Chapter 102 of the Statutes of Wisconsin, and all acts amendatory thereto. They shall further be responsible for any damages to property or injury to persons occurring through their own negligence or that of their employees or agents, incident to the performance of work under this contract, pursuant to the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction applicable to this contract.

In connection with the performance of work under this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with all applicable state and federal statutes relating to non-discrimination in employment. No otherwise qualified person shall be excluded from employment or otherwise be subject to discrimination in employment in any manner on the basis of age, race, religion, color, gender, national origin or ancestry, disability, arrest or conviction record (in keeping with s.111.32), sexual orientation, marital status, membership in the military reserve, honesty testing, genetic testing, and outside use of lawful products. This provision shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor further agrees to ensure equal opportunity in employment to all applicants and employees and to take affirmative action to attain a representative workforce.

The contractor agrees to post notices and posters setting forth the provisions of the nondiscrimination clause, in a conspicuous and easily accessible place, available for employees and applicants for employment.

If a state public official (section 19.42, Stats.) or an organization in which a state public official holds at least a 10% interest is a party to this agreement, this contract is voidable by the state unless appropriate disclosure is made to the State of Wisconsin Ethics Board.

BID PREPARATION

Preparing the Proposal Schedule of Items

A. General

- (1) Obtain bidding proposals as specified in section 102 of the standard specifications prior to 11:45 AM of the last business day preceding the letting. Submit bidding proposals using one of the following methods:
 1. Electronic bid on the internet.
 2. Electronic bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM.
 3. Paper bid under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
- (2) Bids submitted on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or paper bids submitted under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements govern over bids submitted on the internet.
- (3) The department will provide bidding information through the department's web site at:

<https://wisconsin.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx>

The contractor is responsible for reviewing this web site for general notices as well as information regarding proposals in each letting. The department will also post special notices of all addenda to each proposal through this web site no later than 4:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting. Check the department's web site after 5:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure all addenda have been accounted for before preparing the bid. When bidding using methods 1 and 2 above, check the Bid Express™ on-line bidding exchange at <http://www.bidx.com/> after 5:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure that the latest schedule of items Expedite file (*.ebs or *.00x) is used to submit the final bid.

- (4) Interested parties can subscribe to the Bid Express™ on-line bidding exchange by following the instructions provided at the www.bidx.com web site or by contacting:

Info Tech Inc.
5700 SW 34th Street, Suite 1235
Gainesville, FL 32608-5371
email: <mailto:customer.support@bidx.com>

- (5) The department will address equipment and process failures, if the bidder can demonstrate that those failures were beyond their control.
- (6) Contractors are responsible for checking on the issuance of addenda and for obtaining the addenda. Notice of issuance of addenda is posted on the department's web site at:

<https://wisconsin.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx>

or by calling the department at (608) 266-1631. Addenda can ONLY be obtained from the department's web site listed above or by picking up the addenda at the Bureau of Highway Construction, 4th floor, 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, WI, during regular business hours.

- (7) Addenda posted after 5:00 PM on the Thursday before the letting will be emailed to the eligible bidders for that proposal. All eligible bidders shall acknowledge receipt of the addenda whether they are bidding on the proposal or not. Not acknowledging receipt may jeopardize the awarding of the project.

B. Submitting Electronic Bids**B.1 On the Internet**

- (1) Do the following before submitting the bid:
 4. Have a properly executed annual bid bond on file with the department.
 5. Have a digital ID on file with and enabled by Info Tech Inc. Using this digital ID will constitute the bidder's signature for proper execution of the bidding proposal.
- (2) In lieu of preparing, delivering, and submitting the proposal as specified in 102.6 and 102.9 of the standard specifications, submit the proposal on the internet as follows:
 1. Download the latest schedule of items reflecting all addenda from the Bid ExpressTM web site.
 2. Use ExpediteTM software to enter a unit price for every item in the schedule of items.
 3. Submit the bid according to the requirements of ExpediteTM software and the Bid ExpressTM web site. Do not submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or a paper bid. If the bidder does submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or a paper bid in addition to the internet submittal, the department will disregard the internet bid.
 4. Submit the bid before the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.
 5. Do not sign, notarize, and return the bidding proposal described in 102.2 of the standard specifications.
- (3) The department will not consider the bid accepted until the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.

B.2 On a Printout with Accompanying Diskette or CD ROM

- (1) Download the latest schedule of items from the Wisconsin pages of the Bid Express web site reflecting the latest addenda posted on the department's web site at:
<https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx>
Use ExpediteTM software to prepare and print the schedule of items. Provide a valid amount for all price fields. Follow instructions and review the help screens provided on the Bid ExpressTM web site to assure that the schedule of items is prepared properly.
- (2) Staple an 8 1/2 by 11 inch printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items to the other proposal documents submitted to the department as a part of the bidder's sealed bid. As a separate submittal, not in the sealed bid envelope but due at the same time and place as the sealed bid, also provide the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items on a 3 1/2 inch computer diskette or CD ROM. Label each diskette or CD ROM with the bidder's name, the 4 character department-assigned bidder identification code from the top of the bidding proposal, and a list of the proposal numbers included on that diskette or CD ROM as indicated in the following example:

Bidder Name

BN00

Proposals: 1, 12, 14, & 22

- (3) If bidding on more than one proposal in the letting, the bidder may include all proposals for that letting on one diskette or CD ROM. Include only submitted proposals with no incomplete or other files on the diskette or CD ROM.
- (4) The bidder-submitted printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items is the governing contract document and must conform to the requirements of section 102 of the standard specifications. If a printout needs to be altered, cross out the printed information with ink or typewriter and enter the new information and initial it in ink. If there is a discrepancy between the printout and the diskette or CD ROM, the department will analyze the bid using the printout information.

- (5) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
1. The check code printed on the bottom of the printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items is not the same on each page.
 2. The check code printed on the printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items is not the same as the check code for that proposal provided on the diskette or CD ROM.
 3. The diskette or CD ROM is not submitted at the time and place the department designates.

B Waiver of Electronic Submittal

- (1) The bidder may request a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements. Submit a written request for a waiver in lieu of bids submitted on the internet or on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM. Use the waiver that was included with the paper bid document sent to the bidder or type up a waiver on the bidder's letterhead. The department will waive the electronic submittal requirements for a bidding entity (individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or limited liability company) for up to 4 individual proposals in a calendar year. The department may allow additional waivers for equipment malfunctions.
- (2) Submit a schedule of items on paper conforming to section 102 of the standard specifications. The department charges the bidder a \$75 administrative fee per proposal, payable at the time and place the department designates for receiving bids, to cover the costs of data entry. The department will accept a check or money order payable to: "Wisconsin, Dept. of Transportation."
- (3) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
 1. The bidder fails to provide the written request for waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
 2. The bidder fails to pay the \$75 administrative fee before the time the department designates for the opening of bids unless the bidder requests on the waiver that they be billed for the \$75.
 3. The bidder exceeds 4 waivers of electronic submittal requirements within a calendar year.
- (4) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, the department may refuse to issue bidding proposals for future contracts to a bidding entity that owes the department administrative fees for a waiver of electronic submittal requirements.

PROPOSAL BID BOND

DT1303 1/2006

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

Proposal Number	Project Number	Letting Date
Name of Principal		
Name of Surety	State in Which Surety is Organized	

We, the above-named Principal and the above-named Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the State of Wisconsin in the sum equal to the Proposal Guaranty for the total bid submitted for the payment to be made; we jointly and severally bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns. The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted a bid proposal to the State of Wisconsin acting through the Department of Transportation for the improvement designated by the Proposal Number and Letting Date indicated above.

If the Principal is awarded the contract and, within the time and manner required by law after the prescribed forms are presented for signature, enters into a written contract in accordance with the bid, and files the bond with the Department of Transportation to guarantee faithful performance and payment for labor and materials, as required by law, or if the Department of Transportation shall reject all bids for the work described, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise, it shall be and remain in full force and effect. In the event of failure of the Principal to enter into the contract or give the specified bond, the Principal shall pay to the Department of Transportation **within 10 business days of demand** a total equal to the Proposal Guaranty as liquidated damages; the liability of the Surety continues for the full amount of the obligation as stated until the obligation is paid in full.

The Surety, for value received, agrees that the obligations of it and its bond shall not be impaired or affected by any extension of time within which the Department of Transportation may accept the bid; and the Surety does waive notice of any such extension.

IN WITNESS, the Principal and Surety have agreed and have signed by their proper officers and have caused their corporate seals to be affixed this date: **(DATE MUST BE ENTERED)**

PRINCIPAL

(Company Name) **(Affix Corporate Seal)**

(Signature and Title)

(Company Name)

(Signature and Title)

(Company Name)

(Signature and Title)

(Company Name)

(Signature and Title)

NOTARY FOR PRINCIPAL

(Date)

State of Wisconsin)
) ss.
_____ County)

On the above date, this instrument was acknowledged before me by the named person(s).

(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Date Commission Expires)

Notary Seal

(Name of Surety) **(Affix Seal)**

(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)

NOTARY FOR SURETY

(Date)

State of Wisconsin)
) ss.
_____ County)

On the above date, this instrument was acknowledged before me by the named person(s).

(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Date Commission Expires)

Notary Seal

IMPORTANT: A certified copy of Power of Attorney of the signatory agent must be attached to the bid bond.

CERTIFICATE OF ANNUAL BID BOND

DT1305 8/2003

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

Time Period Valid (From/To)	
Name of Surety	
Name of Contractor	
Certificate Holder	Wisconsin Department of Transportation

This is to certify that an annual bid bond issued by the above-named Surety is currently on file with the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

This certificate is issued as a matter of information and conveys no rights upon the certificate holder and does not amend, extend or alter the coverage of the annual bid bond.

Cancellation: Should the above policy be cancelled before the expiration date, the issuing surety will give thirty (30) days written notice to the certificate holder indicated above.

(Signature of Authorized Contractor Representative)

(Date)

LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

Section 66.0901(7), Wisconsin Statutes, provides that as a part of the proposal, the bidder also shall submit a list of the subcontractors the bidder proposes to contract with and the class of work to be performed by each. In order to qualify for inclusion in the bidder's list a subcontractor shall first submit a bid in writing, to the general contractor at least 48 hours prior to the time of the bid closing. The list may not be added to or altered without the written consent of the municipality. A proposal of a bidder is not invalid if any subcontractor and the class of work to be performed by the subcontractor has been omitted from a proposal; the omission shall be considered inadvertent or the bidder will perform the work personally.

No subcontract, whether listed herein or later proposed, may be entered into without the written consent of the Engineer as provided in Subsection 108.1 of the Standard Specifications.

[illegible]

CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS - PRIMARY COVERED TRANSACTIONS

Instructions for Certification

1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective contractor is providing the certification set out below.
2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective contractor shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective contractor to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.
3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the contractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.
4. The prospective contractor shall provide immediate written notice to the department to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective contractor learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
5. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
6. The prospective contractor agrees by submitting this proposal that, should this contract be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department entering into this transaction.
7. The prospective contractor further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," which is included as an addendum to PR- 1273 - "Required Contract Provisions Federal Aid Construction Contracts," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
8. The contractor may rely upon a certification of a prospective subcontractor/materials supplier that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A contractor may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each contractor may, but is not required to, check the Disapproval List (telephone # 608/266/1631).

9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a contractor in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters - Primary Covered Transactions

1. The prospective contractor certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
 - (a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
 - (b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements or receiving stolen property;
 - (c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offense enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and
 - (d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
2. Where the prospective contractor is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective contractor shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

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STSP'S Revised April 1, 2026

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

1. General.

Perform the work under this construction contract for the following projects:

5865-02-64

Stoddard – Coon Valley

Village Park Driveway to Depot Street

STH 162

Vernon County

5865-02-74

Stoddard – Coon Valley

Village Park Driveway to Depot Street

STH 162

Vernon County

Perform the work as the plans show and execute the work as specified in the State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction, 2025 Edition, as published by the department, and these special provisions.

If all or a portion of the plans and special provisions are developed in the SI metric system and the schedule of prices is developed in the US standard measure system, the department will pay for the work as bid in the US standard system.

100-005 (20260401)

2. Scope of Work.

The work under this contract consists of removing C-62-302, constructing C-62-335, structure maintenance on B-62-029, B-62-083 and B-62-984, concrete masonry, bar steel reinforcement, base aggregate, culvert replacement, storm sewer, concrete curb and gutter, concrete sidewalk, pavement milling, HMA pavement, beam guard and all incidental items necessary to complete the work as shown on the plans and included in the proposal and contract.

104-005 (20090901)

3. Prosecution and Progress.

Begin work within 10 calendar days after the engineer issues a written notice to do so.

Provide the start date to the engineer in writing within a month after executing the contract but at least 14 calendar days before the preconstruction conference. Upon approval, the engineer will issue the notice to proceed within ten calendar days before the approved start date.

To revise the start date, submit a written request to the engineer at least two weeks before the intended start date. The engineer will approve or deny that request based on the conditions cited in the request and its effect on the department's scheduled resources.

General

Work cannot begin before April 1, 2027, except for tree clearing and bird deterrent systems.

Detour STH 162 for the entire duration of 2027 construction. Detour will not be allowed earlier than April 5th, 2027 without written approval by the Engineer.

In areas of pavement milling, pave lower layer of HMA pavement within 7 calendar days of pavement removal.

Fish Spawning

There shall be no instream disturbance of Hohlfeld Coulee Creek at Station 431+53 as a result of construction activity under or for this contract, from May 1 to October 1 both dates inclusive, in order to avoid adverse impacts upon the spawning of fish species.

Any change to this limitation will require submitting a written request by the contractor to the engineer, subsequent review and concurrence by the Department of Natural Resources in the request, and final approval by the engineer. The approval will include all conditions to the request as mutually agreed upon by WisDOT and DNR.

Migratory Birds

Swallow or other migratory bird nests have been observed on or under the existing structure(s) listed below. All active nests (when eggs or young are present) of migratory birds are protected from purposeful take under the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act. The nesting season for swallows and other birds is from April 15 to August 31.

Either prevent active nests from becoming established or prevent birds from nesting by installing and/or maintaining one suitable deterrent device on the following structure(s) prior to nesting season under the bid item Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System:

- C-62-302
- B-62-029
- B-62-083
- B-62-984

Protection of Endangered Bats

Federally protected bats have the potential to inhabit the project limits because they roost in trees, bridges, culverts, and other structures. Roosts may not have been observed on this project, but conditions to support the species exist. The species and all active roosts are protected by the federal Endangered Species Act. If an individual bat or active roost is encountered during construction operations, stop work, and notify the engineer and the WisDOT Regional Environmental Coordinator (REC).

Ensure all operators, employees, and subcontractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of environmental commitments and avoidance and minimization measures (AMMs) to protect both bats and their habitat.

Direct temporary lighting, if used, away from wooded areas during the bat active season April 15 to October 31, both dates inclusive.

Tree Clearing:

To avoid adverse impacts upon protected bats, no tree clearing is allowed between April 15 and October 31, both dates inclusive. If the required tree clearing is not completed by April 14, the department will suspend all tree clearing and associated work directly impacted by clearing.

Tree clearing is limited to that which is specified in the plans. Contractor means and methods to remove additional trees will not be allowed. If it is determined that additional trees with a 3-inch or greater diameter at breast height (dbh) need to be removed beyond contractor means and methods, notify the engineer to coordinate with the WisDOT REC to determine if consultation with United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) is required. The contractor must be aware that the WisDOT REC and/or USFWS may not permit modifications.

Due to potential for erosion, do not perform grubbing operations at the time of tree clearing unless grading activities will commence in those areas immediately following the tree clearing, or as otherwise approved by the engineer. Provide information for the grubbing and grading activities, including the schedule of operations, in the Erosion Control Implementation Plan (ECIP).

Submit a schedule and description of clearing operations with the ECIP 14 days prior to any clearing operations. The department will determine, based on schedule and scope of work, what additional erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to the start of clearing operations, and list those additional measures in the ECIP.

Bridge Deck Sealing/Overlay

To avoid affecting bats that may be roosting under or within structures, do not allow construction equipment, sealants, polymer overlays, or other materials from reaching the underside off the end of the structure or through any other openings on the structure.

Climbing Turtle

General

Turtles are known to inhabit the area on STH 162 and adjacent wetlands from Station 210+00 to Station 486+00 LT and RT, and suitable habitat exists within 1,000 ft of that location. It is assumed turtles are present at or near the project site during construction.

When within 1,000 ft of Station 210+00 to Station 486+00, use the following erosion mat types as shown on the plans or directed by the engineer, to minimize animal entrapment:

Erosion Mat Urban Class I Type A

Erosion Mat Urban Class I Type B

Erosion Mat Class II Type C

Furnish mat of these classes from the WisDOT Erosion Control Product Acceptability List (PAL).

Nesting Habitat

No ground disturbance, heavy equipment operation or supply/equipment storage shall occur within 200 ft of STH 162 and adjacent wetlands from Station 210+00 to Station 486+00 LT and RT during the turtle nesting season from May 20 to September 18, both dates inclusive, unless exclusion fencing has been installed prior to May 20 to keep turtles from entering the work area. Install and/or maintain exclusion fencing in accordance with the Turtle Exclusion Fencing, Climbing Turtle bid item included in the contract.

Installation of exclusion fencing from May 20 to September 18 is not allowed, even if a turtle survey is conducted, as it must be assumed that turtles have established nests as of May 20. A survey is not sufficient to identify established nests, resulting in potential egg mortality. Adjustment of these dates will not be considered.

Overwintering Habitat

There shall be no in-water disturbance or drawdowns of STH 162 and adjacent wetlands from Station 210+00 to Station 486+00 LT and RT during the turtle overwintering period. The overwintering period runs from October 1 to April 30, both dates inclusive.

Requests for date adjustments will only be considered if they coincide with WDNR's weather-dependent activity periods found at this link: <https://dnr.wisconsin.gov/topic/WildlifeHabitat/HerpRegulations>. Submit requests to the engineer for approval. The engineer will consult with the WDNR Endangered Resources Liaison, Stacy Rowe. Other date adjustment requests will not be approved.

In-water disturbance includes, but is not limited to, streambank/rip rap installation, ford installations, open cut trenching, barge spudding, dredging, filling, and other in-water actions commonly associated with culvert replacement or maintenance, and bridge demolition or construction.

Blanchard's Cricket Frog

The Blanchard's cricket frog (*Acris blanchardi*), an endangered species in Wisconsin, prefers ponds, lakes, and a variety of habitats along and adjacent to streams and rivers including marshes, fens, sedge meadows, low prairies, and exposed mud flats. The species tends to breed in quiet water (no or low flow) and may also move from streams and rivers to adjacent wetlands and ponds. Cricket frogs cannot tolerate freezing or complete inundation for more than 24 hours during the winter and thus seek a variety of microhabitats that provide suitable overwintering conditions, including crayfish burrows, small mammal burrows, rotted-out root channels, seepage areas where groundwater flow prevents freezing at the surface or spaces created by sloughing streambanks. Cricket frogs are active from early March through November. Breeding can occur from mid-May through mid-August, with some larvae not transforming until late September.

WisDOT has obtained coverage for this project under the Broad Incidental Take Authorization for Road, Railroad, and Trail Projects and Blanchard's Cricket Frog. This authorization covers project work in the following locations:

1. STH 162 and adjacent wetlands Station 210+00 to Station 486+00 LT and RT.

Required Avoidance and Minimization measures include the following:

1. The following restrictions will apply for any and all activities taking place within standing or flowing water, within wetlands, and within 75 feet of waters and/or wetland:
 - a. There shall be no in stream disturbance during breeding season, May 20 to August 15, both dates inclusive.

- b. There shall be no disturbance in stream, in wetland, in upland vegetation and within 75 feet of the stream or wetland during the inactive period from October 16 to April 7, both dates inclusive.
 - i. If construction will be extended past the start of the frog's inactive season, the contractor will ensure that the area is unsuitable as overwintering habitat, details to be coordinated with WisDOT Project Manager, WisDOT Environmental Coordinator, and WDNR Threatened and Endangered Resources Staff.
 - c. Before any disturbance/construction takes place on site, the vegetation within the disturbance area must be cut by a non-suction mower (flail mower, sickle bar mower, manual reel mower, electric/gas weed trimmer), by hand (hand sickle, hand clippers), or grazed according to the following specifications:
 - i. Ground and shoreline vegetation must be cut to a height of 3 inches or less initially and maintained at 3-6 inches until all project related disturbance has been completed.
 - ii. Any in-stream vegetation (emergent, submergent or floating) within 1 foot of the water's surface and within 1 foot of the disturbance area must be cut so that the tops of the plants are more than 1 foot below the surface. The vegetation must then be maintained at least 1 foot below the water's surface until disturbance has been completed.
 - iii. Blanchard's Cricket Frog removals (as described in (d)) must take place prior to vegetation cutting occurring.
 - d. All disturbed areas along the road within 75ft of the stream will be top-dressed with 6" of soil and seeded to WisDOT #75 Seed Mix as marked on the plans.
 - i. The above requirement will apply to locations where riprap has been installed
 - e. Blanchard's Cricket Frog removals will be conducted in the disturbance footprint by a qualified biologist approved by the WDNR ER Transportation Liaison prior to each work day/restoration activity. Coordinate with WisDOT Southwest Region Environmental Coordinator two weeks in advance of construction activities to schedule a qualified biologist to be on site during construction activities. The biologist will be contracted through a master contract with the department at the department's cost. Contact Anna Jahns, SWR REC, at annah.jahns@dot.wi.gov or (608) 785-9961.
 - i. All Blanchard's Cricket Frogs (and preferably other amphibians and reptiles) found will be immediately removed from the disturbance area and relocated to suitable habitat at least 100 meters downstream from the project site. If Blanchard's Cricket Frogs are found on the first walk-through of the area, a second walkthrough will be conducted. This process should continue until the biologist feels confident he/she has removed as many Blanchard's Cricket Frogs as possible from the disturbance area.
 - ii. All Blanchard's Cricket Frogs removed will be recorded (total number removed per walkthrough, i.e., 2 Blanchard's Cricket Frogs removed on first walk-through, 1 Blanchard's Cricket Frog removed on second walk-through and 0 Blanchard's Cricket Frogs removed on third walk-through) and reported to the ER Transportation Liaison (stacy.rowe@wisconsin.gov) on a weekly basis. For a sample data sheet that can be used for reporting, see http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/ERReview/documents/CA_SpeciesRemovalDataSheet.pdf.
2. The following requirements are included in a separate contract through a master biological contract with the department at the department's cost: All dead amphibians and reptiles found onsite will be recorded (species, approximate age, possible cause of death), photographed, and reported to the ER Transportation Liaison (stacy.rowe@wisconsin.gov) at the conclusion of the project. For a sample data sheet

that can be used for reporting, see http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/ERReview/documents/CA_SpeciesRemovalDatasheet.pdf. A closing report must be submitted to the ER Transportation Liaison via email within 60 days of completion of project.

3. If erosion matting (also known as an erosion control blanket, erosion mat or erosion mesh netting) will be used, the following matting (or something similar) must be installed: North American Green S75BN, S150BN, SC150BN or C125BN. These models are comprised of netting that contains biodegradable thread with the “leno” or “gauze” weave (contains strands that are able to move independently), which has the least impact on wildlife. Plastic netting without independent movement of strands can easily entrap wildlife.
4. Sediment control systems such as turbidity barriers will be installed in the areas of disturbance in the stream to limit sediment and run off into the stream during construction.

Roadway Closure and Detour Staging

The detour route shall be in place prior to closing C-62-335, B-62-984 or the segment from Station 105+00 to Station 115+00. Construction for the full reconstruction section in Stoddard (Station 105+00 to Station 115+00) must be staged to allow local access to Easy Street, Sand Lake Court and Old River Road at all times. At a minimum, provide one, 12-foot lane with base aggregate dense surface to maintain access.

The project work shall be staged so that only C-62-335 or B-62-984 be closed to local traffic at one time. Stage work operations for the concrete overlay on B-62-029 to be completed half at a time with the use of temporary concrete barrier and stop signs. Structure B-62-984 can be closed for work operations but provide a minimum 10' lane for emergency vehicle access at all times during closure. At no time shall through traffic be allowed on base aggregate roadway surface. Complete detour and open STH 162 to through traffic by November 5, 2027.

Interim Completion and Liquidated Damages – C-62-335: 42 Calendar Days

Complete construction operations for the construction of C-62-335 to the stage necessary to reopen it to local traffic within 42 calendar days. Do not reopen until completing the following work: Structure C-62-335, including approach grading and approach HMA binder layer from Station 182+50 to Station 185+50.

If the contractor fails to complete the work necessary to reopen STH 162 to from Station 182+50 to Station 185+50 within 42 calendar days, the department will assess the contractor \$5,000 in interim liquidated damages for each calendar day the contract work remains incomplete. An entire calendar day will be charged for any period of time within a calendar day that the road remains closed beyond 12:01 AM.

If contract time expires prior to completing all work specified in the contract, additional liquidated damages will be affixed according to standard spec 108.11.

Interim Completion and Liquidated Damages – B-62-984: 40 Calendar Days

Complete construction operations for the work associated with B-62-984 to the stage necessary to reopen it to local traffic within 40 calendar days. Do not reopen until completing the following work: wingwall replacement, temporary shoring removal and concrete deck overlay.

If the contractor fails to complete the work necessary to reopen STH 162 at B-62-984 within 40 calendar days the above mentioned time frame, the department will assess the contractor \$5,000 in interim liquidated damages for each calendar day the contract work remains incomplete. An entire calendar day will be charged for any period of time within a calendar day that the road remains closed beyond 12:01 AM.

If contract time expires prior to completing all work specified in the contract, additional liquidated damages will be affixed according to standard spec 108.11.

4. Traffic.

STH 162 is open to traffic except for work between Station 105+00 to Station 115+00 and structures C-62-335 and B-62-984.

Both lanes of STH 162 shall be reopened to vehicular traffic at the end of each day with a minimum roadway width of 22-feet prior to and during nighttime hours with the exception of C-62-335 and B-62-984.

Maintain local access to all sideroads, businesses and residences at all times. Maintain emergency access to the project area at all times. Keep all private entrances and field entrances accessible at all times, unless written permission is obtained from the property owner 48 hours in advance of closing the access.

Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS)

Place PCMS boards on STH 162 in the approximate locations shown in the plan, or as approved by the engineer, one week prior to the anticipated start date and one week prior to road closure to notify motorists of upcoming construction activities.

Message is as follows:

ROADWORK	HWY 162
STARTING	CLOSED
X/XX/XX	STARTING
	X/XX/XX

Use signs to designate the no-passing zones and to warn traffic during the time when no-passing zone and centerline pavement markings are not in place on intermediate or final surfaces open to through traffic, including milled surfaces. Such signs shall be in place prior to the time when the pre-existing pavement marking is obliterated and shall be removed following placement of the no-passing zone and centerline pavement markings. Signs may be placed on portable supports unless the sign will be used continuously at the same location for seven or more days. The following signs shall be used and are incidental other items of work:

1. "Do Not Pass" (R4-1, 24" x 30") and the existing "No Passing Zone" pennant (W14-3) at the beginning of each no-passing zone.
2. Additional "Do Not Pass" (R4-1, 24" x 30") signs within any no-passing zone that continues beyond an intersection with a state or county trunk highway or that exceeds one mile in length. Place an additional sign where traffic enters a no-passing zone from such an intersection and wherever necessary to provide a maximum one-mile sign spacing within any single zone.
3. "Pass With Care" (R4-2, 24" x 30") at the end of each no-passing zone.
4. "No Center Stripe" (W8-12, 48" x 48" minimum) at the beginning of the unmarked area, at two-mile intervals throughout the unmarked area, and at locations where traffic enters the unmarked area from intersections with state trunk and county trunk highways.
5. "Loose Gravel" signs (W8-9 48" x 48" minimum) at one mile spacing any time STH 162 traffic is operating on gravel.
6. "Bump" signs at each location there is a vertical drop of one inch or more present on STH 162.

Wisconsin Lane Closure System Advance Notification

Provide the following advance notification to the engineer for incorporation into the Wisconsin Lane Closure System (LCS).

TABLE 108-1 CLOSURE TYPE AND REQUIRED MINIMUM ADVANCE NOTIFICATION

Closure type with height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction < 16 feet)	MINIMUM NOTIFICATION
Lane and shoulder closures	7 calendar days
Full roadway closures	7 calendar days
Ramp closures	7 calendar days
Detours	7 calendar days
Closure type without height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction ≥ 16 feet)	MINIMUM NOTIFICATION
Lane and shoulder closures	3 business days
Ramp closures	3 business days

Modifying all closure types	3 business days
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Discuss LCS completion dates and provide changes in the schedule to the engineer at weekly project meetings in order to manage closures nearing their completion date.

5. **Holiday and Special Event Work Restrictions.**

Do not perform work on, nor haul materials of any kind along or across any portion of the highway carrying STH 162 traffic, and entirely clear the traveled way and shoulders of such portions of the highway of equipment, barricades, signs, lights, and any other material that might impede the free flow of traffic during the following holiday and special event periods:

- From noon Friday, May 28, 2027 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, June 1, 2027 Memorial Day;
- From noon Friday, July 2, 2027 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, July 6, 2027 Independence Day;
- From noon Friday, September 3, 2027 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, September 7, 2027 Labor Day.

stp-107-005 (20210113)

6. **Utilities.**

This contract comes under the provision of Administrative Rule Trans 220.

The utility work plan includes additional detailed information regarding the location of known discontinued, relocated, or removed utility facilities. These can be requested from the department during the bid preparation process, or from the project engineer after the contract has been awarded and executed.

Some of the utility work described below is dependent on prior work being performed by the contractor at a specific site. In such situations, provide the engineer and the affected utility a good faith notice of when the utility is to start work at the site. Provide this notice 14 to 16 calendar days in advance of when the prior work will be completed and the site will be available to the utility. Follow-up with a confirmation notice to the engineer and the utility not less than 3 working days before the site will be ready for the utility to begin its work.

stp-107-065 (20240703)

Any utility facility locations (stations, offsets, elevations, depths) listed in this article are approximate.

Coon Valley Farmers Telephone Co – Communication line has facilities within the project limits.

Coon Valley Farmers Telephone Co will Construct, reconstruct, relocate, remove, as shown in the plans below.

All work to be completed prior to construction. Watchdog request's during construction noted below.

105+11	Will Relocate – Moving to Aerial (Check with Xcel as pole is moving 3' back)
105+25RT (PED)	Will Remove Peds
106+50LT-110+50LT	Discontinued - Will Relocate – See Attached Drawing
107+42	Watchdog on site to locate & expose fiber. 72F
108+50-109+50RT and 110+25-111+50RT	Watchdog on site to locate & expose fiber.
110+10RT (PED)	Will Remove Peds
111+10RT & 111+50RT	Fiber Close to Storm Inlet – Watchdog on site
113+31	24F Cable to be Discontinued
113+52	Watchdog on site to locate & expose fiber. 96F
114+50	Discontinued - Will Relocate – See Attached Drawing
143+50LT THRU 145+30LT	Watchdog on site to locate & expose fiber. Fiber at 3'-10"
162+10RT	Watchdog on site. Fiber is at 4'(below proposed pipe depth)

Mediacom – Communication line has facilities within the project limits.

Mediacom will Construct, reconstruct, relocate, remove, as shown in the plans below. All work to be completed prior to construction.

Mediacom will transfer its existing facilities over to the new Xcel poles when available at the following locations.

Station 105+20 RT.

Station 106+35 RT.

Station 106+60 LT.

Station 108+10 RT.

Station 110+5 LT.

Station 110+10 RT.

Vernon Electric Cooperative – Electricity has facilities within the project limits.

Vernon Electric cooperative will Construct, reconstruct, relocate, remove, as shown in the plans below. All work to be completed prior to construction.

Overhead horizontal clearance is 20' at all station noted below. Line de-energizing can be arranged, and line guards can be installed upon request at each of these locations.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 166+50.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 177+50.

Overhead Line running along STH 162 as Station 184+00 – LT.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 201+00.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 224+80.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 226+00.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 233+00.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 251+00.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 252+00.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 254+00.

Overhead Line running across Hilltop-road, approximately 80' off of C/L STH 162 as Station 255+00, LT.

Overhead Line running along STH 162 as Station 351 to Station 361-RT.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 365+30.

Overhead Line running across STH 162 as Station 368+90.

Overhead Line running across Overson Lane, approximately 85' North of C/L STH 162 as Station 430+00, LT.

Village of Stoddard – Sewer has facilities within the project limits.

Village of Stoddard Sewer will construct, reconstruct, relocate, and remove, as shown in the plans below. All work to be completed during construction.

Storm Sewer Crossing Station 106+50 RT – The top of the proposed sanitary sewer main will be approximately 52" below the bottom of the DOT storm sewer pipe and will not pose any conflict.

Storm Sewer Crossing Station 111+07 RT - The top of the proposed sanitary sewer main will be approximately 4" below the bottom of the DOT storm sewer pipe. Contact the Village of Stoddard to be onsite during construction of this crossing.

Storm Sewer Line Station 111+07 RT to 111+45 RT – Horizontally, the proposed sanitary sewer main is offset from the proposed storm sewer main 3-4'. Additionally, the top of the proposed sanitary sewer main will be approximately 4" below the bottom of the storm sewer pipe. Contact the Village of Stoddard to be onsite during construction of this crossing.

Xcel Energy – Electricity has facilities within the project limits.

Xcel Energy - Electricity will Construct, reconstruct, relocate, remove, as shown in the plans below. All work to be completed prior to construction.

Station 105+20 RT conflict. Relocate pole 3' further back in right of way (2' behind sidewalk)

Station 106+35 RT conflict. Relocate pole 3' further back in right of way (2.5' behind sidewalk)

Station 106+60 LT conflict. Relocate pole 2' further back in right of way (2' behind sidewalk)

Station 108+10 RT conflict. Relocate pole 3' further back in right of way (2' behind sidewalk). Relocate guy/anchor 3' further back in right of way.

Station 110+5 LT conflict. Relocate pole 6' further back in right of way (2' from property line) behind modular block wall.

Station 110+10 RT conflict. Relocate pole 5'-6' further back in right of way (2' behind sidewalk). Relocate guy/anchor 5'-6' further back in right of way.

The following utility owners have facilities within the project area; however, no adjustments are anticipated:

Chaseburg Water & Sewer Utility – WATR

Chaseburg Water & Sewer Utility - SEWR

Dairyland Power Cooperative – ELCTY

Village of Stoddard – WATR

Windstream KDL LLC - COMLN

Windstream NTI LLC – COMLN

7. Information to Bidders, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit.

The department has assumed coverage under the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Transportation Regional General Permit (TRGP). The department has determined that a pre-construction notification (permit application) to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and their written verification of TRGP coverage is not necessary for this project.

A copy of the Section 404 Transportation Regional General Permit can be obtained on USACE's website:

<https://www.mvp.usace.army.mil/Portals/57/docs/regulatory/RGP/Transportation.pdf>

If the contractor requires work outside the proposed slope intercepts, based on their method of operation to construct the project, it is the contractor's responsibility to determine whether a pre-construction notification (permit application) and written verification from U.S. Army Corps of Engineers under the Section 404 Transportation Regional General permit is required. If written verification under the TRGP is necessary, submit a pre-construction notification to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and obtain written verification of permit coverage prior to beginning construction operations requiring the permit. No time extensions as discussed in standard spec 108.10 will be granted for the time required to apply for and obtain the written verification of permit coverage. The contractor must be aware that the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers may not grant the permit request.

stp-107-054 (20230629)

8. Information to Bidders, WPDES Transportation Construction General Permit (TCGP) for Storm Water Discharges.

The calculated land disturbance for the project site is 26.5 acres.

The department has obtained permit coverage through the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources to discharge storm water associated with land disturbing construction activities under this contract. Conform to all permit requirements for the project.

This permit is the Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, Transportation Construction General Permit, (WPDES Permit No. WI-S066796-2). The permit can be found at:

<https://widnr.widen.net/s/s5mwp2gd7s/finalsignedwisdotcsgp>

A "Certificate of Permit Coverage" is available from the regional office by contacting Randy Byom at (608) 785-9966. Post the "Certificate of Permit Coverage" in a conspicuous place at the construction site.

Permit coverage for additional land disturbing construction activities related to contractor means and methods will be considered as part of the ECIP review and approval process. Coverage under the TCGP for additional land disturbance areas will be considered if the areas meet all of the following:

- Must meet the permit's applicability criteria.
- Must be for the exclusive use of a WisDOT project.
- Land disturbance first commences after the ECIP approval, and the areas are fully restored to meet the final stabilization criteria of the permit upon completion of the work.

The contractor is responsible for obtaining any permits for areas that are not approved by the department for coverage under the TCGP.

9. Erosion Control Structures.

Within three calendar days after completing the excavation for a substructure unit, place riprap or other permanent erosion control items required by the contract or deemed necessary by the engineer around the unit at a minimum to a height equivalent to the calculated water elevation resulting from a storm that occurs on the average of once every two years (Q2) as shown on the plan, or as the engineer directs.

In the event that construction activity does not disturb the existing ground below the Q2 elevation, the above timing requirements for permanent erosion control shall be waived.

stp-107-070 (20191121)

10. Notice to Contractor, Asbestos Containing Materials on Structure.

John Roelke, License Number AII-119523, inspected Structure B-62-0029 for asbestos on August 22, 2023. Regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) was found on this structure in the following locations and quantities: The gasket located under the railing attachment plates on the concrete parapet tested positive for asbestos greater than 1%.

A copy of the inspection report is available from Randy Byom, 608-785-9966, randy.byom@dot.wi.gov. Locations of asbestos containing material are noted on the plan set. Do not disturb any asbestos

containing material. Should asbestos containing material be disturbed, stop work immediately, notify the engineer, and the engineer will notify the department's Bureau of Technical Services at (608) 266-1476 for an emergency response as specified in standard spec 107.24. Keep material wet until it is abated.

stp-107-120 (20220628)

11. Notice to Contractor, Notification of Demolition and/or Renovation No Asbestos Found.

Paul M. Garvey, License Number All- 117079, inspected Structure C-62-302 for asbestos on March 31, 2021. No Regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) was found on this structure. A copy of the inspection report is included with the bid package or available from Randy Byom, 608-785-9966, randy.byom@dot.wi.gov.

According to NR447 and DHS159, ensure that DNR or DHS receives a completed Notification of Demolition and/or Renovation (DNR Form 4500-113 (R 03/20), or subsequent revision) via U.S. mail, hand-delivery, or using the online notification system at least 10 working days before beginning any construction or demolition. Pay all associated fees. Provide a copy of the completed 4500-113 form to Randy Byom, 608-785-9966, randy.byom@dot.wi.gov and via e-mail to dothazmatunit@dot.wi.gov or via U.S. mail to DOT BTS-ESS attn: Hazardous Materials Specialist, 5 South S.513.12, PO Box 7965, Madison, WI 53707-7965. In addition, comply with all local or municipal asbestos requirements.

Use the following information to complete WisDNR form 4500-113:

- Site Name: Structure C-62-302, STH 162 over Drainage Way
- Site Address: S27 T14N R07W
- Ownership Information: WisDOT Transportation SW Region La Crosse, 3550 Mormon Coulee Road, La Crosse, WI, 54601
- Contact: Randy Byom
- Phone: (608) 785-9966
- Age: Unknown years old. This structure was constructed in unknown.
- Area: N/A SF of deck

Insert the following paragraph in Section 6.g.:

If asbestos not previously identified is found or previously non-friable asbestos becomes crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to a powder, stop work immediately, notify the engineer, and the engineer will notify the department's Bureau of Technical Services at (608) 266-1476 for an emergency response as specified in standard spec 107.24. Keep material wet until it is abated or until it is determined to be non-asbestos containing material.

stp-107-125 (20220628)

12. Notice to Contractor, Verification of Asbestos Inspection, No Asbestos Found.

Paul M. Garvey, License Number All- 117079, inspected Structure B-62-083 for asbestos on March 31, 2021. No regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) was found on this structure. A copy of the inspection report is available from Randy Byom, 608-785-9966, randy.byom@dot.wi.gov.

Paul M. Garvey, License Number All- 117079, inspected Structure B-62-984 for asbestos on March 31, 2021. No regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) was found on this structure. A copy of the inspection report is available from Randy Byom, 608-785-9966, randy.byom@dot.wi.gov.

stp-107-127 (20220628)

13. Coordination with Businesses and Residents.

The contractor shall arrange and conduct a meeting between the contractor, the department, emergency services affected residents, local officials and business people to discuss the project schedule of operations including vehicular and pedestrian access during construction operations. Hold the first meeting at least one week before the start of work under this contract and hold one meeting per month thereafter. The contractor shall arrange for a suitable location for meetings that provides reasonable accommodation for public involvement. The department will prepare and coordinate publication of the

meeting notices and mailings for meetings. The contractor shall schedule meetings with at least 2 weeks' prior notice to the engineer to allow for these notifications.

stp-108-060 (20141107)

14. Municipality Acceptance of Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, and Water Main Construction.

The Village of Stoddard personnel will inspect construction of sanitary sewer and water main under this contract. Stoddard personnel will provide construction staking, and inspection services for the sanitary sewer and water main construction.

15. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Safe Drinking Water Loan Fund for Water Main Construction and Clean Water Fund Program for Sewer Main Construction.

Construction of Village of Stoddard water main, sewer main and related items under Project ID 5865-02-74 shall comply with all requirements of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) Safe Drinking Water Loan Program (SDWLP) and Clean Water Fund Program (CWFP).

Comply with the following requirements:

- Davis-Bacon and Related Acts (DBRA): If requested, in addition to electronic submittals of weekly payrolls through WisDOT's Civil Rights Compliance System (CRCS), contractor shall provide information according to the WDNR SDWL and CWFP guidelines, Village of Stoddard, or their designated representative for contractors and subcontractors engaged in the water utility and sanitary sewer utility construction.
 - a) <https://dnr.wisconsin.gov/sites/default/files/topic/Aid/loans/pubs/CF0074.pdf>
- American Iron and Steel certification for materials related to the water utility and sewer utility:
 - b) The contractor acknowledges to and for the benefit of the Village of Stoddard (Purchaser) and the State of Wisconsin (State) that it understands the goods and services under this Agreement are being funded with monies made available by the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and or Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund that have statutory requirements commonly known as American Iron and Steel; that requires all of the iron and steel products used in the project to be produced in the United States (American Iron and Steel Requirement) including iron and steel products provided by the Contractor pursuant to this Agreement. The contractor hereby represents and warrants to and for the benefit of the Purchaser and the State that (a) the contractor has reviewed and understands the American Iron and Steel Requirement, (b) all of the iron and steel products used in the project will be and/or have been produced in the United States in a manner that complies with the American Iron and Steel Requirement, unless a waiver of the requirement is approved, and (c) the contractor will provide any further verified information, certification or assurance of compliance with this paragraph, or information necessary to support a waiver of the American Iron and Steel Requirement, as may be requested by the Purchaser or the State. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any failure to comply with this paragraph by the contractor shall permit the Purchaser or State to recover as damages against the contractor any loss, expense, or cost (including without limitation attorney's fees) incurred by the Purchaser or State resulting from any such failure (including without limitation any impairment or loss of funding, whether in whole or in part, from the State or any damages owed to the State by the Purchaser). While the contractor has no direct contractual privity with the State, as a lender to the Purchaser for the funding of this project, the Purchaser and the contractor agree that the State is a third-party beneficiary and neither this paragraph (nor any other provision of this Agreement to give this paragraph force or effect) shall be amended or waived without the prior written consent of the State.

[American iron and steel | Wisconsin DNR](#)

[WI UAIS De-Minimis Tracking Wrksht.xlsx](#)

Provide proof of compliance to Village of Stoddard personnel or their designated representatives. Compliance is a requirement of acceptance of the water and sewer construction. The contact information for the Village of Stoddard will be designated during the preconstruction meeting.

16. Temporary Lane Shift During Culvert Work, Item 208.1500.S.

A Description

This special provision describes the construction of a temporary lane shift to maintain traffic with a one-lane roadway around culvert work.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Place fill and base aggregate dense as needed to maintain traffic through the lane shift.

Furnish materials and construct conforming to the following standard specs:

Common excavation, material removal, and disposal	205
Borrow	208
Base Aggregate Dense	305

Do pertinent construction staking according to standard spec 650 for the temporary lane shift.

Construct to appropriate widths and material thicknesses. Remove materials once the lane shift is no longer needed to maintain traffic.

D Measurement

The department will measure Temporary Lane Shift During Culvert Work as a single unit for each temporary roadway, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
208.1500.S	Temporary Lane Shift During Culvert Work	EACH

Payment is full compensation for placing, removing and disposal of fill material, including any base aggregate dense used for the driving surface; and associated construction staking.

The department will pay separately for traffic control and erosion control items.

stp-208-010 (20210708)

17. Base Aggregate Dense 3/4-Inch, Item 305.0110.

Add the following to standard spec 301.2.4.3:

Furnish only aggregate classified as crushed stone for Dense 3/4-Inch when used in the top 3 inches of the unpaved portion of the shoulder or for unpaved driveways and field entrances.

swr-305-001 (20170711)

18. Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch, Item 305.0120.

Add the following to standard spec 305.2.2.1:

When 1 1/4-Inch base aggregate is >= 50 percent crushed gravel, conform to the following gradation requirements:

SIEVE	PERCENT PASSING BY WEIGHT
1 1/4 inch	95 - 100
1 inch	---
3/4 inch	70 - 90
3/8 inch	45 - 75
No. 4	30 - 60
No. 10	20 - 40
No. 40	7 - 25
No. 200	3 - 10 ^[1]

^[1] Limited to a maximum of 8.0 percent for base placed between old and new pavement.

swr-305-002 (20170711)

19. HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP.

A Description

This special provision describes percent within limits (PWL) pay determination, providing and maintaining a contractor Quality Control (QC) Program, department Quality Verification (QV) Program, required sampling and testing, dispute resolution, corrective action, pavement density, and payment for HMA pavements. Pay is determined by statistical analysis performed on contractor and department test results conducted according to the Quality Management Program (QMP) as specified in standard spec 460, except as modified below.

B Materials

Conform to the requirements of standard spec 450, 455, and 460 except where superseded by this special provision. The department will allow only one mix design for each HMA mixture type per layer required for the contract, unless approved by the engineer. The use of more than one mix design for each HMA pavement layer will require the contractor to construct a new test strip according to HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP Test Strip Volumetrics and HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP Test Strip Density articles at no additional cost to the department.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts with 5000 Tons of Mixture or Greater with the following:

460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts under Percent within Limits

- (1) Furnish and maintain a laboratory at the plant site fully equipped for performing contractor QC testing. Have the laboratory on-site and operational before beginning mixture production.
- (2) Obtain random samples and perform tests according to this special provision and further defined in Appendix A: *Test Methods & Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects*. Obtain HMA mixture samples from trucks at the plant. For the subplot in which a QV sample is collected, discard the QC sample and test a split of the QV sample.
- (3) Perform sampling from the truck box according to WTM R97 and four-part splitting of HMA samples according to WTM R47. Sample size must be adequate to run the appropriate required tests in addition to one set of duplicate tests that may be required for dispute resolution (i.e., retained). This requires sample sizes which yield four splits for all random sampling per subplot. All QC samples shall provide the following: QC, QV, Retained, and Extra. Take possession of the QC and Extra split samples intended for QC testing. The department will observe the splitting and take possession of the QV and Retained split samples intended for QV testing. Additional sampling details are found in Appendix A. Label samples according to WTM R97.
- (4) Test the QC split sample using the test methods identified below at a frequency greater than or equal to that indicated. The Extra split sample shall be tested only when the Gmm and/or Gmb replicate tolerances are exceeded according to WTM T166 section 13.1.4 and WTM T209 section 14.1.1. When testing the Extra split sample, only the results from the test from which the tolerances were exceeded

may replace the results from the QC split sample. The Rule of Retained according to CMM 836.1.2 applies.

- Blended aggregate gradations according to WTM T30.
- Asphalt content (AC) in percent.

Determine AC using one of the following methods:

- AC by ignition oven according to WTM T308. If the department is using an ignition oven to determine AC, conform to WTP [H-003](#). If the department is not using an ignition oven to determine AC, IOCFs must still be reverified for any of the reasons listed in [WTP H-003 Table 2](#) and conform to WTP H-003 section 3.
 - AC by chemical extraction according to AASHTO T 164 Method A or B.
 - AC by automated extraction according to WTM D8159.
 - Bulk specific gravity (Gmb) of the compacted mixture according to WTM T166.
 - Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to WTM T209.
 - Air voids (Va) by calculation according to WTM T269.
 - Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) by calculation according to WTM R35 section 9.2.
- (5) Lot size shall consist of 3,750 tons with sublots of 750 tons. Test each design mixture at a frequency of 1 test per 750 tons of mixture type produced and placed as part of the contract. Add a random sample for any fraction of 750 tons at the end of production for a specific mixture design. Partial lots with less than three subplot tests will be included into the previous lot for data analysis and pay adjustment. Volumetric lots will include all tonnage of mixture type under specified bid item unless otherwise specified in the plan.
- (6) Conduct field tensile strength ratio tests according to WTM T283 on each qualifying mixture according to CMM 836.6.14. Test each full 50,000-ton production increment, or fraction of an increment, after the first 5,000 tons of production. Perform required increment testing in the first week of production of that increment. If field tensile strength ratio values are below the spec limit, notify the engineer. The engineer and contractor will jointly determine a corrective action.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.5 and 460.2.8.2.1.6.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.7 Corrective Action with the following:

460.2.8.2.1.7 Corrective Action

- (1) Material must conform to the following action and acceptance limits based on individual QC and QV test results (tolerances relative to the JMF used on the PWL Test Strip):

ITEM	ACTION LIMITS	ACCEPTANCE LIMITS
Percent passing given sieve:		
37.5-mm	+/- 8.0	
25.0-mm	+/- 8.0	
19.0-mm	+/- 7.5	
12.5-mm	+/- 7.5	
9.5-mm	+/- 7.5	
2.36-mm	+/- 7.0	
75-µm	+/- 3.0	
AC in percent	-0.3	-0.5
Va		- 1.5 & +2.0
VMA in percent ^[1]	- 0.5	-1.0

^[1] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.

- (2) QV samples will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and AC. Air voids and VMA will then be calculated using these test results.
- (3) Notify the engineer if any individual test result falls outside the action limits, investigate the cause and take corrective action to return to within action limits. If two consecutive test results fall outside the action limits, stop production. Production may not resume until approved by the engineer. Additional QV samples may be collected upon resuming production, at the discretion of the engineer.
- (4) For any additional non-random tests outside the random number testing conducted for volumetrics, the data collected will not be entered into PWL calculations. Additional QV tests must meet acceptance limits or be subject to production stop. If the department's non-random test does not conform to the acceptance limits, the retained sample will be tested by the BTS lab. If the BTS results also do not meet the acceptance limits, the material will be considered unacceptable as described in (5) below.
- (5) Remove and replace unacceptable material at no additional expense to the department. Unacceptable material is defined as any individual QC or QV tests results outside the acceptance limits or a PWL value < 50. For AC in percent, unacceptable material is defined as any individual QV test result outside of the acceptance limit. The engineer may allow such material to remain in place with a price reduction. The department will pay for such HMA Pavement allowed to remain in place at 50 percent of the contract unit price.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.2 Personnel Requirements with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.2 Personnel Requirements

- (1) The department will provide at least one HTCP-certified Transportation Materials Sampling (TMS) Technician, to observe QV sampling of HMA mixtures.
- (2) Under departmental observation, a contractor TMS technician shall collect and split samples.
- (3) A department HTCP-certified Hot Mix Asphalt, Technician I, Production Tester (HMA-IPT) technician will ensure that all sampling is performed correctly and conduct testing, analyze test results, and report resulting data.
- (4) The department will make an organizational chart available to the contractor before mixture production begins. The organizational chart will include names, telephone numbers, and current certifications of all QV testing personnel. The department will update the chart with appropriate changes, as they become effective.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements

- (1) HTCP-certified department personnel will obtain QV random samples by directly supervising HTCP-certified contractor personnel sampling from trucks at the plant. Sample size must be adequate to run the appropriate required tests in addition to one set of duplicate tests that may be required for dispute resolution (i.e., retained). This requires sample sizes which yield four splits for all random sampling per subplot. All QV samples shall furnish the following: QC, QV, Retained, and Extra. The department will observe the splitting and take possession of the QV, Retained, and Extra split samples intended for QV testing. The department will take possession of retained samples accumulated to date each day QV samples are collected. The department will retain samples until surpassing the analysis window of up to 5 lots, as defined in standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.7(2) of this special provision. Additional sampling details are found in Appendix A.
- (2) The department will verify product quality using the test methods specified here in standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.4(3). The department will identify test methods before construction starts and use only those methods during production of that material unless the engineer and contractor mutually agree otherwise.
- (3) The department will test the QV split sample using the test methods identified below at the frequency indicated. The Extra split sample will be tested only when the Gmm and/or Gmb replicate tolerances are exceeded according to WTM T166 section 13.1.4 and WTM T209 section 14.1.1. When testing the Extra split sample, only the results from the test from which the tolerances were exceeded may replace the results from the QV split sample. The Rule of Retained according to CMM 836.1.2 applies. In the event that both the department and contractor's replicate tolerances are exceeded, perform dispute resolution according to 460.2.8.3.1.7(2).
 - Bulk specific gravity (Gmb) of the compacted mixture according to WTM T166.

- Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to WTM T209.
 - Air voids (Va) by calculation according to WTM T269.
 - Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) by calculation according to WTM R35 section 9.2.
 - Asphalt Content (AC) in percent determined by ignition oven method according to WTM T308 and conforming to WTP H-003, chemical extraction according to AASHTO T 164 Method A or B, or automated extraction according to WTM D8159.
- (4) The department will randomly test each design mixture at the minimum frequency of one test for each lot.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.6.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.7 Dispute Resolution with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.7 Data Analysis for Volumetrics

- (1) Analysis of test data for pay determination will be contingent upon QC and QV test results. Statistical analysis will be conducted on Gmm and Gmb test results for calculation of Va. If either Gmm or Gmb analysis results in non-comparable data as described in 460.2.8.3.1.7(2), subsequent testing will be performed for both parameters as detailed in the following paragraph.
- (2) The engineer, upon completion of the first 3 lots, will compare the variances (F-test) and the means (t-test) of the QV test results with the QC test results. Additional comparisons incorporating the first 3 lots of data will be performed following completion of the 4th and 5th lots (i.e., lots 1-3, 1-4, and 1-5). A rolling window of 5 lots will be used to conduct F & t comparison for the remainder of the contract (i.e., lots 2-6, then lots 3-7, etc.), reporting comparison results for each individual lot. Analysis will use a set alpha value of 0.025. If the F- and t-tests report comparable data, the QC and QV data sets are determined to be statistically similar and QC data will be used to calculate the Va used in PWL and pay adjustment calculations. If the F- and t-tests result in non-comparable data, proceed to the *dispute resolution* steps found below. Note: if both QC and QV Va PWL result in a pay adjustment of 102% or greater, dispute resolution testing will not be conducted. Dispute resolution via further investigation is as follows:
 - [1] The Retained portion of the split from the lot in the analysis window with a QV test result furthest from the QV mean (not necessarily the subplot identifying that variances or means do not compare) will be referee tested for Gmm, Gmb, and Asphalt Content by the bureau's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel. All previous lots within the analysis window are subject to referee testing and regional lab testing as deemed necessary. Referee test results will replace the QV data of the subplot(s).
 - [2] Statistical analysis will be conducted with referee test results replacing QV results.
 - i. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances and means compare, no further testing is required for the lot and QC data will be used for PWL and pay factor/adjustment calculations.
 - ii. If the F- and t-tests indicate non-comparable variances or means, the Retained portion of the random QC sample will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and Asphalt Content by the department's regional lab for the remaining 4 sublots of the lot which the F- and t-tests indicate non-comparable datasets. The department's regional lab and the referee test results will be used for PWL and pay factor/adjustment calculations. Upon the second instance of non-comparable variance or means and for every instance thereafter, the department will assess a pay reduction for the additional testing of the remaining 4 sublots at \$2,000/lot under the HMA Regional Lab Testing administrative item.
 - [3] The contractor may choose to dispute the regional test results on a lot basis within 7 days after receiving the results from the region. In this event, the retained portion of each subplot will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel. The referee Gmm and Gmb test results will supersede the regional lab results for the disputed lot.
 - i. If referee testing results in an increased calculated pay factor, the department will pay for the cost of the additional referee testing.

- ii. If referee testing of a disputed lot results in an equal or lower calculated pay factor, the department will assess a pay reduction for the additional referee testing at \$2,000/lot under the Referee Testing administrative item.
- (3) The department will notify the contractor of the referee test results within 3 working days after receipt of the samples by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory. The intent is to provide referee test results within 7 calendar days from completion of the lot.
- (4) The department will determine mixture conformance and acceptability by analyzing referee test results, reviewing mixture data, and inspecting the completed pavement according to the standard spec, this special provision, and accompanying Appendix A.
- (5) Unacceptable material (i.e., resulting in a PWL value less than 50 or individual QC or QV test results not meeting the Acceptance Requirements of 460.2.8.2.1.7 as modified herein) will be referee tested by the bureau's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel and those test results used for analysis. Such material may be subject to remove and replace, at the discretion of the engineer. If the engineer allows the material to remain in place, it will be paid at 50% of the HMA Pavement contract unit price. Replacement or pay adjustment will be conducted on a subplot basis. If an entire PWL subplot is removed and replaced, the test results of the newly placed material will replace the original data for the subplot. Any remove and replace shall be performed at no additional cost to the department. Testing of replaced material must include a minimum of one QV result. [Note: If the removed and replaced material does not result in replacement of original QV data, an additional QV test will be conducted and under such circumstances will be entered into the HMA PWL Production spreadsheet for data analysis and pay determination.] The quantity of material paid at 50% the contract unit price will be deducted from PWL pay adjustments, along with accompanying data of this material.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.8 Corrective Action.

C Construction

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination with the following:

460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination

- (1) The engineer will determine the target maximum density using department procedures described in WTM T355 and CMM 815. The engineer will determine density as soon as practicable after compaction and before placement of subsequent layers or before opening to traffic.
- (2) Do not re-roll compacted mixtures with deficient density test results. Do not operate continuously below the specified minimum density. Stop production, identify the source of the problem, and make corrections to produce work meeting the specification requirements.
- (3) A lot is defined as 7,500 lane feet with sublots of 1,500 lane feet (excluding shoulder, even if paved integrally) and placed within a single layer for each location and target maximum density category indicated in table 460-3. Complete three tests randomly per subplot and the department will randomly conduct one QV test per subplot. A partial quantity less than 750 lane feet will be included with the previous subplot. Partial lots with less than three sublots will be included in the previous lot for data analysis/acceptance and pay, by the engineer. If density lots/sublots are determined prior to construction of the test strip, any random locations within the test strip shall be omitted. Exclusions such as shoulders and appurtenances shall be tested and recorded according to WTM T355 and CMM 815. However, all acceptance testing of shoulders and appurtenances will be conducted by the department, and average lot (daily) densities must conform to standard spec Table 460-3 or else be subject to disincentives according to 460.5.2.2(5) herein. No density incentive will be applied to shoulders or appurtenances. Offsets will not be applied to nuclear density gauge readings for shoulders or appurtenances. Unacceptable shoulder material will be handled according to standard spec 460.3.3.1 and CMM 815.11.
- (4) The three QC locations per subplot represent the outside, middle, and inside of the paving lane. The QC density testing procedures are detailed in Appendix A.
- (5) QV nuclear testing will consist of one randomly selected location per subplot. The QV density testing procedures will be the same as the QC procedure at each testing location and are also detailed in Appendix A.
- (6) An HTCP-certified nuclear density technician (NUCDENSITYTEC-I) shall identify random locations and perform the testing for both the contractor and department. The responsible certified technician

shall ensure that sample location and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and provide density results to the contractor weekly, or at the completion of each lot.

- (7) For any additional tests outside the random number testing conducted for density, the data collected will not be entered into PWL calculations. However, additional QV testing must meet the tolerances for material conformance as specified in the standard specification and this special provision. If additional density data identifies unacceptable material, proceed as specified in CMM 815.11.

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.3 Waiving Density Testing with Acceptance of Density Data with the following:

460.3.3.3 Analysis of Density Data

- (1) Analysis of test data for pay determination will be contingent upon test results from both the contractor (QC) and the department (QV).
- (2) As random density locations are paved, the data will be recorded in the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet for analysis in chronological order. The engineer, upon completion of the first 3 lots, will compare the variances (F-test) and the means (t-test) of the QV test results with the QC test results. A rolling window of 3 lots will be used to conduct F & t comparison for the remainder of the contract (i.e., lots 2-4, then lots 3-5, etc.), reporting comparison results for each individual lot. Analysis will use a set alpha value of 0.025.
 - i. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances and means compare, the QC and QV data sets are determined to be statistically similar and QC data will be used for PWL and pay adjustment calculations.
 - ii. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances or means do not compare, the QV data will be used for subsequent calculations.
- (3) The department will determine mixture density conformance and acceptability by analyzing test results, reviewing mixture data, and inspecting the completed pavement according to standard spec, this special provision, and accompanying Appendix A.
- (4) Density resulting in a PWL value less than 50 or not meeting the requirements of 460.3.3.1 (any individual density test result falling more than 3.0 percent below the minimum required target maximum density as specified in standard spec Table 460-3) is unacceptable and may be subject to remove and replace at no additional cost to the department, at the discretion of the engineer.
 - i. Replacement may be conducted on a subplot basis. If an entire PWL subplot is removed and replaced, the test results of the newly placed material will replace the original data for the subplot.
 - ii. Testing of replaced material must include a minimum of one QV result. [Note: If the removed and replaced material does not result in replacement of original QV data, an additional QV test must be conducted and under such circumstances will be entered into the data analysis and pay determination.]
 - iii. If the engineer allows such material to remain in place, it will be paid for at 50% of the HMA Pavement contract unit price. The extent of unacceptable material will be addressed as specified in CMM 815.11. The quantity of material paid at 50% the contract unit price will be deducted from PWL pay adjustments, along with accompanying data of this material.

D Measurement

The department will measure the HMA Pavement bid items acceptably completed by the ton, as specified in standard spec 450.4 and as follows in standard spec 460.5, as modified in this special provision.

E Payment

Replace standard spec 460.5.2 HMA Pavement with the following:

460.5.2 HMA Pavement

460.5.2.1 General

- (1) Payment for HMA Pavement Type LT, MT, and HT mixes is full compensation for providing HMA mixture designs; for preparing foundation; for furnishing, preparing, hauling, mixing, placing, and compacting mixture; for HMA PWL QMP testing and aggregate source testing; for warm mix asphalt additives or processes; for stabilizer, hydrated lime and liquid antistripping agent, if required; and for all materials including asphaltic materials.

- (2) If provided for in the plan quantities, the department will pay for a leveling layer, placed to correct irregularities in an existing paved surface before overlaying, under the pertinent paving bid item. Absent a plan quantity, the department will pay for a leveling layer as extra work.

460.5.2.2 Calculation of Pay Adjustment for HMA Pavement using PWL

- (1) Pay adjustments will be calculated using 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement. The HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet, including data, will be made available to the contractor by the department as soon as practicable upon completion of each lot. The department will pay for measured quantities of mix based on this price multiplied by the following pay adjustment calculated according to the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet:

PAY FACTOR FOR HMA PAVEMENT AIR VOIDS & DENSITY

PERCENT WITHIN LIMITS (PWL)	PAYMENT FACTOR, PF (percent of \$65/ton)
≥ 90 to 100	$PF = ((PWL - 90) * 0.4) + 100$
≥ 50 to < 90	$(PWL * 0.5) + 55$
< 50	50% ^[1]

where PF is calculated per air voids and density, denoted $PF_{\text{air voids}}$ & PF_{density} .

^[1] Any material resulting in PWL value less than 50 shall be removed and replaced unless the engineer allows such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

- (2) For air voids, PWL values will be calculated using lower and upper specification limits of 2.0 and 4.3 percent, respectively. Lower specification limits for density shall be according to standard spec Table 460-3.
- (3) Pay adjustment will be determined on a lot basis and will be computed as shown in the following equation:

$$\text{Pay Adjustment} = (PF - 100) / 100 \times (WP) \times (\text{tonnage}) \times (\$65/\text{ton})^*$$

*Note: If Pay Factor = 50%, the contract unit price will be used in lieu of \$65/ton and the weighted percentage (WP) will equal 1.0.

The following weighted percentage (WP) values will be used for the corresponding parameter:

Parameter	WP
Air Voids	0.5
Density	0.5

- (4) Individual Pay Factors for each air voids ($PF_{\text{air voids}}$) and density (PF_{density}) will be determined. $PF_{\text{air voids}}$ will be multiplied by the total tonnage placed (i.e., from truck tickets), and PF_{density} will be multiplied by the calculated tonnage used to pave the mainline only (i.e., travel lane excluding shoulder) as determined according to Appendix A.
- (5) Pay adjustment for shoulders and appurtenances accepted by department testing will be determined on a lot basis. If the lot density is less than the specified minimum in table 460-3, the department will reduce pay based on the contract unit price for the HMA pavement bid item for that lot as follows:

DISINCENTIVE PAY REDUCTION FOR HMA PAVEMENT DENSITY

PERCENT LOT DENSITY	PAYMENT FACTOR
BELOW SPECIFIED MINIMUM	(percent of contract price)
From 0.5 to 1.0 inclusive	98
From 1.1 to 1.5 inclusive	95
From 1.6 to 2.0 inclusive	91
From 2.1 to 2.5 inclusive	85
From 2.6 to 3.0 inclusive	70
More than 3.0 ^[1]	—

^[1] Remove and replace the lot with a mixture at the specified density. When acceptably replaced, the department will pay for the replaced work at the contract unit price. Alternatively, the engineer may allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent payment factor.

(6) The department will pay incentive for air voids and density under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2005	Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	DOL
460.2010	Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	DOL

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement and the Disincentive Air Voids HMA Pavement administrative items.

The department will administer a disincentive under the Disincentive HMA Binder Content administrative item for each individual QV test result indicating asphalt binder content below the Action Limit in 460.2.8.2.1.7 presented herein. The department will adjust pay per subplot of mix at 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement multiplied by the following pay adjustment calculated according to the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet:

AC Binder Relative to JMF	Pay Adjustment / Sublot
-0.4% to -0.5%	75% ^[1]
More than -0.5%	50% ^{[1] [2]}

[1] Any material resulting in an asphalt binder content more than 0.3% below the JMF AC content will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel using automated extraction according to automated extraction according to WTM D8159.

[2] Any material resulting in an asphalt binder content more than 0.5% below the JMF AC content shall be removed and replaced unless the engineer allows such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

Note: PWL value determination is further detailed in the PWL Production Spreadsheet Instructions located in the *Project Info & Instructions* tab of the HMA PWL Production spreadsheet.

stp-460-050 (20240105)

20. Appendix A.

Test Methods & Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects

The following procedures are included with the HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) Quality Management Program (QMP) special provision:

- WisDOT Procedure for Nuclear Gauge/Core Correlation – Test Strip
- WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production
- Sampling for WisDOT HMA PWL QMP
- Calculation of PWL Mainline Tonnage Example

WisDOT Procedure for Nuclear Gauge/Core Correlation – Test Strip

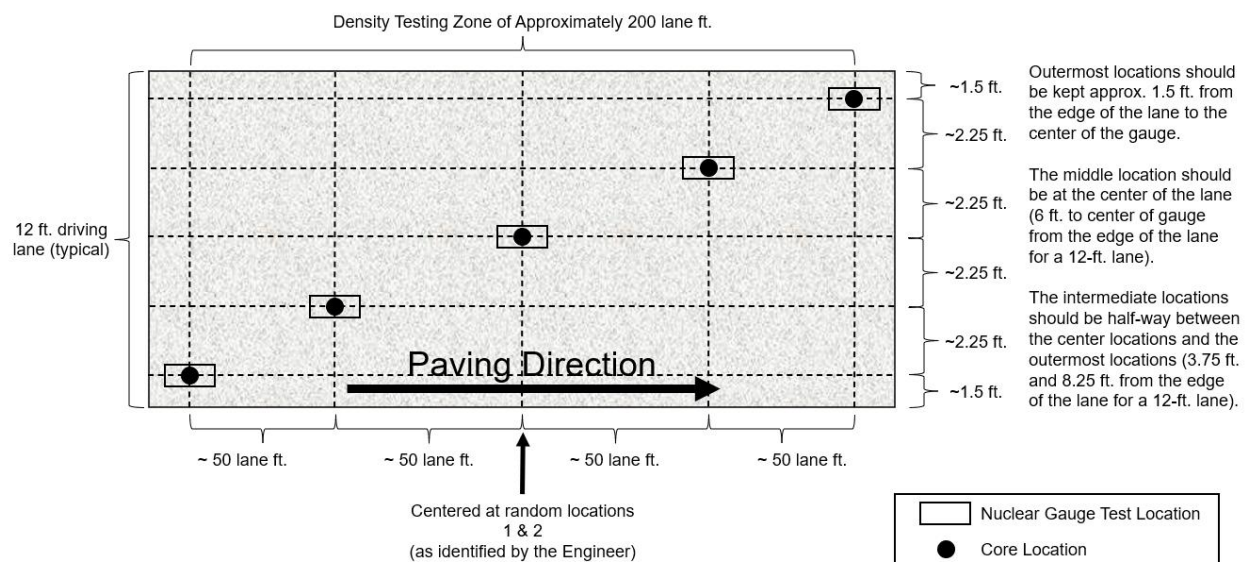


Figure 1: Nuclear/Core Correlation Location Layout

The engineer will identify two zones in which gauge/core correlation is to be performed. These two zones will be randomly selected within each *half* of the test strip length. (Note: Density zones shall not overlap and must have a minimum of 100 feet between the two zones; therefore, random numbers may be shifted (evenly) in order to meet these criteria.) Each zone shall consist of five locations across the mat as identified in Figure 1. The following shall be determined at each of the five locations within both zones:

- two one-minute nuclear density gauge readings for QC team*
- two one-minute nuclear density gauge readings for QV team*
- pavement core sample

*If the two readings exceed 1.0 pcf of one another, a third reading is conducted in the same orientation as the first reading. In this event, all three readings are averaged, the individual test reading of the three which falls farthest from the average value is discarded, and the average of the remaining two values is used to represent the location for the gauge.

The zones are supposed to be undisclosed to the contractor/roller operators. The engineer will not lay out density/core test sites until rolling is completed and the cold/finish roller is beyond the entirety of the zone. Sites are staggered across the 12-foot travel lane, and do not include shoulders. The outermost locations shall be 1.5-feet from the center of the gauge to the edge of the lane. [NOTE: This staggered layout is only applicable to the test strip. All mainline density locations after test strip shall have a longitudinal and transverse random number to determine the location as detailed in the *WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production* section of this document.]

The nuclear site is the same for QC and QV readings for the test strip, i.e., the QC and QV teams are to take nuclear density gauge readings in the same footprint. Each of the QC and QV teams are to take a minimum of two one-minute readings per nuclear site, with the gauge rotated 180 degrees between readings, as seen here:



Figure 2: Nuclear Gauge Orientation for (a) 1st One-Minute Reading and (b) 2nd One-Minute Reading

Take photos of each of the 10 core/gauge locations of the test strip. Include gauge readings (pcf) and a labelled core within the gauge footprint. If a third reading is needed, record and document all three readings. Only raw readings in pcf shall be written on the pavement during the test strip, with a corresponding gauge ID/SN (generalized as QC-1 through QV-2 in the following Figure) in the following format:



Figure 3: Layout of Raw Gauge Readings as Recorded on the Pavement

Take each core from the center of the gauge footprint and correlate each gauge with the laboratory-measured bulk specific gravities of the pavement cores. One core in good condition must be obtained from each of the 10 locations. If a core is damaged at the time of extracting from the pavement, a replacement core should be taken immediately adjacent to the damaged core, i.e., from the same

footprint. If a core is damaged during transport, it shall be recorded as damaged and excluded from the correlation. Coring after traffic is on the pavement shall be avoided. The contractor shall be responsible for coring of the pavement. Coring and filling of core holes must be approved by the engineer. The QV team is responsible for the labeling and safe transport of the cores from the field to the QC laboratory. Conduct core density testing with a witness by department personnel. Dry the cores following testing. The department will take possession of cores following initial testing and is responsible for any verification testing.

Each core 100 or 150 mm (4 or 6 inches) in diameter will be taken at locations as identified in Figure 1. Each random core will be full thickness of the layer being placed. Thoroughly dry cores obtained from the mat according to WTM R79 prior to using specimens for in-place density determination according to WTM T166.

Cut cores by the next day after completion of the test strip, except if the next day is not a working day, then cut within 48 hours of placement. Cores are cut under department/project staff observation. Relabel each core immediately after extruding or ensure that labels applied to pavement prior to cutting remain legible. The layer interface should also be marked immediately following extrusion. Cores should be cut at this interface, using a wet saw, to allow for density measurement of only the most recently placed layer. Cores should be protected from excessive temperatures such as direct sunlight. Also, there should be department custody (both in transport and storage) for the cores until they are tested whether that be immediately after the test strip or the subsequent day if agreed upon between department and contractor. Use of concrete cylinder molds works well to transport cores. Cores should be placed upside down (flat surface to bottom of cylinder mold) in the molds, one core per mold, cylinder molds stored upright, and ideally transported in a cooler. Avoid any stacking of pavement cores.

Fill all core holes with non-shrink rapid-hardening grout, mortar, or concrete, or with HMA. When using grout, mortar, or concrete, remove all water from the core holes prior to filling. Mix the mortar or concrete in a separate container prior to placement in the hole. If HMA is used, fill all core holes with hot-mix matching the same day's production mix type at same day compaction temperature +/- 20 F. Dry the core holes and coat with tack before filling, filled with a top layer no thicker than 2.25 inches, lower layers not to exceed 4 inches, and compacted with a Marshall hammer or similar tamping device using approximately 50 blows per layer. The finished surface shall be flush with the pavement surface. Any deviation in the surface of the filled core holes greater than 1/4 inch at the time of final inspection will require removal of the fill material to the depth of the layer thickness and replacement.

WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production

For nuclear density testing of the pavement beyond the test strip, QC tests shall be completed at three locations per subplot, with a subplot defined as 1,500 lane feet. The three locations shall represent the outside, middle, and inside of the paving lane (i.e., the lane width will be divided into thirds as shown by the dashed longitudinal lines in Figure 3 and random numbers shall be used to identify the specific transverse location within each third determined by WTM D3665). Longitudinal locations within each subplot shall be determined with 3 independent random numbers determined by WTM D3665. The PWL Density measurements do not include the shoulder and other appurtenances. Such areas are tested by the department and are not eligible for density incentive but are subject to disincentive according to 460.5.2.2(5) of the HMA PWL QMP article. Measure each location with two one-minute gauge readings oriented 180 degrees from one another, in the same footprint as detailed in Figure 2 above. Each location requires a minimum of two readings per gauge. The density gauge orientation for the first test shall be with the source rod towards the direction of paving. QV nuclear testing will consist of one randomly selected location per subplot. The QV is also comprised of two one-minute readings oriented 180 degrees from one another. For both QC and QV test locations, if the two readings exceed 1.0 pcf of one another, a third reading shall be conducted in the same orientation as the first reading. In this event, all three readings are averaged, the individual test reading of the three which falls farthest from the average value is discarded, and the average of the remaining two values is used to represent the location for the gauge. The subplot density testing layout is depicted in Figure 4, with QC test locations shown as solid black boxes and QV test locations shown as dashed red boxes.

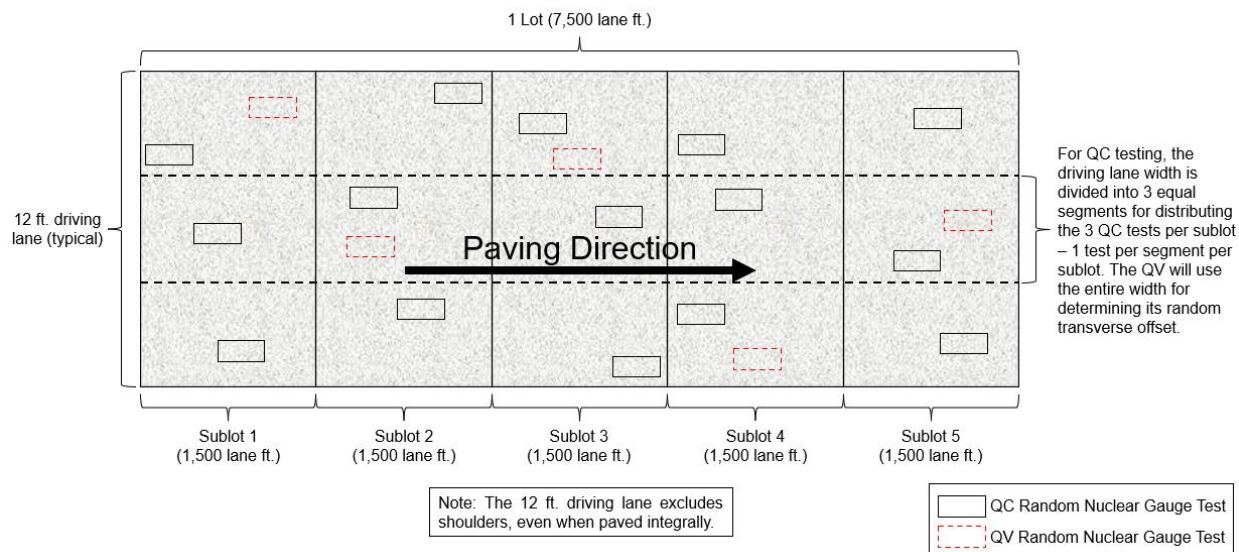


Figure 4: Example Layout of Mainline HMA Nuclear Density Tests

Raw nuclear density data must be shared by both parties at the end of each shift. Paving may be delayed if the raw data is not shared in a timely manner. QC and QV nuclear density gauge readings will be statistically analyzed according to Section 460.3.3.3 of the HMA PWL QMP article. (Note: For density data, if F- and t-tests compare, QC data will be used for the subsequent calculations of PWL value and pay determination. However, if an F- or t-test does not compare, the QV data will be used in subsequent calculations.)

Investigative cores will be allowed on the approaching side of traffic outside of the footprint locations. Results shall be shared with the department.

The QV density technician is expected to be onsite within 1 hour of the start of paving operations and should remain on-site until all paving is completed. Perform footprint testing as soon as both the QC and QV nuclear density technician are onsite and a minimum of once per day to ensure the gauges are not drifting apart during a project. Footprint testing compares the density readings of two gauges at the same testing location and can be done at any randomly selected location on the project. Both teams are encouraged to conduct footprint testing as often as they feel necessary. Footprint testing does not need to be performed at the same time. At project start-up, the QV should footprint the first 10 QC locations. Individual density tests less than 0.5% above the lower limit should be communicated to the other party and be footprint tested. Each gauge conducts 2 to 3 1-minute tests according to WTM T355 and the final results from each gauge are compared for the location. If the difference between the QC and QV gauges exceeds 1.0 pcf (0.7 percent) for an average of 10 locations, investigate the cause, check gauge moisture and density standards and perform additional footprint testing. If the cause of the difference between gauge readings cannot be identified, the regional HMA Coordinator will consult the RSO, the regional PWL representative and the BTS HMA unit to determine necessary actions. If it is agreed that there is a gauge comparison issue, perform one of the following two options:

New Gauge Combination

- All 4 gauges used on the test strip must footprint 10 locations on the pavement. Pavement placed on a previous day may be used.
- The results of the footprint testing will be analyzed to see if a better combination of acceptable gauges is available.
- If a better combination is found, those gauges should be used moving forward.
- If a better combination cannot be found, a new gauge correlation must be performed. (see below)

Re-correlation of Gauges

- Follow all test strip procedures regarding correlating gauges except the following:
- The 10 locations can be QC or QV random locations.
- The locations used may have been paved on a previous day.
- Retesting with gauges must be done immediately prior to coring.
- New gauge offsets will be used for that day's paving and subsequent paving days. New gauge offsets will not be used to recalculate density results from prior days.

Density Dispute Resolution Procedure

Density results may be disputed by the contractor on a lot-by-lot basis if one of the following criteria is met:

- The lot average for either QC or QV is below the lower specification limit.
- The lot average for QC is different from the lot average for QV by more than 0.5%.
- The lot is in disincentive.

In lieu of using density gauges for acceptance of the lot, the lot will be cored in the QV locations. The results of the cores from the entire lot will be entered in the spreadsheet and used for payment. If the pay factor increases, the contractor will only receive the additional difference in payment for the disputed lot. If the pay factor does not increase, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for the costs of additional testing.

Notify the engineer in writing before dispute resolution coring. Immediately prior to coring, QC and QV will test the locations with nuclear density gauges.

Under the direct observation of the engineer, cut 100 or 150 mm (4 or 6 inch) diameter cores. Cut cores by the next day after completion of the lot, except if the next day is not a working day, then cut within 48 hours of placement. Prepare cores and determine density according to WTM T166. Dry cores after testing. Fill core holes according to Appendix A and obtain engineer approval before opening to traffic. The department will maintain custody of cores throughout the entire sampling and testing process. The department will label cores, transport cores to testing facilities, witness testing, store dried cores, and provide subsequent verification testing. If a core is damaged at the time of coring, immediately take a replacement core 1 ft ahead of the existing testing location in the direction of traffic at the same offset as the damaged core. If a core is damaged during transport, record it as damaged and notify the engineer immediately.

Sampling for WisDOT HMA PWL QMP Production

Sampling of HMA mix for QC, QV, Retained, and Extra split samples shall conform to WTM R97 and WTM R47.

Sampling Hot Mix Asphalt

At the beginning of the contract, determine the anticipated tonnage to be produced. The frequency of sampling is 1 per 750 tons (sublot) for QC and Retained Samples and 1 per 3,750 tons (lot or 5 sublots) for QV as defined by the HMA PWL QMP article. A test sample is obtained randomly from each sublot. Each random sample shall be collected at the plant according to WTM R97. Submit the random numbers for all mix sampling to the department before production begins.

Example 1

Expected production for a contract is 12,400 tons. The number of required samples is determined based on this expected production (per HMA PWL QMP SPV) and is determined by the random sample calculation.

Sample 1 – from 50 to 750 tons
Sample 2 – from 751 to 1500 tons
Sample 3 – from 1501 to 2250 tons
Sample 4 – from 2251 to 3000 tons
Sample X –
Sample 16 – from 11,251 to 12,000 tons
Sample 17 – from 12,001 to 12,400 tons

The approximate location of each sample within the prescribed sublots is determined by selecting random numbers using WTM D3665. The random numbers selected are used in determining when a sample is to be taken and will be multiplied by the sublot tonnage. This number will then be added to the final tonnage of the previous sublot to yield the approximate cumulative tonnage of when each sample is to be taken.

To allow for plant start-up variability, the procedure calls for the first random sample to be taken at 50 tons or greater per production day (not intended to be taken in the first two truckloads). Random samples calculated for 0-50 ton shall be taken in the next truck (51-75 ton).

This procedure is to be used for any number of samples per contract.

If the production is less than the final randomly generated sample tonnage, then the random sample is to be collected from the remaining portion of that subplot of production. If the randomly generated sample is calculated to be within the first 0-50 tons of the subsequent day of production, it shall be taken in the next truck. Add a random sample for any fraction of 750 tons at the end of the contract. Lot size will consist of 3750 tons with sublots of 750 tons. Partial lots with less than three subplot tests will be included into the previous lot, by the engineer.

It is intended that the plant operator is not advised ahead of time when samples are to be taken.

If belt samples are used during troubleshooting, the blended aggregate will be obtained when the mixture production tonnage reaches approximately the sample tonnage. For plants with storage silos, this could be up to 60 minutes in advance of the mixture sample that's taken when the required tonnage is shipped from the plant.

Collect QC, QV, Retained, and Extra split samples for all test strip and production mixture testing using a four-part splitting procedure according to WTM R47.

Calculation of PWL Mainline Tonnage Example

A mill and overlay project is being constructed with a 12-foot travel lane and an integrally paved 3-foot shoulder. The layer thickness is 2 inches for the full width of paving. Calculate the tonnage in each subplot eligible for density incentive or disincentive.

Solution:

$$\frac{1500 \text{ ft} \times 12 \text{ ft}}{9 \text{ sf/sy}} \times \frac{2 \text{ in} \times 112 \text{ lb/sy/in}}{2000 \text{ lb/ton}} = 224 \text{ tons}$$

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21. HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density.

A Description

This special provision incorporates longitudinal joint density requirements into the contract and describes the data collection, acceptance, and procedure used for determination of pay adjustments for HMA pavement longitudinal joint density. Pay adjustments will be made on a linear foot basis, as applicable per pavement layer and paving lane. Applicable longitudinal joints are defined as those between any two or more traffic lanes including full-width passing lanes, turn lanes, or auxiliary lanes more than 1,500 lane feet, and those lanes must also include the 460.2005 Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement bid item. This excludes any joint with one side defined as a shoulder and ramp lanes of any length. If echelon paving is required in the contract, the longitudinal joint density specification shall not apply for those joints. Longitudinal joints placed during a test strip will be tested for information only to help ensure the roller pattern will provide adequate longitudinal joint density during production. Longitudinal joint density test results collected during a test strip are not eligible for pay adjustment.

Pay is determined according to standard spec 460, HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP special provisions, and as modified within.

B Materials

Compact all applicable HMA longitudinal joints to the appropriate density based on the layer, confinement, and mixture type shown in Table B-1.

TABLE B-1 MINIMUM REQUIRED LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

Layer	Percent of Target Maximum Density			
	Unconfined		Confined	
	LT and MT	HT	LT and MT	HT
Lower (on crushed/recycled base)	88	89	89.5	90.5
Lower (on Concrete/HMA)	90 ^[1]	90 ^[1]	91.5 ^[1]	91.5 ^[1]
Upper	90	90	91.5	91.5

^[1] Minimum reduced by 1.0 percent for a 1.25-inch-thick No. 5 mix lower layer constructed on a paved or milled surface.

C Construction

Add the following to standard spec 460.3.3.2:

- (5) Establish companion QC and QV density locations for each applicable joint. Each companion location shares longitudinal stationing with the respective QC or QV mainline density location within each subplot and is located transversely with the center of the gauge 6-inches from the final joint edge of the paving area. Sublot and lot numbering remains the same as mainline densities, however, in addition to conventional naming, joint identification must clearly indicate “M” for inside/median side of lane or “O” for outside shoulder side of lane, as well as “U” for an unconfined joint or “C” for a confined joint (e.g., XXXXX-MC or XXXXX-OU).
- (6) Each joint shall be measured, reported, and accepted under methods, testing times, and procedures consistent with the program employed for mainline density, i.e., PWL.
- (7) For single nuclear density test results greater than 3.0% below specified minimums per Table B-1 herein, perform the following:
 - a) Testing at 50-foot increments both ahead and behind the unacceptable site.
 - b) Continued 50-foot incremental testing until test values indicate higher than or equal to -3.0 percent from target joint density.
 - c) Materials within the incremental testing indicating lower than -3.0 percent from target joint density are defined as unacceptable and will be handled with remedial action as defined in the payment section of this document.
 - d) The remaining subplot average (exclusive of unacceptable material) will be determined by the first forward and backward 50-foot incremental tests that reach the criteria of higher than or equal to -3.0 percent from target joint density.

Note: If the 50-foot testing extends into a previously accepted subplot, remedial action is required up to and inclusive of such material; however, the results of remedial action must not be used to recalculate the previously accepted subplot density. When this occurs, the lane feet of any unacceptable material will be deducted from the subplot in which it is located, and the previously accepted subplot density will be used to calculate pay for the remainder of the subplot.

- (8) Joint density measurements shall be kept separate from all other density measurements and entered as an individual data set into Atwood Systems.
- (9) Placement and removal of excess material outside of the final joint edge, to increase joint density at the longitudinal joint nuclear testing location, shall be done at the contractor's discretion and cost. This excess material and related labor will be considered waste and will not be paid for by the department. Joints with excess material placed outside of the final joint edge to increase joint density or where a notched wedge is used will be considered unconfined joints.
- (10) When not required by the contract, echelon paving may be performed at the contractor's discretion to increase longitudinal joint density and still remain eligible to earn incentive. The additional costs incurred related to echelon paving will not be paid for by the department. If lanes are paved in echelon, the contractor may choose to use a longitudinal vertical joint or notched wedge longitudinal joint as described in [SDD 13c19 HMA Longitudinal Joints](#). Lanes paved in echelon shall be considered

confined on both sides of the joint regardless of the selected joint design. The joint between echelon paved lanes shall be placed at the centerline or along lane lines.

- (11) When performing inlay paving below the elevation of the adjacent lane, the longitudinal joint along the adjacent lane to be paved shall be considered unconfined.

D Measurement

- (1) The department will measure each side of applicable longitudinal joints, as defined in Section A of this special provision, by the linear foot of pavement, acceptably placed. Measurement will be conducted independently for the inside or median side and for the outside or shoulder side of paving lanes with two applicable longitudinal joints. Each paving layer will be measured independently at the time the mat is placed.

E Payment

Add the following as 460.5.2.4 Pay Adjustment for HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density:

- (1) The department will administer longitudinal joint density adjustments under the Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints and Disincentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints items. The department will adjust pay based on density relative to the specified targets in Section B of this special provision, and linear foot of the HMA Pavement bid item for that subplot as follows:

PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

PERCENT SUBLOT DENSITY	PAY ADJUSTMENT PER LINEAR FOOT
ABOVE/BELOW SPECIFIED MINIMUM	
Equal to or greater than +1.0 confined, +2.0 unconfined	\$0.20
From 0.0 to +0.9 confined, 0.0 to +1.9 unconfined	\$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	\$(0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	\$(0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	\$(0.80)
More than -3.0	REMEDIAL ACTION ^[1]

^[1] Remedial action must be approved by the engineer and agreed upon at the time of the pre-pave meeting and may include partial sublots as determined and defined in 460.3.3.2(7) of this document. If unacceptable material is removed and replaced per guidance by the engineer, the removal and replacement will be for the full lane width of the side of which the joint was constructed with unacceptable material.

- (2) The department will not assess joint density disincentives for pavement placed in cold weather because of a department-caused delay as specified in [standard spec 450.5.2\(3\)](#).
- (3) The department will not pay incentive on the longitudinal joint density if the traffic lane is in disincentive. A disincentive may be applied for each mainline lane and all joint densities if both qualify for a pay reduction.
- (4) Inlay paving operations will limit payment for additional material to 2 inches wider than the final paving lane width at the centerline.

The department will pay incentive for longitudinal joint density under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2007	Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints	DOL

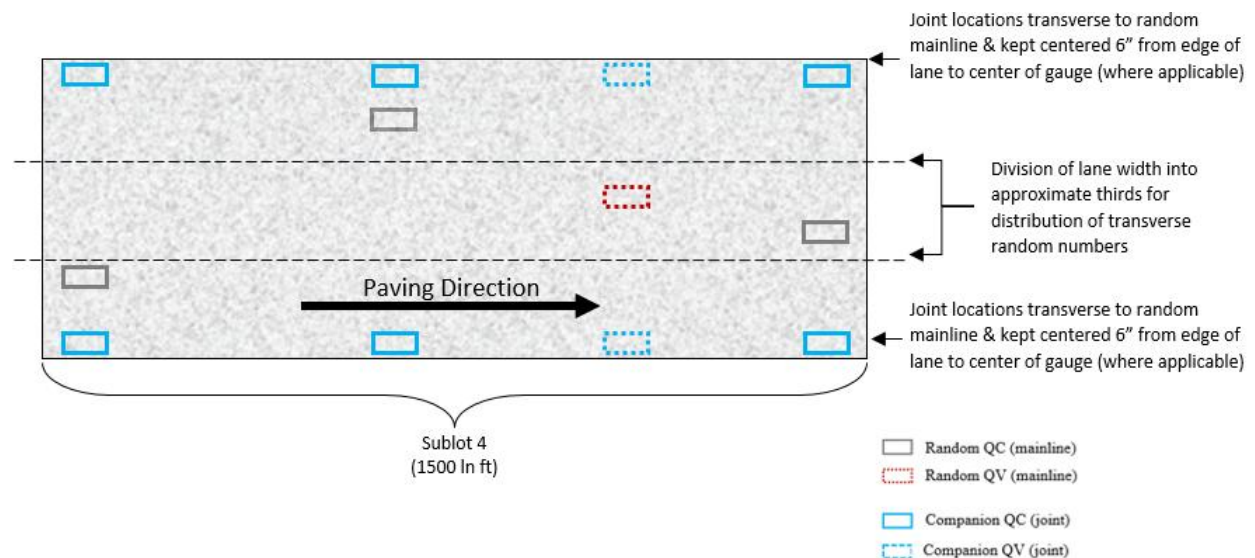
The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints administrative item.

Appendix

WisDOT Longitudinal Joint – Nuclear Gauge Density Layout

Each QC and QV density location must have a companion density location at any applicable joint. This companion location must share longitudinal stationing with each QC or QV density location and be located transversely with the center of the gauge 6-inches from the final joint edge of the paving area.

For HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP projects, this appears as follows:



Further Explanation of PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY Table

	Confined				Pay Adjust
	Lower Layer (On Base)		Upper Layer		
	LT/MT	HT	LT/MT	HT	
Mainline Target (SS 460-3)	91.0	92.0	93.0	93.0	-
Confined Target (mainline - 1.5)	89.5	90.5	91.5	91.5	-
Equal to or greater than +1.0	≥ 90.5	≥ 91.5	≥ 92.5	≥ 92.5	\$0.20
From 0.0 to +0.9	90.4 - 89.5	91.4 - 90.5	92.4 - 91.5	92.4 - 91.5	\$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	89.4 - 88.5	90.4 - 89.5	91.4 - 90.5	91.4 - 90.5	(\$0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	88.4 - 87.5	89.4 - 88.5	90.4 - 89.5	90.4 - 89.5	(\$0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	87.4 - 86.5	88.4 - 87.5	89.4 - 88.5	89.4 - 88.5	(\$0.80)
More than -3.0	< 86.5	< 87.5	< 88.5	< 88.5	REMEDIAL ACTION

	Unconfined				Pay Adjust
	Lower Layer (On Base)		Upper Layer		
	LT/MT	HT	LT/MT	HT	
Mainline Target (SS 460-3)	91.0	92.0	93.0	93.0	-
Unconfined Target (Mainline -3.0)	88.0	89.0	90.0	90.0	-
Equal to or greater than +2.0	≥ 90.0	≥ 91.0	≥ 92.0	≥ 92.0	\$0.20
From 0.0 to +1.9	89.9 - 88.0	90.9 - 89.0	91.9 - 90.0	91.9 - 90.0	\$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	87.9 - 87.0	88.9 - 88.0	89.9 - 89.0	89.9 - 89.0	(\$0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	86.9 - 86.0	87.9 - 87.0	88.9 - 88.0	88.9 - 88.0	(\$0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	85.9 - 85.0	86.9 - 86.0	87.9 - 87.0	87.9 - 87.0	(\$0.80)
More than -3.0	< 85.0	< 86.0	< 87.0	< 87.0	REMEDIAL ACTION

stp-460-075 (20240105)

**22. HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics, Item 460.0105.S;
HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density, Item 460.0110.S.**

A Description

This special provision describes the Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) density and volumetric testing tolerances required for an HMA test strip. An HMA test strip is required for contracts constructed under HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP. A density test strip is required for each pavement layer placed over a specific, uniform underlying material, unless specified otherwise in the plans. Each contract is restricted to a single mix design per mix type per layer (e.g., upper layer and lower layer may have different mix type specified or may have the same mix type with different mix designs). Each mix design requires a separate test strip. Density and volumetrics testing will be conducted on the same test strip whenever possible.

Perform work according to standard spec 460 and as follows.

B Materials

Use materials conforming to HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP special provision.

C Construction

C.1 Test Strip

Submit the test strip start time and date to the department in writing at least 5 calendar days in advance of construction of the test strip. If the contractor fails to begin paving within 2 hours of the submitted start time, the test strip is delayed, and the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each instance according to Section E of this document. Alterations to the start time and date must be submitted to the department in writing a minimum of 24 hours prior to the start time. The contractor will not be liable for changes in start time related to adverse weather days as defined by standard spec 101.3 or equipment breakdown verified by the department.

On the first day of production for a test strip, produce approximately 750 tons of HMA. (Note: adjust tonnage to accommodate natural break points in the project.) Locate test strips in a section of the roadway to allow a representative rolling pattern (i.e. not a ramp or shoulder, etc.).

C.1.1 Sampling and Testing Intervals

C.1.1.1 Volumetrics

Laboratory testing will be conducted from a split sample yielding three components, with portions designated for QC (quality control), QV (quality verification), and retained.

During production for the test strip, obtain sufficient HMA mixture for three-part split samples from trucks prior to departure from the plant. Collect three split samples during the production of test strip material. Perform sampling from the truck box and three-part splitting of HMA according to WTM R47. These three samples will be randomly selected by the engineer from each *third* of the test strip tonnage (T), excluding the first 50 tons:

<u>Sample Number</u>	<u>Production Interval (tons)</u>
1	50 to 1/3 T
2	1/3 T to 2/3 T
3	2/3 T to T

C.1.1.2 Density

Required field tests include contractor QC and department QV nuclear density gauge tests and pavement coring at ten individual locations (five in each half of the test strip length) according to Appendix A: *Test Methods and Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects*. Both QV and QC teams shall have two nuclear density gauges present for correlation at the time the test strip is constructed. QC and QV teams may wish to scan with additional gauges at the locations detailed in Appendix A, as only gauges used during the test strip correlation phase will be allowed.

C.1.2 Field Tests

C.1.2.1 Density

For contracts that include STSP 460-020 QMP Density in addition to PWL, a gauge comparison according to WTM T355 shall be completed prior to the day of test strip construction. Daily

standardization of gauges on reference blocks and a project reference site shall be performed according to WTM T355. A standard count shall be performed for each gauge on the material placed for the test strip, prior to any additional data collection. Nuclear gauge readings and pavement cores shall be used to determine nuclear gauge correlation according to Appendix A. The two to three readings for the five locations across the mat for each of two zones shall be provided to the engineer. The engineer will analyze the readings of each gauge relative to the densities of the cores taken at each location. The engineer will determine the average difference between the nuclear gauge density readings and the measured core densities to be used as a constant offset value. This offset will be used to adjust raw density readings of the specific gauge and shall appear on the density data sheet along with gauge and project identification. An offset is specific to the mix and layer; therefore, a separate value shall be determined for each layer of each mix placed over a differing underlying material for the contract. This constitutes correlation of that individual gauge for the given layer. Two gauges per team are not required to be onsite daily after completion of the test strip. Any data collected without a correlated gauge will not be accepted.

The contractor is responsible for coring the pavement from the footprint of the density tests and filling core holes according to Appendix A. Coring and filling of pavement core holes must be approved by the engineer. The QV team is responsible for the labeling and safe transport of the cores from the field to the QC laboratory. Testing of cores shall be conducted by the contractor and witnessed by department personnel. The contractor is responsible for drying the cores following testing. The department will take possession of cores following laboratory testing and will be responsible for any verification testing at the discretion of the engineer.

The target maximum density to be used in determining core density is the average of the three volumetric/mix Gmm values from the test strip multiplied by 62.24 lb/ft³. In the event mix and density portions of the test strip procedure are separated, or if an additional density test strip is required, the mix portion must be conducted prior to density determination. The target maximum density to determine core densities shall then be the Gmm four-test running average (or three-test average from a PWL volumetric-only test strip) from the end of the previous day's production multiplied by 62.24 lb/ft³. If no PWL production QV volumetric test is to be taken in a density-only test strip, a non-random QV test will be taken according to 460.2.8.3.1.4 as modified in HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP and if non-conforming to C.2.1 herein, follow corrective action outlined in 460.2.8.2.1.7(4) as modified in HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP.

Exclusions such as shoulders and appurtenances shall be tested and reported according to CMM 815. However, all acceptance testing of shoulders and appurtenances will be conducted by the department, and average lot (daily) densities must conform to standard spec Table 460-3. No density incentive or disincentive will be applied to shoulders or appurtenances. However, unacceptable shoulder material will be handled according to standard spec 460.3.3.1 and CMM 815.11.

C.1.3 Laboratory Tests

C.1.3.1 Volumetrics

Obtain random samples according to C.1.1.1 and Appendix A. Perform tests the same day as taking the sample.

Theoretical maximum specific gravities of each mixture sample will be obtained. Bulk specific gravities of both gyratory compacted samples and field cores shall be determined. The bulk specific gravity values determined from field cores shall be used to calculate a correction factor (i.e., offset) for each QC and QV nuclear density gauge. The correction factor will be used throughout the remainder of the layer.

C.2 Acceptance

C.2.1 Volumetrics

Produce mix conforming to the following limits based on individual QC and QV test results (tolerances based on most recent JMF):

ITEM	ACCEPTANCE LIMITS
Percent passing given sieve:	
37.5-mm	+/- 8.0
25.0-mm	+/- 8.0
19.0-mm	+/- 7.5
12.5-mm	+/- 7.5
9.5-mm	+/- 7.5

2.36-mm	+/- 7.0
75-µm	+/- 3.0
Asphaltic content in percent ^[1]	- 0.5
Air Voids	-1.5 & +2.0
VMA in percent ^[2]	- 1.0
Maximum specific gravity	+/- 0.024

^[1] Asphalt content more than -0.5% below the JMF will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel using automated extraction.

^[2] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in [table 460-1](#).

QV samples will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and AC. Air voids and VMA will then be calculated using these test results.

Calculation of air voids shall use either the QC, QV, or retained split sample test results, as identified by conducting the paired t-test with the WisDOT PWL Test Strip Spreadsheet.

If QC and QV test results do not correlate as determined by the split sample comparison, the retained split sample will be tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel as a referee test. Additional investigation shall be conducted to identify the source of the difference between QC and QV data. Referee data will be used to determine material conformance and pay.

C.2.2 Density

Compact all layers of test strip HMA mixture according to Table 460-3.

Nuclear density gauges are acceptable for use on the project only if correlation is completed for that gauge during the time of the test strip and the department issues documentation of acceptance stating the correlation offset value specific to the gauge and mix design. The offset is not to be entered into any nuclear density gauge as it will be applied by the department-furnished Field Density Worksheet.

C.2.3 Test Strip Approval and Material Conformance

All applicable laboratory and field testing associated with a test strip shall be completed prior to any additional mainline placement of the mix. All test reports shall be submitted to the department upon completion and approved before paving resumes. The department will notify the contractor within 24 hours from start of test strip regarding approval to proceed with paving unless an alternate time frame is agreed upon in writing with the department. The 24-hour approval time includes only working days as defined in standard spec 101.3.

The department will evaluate material conformance and make pay adjustments based on the PWL value of air voids and density for the test strip. The QC core densities and QC and QV mix results will be used to determine the PWL values as calculated according to Appendix A.

The PWL values for air voids and density shall be calculated after determining core densities. An approved test strip is defined as the individual PWL values for air voids and density both being equal to or greater than 75, mixture volumetric properties conforming to the limits specified in C.2.1, and an acceptable gauge-to-core correlation. Further clarification on PWL test strip approval and appropriate post-test strip actions are shown in the following table:

PWL TEST STRIP APPROVAL AND MATERIAL CONFORMANCE CRITERIA

PWL Value for Air Voids and Density	Test Strip Approval	Material Conformance	Post-Test Strip Action
Both PWL $\geq$ 75	Approved ¹	Material paid for according to Section E	Proceed with Production
50 $\leq$ Either PWL < 75	Not Approved	Material paid for according to Section E	Consult BTS to determine need for additional test strip
Either PWL < 50	Not Approved	Unacceptable material removed and replaced or paid for at 50% of the contract unit price according to Section E	Construct additional Volumetrics or Density test strip as necessary

¹ In addition to these PWL criteria, mixture volumetric properties must conform to the limits specified in C.2.1, split sample comparison must have a passing result and an acceptable gauge-to-core correlation must be completed.

A maximum of two test strips will be allowed to remain in place per pavement layer per contract. If material is removed, a new test strip shall replace the previous one at no additional cost to the department. If the contractor changes the mix design for a given mix type during a contract, no additional compensation will be paid by the department for the required additional test strip and the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for the additional test strip according to Section E of this special provision. For simultaneously conducted density and volumetric test strip components, the following must be achieved:

- i. Passing/Resolution of Split Sample Comparison
- ii. Volumetrics/mix PWL value ≥ 75
- iii. Density PWL value ≥ 75
- iv. Acceptable correlation

If not conducted simultaneously, the mix portion of a test strip must accomplish (i) & (ii), while density must accomplish (iii) & (iv). If any applicable criteria are not achieved for a given test strip, the engineer, with authorization from the department's Bureau of Technical Services, will direct an additional test strip (or alternate plan approved by the department) be conducted to prove the criteria can be met prior to additional paving of that mix. For a density-only test strip, determination of mix conformance will be according to main production, i.e., HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP special provision.

D Measurement

The department will measure HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip as each unit of work, acceptably completed as passing the required air void, VMA, asphalt content, gradation, and density correlation for a Test Strip. Material quantities shall be determined according to standard spec 450.4 and detailed here within.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.0105.S	HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics	EACH
460.0110.S	HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density	EACH

These items are intended to compensate the contractor for the construction of the test strip for contracts paved under the HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP article.

Payment for HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics is full compensation for volumetric sampling, splitting, and testing, and for the proper labeling, handling, and retention of the split samples.

Payment for HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density is full compensation for collecting and measuring of pavement cores, acceptably filling core holes, providing of nuclear gauges and operator(s), and all other work associated with completion of a core-to-gauge correlation, as directed by the engineer.

Acceptable HMA mixture placed on the project as part of a volumetric or density test strip will be compensated by the appropriate HMA Pavement bid item with any applicable pay adjustments. If a test strip is delayed as defined in C.1 of this document, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each instance, under the HMA Delayed Test Strip administrative item. If an additional test strip is required because the initial test strip is not approved by the department or the mix design is changed by the contractor, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each additional test strip (i.e., \$2,000 for each individual volumetrics or density test strip) under the HMA Additional Test Strip administrative item.

Pay adjustment will be calculated using 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement. The department will pay for measured quantities of mix based on \$65/ton multiplied by the following pay adjustment:

PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT AIR VOIDS & DENSITY	
<i>PERCENT WITHIN LIMITS</i>	<i>PAYMENT FACTOR, PF</i>
<i>(PWL)</i>	<i>(percent of \$65/ton)</i>
≥ 90 to 100	$PF = ((PWL - 90) * 0.4) + 100$
≥ 50 to < 90	$(PWL * 0.5) + 55$
<50	50% ^[1]

where, PF is calculated per air voids and density, denoted PF_{air voids} & PF_{density}

^[1] Material resulting in PWL value less than 50 shall be removed and replaced, unless the engineer allows for such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

For air voids, PWL values will be calculated using lower and upper specification limits of 2.0 and 4.3 percent, respectively. Lower specification limits for density will be according to Table 460-3. Pay adjustment will be determined for an acceptably completed test strip and will be computed as shown in the following equation:

$$\text{Pay Adjustment} = (\text{PF}-100)/100 \times (\text{WP}) \times (\text{tonnage}) \times (\$65/\text{ton})^*$$

*Note: If Pay Factor = 50, the contract unit price will be used in lieu of \$65/ton and the weighted percentage (WP) will equal 1.0.

The following weighted percentage (WP) values will be used for the corresponding parameter:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>WP</u>
Air Voids	0.5
Density	0.5

Individual Pay Factors for each air voids (PF_{air voids}) and density (PF_{density}) will be determined. PF_{air voids} will be multiplied by the total tonnage produced (i.e., from truck tickets), and PF_{density} will be multiplied by the calculated tonnage used to pave the mainline only (i.e., traffic lane excluding shoulder) as determined according to Appendix A.

The department will pay incentive for air voids under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2005	Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	DOL
460.2010	Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	DOL

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement and the Disincentive Air Voids HMA Pavement administrative items.

stp-460-040 (20230629)

23. Cleaning Decks to Reapply Concrete Masonry Overlay, Item 509.0505.S.

A Description

This special provision describes cleaning the entire bridge deck after the existing concrete masonry overlay is removed, prior to placing a new concrete masonry overlay.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Blast-clean the entire surface of the deck, the vertical faces of curbs, sidewalks and parapets to the depth of the adjoining concrete overlay. Blast-clean all exposed existing reinforcing steel. Repair damage to existing epoxy-coated reinforcement remaining in place that is either uncovered by or damaged by the contractor's operations. Use engineer-approved patching or repair material compatible with the existing coating and inert in concrete.

Clean the surface on which the new concrete will be placed to remove all loose particles and dust by either brooming and water pressure using a high-pressure nozzle, or by water and air pressure. Use water for cleaning that conforms to standard spec 501.2.6.

D Measurement

The department will measure Cleaning Decks to Reapply Concrete Masonry Overlay by the square yard, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantity at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
509.0505.S	Cleaning Decks to Reapply Concrete Masonry Overlay	SY

Payment for is full compensation for cleaning the concrete surfaces.

stp-509-065 (20210708)

24. Removing Concrete Masonry Deck Overlay B-62-29, Item 509.9005.S.

A Description

This special provision describes removing concrete bridge deck overlays by milling the entire bridge deck as the plans show.

Conform to standard spec 204 as modified in this special provision.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

C.1 Milling

Use a self-propelled milling machine that is specially designed and constructed for milling bridge decks. It shall mill without tearing or gouging the concrete masonry underlying the existing overlay. The machine shall consist of a cutting drum with carbide or diamond tip teeth. Space the teeth on the drum to mill a surface finish that is acceptable to the engineer.

Shroud the machine to prevent discharge of any loosened material into adjacent work areas or live traffic lanes. Equip the machine with electronic devices that provide accurate depth, grade and slope control, and an acceptable dust control system.

Perform milling in a manner that precludes damage to the bridge floor and results in a uniform textured finish that:

1. Is free of sharp protrusions;
2. Removes a minimum of 1/4 inch of the original concrete deck or slab, or to a depth the plans show;
3. Has uniform transverse grooves that measure up to 1/4 inch vertically and transversely; and
4. If applicable, is acceptable to the manufacturer of the sheet waterproof membrane.

Windrowing and storing of the removed milled concrete masonry on the bridge is only permitted in connection with the continuous removal and pick-up operation. During nonworking hours, clear the bridge of all materials and equipment.

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Concrete Masonry Deck Overlay B-62-29 by the square yard, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
509.9005.S	Removing Concrete Masonry Deck Overlay B-62-29	SY

Payment is full compensation for removing the concrete masonry; and for properly disposing of all materials.

stp-509-005 (20210113)

25. Temporary Audible Message Devices, Item 644.1900.S.

A Description

This special provision describes providing, maintaining, and removing temporary audible message devices. These devices are used on temporary pedestrian facilities to guide individuals with sight disabilities.

B Materials

Furnish temporary audible message devices from the approved products lists.

C Construction

Provide and maintain temporary audible message devices. Maintain and repair devices within two hours of being notified by the project engineer of an issue.

Contractors record messages as approved by the engineer.

Mount temporary audible message devices on drums, temporary sign supports, or other locations approved by the engineer. Locate motion detection areas that will be effective in activating the device to

operate properly. Avoid locating motion detection areas that will cause activation by trees, traffic, or other known regular activity.

Move and adjust devices after disruptions by the work or the public.

Maintain devices in a working condition and replace batteries as needed. Replace any devices that are not working properly within 2 hours of being notified of an issue.

Use tamper-proof hardware for mounting.

D Measurement

The department will measure temporary audible message devices by the day, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
644.1900.S	Temporary Audible Message Device	DAY

Payment is full compensation for providing, maintaining, and removing temporary audible message device.

The department will not pay for devices that are inoperable.

stp-644-190 (20250108)

26. Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System Station 132+17.1, Item 999.2000.S.01; Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System Station 184+01.4, Item 999.2000.S.02; Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System Station 252+98.5, Item 999.2000.S.03; Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System Station 431+53.0, Item 999.2000.S.04.

A Description

This special provision describes inspecting, installing and/or maintaining approved deterrents that prevent migratory bird nesting on bridges and culverts. Swallows or other migratory birds' nests have been observed on or under the existing culvert or bridge at the station identified. All active nests (when eggs or young are present) of migratory birds are protected under the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act. One deterrent system shall be installed and/or maintained for each applicable structure. Deterrent methods selected shall be appropriate for structure type, size and/or site-specific constraints.

B Materials

B.1 Hardware and Lumber

Lumber, hardware, and fastening devices shall be durable enough to last through the length of the nesting season. Fastening devices and deterrence system must be approved by the engineer prior to installation on culverts and bridges that will remain in service after removal of deterrent systems. The method of fastening should not compromise the culvert or bridge concrete surfaces or steel protection systems. The attachment locations must be restored and repaired as needed by use of engineer approved fillers, sealers and paint systems.

B.2 Netting Materials

Exclusion netting is material either wrapped around or draped and fastened to bridge decks/abutments and culvert corners to prevent bird entry.

Furnish exclusionary netting to deter nesting in bridge decks and abutments and corners of box culverts, consisting of either:

- a. 1/2" x 1/2" or 3/4" x 3/4" knotless, flame resistant, U.V. stabilized polyethylene or polypropylene netting with minimum 40-pound breaking strength per strand, or engineer approved equal.
- b. Galvanized wire mesh (hardware cloth) with a wire diameter of .040 inches (19-gauge) and opening width of 1/2-inch.

At a minimum, use either 1" x 2" (nominal) lumber or 3/4" x 2" pressure treated plywood strips and of equal length as the netting.

B.3 Plastic Strip Curtain

Plastic strip curtains are strips of plastic attached to vertical surfaces in areas suitable for nesting.

Furnish 3-foot wide lengths of 6 mil minimum plastic sheeting with the lower 2 feet cut into vertical strips 2 inches wide.

At a minimum, use either 1" x 2" (nominal) lumber or 3/4" x 2" pressure treated plywood strips and staples to attach plastic strips to wood to fabricate the strip curtain.

Furnish concrete screws to attach strip curtain to structure.

B.4 Corner Slope Materials

Corner slopes are pieces of curved plastic placed in corners suitable for nesting. They are particularly effective in preventing nesting in top corners of box culverts.

Furnish U.V. stabilized pre-fabricated PVC or polycarbonate corner slopes from commercial bird-deterrent manufacturers or an approved equal.

C Construction

C.1 General

If active nests are observed after construction starts, or if a trapped bird or an active nest is found, stop work that may affect birds or their nests, and notify the engineer to consult with the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources transportation liaison at Karen Kalvelage at 608-406-7880, or the department regional environmental coordinator Anna Jahns, at 608-785-9961.

Efforts should be made to release trapped birds, unharmed.

C.2 Nest Removal

Remove unoccupied nests prior to the beginning of the nesting season as designated in Prosecution and Progress. Nest removal involves the removal and disposal of unoccupied or partially constructed nests without eggs or nestlings. Removing all evidence of nesting (e.g. cleaning droppings from structures) eliminates a visual cue for a potential breeding location, especially for first-time breeders. Nest removal is not a type of deterrent and does not prevent nest establishment but can delay the process. As such, it should only be used in conjunction with other methods. It cannot be used on its own to ensure compliance. Nest removal is not required if deterrents are installed before the start of the avoidance window unless nests interfere with successful installation of the deterrent.

Remove nests on the structure by scraping or pressure washing prior to established avoidance windows to deter nesting. Remove only unoccupied or partially constructed nests without eggs or nestlings. Remove newly built nests every two days before eggs are laid. Nest removal is intended to be used prior to and in conjunction with other nesting deterrents.

C.3 Exclusion Netting

C.3.1 Installation

Using concrete screws, anchor lumber to bridge or culvert along perimeter of intended netting. Fasten netting to lumber until netting is held taut. Use the minimum length of lumber and netting necessary to avoid sections of netting that are not flush to the bridge or culvert. Eliminate any loose pockets or wrinkles that could trap and entangle birds or other wildlife. Ensure the net is pulled taut in order to prevent flapping in the wind, which results in tangles or breakage at mounting points.

For culverts, attach netting at a 45-degree angle at the culvert corner so it extends at least 12" below the corner.

C.4 Plastic Curtains

C.4.1 Installation

Attach plastic curtains along the entire length of vertical surface or corner on which nest building is to be deterred. Affix plastic curtain strips to treated lumber with staples spaced a minimum of 1 foot O.C. Wrap plastic curtains around lumber prior to attaching it to the structure to reduce the likelihood of it tearing out at the staples. Screw lumber into the underside of the bridge deck or top of box culvert with concrete screws placed 24-inches O.C. minimum.

C.5 Corner Slopes

C.5.1 Installation

Attach corner slopes to the structure per the manufacturer's recommendations. Use urethane-based adhesives if manufacturer supplied hardware or adhesives are not available or no recommendations are provided. Install end caps or seal ends of corner slopes to prevent entry of birds or other animals.

C.6 Inspection and Maintenance

Inspect bird deterrent devices every two weeks both during and prior to construction when deterrents have been installed to exclude birds prior to nesting windows, and after large storm events or high winds. Ensure that netting is taut, that no gaps or holes have formed, and that the nets are functioning properly. Ensure that corner slopes are not cracked or otherwise damaged and are functioning properly. Ensure that curtains are undamaged, with no tears, holes, or creases. Repair any damaged or loose deterrent devices. Inspect, maintain, and repair nesting deterrents whether installed by the contractor or others. Repair, replace, supplement deterrents as necessary with materials meeting the requirements of this specification.

Remove any unoccupied or partially constructed nests without eggs or nestlings.

Repair deterrents to prevent birds from attempting to nest again.

Record all inspection, removal, and maintenance activities. Provide inspection, removal and maintenance records to the engineer upon request.

C.7 Removal and Structure Repair

Maintain the deterrent until the engineer determines that the deterrent is deemed no longer necessary. Upon completion of the project, remove any remaining migratory bird deterrent from the project site. If the existing bridge or culvert is to remain after construction, restore and repair as needed by use of engineer approved fillers, sealers and paint systems.

D Measurement

The department will measure Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (Station) as a single unit at each structure, acceptably completed.

The department will measure Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (Station) as a single unit at each structure, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
999.2000.S.01	Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System Station 132+17.1	EACH
999.2000.S.02	Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System Station 184+01.4	EACH
999.2000.S.03	Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System Station 252+98.5	EACH
999.2000.S.04	Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System Station 431+53.0	EACH

Payment for Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System is full compensation for providing and installing deterrents that prevent migratory bird nesting; removing and disposing of unoccupied or partially constructed nests without eggs or nestlings; maintaining, repairing, replacing, supplementing, existing deterrent materials; repairing damage to structures resulting from installation of deterrents; removal and disposal of materials.

Payment for Maintaining Bird Deterrent System is full compensation for inspecting structures for the presence of migratory birds, inspecting deterrents installed by others; maintaining, repairing, replacing, and supplementing existing deterrent materials; repairing damage to structures resulting from installation of deterrents; removal and disposal of materials.

stp-999-200 (20250108)

27. Installing and Maintaining Climbing Turtle Exclusion Fence, Item 999.2100.S.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing, installing, maintaining, repairing, and removing turtle exclusion fencing; or for maintaining, repairing, and removing turtle exclusion fencing when installed by others. See Prosecution and Progress for additional information.

B Materials

Use standard silt fence meeting the requirements of standard spec 628.2.6 and as provided in the plans.

Use steel wire fencing with a minimum thickness of 20 gauge and maximum opening width of one-inch in any direction for drainage relief areas.

Use one of the following for fence cap for drainage relief areas:

- Commercially available safety cap with a lip to prevent turtles from climbing over.
- 6-inch underdrain pipe, slit longitudinally.
- Other DNR approved methods.

Furnish rock bags in accordance with standard spec 628.2.13.

Furnish sand bags in accordance with standard spec 628.2.8.

Furnish wire ties, nylon zip ties, or other engineer approved methods to secure materials in place.

C Construction

No ground disturbance, heavy equipment operation or supply/equipment storage shall occur unless exclusion fencing has been installed to keep turtles from entering the work area in accordance with the below provisions.

C.1 Installation Timeframes

Nesting Period: Install exclusion fencing prior to May 20. The turtle nesting season is from May 20 to September 18, both dates inclusive. Installation of exclusion fencing from May 20 and September 18 is not allowed, even if a turtle survey is conducted, as it must be assumed that turtles have established nests as of May 20. A survey is not sufficient to identify established nests, resulting in potential egg mortality. Adjustment of these dates will not be considered.

Requests must be submitted to the engineer for approval. The engineer will consult with the WDNR Endangered Resources Transportation Liaison, Stacy Rowe. Other date adjustment requests will not be approved.

C.2 Locations/Exclusion Zone

Install exclusion fencing in the following areas within the timeframes identified in C.1:

Nesting Period: Within 200 feet of STH 162 and adjacent wetlands from Station 210+00 to Station 486+00 LT and RT.

C.2 Installation

Install exclusion fence in accordance with the plan details and as hereinafter provided:

Install fencing to have at least 24 inches of exposed material above ground and at least 6 inches trenched into the ground. If trenching is not possible due to ground conditions, place rock bags or sand bags continuously along the length where trenching is not possible. Other anchors may be used with approval from the engineer. The engineer will consult with WDNR Endangered Resources Transportation Liaison, Stacy Rowe.

Install exclusion fence stakes on the construction side of the fence to prevent turtles from climbing up the stakes and entering the work area. This is opposite of the standard silt fence stake installation for sediment control. If silt fence is also required for sediment control, select one of the following options:

- Install a separate row of silt fence for sediment control on the construction side of the exclusion fencing; or
- Staple and entrench a second layer of silt fence fabric for exclusion fencing on the backside of the sediment control silt fence to cover the stakes and create a smooth surface; or
- Use another alternative that has been approved on a case-by-case basis by the engineer. The engineer will consult with WDNR Endangered Resources Transportation Liaison, Stacy Rowe. Submit alternative proposals to the engineer and allow at least two weeks for review.

Install turnarounds at all termini ends of exclusion fence and at any access openings to redirect turtles away from the work area.

When temporary access points are needed during construction that require openings in the exclusion fencing, place hay or straw bales in a continuous row through the opening when the opening is not needed for construction operations. Immediately reinstall exclusion fencing when the work requiring the temporary access opening has been completed.

Where openings are needed in the fencing for drainage relief purposes, install relief areas in accordance with the plan details at location directed by the engineer.

C.3 Turtle Survey

Survey the area on the construction side of the exclusion fence for turtles immediately after installation and prior to any land disturbing construction activity. If a turtle is encountered at any point in time, work in the immediate area must be stopped and the turtle shall be promptly and carefully removed and relocated to suitable habitat outside of the work area.

C.4 Inspection

Fences must be inspected at least once per week and after any significant rain event (0.5 inches or more of rainfall in any 24-hour period) or high wind event. Needed repairs to the exclusion fencing must be made immediately.

C.5 Maintenance Period

Maintain exclusion fence in good working order and free of openings during the following time period:

Nesting Period: Through July 6 (the end of egg laying) or until ground disturbance, heavy equipment operation and supply/equipment storage activities within the suitable habitat is complete, whichever is earlier.

C.6 Removal

Remove all material upon completion of the work. Clean up and restore the surface after removal. The contractor owns materials after removal and is responsible for its disposal off the right-of-way.

D Measurement

The department will measure Installing and Maintaining Climbing Turtle Exclusion Fence by the linear foot, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
999.2100.S	Installing and Maintaining Climbing Turtle Exclusion Fence	LF

Payment for Installing and Maintaining Climbing Turtle Exclusion Fence is full compensation for furnishing, installing, repairing, maintaining, and removing fence; disposing all materials; and restoring the area.

stp-999-210 (20260101)

28. Verify Landmark Reference Monuments, Item SPV.0060.01.

A Description

This special provision describes preserving the location and constructing new monuments for existing Public Land Survey System (PLSS) section corner monuments and witness monuments located within permanent easements, temporary easements, or construction permit areas, which may be lost or disturbed by construction operations.

This provision does not relinquish the contractor's responsibility of standard spec 107.11.

B Materials

The Department can furnish aluminum monument caps if necessary. Otherwise, all materials for the monumentation and witness ties will be the responsibility of the contractor to provide. Any monuments that satisfy Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter AE-7 will be acceptable.

C Construction

Complete the work in accordance with, the direction of the Vernon County Surveyor and as follows:

Contact and follow the direction of the Vernon County Surveyor on perpetuation requirements for PLSS section corner monuments and witness monuments. Obtain existing tie sheets from the Vernon County Surveyor. Locate and verify existing PLSS monuments and ties. Furnish, and install if necessary, temporary and/or permanent ties. Provide a temporary tie sheet to the Wis-DOT SW Region-La Crosse Survey Coordinator and the Vernon County Surveyor, for use by the public during the construction phase of the project and before the final monumentation is complete.

Perpetuate and/or reset all PLSS monuments and witness monuments under the direction of a State of Wisconsin Licensed Professional Land Surveyor. Prepare the temporary and final PLSS monument records in accordance with the Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter AE-7. Prepare and File new monument records with the Vernon County Surveyor in accordance with AE-7 and provide a copy of the same to the Wis-DOT SW Region-La Crosse Survey Coordinator. This work shall be overseen and completed by a State of Wisconsin Licensed Professional Land Surveyor.

The approximate location of the section corners that will likely be disturbed due to the proposed construction:

Landmark Reference Monument				
Station	Offset	Township	Range	Section Corner
401+95.8	11.1' Rt	T14N	R6W	1-1/4" Iron Rod

Notify the Vernon County Surveyor and Wis-DOT SW Region-La Crosse Survey Coordinator at least thirty (30) working days prior to construction operations that may disturb existing monuments, with pertinent questions or for Department provided monument caps.

WisDOT SW Region-La Crosse Survey Coordinator

Joerg Feldbinder, PLS

608-785-9037

joerg.feldbinder@dot.wi.gov

Vernon County Surveyor

Laurence Johns

608-343-2097

laurence.johns@vernoncounty.gov

D Measurement

The department will measure Landmark Reference Monuments by each PLSS section corner monument acceptably verified, tied, and preserved.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.01	Landmark Reference Monuments	Each

This price shall be payment in full for furnishing a Professional Land Surveyor; obtaining existing PLSS monument record tie sheet(s); preparing, providing and filing temporary/final PLSS monument record tie sheet(s) from a Professional Land Surveyor; all survey work related to the perpetuation process; the furnishing and placing of all PLSS survey monuments; the furnishing and placement of any necessary witness ties; the removal of the existing monument(s) if necessary; excavating for the placement of the new monument(s) if necessary; and for all labor, tools, equipment, materials and incidentals necessary to complete this item of work.

29. Remove Existing Sanitary Sewer Manhole, Item SPV.0060.200; Remove Existing Sanitary Sewer Pipe, Item SPV.0090.200.

A Description

This special provision describes removing and disposing of existing brick, block, or precast sanitary manholes and removing of existing sanitary sewer pipe.

B Materials

C Construction

Remove existing sanitary sewer manhole and remove existing sanitary sewer pipe. Remove in a manner that prevents debris from falling into the sanitary sewer. All debris shall be removed from the construction area and disposed of off-site. Disposal shall be at a site that meets the state requirements for construction debris and disposal. Removed materials become the property of the contractor for disposal or recycling. Backfill according to specifications for sanitary sewer construction.

D Measurement

The department will measure Remove Existing Sanitary Sewer Manholes by each individual unit, acceptably removed. The department will measure Remove Existing Sanitary Sewer Pipe by linear foot, acceptably removed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.200	Remove Existing Sanitary Manhole	EACH
SPV.0090.200	Remove Existing Sanitary Pipe	LF

Payment is full compensation for removing existing sanitary sewer manhole and pipe; for breaking down and removing; costs associated with contractor-caused damage; directing wastewater flow to existing sanitary sewer system; required salvaging, storing and disposing of material; and backfilling

30. 48" Sanitary Sewer Manhole, Item SPV.0060.201.

A Description

This special provision describes all work, materials, labor, and equipment to install new 48" manholes at the locations shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

B Materials

B.1 Manholes

General

Provide precast concrete manholes.

Submit manufacturer's preproduction (shop) drawings for approval prior to the start of manufacturing.

Contractor shall verify existing pipe locations, sizes, orientation and elevation prior to ordering new manholes.

Precast Manhole Sections

Precast concrete manhole sections, including bottom and top shall meet the requirements of ASTM C478.

If conditions require a larger structure than shown on drawings, contact the Project Representative and the Engineer.

Provide eccentric cone top sections with a minimum clear opening of 24 inches.

Manhole wall thickness shall be a minimum of 5 inches for 4-foot inside diameter manholes, 6 inches for 5-foot inside diameter manholes, and 7 inches for 6-foot and 7-foot inside diameter manholes.

Manhole bottom section shall be pre-cast with integral base having a minimum thickness of 8 inches unless otherwise noted.

Joints

Provide manhole riser and barrel sections, cones, and flat tops, with standard pipe section tongue and groove joints.

Seal joints watertight with prefabricated rubber or plastic gaskets or formed-in-place butyl rubber seal. Additionally, all manhole joints shall be sealed with an external 6" rubber sleeve. Rubber sleeve shall be Infi-Shield Gator-Wrap, manufactured by Sealing Systems Inc, or approved equal. Installation shall be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Joint sealers: Hamilton Kent, ConSeal, MultiSeal Butyl-Tite, or approved equal.

Connections

Openings for connections shall be cast-in-place or cored and appropriately sized for the type and size of pipe being connected.

Provide flexible, watertight, pipe-to-manhole connections (or "boots") for sanitary sewers; Kor-N-Seal, Hamilton Kent, A-Lok, or an approved equal.

Manhole Steps

Provide steps at 16" O.C. and project approximately 6" from wall.

Manhole steps shall be located in a straight, vertical line from the top of the manhole to the bottom. If the orientation of pipe openings prohibits this, locate manhole steps over the downstream pipe opening.

Manhole steps shall be steel reinforced polypropylene with ½-inch diameter deformed reinforcing bar. Steps shall be permanently secured in the manhole wall.

Manhole steps shall be American Step Company, M.A. Industries, or approved equal.

Bench and Flowline

Provide precast bench and flowline.

Unless otherwise indicated on the drawings, bench height shall be ¾ the diameter of the downstream pipe. Slope bench towards flowlines at a minimum ½" per foot. Provide light broom finish on bench.

Flowlines shall be formed with gradual, uniform sweeps directed towards the downstream pipe. Provide smooth, troweled finish for flowlines.

Adjusting Rings

Fiber-reinforced pre-cast concrete adjusting rings meeting the requirements of ASTM C-478. Provide rings of 2-inch thickness.

Pre-compressed butyl gasket, 3/8"x3½" shall be used between the top of the manhole and first adjustment ring, and between all subsequent rings. Butyl material shall be E-Z Stick, or equal.

External Manhole Chimney Seal

All new manholes shall be constructed with external chimney seals. Exterior chimney seals shall also be added to existing manholes when indicated on the drawings. External chimney seals shall consist of an external frame/cone seal meeting requirements of Sections 8.42.3-8.42.5 of the SSSWC. External chimney seals shall be Cretex External Chimney Seal, Infi-Shield External Uni-band, or approved equal.

Internal Manhole Chimney Seal

When indicated on the drawings, provide an internal frame/cone seal meeting requirements of Sections 8.42.3-8.42.5 of the SSSWC.

Manhole Inserts

When indicated on the plans, provide HDPE Manhole Inserts, manufactured by Sealing Systems Inc, or approved equal.

B.2 Castings

General

All manhole castings shall be heavy duty iron conforming to ASTM A48, Class 20 and rated for AASHTO H-20 loading. Provide water-tight, gasketed, self-sealing, non-rocking lids with concealed pickhole.

Standard Manhole Frame and Casting

Neenah Foundry R-1550, with Type B lid; or approved equal.

Low Profile Manhole Frame and Casting

Neenah Foundry R-1689, with Type B lid; or approved equal.

Standard Security Manhole Frame and Casting (Solid Lid)

Neenah Foundry Company R-1916-C with bolt down type B lid; or approved equal. Lid shall be water tight, gasketed, self-sealing, with concealed pick-hole.

Low Profile Security Manhole Frame and Casting (Solid Lid)

Neenah Foundry R-1689, with Type B lid having 4 Type "E" countersunk flathead pent socket screws; or approved equal. Lid shall be water tight, gasketed, self-sealing, with concealed pick-hole.

B.3 Foundation Backfill & Trench Backfill

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

C.1 Manholes

Manholes having improper location and/or orientation of the pipe connections will be rejected. Field repairs or adjustments of connection points are not permitted.

Do not connect abandoned pipes to new manholes.

Limit the excavation for manholes so as to provide only the necessary amount of space to sufficiently prepare the subgrade, set the base, set the manhole or structure, and lay pipe. Provide adequate clearance for compaction equipment and operator between structure and trench soil retention for adequate backfilling and compaction.

Set manhole base in accordance with elevation and location as indicated on the drawings. Install base plumb and level. Install subsequent pre-cast manhole sections in accordance with shop drawing layout. Provide watertight gaskets between each manhole section.

Manholes shall be provided with between 4 inches and 8 inches of adjusting rings. Provide butyl sealant material between rings. Once rings are in place, tuck point the exterior joint and provide the entire exterior surface of the adjusting ring riser with a coating of mortar.

When indicated on the drawings, the manhole frame shall be set with a Type I frame/chimney joint as specified in the Standard Specifications for Sewer and Water Construction in Wisconsin, latest edition. The frame and adjusting rings shall be sealed with an external chimney seal.

C.2 Casting Installation

Install casting type as indicated on the drawings or in the specifications.

Provide butyl sealant material between last adjusting ring and casting base. Adjust casting elevation and slope to match adjacent proposed grades.

C.3 Backfilling

Backfill construction shall be in accordance with the 8" Water Main Section C.2 Backfill, article.

D Measurement

The department will measure Sanitary Sewer Manhole (48") by each individual manhole, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.201	48" Sanitary Sewer Manhole	EACH

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all work including excavating, dewatering if necessary, directing wastewater flow to the existing sanitary sewer system, setting the manhole structure, connecting to the mainline, and backfill, compaction and removing sheeting/shoring.

31. PVC Wye 8"x6", Item SPV.0060.202; PVC Wye 8"x4", Item SPV.0060.203.

A Description

This item of work consists of furnishing and installing all items necessary to install wye for a sanitary sewer lateral connection at location stated, and as hereinafter provided.

B Materials

PVC Sewer Wye Fittings installed in-line with sewer pipe shall be SDR-35 PVC sewer pipe and meet ASTM D3034 standard for pipe fittings, latest designation. The PVC material shall be made from PVC resin compounded to meet the physical and mechanical properties that meet or exceed cell class 12454 or 12364 as defined in ASTM D1784.

C Construction

PVC Wye's shall be installed simultaneously with the sewer main and constructed in accordance with the 8" Sanitary Sewer Main Section C Construction, article.

D Measurement

The department will measure PVC Wye (Size) by each acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.202	PVC Wye 8"x6"	EACH
SPV.0060.203	PVC Wye 8"x4"	EACH

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all work including preparation of the sanitary sewer pipe, inserting the wye, and furnishing all materials associated with completing the wye.

32. Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Main, Item SPV.0060.204; Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Manhole, Item SPV.0060.205; Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Service, Item SPV.0060.206.

A Description

This item of work consists of connecting to the existing sanitary sewer main, manhole, and services.

B Materials

Connections to existing sanitary sewer mains and services shall be made with a Fernco Strongback coupling or approved equal. Connections to existing manholes shall be made with a Press Seal brand rubber boot, appropriately sized for the connecting pipe size, with stainless steel bands and hardware.

Foundation Backfill and Trench Backfill shall meet the material requirements of the 8" Water Main article.

C Construction

Connecting to existing sanitary sewer main, manholes, and services shall be performed at the locations shown on the plans. This item of work shall include new couplings, water-tight boots, excavation and exposing of the existing sanitary sewer main at the location of connection to determine the exact location and elevation of the existing pipe, bedding and backfill. Connections need to be completely watertight.

Construct backfill in accordance with the 8" Water Main Section C.2 Backfill article.

D Measurement

The department will measure Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer (item) by each acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.204	Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Main	EACH
SPV.0060.205	Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Manhole	EACH
SPV.0060.206	Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Service	EACH

Payment is full compensation for excavation, installing connections, bedding, backfilling and all work required to complete the connection.

33. Remove & Salvage Existing Hydrants & Valves, Item SPV.0060.207.

A Description

This work consists of removal and salvaging existing fire hydrants and valves.

B Materials

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

Remove existing hydrants and valves as shown on plans.

Backfill construction shall be in accordance with the 8" Water Main Section C.2 Backfill article.

Load salvaged hydrants onto Village of Stoddard's trucks. Removed valves shall be disposed of appropriately.

D Measurement

The department will measure Remove & salvage Existing Hydrants & Valves by each acceptably completed

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.207	Remove & Salvage Existing Hydrants & Valves	EACH

Payment is full compensation for removing existing hydrants and valves, required salvaging, storing and disposing of material; and backfilling

**34. 8" Gate Valves & Boxes, Item SPV.0060.209;
6" Gate Valves & Boxes, Item SPV.0060.210.**

A Description

This work consists of construction of new gate valves and boxes.

B Materials

B.1 Gate Valves

Gate valves shall have the following characteristics:

- Resilient Seated: AWWA C515
- Working Pressure: 200 psi
- Ends: Mechanical Joint
- Operating Stem: Non-Rising with O-ring Seals
- Operating Nut: 2-inch Square, Open Left
- Marking to be cast on the bonnet or body:
 - Open indicating arrow
 - Manufacturer's name
 - Pressure rating
 - Year of manufacture
 - Size

Boxes shall have the following characteristics:

- Cast Iron, 5-1/4 inch shaft
- Vertical, 3-piece, Buffalo type
- Box length to provide for 8 feet of pipe cover
- Adjustable to 6 inches up or down from standard box length
- Provide gate valve adaptor with 1/2 inch rubber gasket installed between gate valve and gate valve adaptor. The gate valve adaptor shall be installed on the valve prior to placing bonnet section of valve box assembly, as manufactured by adaptor, Inc., or approved equal

B.2 Backfill

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

C.1 Valve and Box Installation

- Verify that subgrade material is adequate to support valve assembly.
- Install valves with stems vertical and plumb.
- Install boxes plumb and centered over the valve nut.
- Verify that box remains plumb and centered during backfill.
- Adjust box cover to required grade.
 - Use existing materials when making valve box adjustments.
 - If required adjustment cannot be made using existing materials, provide new materials necessary to make adjustments as shown on the Drawings.

D Measurement

The department will measure (size) Gate Valves & Boxes by each acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.209	8" Gate Valve & Box	EACH
SPV.0060.210	6" Gate Valve & Box	EACH

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all materials and all work including blocking, mechanical joints, joint restraints, road box and adjustment of valve box elevations to match flush with sidewalk, pavement, or finished grades within the work area.

35. Fire Hydrant, Item SPV.0060.211.

A Description

This work consists of constructing fire hydrants.

B Materials

Crushed Stone shall comply with WisDOT Standard Specification 310.2.

B.1 Hydrants

Hydrants supplied shall have the following characteristics:

- Dry Barrel: AWWA C502
- Waterous Pacer WB67 Classic Design or approved equal with 5-inch Storz pumper nozzle.
- Hydrants shall be manufacturer's premium model, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL) and Factory Mutual Research (FM) listed fire hydrant.
- Hose Connections: 2 each at 2-1/2-inch diameter.
- Steamer Connection: 1 each at 4-1/2-inch diameter.
- Chains on nozzle caps are required.
- Threads: National Standard.
- Operating Stem: Open Left with O-ring Seals.
- Traffic flange.
- Hub: 6-inch Mechanical Joint.
- Main Valve Opening: 5-1/4-inch diameter.
- Barrel Diameter: 5-inch.
- Drain to operate only when hydrant is closed.
- Bury Depth: 7.5 feet from the ground to the top of the hydrant lead.
- Upper Standpipe Length: 16 inches.

- Cap Nuts: Pentagon.
- Color: Red.
- Provide permanent markings which indicate:
 - Manufacturer's name.
 - Year of manufacture.
 - Bury depth.

B.2 Backfill

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

Hydrant Installation:

- Hydrants shall be located as shown on the contract drawings or as directed by the Engineer.
- Hydrants shall be of sufficient length that the top of the hydrant is three feet above grade and the center of the hose connection is at least 26 inches above grade.
- Verify that subgrade material is adequate to support hydrant
- Place thrust block, and crushed stone and Type DF Geotextile as shown in the drawings.
- Install and maintain hydrant in a plumb position.
- Pumper nozzle shall be facing the curb.

D Measurement

The department will measure Fire Hydrant by each acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.211	Fire Hydrant	EACH

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all work including back filling, mechanical joints, and adjustment of hydrant elevations to meet minimum height above sidewalk, pavement, or finished grades within the work area.

36. 8" Tapping Saddle, Item SPV.0060.211; Special Fittings, Item SPV.0085.200; 8" Water Main, Item SPV.0090.206; 6" Water Main, Item SPV.0090.207.

A Description

This work consists of construction of water distribution piping, special fittings, and tapping saddles.

B Materials

All water main work and materials shall conform to the AWWA Specifications latest designation specifications.

B.1 Pipe

Pipe shall be cement-mortar lined ductile iron meeting AWWA C151, Class 350. Pipe gaskets shall meet AWWA C111. Provide Certificate of Compliance from manufacturer.

B.2 Special Fittings

Special Fittings shall be epoxy coated, meeting AWWA C116, mechanical joint AWWA C153 Compact Ductile Iron fittings with cement-mortar lining meeting AWWA C104. Fittings shall be manufactured by Tyler Union, or equal.

B.3 Pipe Joints and Gaskets

Pipe joints shall be mechanical joint class 350 for all fittings and where straight pipe connects to fittings. Pipe joints may be push-on type (slip joint) on straight lengths of pipe. Pipe joints shall be coated with a 6-8 mil nominal thickness fusion bonded epoxy conforming to the requirements of AWWA C116.

New gaskets shall be provided at all joints within the replaced water main section. All gaskets shall conform to AWWA specifications and shall have the same pressure rating as the pipe or fitting of which they are a part. Nitrile gaskets to be used in contaminated areas.

B.4 Poly Wrap

Poly-Wrap (polyethylene encasement) shall be 8 mil thickness and meet ASTM C-105, latest designation and shall be installed to all permanently installed water main.

B.5 Pipe Restraint

Pipe restraint shall be Meg-A-Lug wedge action type joint restraints.

B.6 Foundation Backfill

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

B.7 Trench Backfill

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

Construction, including excavation, bedding, and backfilling, shall comply with Section 520 Pipe Culverts. In addition, construction shall comply with this special provision.

Open ends of pipe shall be closed during non-working periods by a watertight plug or other means approved by the engineer. If water is in the trench, the seal shall remain in place until the trench is pumped completely dry.

Cutting pipe shall be done in a neat and workmanlike manner without causing damage to the pipe. The cut edges shall be beveled so as not to cause damage to the gasket when inserted into a fitting.

Mechanical joint restraint shall be installed at all bends, plugs, wyes, tees, reducers and included in the cost bid for pipe installation.

Whenever any work is to be done in connection with the present system of mains, the contractor shall give notice to the Engineer and Village of Stoddard a minimum of one day in advance of the time work is expected to begin, of the time that will be required, and of the place where work is expected to be done. The water utility will close such valves as would be required to shut off the water from the place designated and the contractor must prosecute the work with such diligence and dispatch that the water will be off for the least possible time reasonable. The contractor shall have as much as possible of the relocation section pre-assembled prior to shutting off the water and cutting into the existing water main.

C.1 Pipe Installation

- Install pipe at the alignment and grade shown on the Drawings.
- Provide a minimum of 7 feet of cover over the pipe.
- Install appurtenances in the locations shown on the Drawings.
- Remove all dirt and foreign material from the pipe interior prior to installation.
- Follow pipe foundation and backfill procedures.
- Protect existing pipes and utilities.

C.2 Backfill

Construct Foundation Backfill in accordance with WisDOT Standard Specification 520.3.2. Foundation Backfill shall be compacted to a minimum of 95% of maximum Standard Proctor density.

Construct Trench Backfill in accordance with WisDOT Standard Specification 520.3.4.

Trench Backfill shall be compacted to a minimum of 100% of maximum Standard Proctor density between Foundation Backfill and crushed aggregate base course beneath existing or proposed pavement, and 90% of maximum Standard Proctor density between foundation backfill and top soil.

The Village will retain qualified compaction testing services to verify compliance with compaction requirements.

C.3 Joint Conductivity

- Provide electrical bond across all joints between pipes and appurtenances.
- Install copper jumpers by either shop or field applications.
- Fasten multiple jumper strips with silicon bronze bolts and nuts
- Welding:
 - Grind surfaces to be welded to remove coating and oxide and to provide clean metal surface
 - Use metallic-arc-process for shop applications
 - Use exothermic process for field applications
 - Refinish welded area with protective coating after connection is made.

C.4 Thrust Restraint

- Install thrust restraints at all bends, tees and plugs.
- Concrete Blocking:
 - Place between the fitting and undisturbed trench wall
 - Minimum thickness: 12 inches
 - Minimum area in square feet shall be in accordance with the table below
 - Size blocking based on the larger main
 - Verify that bolts are accessible after concrete is poured.
- Timber Blocking:
 - Use for temporary blocking only for maximum 8-inch mains.
 - Minimum timber size: 4-inch by 4-inch
- Restrained Joints:
 - Contractor shall restrain all fittings and joints such that the required restrained length is met.
 - Contractor shall submit a shop drawing of the restrained length calculator for each fitting installed.
 - Contractor shall use EBAA Iron's Restrained Length Calculator to determine the restrained length for each fitting installed on the project.
 - All joints falling within the calculated restrained length shall be restrained with a mega-lug coupling.
 - Settings specified in the restrained length calculator shall include:
 - Soil type SP
 - Safety Factor 1.5 to 1
 - Trench Type 5
 - All other setting specifications shall be selected based on the actual materials used in the project.

C.5 Field Quality Control

Perform the following tests upon completion of the system and prior to being placed into service:

Pressure and Leakage Test:

Perform pressure and leakage test in accordance with AWWA C600

Test Pressure: 150 psi

Test Duration: 2 hours

Gage Requirements

Size: 4-1/2 – inch dial

Range: 0 to 200 psi

Gradation: 2 psi

Accuracy: 1/2 percent

Do not allow pressure to vary more than 5 psi during the test.

Do not allow pressure to vary more than 2 psi during the last hour of the test

Allowable Leakage: One-half of the volume allowed by AWWA C600 in accordance with the following equation:

$$L = \frac{SD\sqrt{P}}{266,400}$$

L = Allowable leakage in Gallons Per Hour

S = Length of Pipe Testing in Feet

D = Nominal Diameter of Pipe in Inches

P = Average Test Pressure during test in Pounds/Square Inch (gage)

- Testing Services:
 - Perform separate pressure and leakage test on the services with the corporation stops open.

- Test Pressure: 100 psi
- Allowable Leakage: None
- At Contractor's option, service testing may be done concurrent with main testing
- Electrical Conductivity Test
 - Perform electrical conductivity test to verify that electrical thawing of the system may be accomplished by Owner.
 - Test Parameters:
 - Perform test within 1 week after pressure testing.
 - Perform test after back-filling is completed and while line is at normal operating pressure
 - Test current: 350 amperes DC plus or minus 10 percent
 - Test duration: 5 minutes
 - Test between Hydrants in segments of convenient length
 - Procedures:
 - Furnish DC current source, cable and all required equipment of adequate capacity to accomplish the test.
 - Clamp cables to hydrant flange bolts
 - Conduct test with hydrant in the open position and caps on
 - Measure current continuously throughout the test with a DC ammeter hooked on a cable lead
 - Start test at minimum current level and increase to test level.
 - Drain hydrant and tighten caps after test.
 - Failure and Correction:
 - Failure of a segment shall be determined by current measurements that are insufficient intermittent or unsteady.
 - Isolate and correct defective contact points as indicated by failed tests.
 - Retest failed segments after correction
 - Trace Wire Test: Contractor shall fully test the tracer wire system installed with the water main in the presence of the Owner and Engineer by connecting proper tracing system equipment to the wire and locating and marking the location of the main(s). Fully demonstrate to the Owner and Engineer that the trace wire system is functional and ready to be used by the Owner. Properly mark the terminated ends of the tracer wire system so that the Owner knows which wire goes in each direction along the main or hydrant lead as the case may be.

C.6 Disinfection

Disinfect all newly installed water mains, appurtenances and services in accordance with AWWA C651

- Tablet or Continuous Feed Method:
 - Hold Chlorine solution in pipe for a minimum period of 24 hours.
 1. Initial dosage: 50ppm minimum.
 2. Residual dosage after hold period: 10ppm minimum
- Flush system within 24 hours after disinfection is completed.
- Sampling and Testing:
 - After final flushing, obtain 2 sets of samples taken a minimum of 24 hours apart.
 - Each sample set shall include:
 - One sample for every 1,200 feet of main.
 - One sample of each dead-end.
 - Ensure that 1 sample is obtained from each branch of main.
 - Minimum sample required: 2
 - Perform coliform tests on each sample
 - Rechlorinate if any sample tests positive for coliform.

D Measurement

The department will measure 8" Tapping Saddle by each acceptably completed.

The department will measure Special Fittings by the weight in pounds of fittings acceptably installed.

The department will measure 8" Water Main by the linear foot acceptably completed.

The department will measure 6" Water Main by the linear foot acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
5865-02-64, 5865-02-74	53 of 72	

SPV.0060.211	8" Tapping Saddle	EACH
SPV.0085.200	Special Fittings	LB
SPV.0090.206	8" Water Main	LF
SPV.0090.207	6" Water Main	LF

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all materials, all excavation, sheeting and shoring, dewatering, if necessary, forming foundation, laying pipe, removing old water main pipe, sealing joints, making connections to new or existing fixtures; making temporary connections to existing or new main and services; for testing and disinfecting; for furnishing granular backfill material; and for backfilling, removing sheeting, cleaning out and restoring site of work.

**37. 1" Corporation Stop, Item SPV.0060.212;
2" Corporation Stop, Item SPV.0060.213;
1" Curb Stop & Box, Item SPV.0060.214.**

A Description

This work consists of constructing corporation stops and curb stops and curb stop boxes.

B Materials

All materials shall conform to the AWWA Specifications latest designation specifications.

Curb stops installed in a paved boulevard, sidewalk or driveway approach shall include a PVC sleeve that is furnished by the Contractor.

Corporation stop shall be designed for use with copper service lines, shall conform to AWWA C800, and shall be Mueller B-15008N, or equal.

Curb Stops shall be designed for use with copper service lines, shall conform to AWWA C800, and shall be Mueller B-25209N, or equivalent.

Curb boxes shall be complete with 1-inch upper section, arch patter base, and two-hole Erie patter type HS cap. Curb boxes shall be furnished having bury depth consistent with water main depth. Curb boxes shall be A.Y. McDonald 5601 ALR. Stationary rod shall be A.Y. McDonald 5660 54.

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

Corporation Stop:

- Provide watertight connection with approved tapping machine.
- Install under main pressure
- Place a double wrap of Teflon tape around the threads prior to installation
- Install using a saddle on PVC pipe

D Measurement

The department will measure (size) Corporation Stop and Curb Stop & Box by each acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.212	1" Corporation Stop	EACH
SPV.0060.213	2" Corporation Stop	EACH
SPV.0060.214	1" Curb Stop & Box	EACH

Payment is full compensation for installing stops and boxes and adjusting boxes to match flush with sidewalk, pavement, or finished grades within the work area.

**38. Connect to Existing Main, Item SPV.0060.216;
Connect to Existing Service, Item SPV.0060.217.**

A Description

This special provision describes connecting to existing water main and existing water services.

B Materials

Connection to existing main shall be with a compact ductile iron coupling, meeting material requirements for Special Fittings.

Connection to existing services shall be with a brass compression fitting designed for use with copper water service pipe, conforming to AWWA C800, and manufactured by Mueller, or equivalent.

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

Connecting to existing water main and services shall be performed at the locations shown on the plans. This item of work shall include fittings, excavation and exposing of the existing water main and water services, as well as backfill and compaction.

D Measurement

The department will measure Connect to Existing Main and Connect to Existing Service by each acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.216	Connect to Existing Main	EACH
SPV.0060.217	Connect to Existing Service	EACH

Payment is full compensation for installing connections.

39. Temporary Water Service, Item SPV.0060.218.

A Description

This special provision describes providing temporary water service to each property affected by the project.

B Materials

All temporary water service work and materials shall conform to the AWWA Specifications latest designation specifications. Materials shall be NSF 61 rated and shall meet material requirements of Wisconsin Statute NR 811.69.

C Construction

Temporary water service to each service affected by the project shall be established and maintained throughout the duration of the project, until the new watermain and services are placed into service. Interruptions of water service to any service may not exceed four hours and may only occur with 48 hours advance notice to the Engineer and the Village of Stoddard.

Temporary water distribution piping shall be sized to meet peak flows and demands. Contractor may set up temporary facilities in the project area, including street right-of-way and easement areas provided.

Prior to placing temporary water distribution piping into service, temporary water distribution piping shall meet disinfection and safe sample requirements of the 8" Water Main Section C.6 article.

Contractor shall be responsible for protection of all temporary water service materials, as well as repairs to the temporary water service system needed to ensure continuous water service throughout the duration of the project.

At the completion of construction, all temporary water service materials shall be removed and all ground surfaces shall be restored to previous condition.

D Measurement

The department will measure Temporary Water Service as a Lump Sum item.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.218	Temporary Water Service	EACH

Payment is full compensation for providing temporary water service, including all necessary equipment, piping, valves, tees, coupling and other fittings required, as well as removal of temporary water service materials and all restoration.

- 40. 8" Sanitary Sewer Main, Item SPV. 0090.201;
2" HDPE Sanitary Sewer Forcemain, Item SPV.0090.202;
6" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe, Item SPV.0090.203;
4" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe, Item SPV.0090.204.**

A Description

This work consists of constructing sanitary sewer gravity main, forcemain, and sanitary sewer service.

B Materials

All sanitary sewer work and materials shall conform to the latest ASTM standards.

B.1 Gravity Main & Service Pipe

Conform to ASTM D-3034 with rubber gasket joints. Sanitary sewer main pipe shall be SDR-35, unless otherwise noted. Sanitary sewer service pipe shall be SDR 26, unless otherwise noted. Pipe over 15 inches in diameter shall meet the requirements of ASTM F679-03. Do not mix different manufacturers' products, or fittings.

PVC fittings shall be same joint type and SDR as connecting PVC sanitary sewer pipe.

B.2 Forcemain Pipe & Fittings

Forcemain shall be SDR 11 IPS (iron pipe size) HDPE. Joints shall be fused. No fittings are required for this project.

B.3 Pipe Fittings

Fittings installed in-line with sewer pipe shall be compatible with SDR 35 PVC sewer pipe and shall meet ASTM D3034 standards for pipe fittings, latest designation. The PVC material shall be made from PVC resin compounded to meet the physical and mechanical properties that meet or exceed cell class 12454 or 12364 as defined in ASTM D1784.

B.4 Dissimilar Pipe Connections

Where new sewer connects to an existing dissimilar pipe, the connection shall be made with a no-hub type coupling meeting the requirements of CISPI 310.

Couplings shall have neoprene gaskets with stainless steel shield, and multiple stainless steel clamps with worm gear tightening device. The couplings shall be made specifically for the type and size of pipe materials being connected.

Couplings shall be Fernco Strongback or approved equal.

B.5 Tracer Wire

Tracer wire shall be #10 solid copper wire with green insulated jacket.

B.6 Locator Tape

Tape shall be detectable metallic locator tape, specifically manufactured for marking utilities with a minimum width of 6 inches and detectable at a depth of 18".

Tape shall be marked "SEWER" and green colored.

B.7 Backfill

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

C.1 General

Construction, including excavation, bedding, and backfilling, shall comply with Section 520 Pipe Culverts. In addition, construction shall comply with this special provision.

Complete exploratory excavations at utility crossings as shown on the drawings and as necessary to complete the work.

Maintain clearances between existing or proposed sewer lines and watermains as follows:

8' horizontal separation (measured center to center) between existing or proposed sanitary or storm sewers and watermains.

12" vertical separation (measured from outsides of pipes) where watermains cross over sanitary or storm sewers.

18" vertical separation (measured from outsides of pipes) where watermains cross under sanitary or storm sewers.

Notify the Engineer and Owner of utility conflicts as soon as they are encountered.

Store and handle pipe in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations. Keep pipes clean of soil, debris and animals.

C.2 Diverting Sewage

Tributary buildings and services will remain occupied during construction. Wastewater will continue to be discharged to the sanitary sewers during construction. Contractor shall provide, operate and maintain all diversion and pumping equipment necessary to carry out the work and allow wastewater to continue to be discharged to the sanitary sewer system. Provide all necessary generators or other power source necessary to operate pumps on a continuous basis. The Contractor is solely responsible for sewage diversion.

C.3 Diversion Plan

Contractor shall provide a wastewater diversion and pumping plan indicating the order and schedule for completion of the work and associated diversion provisions. The plan shall indicate the location of proposed diversion, pipe size and type, discharge locations, and the type and size of pumping equipment to be used. The plan shall describe contingencies to be used in the event of failure of the primary pumps. Contractor's diversion plan is subject to Owner's approval prior to implementation.

C.4 Laying Pipe

Install pipe in accordance with the SSSWC and ASTM specifications that pertain to the specified type of pipe material and the installation situation.

Do not use pipe or fittings that are cracked or contain defects.

Clean all pipe of any dirt and/or debris both inside and outside prior to placing in the trench.

Make joints in accordance with manufacturer's directions with due care to avoid damaging pipe and/or disturbing previously laid pipe.

Cut pipe only according to manufacturer's directions.

Lay all sewer pipes to horizontal alignment and grade shown on the drawings. Establish and maintain horizontal alignment. Discrepancies from the required horizontal alignment or grade at any location shall not be greater than 0.10' or 0.05', respectively.

C.5 Backfilling

Backfill construction shall be in accordance with the 8" Water Main Section C.2 Backfill, article.

C.6 Tracer Wire

Provide tracer wire for buried non-metallic sewer piping. Tracer wire shall be installed directly above the top of pipe and within six inches of the pipe.

Splices in tracer wire shall be made with split-bolt or compression-type connectors.

Access points are required every 400 feet or closer. At access points the tracer wire shall be brought to grade with manholes or other covered access devices.

C.7 Locator Tape

Install locator tape directly above new non-metallic sanitary sewer pipe approximately 15 inches below finished grade. Bring tape to surface and terminate in valve box or other structure.

C.8 Deflection Testing

Test all PVC sewer pipe in the presence of the Project Representative by a "go-no-go" deflection test mandrel furnished by the Contractor. Do not perform deflection testing any sooner than 30 days following the installation of the PVC pipe. Pull the mandrel by hand, or hand operated winch so as to avoid any damages to the pipe that may be caused by mechanized pulling equipment.

Size the mandrel to test the pipeline for a maximum allowable internal deflection of the pipe (in any direction) of not to exceed five (5) percent of the original internal diameter for the pipelines tested, regardless of how long after installation the testing takes place.

Deflection testing may be done concurrently with any necessary televising of the sewers. When done concurrently with sewer televising, the mandrel may be pulled by mechanized equipment, provided the mandrel is visible in the television picture during the testing and the operation of the mandrel can be quickly halted before damage to the pipe occurs.

Where poor trench soils conditions require the pipe excavation to be undercut and/or over excavated, the Project Representative reserves the right to require an additional deflection test prior to the expiration of the Contractor's one year performance guarantee.

Remove and replace all pipe that fails to pass the five (5) percent vertical deflection testing until the pipe passes the deflection test.

C.9 Leakage Testing

All sanitary sewers shall be nearly watertight and free from leakage as the materials used will permit. The rate of infiltration of water into the sewer project, including appurtenances, shall not be in excess of 200 gallons per day, per inch diameter, per mile of sewer, for any section of the system. The Contractor is required, however, to repair all visible leaks even if the infiltration requirements are met.

The infiltration allowances for manholes shall be computed using the total number of vertical feet of manhole subject to infiltration expressed as the equivalent diameter sewer.

The maximum allowable infiltration, expressed in gallons per hour, is shown in Table 1 for various pipe and manhole sizes.

New sanitary sewer installed shall be tested for infiltration by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer. An exfiltration or infiltration test shall be performed with a minimum positive head of 2 feet. An air test, if used, shall, at a minimum, conform to the test procedure described in ASTM C828 (1980), entitled "Tentative Recommended Practice for Low-Pressure Air Test of Vitrified Clay Pipe Lines". The testing method used shall be approved by the Engineer and should take into consideration the range in groundwater elevation.

TABLE 1**ALLOWABLE LIMITS OF INFILTRATION**

(Based on 200 gal. / in. dia. / mile) Diameter of Sewer Inches	Infiltration Per Ft. Per Hr. Gallons	Diameter of Sewer Inches	Infiltration Per Ft. Per Hr. Gallons
4"	0.0063	21"	0.0332
6"	0.0095	24"	0.0378
8"	0.0126	27"	0.0426
10"	0.0158	30"	0.0474
12"	0.0190	36"	0.0568
15"	0.0237	42"	0.0663
18"	0.0284	48"	0.0758

42" Dia. Manhole 0.0663 Gal. Per Vertical Ft. Per Hr.

48" Dia. Manhole 0.0758 Gal. Per Vertical Ft. Per Hr.

C.10 Sewer Televising

Upon completion of the sewer construction all new sewers shall be televised to provide a record of the actual conditions inside the newly constructed sewers via closed circuit televising equipment. The Engineer may or may not be present during sewer inspections via this method.

Utilize televising equipment with a color camera specially designed and equipped for the conditions of the sewers to be televised, and with a monitor screen.

Transport the camera equipment through the sewers by means of mechanical or hand operated winches, coordinated to provide speed and directional control necessary to fully observe the sewer interior. Provide a light source for the necessary illumination.

Provide televising equipment with an on-screen distance meter, capable of registering distances in the sewer from the starting manhole, and accurate to the nearest 0.5' station, so as to facilitate in the locating of sewer features and/or defects from the ground surface.

Provide televising equipment with an on-screen date and time clock, so as to permit the verification of the date and time of the television inspection.

All video files of the sewer inspection shall contain audio notes describing the sewer location, direction of inspection, and a description of any pertinent features observed during the televised inspection (service locations, leaking or faulty joints, debris in the line, offset joints, etc.). In addition, record this information on a written log or record, in a format of the Contractor's choosing.

The Contractor shall provide to the Project Representative 2 DVD copies of the CCTV inspection videos and all inspection forms.

D Measurement

The department will measure by the linear foot acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0090.201	8" Sanitary Sewer Main	LF
SPV.0090.202	2" HDPE Sanitary Sewer Forcemain	LF
SPV.0090.203	6" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe	LF
SPV.0090.204	4" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe	LF

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all materials, including all fittings, and couplings, for furnishing all excavation, sheeting and shoring, dewatering, if necessary, forming foundation, laying pipe, sealing joints, and making connections to new or existing fixtures; for furnishing granular backfill material; and for backfilling, removing sheeting, cleaning out and restoring site of work.

41. Remove Existing Water Main, Item SPV.0090.205.

A Description

This special provision describes removing and disposing of existing water main.

B Materials**C Construction**

Remove existing water main as shown on plans. Backfill according to that specified for water main construction. The removed materials become the property of the contractor for disposal or recycling. Disposal shall be at a site that meets the state requirements for construction debris and disposal.

D Measurement

The department will measure remove existing water main by linear foot acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0090.205	Remove Existing Water Main	LF

Payment is full compensation for removing existing water main; for breaking down and removing; costs associated with contractor-caused damage; required salvaging, storing and disposing of material; and backfilling.

42. 6" Class 52 Ductile Iron Pipe Hydrant Lead, Item SPV.0090.208.**A Description**

This work consists of constructing hydrant lead.

B Materials

All material requirements included in the 8" Water Main Section B Materials article shall apply to this special provision, with the following modification:

B.1 Pipe

Pipe shall be Class 52 cement lined ductile iron, manufactured in conformance with ASTM C-104, with minimum wall thickness of 0.25". Pipe gaskets shall meet ASTM C-111. Approved manufacturers of ductile iron water main are American Cast Iron Pipe, U.S. Pipe or an approved equal.

C Construction

All construction requirements of the 8" Water Main article shall apply.

D Measurement

The department will measure 6" Class 52 Ductile Iron Pipe Hydrant Lead by linear foot acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0090.208	6" Class 52 Ductile Iron Pipe Hydrant Lead	LF

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all materials, excavation, sheeting and shoring, dewatering if necessary; forming foundation, laying pipe, removing old pipe, sealing joints, and making connections, for testing and disinfecting, and backfilling.

**43. 1" Copper Water Service, Item SPV.0090.208;
2" Copper Water Service, Item SPV.0090.209.****A Description**

This work consists of constructing copper water service.

B Materials

All water service shall be Type K copper tubing conforming to ASTM B88

B.1 Backfill Material

Foundation Backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.2.

Trench backfill shall conform to WisDOT Standard Specification 520.2.5.3 Foundation Backfill or 209.2 Granular Backfill.

C Construction

The copper water service line shall be placed with enough slack to prevent stretching or pulling from the main. Connections to the corporation stop and the curb stop shall be compression fittings.

Refer to the 8" Water Main article, sections C.3-C.6 for additional construction requirements.

C.1 Backfill

Backfill shall be in accordance with the 8" Water Main Section C.2 Backfill article.

D Measurement

The department will measure (size) Copper Water Service by the linear foot acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0090.209	1" Copper Water Service	LF
SPV.0090.210	2" Copper Water Service	LF

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all work including all fittings, and couplings, for furnishing all excavation, laying lateral, removing old lateral, and making all connections; for testing and disinfecting; and for backfilling, cleaning out and restoring site of work.

44. Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth, Item SPV.0165.001.

A Description

This special provision describes designing, furnishing materials and erecting a permanent earth retention system in accordance to the lines, dimension, elevations and details as shown on the plans and provided in the contract. The design life of the wall and all wall components shall be 75 years minimum.

This special provision describes the quality management program (QMP) for Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) walls. A quality management program is defined as all activities, including process control, inspection, sampling and testing, and necessary adjustments in the process that are related to the construction of the MSE wall, which meets all the requirements of this provision.

This special provision describes contractor quality control (QC) sampling and testing for backfill density testing, documenting those results, and documenting related production and placement process changes. This special provision also describes department quality verification (QV), independent assurance (IA), and dispute resolution.

Chapter 8 of the department's construction and materials manual (CMM) provides additional detailed guidance for QMP work and describes sampling and testing procedures.

B Materials

B.1 Proprietary Wall Systems

The supplied wall system must be from the department's approved list of Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth Wall systems. Proprietary wall systems must conform to the requirements of this specification and be pre-approved for use by the department's Bureau of Structures. The department maintains a list of pre-approved proprietary wall systems. See the approved products list titled "Proprietary Retaining Wall System Vendors." The name of the pre-approved proprietary wall system selected shall be furnished to the engineer within 25 days after the award of contract. The department also maintains a separate list of plants pre-approved by the department to provide wall facing units. See

the approved products list titled "Precast Concrete and Block Fabricators." The identity of the plant manufacturing the facing units shall be furnished to the engineer at least 14 days prior to the project delivery.

To be eligible for use on this project, a system must have been pre-approved by the Bureau of Structures and added to that list prior to the bid closing date. To receive pre-approval, the retaining wall system must comply with all pertinent requirements of this provision and be prepared in accordance to the requirements of Chapter 14 of the department's LRFD Bridge Manual. Information and assistance with the pre-approval process can be obtained by contacting the Bureau of Structures, Structures Maintenance Section at the following email address: DOTDLStructuresFabrication@dot.wi.gov.

To be eligible to provide wall facing units for this project, a block manufacturing plant must be pre-approved by the Bureau of Technical Services and added to that list prior to the bid closing date. Information and assistance with the pre-approval process can be obtained by contacting the Bureau of Technical Services at the following email address: DOTProductSubmittal@wisconsin.gov.

B.2 Design Requirements

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to submit a design and supporting documentation as required by this special provision, for review and acceptance by the department, to show the proposed wall design conforms to the design specifications. The submittal shall include the following items for review: detailed plans and shop drawings, complete design calculations, explanatory notes, supporting materials, and specifications. The detailed plans and shop drawings shall include all details, dimensions, quantities and cross-sections necessary to construct the walls. Submit shop drawings to the engineer conforming to [105.2](#) with electronic submittal to the fabrication library under [105.2.2](#). Certify that shop drawings conform to quality control standards by submitting department form [DT2329](#) with each set of shop drawings. Department review does not relieve the contractor from responsibility for errors or omissions on shop drawings. Submit no later than 60 days from the date of notification to proceed with the project and a minimum of 30 days prior to the date proposed to begin wall construction.

The plans and shop drawings shall be prepared on reproducible sheets 11 inch x 17 inch, including borders. Each sheet shall have a title block in the lower right corner. The title block shall include the WisDOT project identification number and structure number. Design calculations and notes shall be on 8 ½ inch x 11 inch sheets, and shall contain the project identification number, name or designation of the wall, date of preparation, initials of designer and checker, and page number at the top of the page. All plans, shop drawings, and calculations shall be signed, sealed and dated by a professional engineer licensed in the State of Wisconsin.

The design of the wall shall conform to the current American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials LRFD (AASHTO LRFD) Bridge Design Specifications with latest interim specifications for Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls, WisDOT's current Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction (standard spec), Chapter 14 of the WisDOT LRFD Bridge Manual and standard engineering design procedures as determined by the Department. Loads, load combinations, load and resistance factors shall be as specified in AASHTO LRFD Section 11. The associated resistance factors shall be defined in accordance with Table 11.5.7-1 in AASHTO LRFD.

Design and construct the walls in accordance to the lines, grades, heights and dimensions shown on the plans, as herein specified, and as directed by the engineer.

Walls parallel to supporting highway traffic shall be designed for the effects of highway surcharge loading equivalent of 2 feet soil surcharge weight or 240 psf. The design shall also consider the traffic barrier impact where applicable. Walls that do not carry highway traffic shall be designed for a live load surcharge of 100 psf in accordance with Chapter 14 of the WisDOT LRFD Bridge Manual or as stated on the plans.

A maximum value of the angle of internal friction of the wall backfill material used for design shall be assumed to be 30 degrees without a certified report of tests. If a certified report of tests yields an angle of internal friction greater than 30 degrees, the larger test value may be used for design, up to a maximum value of 36 degrees.

An external stability check at critical wall stations showing Capacity Demand Ratio (CDR) for sliding, eccentricity, and bearing checks is provided by the department and are provided on the wall plans.

The design of the wall by the Contractor shall consider the internal and compound stability of the wall mass in accordance with AASHTO LRFD 11.10.6. The internal stability shall include soil reinforcement pullout, soil reinforcement rupture, and wall facing-reinforcement connection failure at each soil reinforcement level. The design shall be performed using the Simplified Method or Coherent Gravity

Method. Calculations for factored stresses and resistances shall be based upon assumed conditions at the end of the design life. Compound stability shall be computed for the applicable strength limits. Sample analyses and hand calculations shall be submitted to verify the output of any software used. The design calculations and notes shall clearly indicate the Capacity to Demand Ratios (CDR) for all internal and external stabilities as defined in AASHTO LRFD.

Wall facing units shall be designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD 11.10.2.3.

The minimum length of soil reinforcement measured from the back face of the wall shall be equal to 0.7 of the wall height, or as shown on the plan. In no case shall this length be less than 6.0 feet. The soil reinforcement length shall be the same from the bottom to the top of the wall. All soil reinforcement layers shall be connected to facings. The soil reinforcement shall extend a minimum of 3.0 feet beyond the theoretical failure plane in all cases. The maximum vertical spacing of soil reinforcement layers shall be two times the block width (front face to back face) or 32 inches, whichever is less. The first (bottom) layer of reinforcement shall be placed no further than 12 inches above the top of the leveling pad or the height of the block, but at least one block height above the leveling pad. The last (top) layer of soil reinforcement shall be no further than 21 inches below the top of the uppermost block.

All soil reinforcement required for the reinforced soil zone shall be connected to the wall facing.

Soil reinforcement shall be fabricated or designed to avoid piling, drainage structures or other obstacles in the fill without field modifications. Unless approved by the Bureau of Structures cutting or altering of the basic structural section of either the strip or grid at the site is prohibited, a minimum clearance of 3" shall be maintained between any obstruction and reinforcement, and splicing reinforcement is not allowed.

The minimum embedment of the wall shall be 1 foot 6 inches below finished grade, or as given on the plans. All walls shall be provided with a concrete leveling pad. Minimum wall embedment does not include the leveling pad depth. Step the leveling pad to follow the general slope of the ground line. Frost depth shall not be considered in designing the wall for depth of leveling pad.

Wall facing units shall be installed on a leveling pad.

B.3 Wall System Components

Materials furnished for wall system components under this contract shall conform to the requirements of this specification. All documentation related to material and components of the wall systems specified in this subsection shall be submitted to the engineer.

B.3.1 Wall Facing

Wall facing units shall consist of precast modular concrete blocks. Furnish concrete produced by a dry-cast or wet-cast process. Concrete for all blocks shall not contain less than 565 pounds of cementitious materials per cubic yard. The contractor may use cement conforming to standard spec. [501.2.1](#) or may substitute for Portland cement at the time of batching conforming to standard spec. [501.2.6](#) for fly, [501.2.7](#) for slag, or [501.2.8](#) for other pozzolans. In either case the maximum total supplementary cementitious content is limited to 30% of the total cementitious content by weight.

Dry-cast concrete blocks shall be manufactured in accordance with ASTM C1372 and this specification.

All units shall incorporate a mechanism or devices that develop a mechanical connection between vertical block layers. Units that are broken, have cracks wider than 0.02" and longer than 25% of the nominal height of the unit, chips larger than 1", have excessive efflorescence, or are otherwise deemed unacceptable by the engineer, shall not be used within the wall. A single block front face style shall be used throughout each wall. The color and surface texture of the block shall be as given on the plan.

The top course of facing units shall be as noted on the plans, either;

- Solid precast concrete unit designed to be compatible with the remainder of the wall. The finishing course shall be bonded to the underlying facing units with a durable, high strength, flexible adhesive compound compatible with the block material.
- A formed cast-in-place concrete cap. A cap of this type shall have texture, color, and appearance, as noted on the plans. The vertical dimension of the cap shall not be less than 3 1/2 inches. Expansion joints shall be placed in the cap at a maximum spacing of 20 feet unless noted otherwise on the plan. Use Grade A concrete conforming to standard spec 501 as modified in standard spec 716. Provide QMP for cast in place cap and coping concrete as specified in standard spec 716, Class II Concrete.

Block dimensions may vary no more than $\pm 1/8$ inch from the standard values published by the manufacturer. Blocks must have a minimum width (front face to back face) of 8 inches. The minimum

front face thickness of blocks shall be 4 inches measured perpendicular from the front face to inside voids greater than 4 square inches. The minimum allowed thickness of any other portions of the block is 1¾ inches. The front face of the blocks shall conform to plan requirements for color, texture, or patterns.

If pins are used to align modular block facing units, they shall consist of a non-degrading polymer, or hot dipping galvanized steel and be made for the express use with the modular block units supplied, to develop mechanical interlock between facing unit block layers. Connecting pins shall be capable of holding the wall in the proper position during backfilling. Furnish documentation that establishes and substantiates the design life of such devices.

All block materials shall be furnished palletted and banded, with every pallet marked for quantity, lot number, lot size, manufacturing plant, and manufacturing date(s). Materials furnished loose or unmarked will be rejected. Rejected materials shall be removed from the project at no cost to the Department.

B.3.1.1 Material Testing

Perform or procure quality control testing of project materials according to the following requirements:

Test	Method	Requirement	
		Dry-cast	Wet-cast
Compressive Strength (psi)	ASTM C140 or ASTM C39 ^[4]	5000 min.	4000 min.
Air Content (%)	AASHTO T152 ^[4]	N/A	6.0 +/-1.5
Water Absorption (%)	ASTM C140 ^[3]	6 max.	N/A
Freeze-Thaw Loss (%) 40 cycles, 5 of 5 samples 50 cycles, 4 of 5 samples	ASTM C1262 ^{[1][2][3]}	1.0 max. 1.5 max.	N/A

^[1] Test shall be run using a 3% saline solution and blocks greater than 45 days old.

^[2] Test results that meet either of the listed requirements for Freeze-Thaw Loss are acceptable.

^[3] An independent testing laboratory shall control and conduct all sampling and testing under ASTM C140/Water Absorption and ASTM C1262. Prior to sampling, the manufacturer shall identify materials by lot. Five blocks per lot shall be randomly selected for testing. Solid blocks used as a finishing or top course shall not be selected. The selected blocks shall remain under the control of the person who conducted the sampling until shipped or delivered to the testing laboratory.

^[4] The manufacturer may perform their own quality control testing under ASTM C140/Compressive Strength, ASTM C39, and AASHTO T152, if qualified for this work under the requirements for plant certification.

The contractor and fabricator shall coordinate with the independent testing agent (if used) to ensure that strength and air content samples can be taken appropriately during manufacturing. At the time of delivery of materials, furnish the engineer a certified report of test from an AASHTO-registered or ASTM-accredited independent testing laboratory for each lot furnished.

The certified test report shall include the following:

- Project ID
- Production process used (dry-cast or wet-cast)
- Name and location of testing facility
- Name of sampling technician
- Lot number, lot size, and date(s) of fabrication.

Quality control testing of project materials shall be completed not more than 18 months prior to delivery. Lot size shall not exceed the maximum testing frequencies, which shall not exceed 5000 blocks for dry-cast blocks and the lesser of 150 CY or 1 day's production for wet-cast blocks. Test results will represent all blocks within the lot. Each pallet of blocks delivered shall bear lot identification information. Block lots that do not meet the requirements of this specification or blocks without supporting reports will be rejected and shall be removed from the project at no expense to the department.

Nonconforming materials will be subject to evaluation according to standard spec 106.5.

B.3.2 Leveling Pad

Provide an unreinforced cast-in-place concrete leveling pad. Use Grade A concrete conforming to standard spec 501 as modified in standard spec 716. Provide QMP for leveling pad concrete as specified in standard spec 716, Class III Concrete.

The minimum width of the concrete leveling pad shall be as wide as the proposed blocks plus 6-inches, with 6-inches of the leveling pad extending beyond the front face of the blocks. The minimum thickness of the leveling pad shall be 6-inches.

B.3.3 Backfill

Furnish and place backfill for the wall as shown on the plans and as hereinafter provided.

Wall Backfill, Type A, shall comply with No. 67 Coarse Aggregate Size per AASHTO M43. All backfill placed within a zone from the top of the leveling pad to the top of the final layer of wall facing units and within 1 foot behind the back face of the wall shall be Wall Backfill, Type A. This includes all material used to fill openings in the wall facing units.

Sieve Size	% by Weight Passing (No. 67 Coarse Aggregate size per AASHTO M43)
1 inch	100
3/4-inch	90 - 100
3/8-inch	20-55
No. 4	0 - 10
No. 8	0 - 5

Wall Backfill, Type B, shall be placed in a zone extending horizontally from 1 foot behind the back face of the wall to 1 foot beyond the end of the reinforcement and extending vertically from the top of the leveling pad to a minimum of 3 inches above the final reinforcement layer.

Use natural sand or a mixture of sand with gravel, crushed gravel or crushed stone. Do not use foundry sand, bottom ash, blast furnace slag, crushed/recycled concrete, crushed/milled asphaltic concrete or other potentially corrosive material.

Provide material conforming to the following gradation requirements as per AASHTO T27.

Sieve Size	% by Weight Passing
1 inch	100
No. 40	0 - 60
No. 200	0 - 15

The material shall have a liquid limit not greater than 25, as per AASHTO T89, and a plasticity index not greater than 6, as per AASHTO T90. Provide the percent by weight, passing the #4 sieve.

In addition, backfill material Type A and Type B shall meet the following requirements.

Test	Method	Value
pH	AASHTO T-289	4.5-9.0
Sulfate content ^[1]	AASHTO T-290	200 ppm max.
Chloride content ^[1]	AASHTO T-291	100 ppm max.
Electrical Resistivity ^[1]	AASHTO T-288	3000 ohm-cm min.
Organic Content ^[1]	AASHTO T-267	1.0% max.
Angle of Internal Friction	AASHTO T-236 ^[2]	30 degrees min. (At 95.0% of maximum density and optimum moisture, per AASHTO T99, or as modified by C.2)

[1] Requirement does not apply to walls with non-metallic reinforcement and non-metallic connectors.

[2] If the amount of P-4 material is greater than 60%, use AASHTO 236 with a standard-size shear box. Test results of this method may allow the use of larger angles of internal friction, up to the maximum allowed by this specification.

If the amount of P-4 material is less than or equal to 60%, two options are available to determine the angle of internal friction. The first method is to perform a fractured faces count, per ASTM D5821, on the R-4 material. If more than 90% of the material is fractured on one face and more than 50% is fractured on two faces, the material meets the specifications and the angle of internal friction can be assumed to be 30 degrees. The second method allows testing all P-1" material, as per AASHTO T-236, with a large shear box. Test results of this second method may allow the use of larger angles of internal friction, up to the maximum allowed by this specification.

Prior to placement of the backfill, obtain and furnish to the engineer a certified report of test results that the backfill material complies with the requirements of this specification. Specify the method used to determine the angle of internal friction. This certified report of test shall be less than 6 months old. Tests will be performed by a certified independent laboratory. In addition, when backfill characteristics and/or sources change, provide a certified report of tests for the new backfill material. Additional certified report of tests are also required. These additional backfill tests may be completed at the time of material production or material placement, with concurrence of the engineer. If this additional testing is completed at the time of material production, complete testing for every 2000 cubic yards of backfill or portion thereof. If this additional testing is completed at the time of material placement, complete testing for every 2000 cubic yards of backfill, or portion thereof, used per wall. For the additional required testing for every 2000 cubic yards of backfill placement, if the characteristic of the backfill and/or the source has not changed then Angle of Internal Friction tests are not included in the additional required testing. All certified reports of test results shall be less than 6 months old and performed by a certified independent laboratory.

B.3.4 Soil Reinforcement

B.3.4.1 Geogrids

Geogrid supplied as reinforcing members shall be manufactured from long chain polymers limited to polypropylene, high-density polyethylene, polyaramid, and polyester. Geogrids shall form a uniform rectangular grid of bonded, formed, or fused polymer tensile strands crossing with a nominal right angle orientation. The minimum grid aperture shall be 0.5 inch. The geogrid shall maintain dimension stability during handling, placing, and installation. The geogrid shall be insect, rodent, mildew, and rot resistant. The geogrid shall be furnished in a protective wrapping that shall prevent exposure to ultraviolet radiation and damage from shipping or handling. The geogrid shall be kept dry until installed. Each roll shall be clearly marked to identify the material contained.

The wall supplier shall provide the nominal long-term design strength (T_{al}) and nominal long-term connection strength, T_{alc} in accordance with AASHTO LRFD 11.10.6.4. Values for RF_{ID} , RF_{CR} , and RF_D shall be determined from product specific test results. Even with project-specific test results, RF_{ID} shall not be less than 1.10, RF_{CR} shall not be less than 1.20, and RF_D shall not be less than 1.10.

The Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's certificate that the Tult (MARV) of the supplied geogrid has been determined in accordance with ASTM D4595 or ASTM D6637 as appropriate. Contractor shall also provide block to block and block to reinforcement connection test reports prepared and certified by an independent laboratory. Also provide calculations in accordance with AASHTO LRFD, and using the results of laboratory tests, that the block-geogrid connections shall be capable of resisting 100% of the maximum tension load in the soil reinforcements at any level within the wall, for the design life of the wall system.

B.3.4.2 Galvanized Metal Reinforcement

In lieu of polymeric geogrid earth reinforcement, galvanized metal reinforcement may be used. Design and materials shall be in accordance with AASHTO LRFD 11.10.6.4.2. The design life of steel soil reinforcements shall also comply with AASHTO LRFD. Steel soil reinforcement shall be prefabricated into single or multiple elements before galvanizing.

C Construction

C.1 Excavation and Backfill

Excavation and preparation of the foundation for the MSE wall and the leveling pad shall be in accordance with standard spec 206. The volume of excavation covered is limited to the width of the reinforced mass and to the depth of the leveling pad unless shown or noted otherwise on the plan. At the end of each working day, provide good temporary drainage such that the backfill shall not become contaminated with run-off soil or water if it should rain. Do not stockpile or store materials or large equipment within 10 feet of the back of the wall.

Place backfill materials in the areas as indicated on the plans and as detailed in this specification. Backfill lifts shall be no more than 8-inches in depth, after compaction. Backfilling shall closely follow erection of each course of wall facing units.

Conduct backfilling operations in such a manner as to prevent damage or misalignment of the wall facing units, soil reinforcement, or other wall components. At no expense to the department, correct any such damage or misalignment as directed by the engineer. A field representative of the wall supplier shall be available during wall construction to provide technical assistance to the contractor and the engineer.

Place and compact the MSE backfill to the level of the next higher layer of MSE reinforcement before placing the MSE reinforcement or connecting it to the wall facing. Place and compact material beyond the reinforced soil zone to allow for proper compaction of material within the reinforced zone. The MSE reinforcement shall lay horizontally on top of the most recently placed and compacted layer of MSE backfill.

Do not operate tracked or wheeled equipment on the backfill within 3 feet from the back face of modular blocks. The engineer may order the removal of any large or heavy equipment that may cause damage or misalignment of the wall facing units.

C.2 Compaction

Compact wall backfill Type A with at least three passes of lightweight manually operated compaction equipment acceptable to the engineer.

Compact all backfill Type B as specified in standard spec 207.3.6. Compact the backfill Type B to 95.0% of maximum dry density as determined by AASHTO T-99 (modified to compute densities to the nearest 0.1 pcf).

Ensure adequate moisture is present in the backfill during placement and compaction to prevent segregation and to help achieve compaction.

Compaction of backfill within 3 feet of the back face of the wall should be accomplished using lightweight compaction devices. Use of heavy compaction equipment or vehicles should be avoided within 3 feet of the modular blocks. Do not use sheepsfoot or padfoot rollers within the reinforced soil zone.

A minimum of 6 inches of backfill shall be placed over the MSE reinforcement prior to working above the reinforcement.

C.3 Wall Components

C.3.1 General

Erect wall facing units and other associated elements according to the wall manufacturer's construction guide and to the lines, elevations, batter, and tolerances as shown on the plans. Center the initial layer of facing units on the leveling pad; then level them and properly align them. Fill formed voids or openings in the facing units with wall backfill, Type A. Remove all debris on the top of each layer of facing units, before placing the next layer of facing units.

Install all pins, rods, clips, or other devices used to develop mechanical interlock between facing unit layers in accordance with the manufacturer's directions.

The MSE reinforcement shall lay horizontally on the top of the most recently placed and compacted layer of MSE backfill. Bending of MSE reinforcement that result in a kink in the reinforcement shall not be allowed. If skewing of the reinforcement is required due to obstructions in the reinforced fill, the maximum skew angle shall not exceed 15 degrees from the normal position unless a greater angle is shown on the

plans. The adequacy of the skewed reinforcement in such a case shall be addressed by supporting calculations.

C.3.2 Leveling Pad

Provide an unreinforced cast-in-place concrete leveling pad as shown on the plans.

Vertical tolerances shall not exceed 3/4-inch when measured along a 10-foot straight edge. Allow the concrete to set at least 12 hours prior to placing wall facing units.

The bottom row of wall facing units shall be horizontal and 100% of the unit surface shall bear on the leveling pad.

C.3.3 Soil Reinforcement

C.3.3.1 Geogrid Layers

Place soil reinforcement at the positions and to the lengths as indicated on the accepted shop drawings. Take care that backfill placement over the positioned soil reinforcement elements does not cause damage or misalignment of these elements. Correct any such damage or misalignment as directed by the engineer. Do not operate wheeled or tracked equipment directly on the soil reinforcement. A minimum cover of 6 inches is required before such operation is allowed.

Place and anchor geogrid material between wall unit layers in the same manner as used to determine the Geogrid Block-to-Connection Strength. Place the grid material so that the machine direction of the grid is perpendicular to the wall face. Each grid layer shall be continuous throughout the lengths indicated on the plans. Join grid strips with straps, rings, hooks or other mechanical devices to prevent movement during backfilling operations. Prior to placing backfill on the grid, pull the grid taut and hold in position with pins, stakes or other methods approved by the engineer.

C.3.3.2 Steel Layers

Place the steel reinforcement full width in one piece as shown on the plans. No splicing will be allowed. Maintain elements in position during backfilling.

C.4 Quality Management Program

C.4.1 Quality Control Plan

Submit a comprehensive written quality control plan to the engineer at or before the pre-construction meeting. Do not perform MSE wall construction work before the engineer reviews and accepts the plan. Construct the project as the plan provides.

Do not change the quality control plan without the engineer's review and acceptance. Update the plan with changes as they become effective. Provide a current copy of the plan to the engineer and post in the contractor's laboratory as changes are adopted. Ensure that the plan provides the following elements:

1. An organizational chart with names, telephone numbers, current certifications and/or titles, and roles and responsibilities of QC personnel.
2. The process used to disseminate QC information and corrective action efforts to the appropriate persons. Include a list of recipients, the communication process that will be used, and action time frames.
3. A list of source locations, section and quarter descriptions, for all aggregate materials requiring QC testing.
4. Descriptions of stockpiling and hauling methods.
5. An outline for resolving a process control problem. Include responsible personnel, required documentation, and appropriate communication steps.
6. Location of the QC laboratory, retained sample storage, and other documentation.
7. A summary of the locations and calculated quantities to be tested under this provision.
8. A proposed sequencing plan of wall construction operations and random test locations.

C.4.2 Quality Control Personnel

Perform the quality control sampling, testing, and documentation required under this provision using HTCP certified technicians. Have a HTCP Grading Technician I (GRADINGTEC-I); or Assistant Certified Technician, Grading (ACT-GRADING); or Aggregate Technician I (AGGTEC-I); or Assistant Certified

Technician, Aggregate (ACT-AGG) present at the each grading site during all wall backfill placement, compaction, and nuclear testing activities. Have a HTCP Nuclear Density Technician I (NUCDENSITYTEC-I) or Assistant Certified Technician, Nuclear Density Gauge Operator (ACT-NUC) perform field density and field moisture content testing.

If an Assistant Certified Technician (ACT) is performing sampling or testing, a certified technician must coordinate and take responsibility for the work an ACT performs. Have a certified technician Ensure that all sampling and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and post resulting data. No more than one ACT can work under a single certified technician.

C.4.3 Equipment

Furnish the necessary equipment and supplies for performing quality control testing. Ensure that all testing equipment conforms to the equipment specifications applicable to the required testing methods. The engineer may inspect the measuring and testing devices to confirm both calibration and condition. Calibrate all testing equipment according to the CMM and maintain a calibration record at the laboratory.

Furnish nuclear gauges from the department's approved product list at:

<http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrcs/tools/appr-prod/default.aspx>

Ensure that the nuclear gauge manufacturer or an approved calibration service calibrates the gauge the same calendar year it is used on the project. Retain a copy of the calibration certificate with the gauge.

Conform to AASHTO T310 and CMM 8-15 for density testing and gauge monitoring methods.

Split each Proctor sample and identify so as to provide comparison with the department's test results. Unless the engineer directs otherwise, retain the QC split samples for 14 calendar days and promptly deliver the department's split samples to the department.

C.4.4 Documentation

- (1) Document all observations, inspection records, and process adjustments daily. Submit test results to the department's project materials coordinator on the same day they become available.
- (2) Use forms provided in CMM Chapter 8. Note other information in a permanent field record and as a part of process control documentation enumerated in the contractor's quality control plan. Enter QC data and backfill material certified report results into the applicable materials reporting system (MRS) software within 5 business days after results are available.
- (3) Submit final testing records and other documentation to the engineer electronically within 10 business days after all contract-required information becomes available. The engineer may allow submission of scanned copies of hand-written documentation.

C.4.5 Quality Control (QC) Testing

Perform compaction testing on the backfill. Conform to CMM 8-15 for testing and gauge monitoring methods. Conduct testing at a minimum frequency of 1 test per 150 cubic yards of backfill, or major portion thereof in each lift. A minimum of one test for every lift is required. Deliver documentation of all compaction testing results to the engineer at the time of testing.

Perform 1 gradation test every 750 cubic yards of fill and one 5-point Proctor test (or as modified in C.2) every 2,250 cubic yards of fill. Provide the region split samples of both within 72 hours of sampling, at the region laboratory. Test sites shall be selected using ASTM Method D3665. Provide Proctor test results to the engineer within 48 hours of sampling. Provide gradation test results to the engineer within 24 hours of sampling.

C.4.6 Department Testing

C.4.6.1 General

- (1) The department will conduct verification testing to validate the quality of the product and independent assurance testing to evaluate the sampling and testing. The department will provide the contractor with a listing of names and telephone numbers of all QV and IA personnel for the project, and provide test results to the contractor within 2 business days after the department obtains the sample.

C.4.6.2 Quality Verification (QV) Testing

- (1) The department will have an HTCP technician, or ACT working under a certified technician, perform QV sampling and testing. Department verification testing personnel must meet the same certification level requirements specified in C.4.2 for contractor testing personnel for each test result being verified. The department will notify the contractor before sampling so the contractor can observe QV sampling.
- (2) The department will conduct QV tests at the minimum frequency of 30% of the required contractor density, Proctor and gradation tests.
- (3) The department will locate density tests and gradation samples randomly, at locations independent of the contractor's QC work. The department will split each Proctor and gradation QV sample, testing half for QV, and retaining the remaining half for 10 business days.
- (4) The department will conduct QV Proctor and gradation tests in a separate laboratory and with separate equipment from the contractor's QC tests. The department will use the same methods specified for QC testing.
- (5) The department will assess QV results by comparing to the appropriate specification limits. If QV test results conform to this special provision, the department will take no further action. If density QV test results are nonconforming, the area shall be reworked until the density requirements of this special provision are met. If the gradation test results are nonconforming, standard spec 106.5 will apply. Differing QC and QV nuclear density values of more than 1.5 pcf will be investigated and resolved. QV density tests will be based on the appropriate QC Proctor test results, unless the QV and QC Proctor result difference is greater than 3.0 pcf. Differing QC and QV Proctor values of more than 3.0 pcf will be investigated and resolved.

C.4.6.3 Independent Assurance (IA)

- (1) Independent assurance is unbiased testing the department performs to evaluate the department's QV and the contractor's QC sampling and testing, including personnel qualifications, procedures, and equipment. The department will perform an IA review according to the department's independent assurance program. That review may include one or more of the following:
 1. Split sample testing.
 2. Proficiency sample testing.
 3. Witnessing sampling and testing.
 4. Test equipment calibration checks.
 5. Reviewing required worksheets and control charts.
 6. Requesting that testing personnel perform additional sampling and testing.
- (2) If the department identifies a deficiency, and after further investigation confirms it, correct that deficiency. If the contractor does not correct or fails to cooperate in resolving identified deficiencies, the engineer may suspend placement until action is taken. Resolve disputes as specified in C.4.6.4.

C.4.6.4 Dispute Resolution

- (1) The engineer and contractor should make every effort to avoid conflict. If a dispute between some aspect of the contractor's and the engineer's testing program does occur, seek a solution mutually agreeable to the project personnel. The department and contractor may review the data, examine data reduction and analysis methods, evaluate sampling and testing procedures, and perform additional testing. Use ASTM E178 to evaluate potential statistically outlying data.
- (2) Production test results, and results from other process control testing, may be considered when resolving a dispute.
- (3) If the project personnel cannot resolve a dispute, and the dispute affects payment or could result in incorporating non-conforming product or work, the department will use third party testing to resolve the dispute. The department's central office laboratory, or a mutually agreed on independent testing laboratory, will provide this testing. The engineer and contractor will abide by the results of the third party tests. The party in error will pay service

charges incurred for testing by an independent laboratory. The department may use third party test results to evaluate the quality of questionable materials and determine the appropriate payment. The department may reject material or otherwise determine the final disposition of nonconforming material as specified in standard spec 106.5.

C.5 Geotechnical Information

Geotechnical data to be used in the design of the wall is given on the wall plan. After completing wall excavation of the entire reinforced soil zone, notify the department and allow the Regional Soils Engineer two working days to review the foundation.

D Measurement

The department will measure Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth by the square foot acceptably completed. The department will compute the measured quantity from the theoretical pay limits the contract plans show. The department will make no allowance for wall area constructed above or below the theoretical pay limits. All work beyond the theoretical pay limits is incidental to the cost of work. The department will make no allowance for as-built quantities.

E Payment

The department will pay for accepted measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0165.001	Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth	SF

Payment is full compensation for supplying a design and shop drawings; preparing the site, including all necessary excavation and disposal of materials; supplying all necessary wall components to produce a functional wall system including cap, copings, leveling pad, and leveling pad steps; constructing the retaining system and providing temporary drainage; providing backfill, backfilling, compacting, developing/completing/documenting the quality management program, and performing compaction testing.

The department will pay separately for parapets, traffic barriers, railings, and other items above the wall cap or coping.

SPV.0165.01 (20240426)

45. Removing Asphaltic Surface Milling, Item SPV.0180.001.

A Description

This special provision describes milling and removing 3-Inches of asphaltic surface and 0.5-Inches of RAP/base aggregate as shown on the plans.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

C.1 Milling

Use a milling machine designed and constructed for milling pavements without tearing or gouging the underlying surface. Space the teeth on the drum to mill a surface finish that is acceptable to the engineer. Shroud the machine to prevent discharge of any loosened material into adjacent work areas or live traffic lanes. Equip the machine with electronic devices that provide accurate depth, grade, and slope control, and an acceptable dust control system.

The milling operation is to be done in a manner to prevent damage to the remaining base aggregate. It should result in a reasonably uniform plane surface free of excessively large scarification marks, and with the uniform transverse slope required on the plans or directed by the engineer.

Windrowing or storing of the removed milled asphaltic pavement on the road is only permitted in connection with the continuous removal and pick-up operation. During nonworking hours, clear the road of waste materials and equipment.

The removed material shall become the property of the contractor. Properly dispose of it in accordance with section 204 of the standard specifications.

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Asphaltic Surface Milling by the square yard, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0180.001	Removing Asphaltic Surface Milling	SY

Payment is full compensation for removing the asphaltic surface and RAP/base aggregate; and for disposing of waste material.

swr-204-006 (20180824)

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 1 (ASP 1) HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION SKILLS TRAINING (HCST) PROGRAM EMPLOYMENT PLACEMENTS AND APPRENTICESHIPS

The Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), Section 5204(e) – Surface Transportation Workforce Development Training and Education, provides for 100 percent Federal funding if the core program funds are used for training, education, or workforce development purposes, including “pipeline” activities. The core programs include: Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program, Highway Bridge Program (HBP), Interstate Maintenance (IM), National Highway System (NHS), and Surface Transportation Program (STP). These workforce development activities cover surface transportation workers, including OJT/SS programs for women and minorities as authorized in 23 U.S.C. §140(b).

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation OJT program was originally established in 1995. Highway Construction Skills Training (HCST) was previously known as Transportation Alliance for New Solutions (TrANS) and underwent a name change in early 2023. HCST is an industry driven plan of services to address the outreach, preparation, placement and retention of women, minorities, and disadvantaged persons as laborers and apprentices in the highway skilled trades. Candidate preparation and contractor coordination services (OJT Supportive Services) are provided by contracted community-based organizations.

I. BASIC CONCEPTS

Training reimbursements to employing contractors for new placements, rehires or advancement to apprenticeship of Highway Construction Skills Training (HCST) graduates and employing eligible trainees in qualifying trades will be made as follows:

- 1) **On-the-Job Training, Item ASP.1T0G, ASP 1 HCST Graduate.** At the rate of \$5.00 per hour on Federal-aid projects when HCST graduates are initially hired, or seasonally rehired, as unskilled laborers or equivalent.

Eligibility and Duration: To the employing contractor, for up to 2,000 hours or two years, whichever comes first from the point of initial hire as a HCST placement.

Contract Goal: To maintain the intent of the Equal Employment Opportunity program, it is a goal that 8 HCST Graduate(s) be utilized for 3200 hours on this contract.

- 2) **On-the-Job Training, Item ASP.1T0A, ASP 1 Apprentice.** At the rate of \$5.00 per hour on Federal-aid projects at the point when an employee who came out of the HCST Program is subsequently entered into an apprenticeship contract in a qualifying trade.

Eligibility and Duration: To the employing contractor, for the length of time that the HCST graduate is in apprenticeship status.

Contract Goal: To maintain the intent of the Equal Employment Opportunity program, it is a goal that 6 HCST Apprentice(s) be utilized for 2400 hours on this contract.

- 3) The maximum duration of reimbursement is two years as a HCST graduate plus time in apprentice status.
- 4) If a HCST program is not available in the contractor's area and another training program is utilized, payment of On-the-Job Training hours may be approved by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) if the training program meets the established acceptance criteria. Only On-the-Job Training Hours accumulated after WisDOT approval will be reimbursed as specified

under Items ASP.1T0G and ASP.1T0A. For more information, contact the Department of Transportation Labor Development Specialist at the phone number listed below.

- 5) WisDOT reserves the right to deny payments under items ASP.1T0G and ASP.1T0A if the contractor either fails to provide training or there is evidence of a lack of good faith in meeting the requirements of this training special provision.

II. RATIONALE AND SPECIAL NOTE

The \$5.00 per hour now being paid for HCST placements is intended to cover the duration of two years to allow for reaching entry-level laborer status. An additional incentive, the \$5.00 rate, would promote movement into the underutilized skilled trades' apprenticeships and applies until the individual completes their apprenticeship. These incentives benefit HCST candidates by giving them a better opportunity to enter a skilled trade; benefits contractors who will be assisted in meeting their EEO profiles and goals; and benefits the public who will see the program reinforce larger public-private employment reform in Wisconsin. The pool of HCST graduates was created for the purpose of addressing underutilization in the skilled trades, an objective that is further reinforced by a parallel retention pilot program, known as the Companywide Reporting. Whether or not reimbursement is involved, the WisDOT reassures contractors who are in the Companywide Program that HCST placements still contribute toward fulfilling the new hire goal of 50% women and minorities. Based on data administered by United States Department of Labor (US DOL), the highway skilled trades remain underutilized for women statewide (less than 6.9%); and for minorities in all counties (% varies by county).

***NOTE:** Unless using other advancement strategies, contractors are encouraged to use some or all of this monetary incentive to offset the cut in hourly wages an individual may incur when entering an apprenticeship if the full general laborer hourly rate has been previously paid. No special accounting measures are required.*

III. IMPLEMENTATION

The implementation of ASP 1 is intended to cover only the amount of time it takes for underutilization to be resolved across the trades. This will be measured annually at the county and/or state levels using data administered by WisDWD in relation to goals set by the USDOL page 2 Dated January 2012 OFCCP. With appropriate state and federal approvals, we may also do some measurement at the company level. It is the contractor's responsibility to note on their Certified Payrolls if their employee is a HCST graduate or a HCST apprentice. The compliance specialists utilize the information on the Certified Payrolls to track the hours accumulated by HCST Graduates and HCST apprentices on WisDOT contracts. Payment under this ASP 1 is made based on the hours recorded off of the Certified Payrolls. Tracking may eventually include improved linkages with the WisDWD apprentice database, information from company and committee level sources. HCST is nondiscriminatory by regulation and is a tool for optional use by contractors to address the underutilization of women and minorities as laborers and apprentices in our industry's skilled trades.

IV. HCST TRAINING

As part of the contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided to employees enrolled in apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs as follows: The contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journey workers in the type of trade or job classifications involved. In the event the contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, the contractor shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor provided, however, that the contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The contractor shall also ensure that this training special provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journey workers status is a primary objective of this training special provision. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g., by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority trainees and women trainees); to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The contractor will be given an opportunity and will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that they have taken in pursuance thereof, prior to determination as to whether the contractor is in compliance with this training

special provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not. No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journey workers status or in which they have been employed as a journey worker. The contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

V. APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING

The Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) policy is to require full use of all available training and skill improvement opportunities to assure increased participation of minority groups, disadvantaged persons, and women in all phases of the highway construction industry. The FHWA On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program requires the State transportation agencies (STAs) to establish apprenticeships and training programs targeted to move women, minorities, and disadvantaged individuals into journey-level positions to ensure that a competent workforce is available to meet highway construction hiring needs, and to address the historical underrepresentation of members of these groups in highway construction skilled crafts.

The OJT Supportive Services (OJT/SS) Program was established in Title 23 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 230) to supplement the OJT program and support STA training programs by providing services to highway construction contractors and assistance to highway construction apprentices and trainees. The primary objectives of OJT/SS are:

- (1) To increase the overall effectiveness of the State highway agencies' approved training programs.
- (2) To seek other ways to increase the training opportunities for women, minorities, and disadvantaged individuals.

The STAs are responsible for establishing procedures, subject to the availability of Surface Transportation and Bridge Funds under 23 U.S.C. §140(b) (Nondiscrimination), for the provision of supportive services with respect to training programs approved under 23 CFR, Part 230(a) (Equal Employment Opportunity on Federal and Federal-aid Construction Contracts – including Supportive Services).

The contractor and subcontractor shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with these apprenticeship requirements. Reasonable exemptions and modifications to and from any or all of these requirements will be determined by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation-Office of Business Opportunity & Equity Compliance (OBOEC). A request for an exemption or modification, with justification, shall be made in writing, addressed to WisDOT OBOEC - Labor Development, 141 NW Barstow Street, Suite 411, PO Box 798, Waukesha, WI 53187.

VI. PROGRAM CONTACTS

Marguerite (Maggie) Givings, Labor Development Specialist

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ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 3

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

Authority

Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) is a recipient of funds from the US Department of Transportation's Federal Highway Administration. The DBE program is a federal program applicable on all contracts administered by WisDOT that include federal-aid highway funds. The authority for the DBE program is the Transportation Bill as approved by Congress periodically. DBE program guidance and requirements are outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations at 49 CFR Part 26. This contract is subject to DBE provisions because it is financed with federal-aid-highway funds. Additionally, this contract is subject to the *State of Wisconsin Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction* and all applicable contract documents.

Requirements

Pursuant to the federal DBE program regulation at 49 CFR Part 26, a contractor's failure to comply with any provision of the DBE program regulatory provisions will be considered a material breach of contract. This is nonnegotiable.

If a contractor fails to carry out the DBE program requirements and/or the Required Contract Provisions for Federal Aid Contracts (FHWA 1273) referenced in this document, sanctions will be assessed depending upon the facts, reasoning, severity, and remedial efforts of the contractor that may include: termination of contract, withholding payment, assessment of monetary sanctions, and/or suspension/debarment proceedings that could result in the disqualification of the contractor from bidding for a designated period of time.

- (1) The Commitment to Subcontract to DBE (Form DT1506 or digital submittal), Attachments A, and Good Faith Effort Documentation (Form DT1202) will be submitted as described in Section 2.
- (2) Any change to DBE Commitments thereafter must follow modification of DBE subcontracting commitment as described in Section 9.
- (3) The Department requires this list of DBE subcontractors from all bidders at time of bid to ensure the lowest possible cost to taxpayers and fairness to other bidders and subcontractors. Bid shopping is prohibited.
- (4) The contractor must utilize the specific DBE firms listed in the approved DBE Commitment to perform the work and/or supply the materials for which the DBE firm is listed unless the contractor obtains written consent in advance from WisDOT. The contractor will not be entitled to payment for any work or materials on the approved DBE Commitment that is not performed or supplied by the listed DBE without WisDOT's written consent.

Description

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation is committed to the compliant administration of the DBE Program. The DBE provisions work in tandem with FHWA 1273 and WisDOT's *Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction* and *Construction and Materials Manual*. The WisDOT Secretary is signatory to assurances of department-wide compliance.

The Department assigns the contract DBE goal as a percentage of work items that could be performed by certified DBE firms on the contract. The assigned DBE goal is expressed on the bid proposal as a percentage applicable to the total contract bid amount.

- (1) WisDOT identifies the assigned DBE goal in its contract advertisements and posts the contract DBE goal on the cover of the bidding proposal. The contractor can meet the assigned contract DBE goal by subcontracting work to a DBE firm or by procuring services or materials from a DBE firm.

- (2) Under the contract, the prime contractor should inform, advise, and develop participating DBE firms to be more knowledgeable contractors who are prepared to successfully complete their contractual agreement through the proactive provision of assistance in the following areas:
 - Produce accurate and complete quotes
 - Understand highway plans applicable to their work
 - Understand specifications and contract requirements applicable to their work
 - Understand contracting reporting requirements
- (3) The Department encourages contractors to assist DBE subcontractors more formally by participating in WisDOT's Business Development program as a mentor, coach, or resource. For comprehensive information on the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program, visit the Department's Civil Rights and Compliance Section website at: <http://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/default.aspx>

1. Definitions

Interpret these terms, used throughout this additional special provision, as follows:

- a. **Assigned DBE Contract Goal:** The percentage shown on the cover of the Highway Work Proposal that represents the feasible level of DBE participation for each contract. The goal is calculated using the Engineer's Estimate and DBE Interest Report. Goal assignment includes review of FHWA funds, analyzes bid items for subcontract opportunity and compatibility with DBE certified firm work codes. Additional factors considered include proximity, proportion, and regulations.
- b. **Bid Shopping:** In construction law, bid shopping is the practice of divulging a subcontractor's bid to another prospective contractor(s) before or after the award of a contract to secure a lower bid.
- c. **DBE:** Disadvantaged Business Enterprise – A for-profit small business concern where socially and economically disadvantaged individuals own at least a 51% interest and control management and daily business operations.
- d. **DBE Commitment:** The DBE Commitment is identified in the Commitment to Subcontract to DBE (Form DT1506) and is expressed as the amount of DBE participation the prime contractor has secured. The DT1506, a contract document completed by the bidder, is required to be considered a responsive bidder on an FHWA-funded contract that has an assigned DBE goal. The prime contractor will have the option to submit the DT1506 digitally, as an entry with the bid in Bid Express, or as an attachment to the bid.
- e. **DBE Utilization:** The actual participation of a DBE subcontractor on a project. WisDOT verifies DBE utilization through review of the DBE Commitment, payments to subcontractors, and contract documentation. The Prime Contractor receives DBE credit for payments made to the DBE firms performing the work listed on the approved DBE Commitment, and those submitted after approved commitment with Attachment A.
- f. **Good Faith Effort:** Legal term describing a diligent and honest effort taken by a reasonable person under the same set of facts or circumstances. For DBE subcontracting, the bidder must show that it took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the assigned DBE goal by the scope, intensity, and appropriateness of effort that could reasonably be expected for a contractor to obtain sufficient DBE participation.
- g. **Manufacturer:** A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract.
- h. **Reasonable Price:** Contractors are expected to assess reasonable price by analyzing the contract scope for DBE subcontract feasibility and comparing common line items in DBE and non-DBE subcontract quotes for the same work. Per federal regulation, reasonable price is not necessarily the lowest price.
- i. **Supplier:** A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public.
- j. **Tied quote:** Subcontractor quote that groups multiple bid/line items at a bundled/package price with a notation that the items within the quote will not be separated.

2. WisDOT DBE Program Compliance

a. Documentation Submittal

- The Commitment to Subcontract to DBE (Form DT1506 or digital submittal) must be submitted at the time of bid (Tuesday) by all prime contractors.
- Attachments A OR quotes from all DBEs included in the Commitment must be submitted at bid (Tuesday) **OR**
- Within one-hour following bid submittal by ALL prime contractors via eSubmit (Tuesday).
- If only DBE quotes were submitted, all remaining signed Attachments A must be submitted within 24-hours of bid closing via eSubmit (Wednesday).
- If the assigned DBE contract goal is not met, Documentation of Good Faith Effort (Form DT1202) and supporting documentation must be submitted within 24-hours of bid closing (Wednesday) via eSubmit. [Instructions for eSubmit.](#)

****Bidders have the option of submitting the DBE Commitment at the time of bid via direct entry through Bid Express OR with attachment of Form DT1506 (Commitment to Subcontract to DBE). The DBE Commitment entered with bid is the digital form of the DT1506. Separate submission of Form DT1506 is not required if the DBE Commitment is entered in Bid Express. Form DT1202, if applicable, is no longer required to be submitted at time of bid; submit DT1202 within the 24-hour supplemental time frame following bid closing.**

The DBE Office will not certify Good Faith Effort and the Bureau of Project Development will consider the bid nonresponsive if the contractor fails to furnish the DBE Commitment (digitally entered into the bid OR Form DT1506 as an attachment), Attachments A, and Form DT1202 if applicable, as required. See sample forms in the Appendix.

b. Verification of DBE Commitment

The documentation related to DBE subcontract commitment submitted prior to contract award is evaluated as follows:

(1) DBE Goal Met

If the bidder indicates that the contract DBE goal is met, the Department will evaluate the DBE Commitment submitted with bid OR Form DT1506, and Attachments A to verify the actual DBE percentage calculation. If the DBE Commitment is verified, the contract is eligible for award with respect to the DBE Commitment.

(2) DBE Goal Not Met

- a) If the bidder indicates a bid percentage on the DBE Commitment that does not meet the assigned DBE contract goal, the bidder must request alternative evaluation of good faith effort through submission of Form DT1202 (Documentation of Good Faith Effort) within 24-hours of bid including narrative description. Supplementary documentation of good faith effort that supports the DT1202 submission is also due within 24-hours of bid submission and prior to bid posting. The Department will review the bidder's DBE Commitment and evaluate the bidder's good faith efforts submission.
- b) Following evaluation of the bidder's Good Faith Effort documentation the bidder will be notified that the Department intends to:
 1. *Approve* the request (adequate documentation of GFE has been submitted) - no conditions placed on the contract with respect to the DBE Commitment;
 2. *Deny* the request (inadequate documentation of GFE has been submitted) - the contract is viewed as non-responsive per Wisconsin Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction and will not be executed.

- c) If the Department denies the bidder's request, the contract is ineligible for award. The Department will provide a written explanation for denying the request to the bidder. The bidder may appeal the Department's denial (see Section 4).

Supplemental good faith effort documentation must be submitted through eSubmit.

3. Department's Criteria for Good Faith Effort Documentation

The Federal-aid Construction Contract Provision, referenced as FHWA-1273, explicitly states that the prime contractor shall be responsible for all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or subcontract.

The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of the contract including assurances of equal employment opportunity laws, DBE regulations, and affirmative action. Compliance encompasses responsible and responsive action, documentation, and good faith effort.

Contractually, all contractors, subcontractors, and service providers on the contract are bound by FHWA 1273 and DBE program provisions. **Prime contractors should encourage subcontractors to utilize DBE firms whenever possible to contribute to the assigned DBE contract goal.**

Bidders are required to document good faith effort. Per 49 CFR Part 26.53, good faith effort is demonstrated in one of two ways. The bidder:

- (1) Documents that it has obtained enough DBE participation to meet the goal; OR
- (2) Documents that it made adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal, even though it did not succeed

Appendix A of 49 CFR Part 26 provides guidance concerning good faith efforts. WisDOT evaluates good faith effort on a contract basis just as each contract award is evaluated individually.

The efforts employed by the bidder should be those that WisDOT can reasonably expect a bidder to take to actively and aggressively obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the DBE contract goal. The Department will only approve demonstration of good faith effort if the bidder documents the quality, quantity, and intensity of the variety of activities undertaken that are commensurate with expected efforts to meet the stated goal.

The Department, in conjunction with industry stakeholders, has developed the following guidance for contractor good faith effort activity. The guidance and the attached appendices provide a framework for the actions required by all parties in the processing and evaluation of bidder's total efforts to achieve the project specific DBE goal prior to the bid letting date.

a. Solicitation Guidance for Prime Contractors:

- (1) Document all efforts and decisions made toward achieving the DBE goal on the contract. The bidder should use WisDOT-approved DBE outreach tools, including the UCP DBE Directory and the Bid Express Small Business Network to foster DBE participation on all applicable contracts.
- (2) As needed, request assistance with DBE outreach and follow-up by contacting the Department's DBE Support Services Office by phone or email request at least 14 days prior to the bid letting date. Phone numbers are (414) 438-4584 and/or (608) 267-3849; Fax: (414) 438-5392; E-mail: DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov
- (3) Participate in and document a substantive conversation with at least one DBE firm per Let, to discuss questions, concerns, and any other contract related matters that may be applicable to the DBE firm. Guidelines for this conversation are provided in Appendix A of ASP-3.
- (4) Request quotes by identifying potential items to subcontract and solicit. In their initial contacts, contractors are strongly encouraged to include a single page, detailed list of items for which they are accepting quotes, by project, within a letting. See *attached sample entitled "Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter"* in Appendix B. Prime contractors should also indicate a willingness to accept quotes in areas they are planning to perform themselves, as required by federal rules. In some cases, it might be appropriate to use DBE firms to do work in a prime contractor's area of specialization.

- i. Solicit quotes from certified DBE firms who match possible items to subcontract using all reasonable and available means. Additionally, forward copies of solicitations highlighting the work areas for which quotes are being sought to DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov
- ii. Acceptable outreach tools include SBN (Small Business Network, see Appendix C): <https://www.bidx.com/wi/main>, postal mail, email, fax, and phone.
 - a. Contractors must ask DBE firms for a response in their solicitations. See *Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter*, Appendix B. This letter may be included as an attachment to the sub-quote request.
 - b. Solicit quotes at least 10 calendar days prior to the letting date to allow DBE firms sufficient time to respond. Prime contractors should contact DBE firms early, asking if they need help organizing their quote, assistance confirming equipment needs, or other assistance supporting their submission of a competitive quote for their services.
 - c. A follow up solicitation should take place within 5 calendar days of the letting date. Email and/or SBN are the preferred method for the solicitation.
- iii. Upon request, provide interested DBE firms with adequate information about plans, specifications, and the requirements of the contract by letter, information session, email, phone call, and/or referral.
- iv. When potential exists, the contractor should advise interested DBE firms on how to obtain bonding, line of credit, or insurance if requested.
- v. Document DBE firm's interest in quoting by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitation with:
 - a. Email to all prospective DBE firms in relevant work areas
 - b. Phone call log to DBE firms who express interest via written response or call
 - c. Fax/letter confirmation
 - d. Signed copy of record of subcontractor outreach effort

b. Guidance for Evaluating DBE quotes

- (1) Quote evaluation practices required to evaluate DBE quotes:
 - i. Reasonable Price: Contractors are expected to assess reasonable price by analyzing the contract scope for DBE subcontract feasibility and comparing common line items in DBE and non-DBE subcontract quotes for the same work. Per federal regulation, reasonable price is not necessarily the lowest price. See 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. IV.D(2).
- (2) Documentation submitted by the prime of the following evaluation is required to evaluate DBE quotes by contractors:
 - i. Evaluation of DBE firm's ability to perform "possible items to subcontract" using legitimate reasons, including but not limited to, **a discussion** between the prime and DBE firm regarding its capabilities prior to the bid letting. If lack of capacity is the reason for not utilizing the DBE firm's quote, the prime is required to contact the DBE by phone and email regarding their ability to perform the work indicated in the UCP directory listed as their work area by NAICS code. Only the work area indicated by the NAICS code(s) listed in the UCP directory can be counted toward DBE credit. Documentation of the conversation is required.
 - a. In striving to meet an assigned DBE contract goal, contractors are expected to use DBE quotes that are responsive and reasonable. This includes DBE quotes that are not the low quote.
 - b. Additional evaluation - Evaluation of DBE quotes with tied bid items. Typically, this type of quoting represents a cost saving but is not clearly stated as a discount. Tied quotes are usually presented as an 'all or none' quote. When non-DBE subcontractors submit tied bid items in their quotes, the DBE firm's quote may not appear competitive. In such a case, the following steps are taken in comparing the relevant quotes. These are qualitative examples:

- i Compare bid items common to both quotes, noting the reasonableness in the price comparison.
- ii Review quotes from other firms for the bid items not quoted by the DBE firm to see if combining both can provide the same competitive advantage that the tied bid items offered.

See Appendix D – *Good Faith Effort Evaluation Measures* and Appendix E - *Good Faith Effort Best Practices*.

- c. **Requesting Good Faith Effort Evaluation** At the time of bid- if the DBE goal is not met in full, the prime contractor must indicate they will file form DT1202- Documentation of Good Faith Effort within 24-hours of bid submission. Supplementary documentation of good faith effort that supports the DT1202 submission is also due within 24-hours of bid submission and prior to bid posting. Supporting documentation for the DT1202 is to include the following:
- (1) Solicitation Documentation: The names, addresses, email addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE firms contacted along with the dates of both initial and follow-up contact; electronic copies of all written solicitations to DBE firms. A printed copy of SBN solicitation is acceptable.
 - (2) Selected Work Items Documentation: Identify economically feasible work units to be performed by DBEs to include activities such as: list of work items to be performed; breaking up of large work items into smaller tasks or quantities; flexible time frames for performance and delivery schedules.
 - (3) Documentation of Project Information provided to interested DBEs: A description of information provided to the DBE firms regarding the plans, specifications, and estimated quantities for portions of the work to be performed by that DBE firm.
 - (4) Documentation of Negotiation with Interested DBEs: Provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate that good faith negotiations took place. Merely sending out solicitations requesting bids from DBEs does not constitute sufficient good faith efforts.
 - (5) Documentation of Sound Reasoning for Rejecting DBEs and copies of each quote received from a DBE firm and, if rejected, copies of quotes from non-DBEs for same items.
 - (6) Documentation of Assistance to Interested DBEs- Bonding, Credit, Insurance, Equipment, Supplies/Materials
 - (7) Documentation of outreach to Minority, Women, and Community Organizations and other DBE Business Development Support: Contact organizations and agencies for assistance in contacting, recruiting, and providing support to DBE subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, and truckers at least 14 days before bid opening. Participate in or host activities such as networking events, mentor-protégé programs, small business development workshops, and others consistent with DBE support.

If the Good Faith Effort documentation is deemed adequate, the request will be approved and the DBE office will promptly notify the Prime Contractor and Bureau of Project Development.

If the DBE Office denies the request, the Prime Contractor will receive written correspondence outlining the reasons. The Department encourages the Prime Contractor to communicate with DBE staff to clarify any questions related to meeting goals and/or contractor demonstration of good faith efforts.

If the contract is awarded, the Prime Contractor must obtain written consent from the DBE Office to change or replace any DBE firm listed on the approved DBE Commitment. No contractor, prime or subsequent tier, shall be paid for completing work assigned to a DBE subcontractor on an approved DBE Commitment unless WisDOT has granted permission for the reduction, replacement, or termination of the assigned DBE in writing. If a prime contractor or a subcontractor on any tier uses its own forces to perform work assigned to a DBE on an approved DBE Commitment, **they will not be paid for the work**. Any changes to DBE Commitment after the approval of the DBE Commitment must be reviewed and approved by the DBE Office prior to the change (see Section 9).

Additional resources for demonstrating and tracking good faith effort can be found on the “Contracting with a DBE” webpage in the [ASP-3 and Good Faith Effort Guidance](#) section.

4. Bidder's Documentation of Good Faith Effort Evaluation Request Appeal Process

A bidder can appeal the Department's decision to deny the bidder's demonstration of Good Faith Effort through Administrative Reconsideration. The bidder must provide a written justification refuting the specific reasons for denial as stated in the Department's denial notice. The bidder may meet in person with the Department if so requested. Failure to appeal within 5 business days after receiving the Department's written notice denying the request constitutes a forfeiture of the bidder's right of appeal. Receipt of appeal is confirmed by email date stamp or certified mail signed by WisDOT staff. A contract will not be executed without documentation that the DBE provisions have been fulfilled.

The Department will appoint a representative who did not participate in the original good faith effort determination, to assess the bidder's appeal. The Department will issue a written decision within 5 business days after the bidder presents all written and oral information. In that written decision, the Department will explain the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not demonstrate an adequate good faith effort to meet the contract DBE goal. The Department's decision is final.

5. Determining DBE Eligibility

Directory of DBE firms

- a. The only resource for DBE firms certified in the State of Wisconsin is the Wisconsin Unified Certification Program (UCP) DBE Directory. WisDOT maintains a current list of certified DBE firms at: <http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/dbe-ucp-directory.xlsx>
- b. The DBE Program office is available to assist with contracting DBE firms:(608) 267-3849.
- c. DBE firms are certified based on various factors including the federal standards from the Small Business Administration that assigns a North American Industrial Classification (NAICS) Codes. DBE firms are only eligible for credit when performing work in their assigned NAICS code(s). If a DBE subcontractor performs work that is not with its assigned NAICS code, the prime contractor should contact the DBE Office to inquire about compatibility with the Business Development Program.

6. Counting DBE Participation

Assessing DBE Work

The Department will only count the DBE usage towards the contract DBE goal if the DBE firm is certified as a DBE by one of the UCP agencies. The Department only counts the value of the work a DBE actually performs towards the DBE goal. The Department assesses the DBE work as follows:

- a. The Department counts work performed by the DBE firm's own resources. The Department includes the cost of materials and supplies the DBE firm obtains for the work. The Department also includes the cost of equipment the DBE firm leases for the work. The Department will not include the cost of materials, supplies, or equipment the DBE firm purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate, with the exception of non-project specific leases the DBE has in place before the work is advertised.
- b. The Department counts fees and commissions the DBE subcontractor charges for providing bona fide professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services. The Department also counts fees and commissions the DBE charges for providing bonds or insurance. The Department will only count costs the program engineer deems reasonable based on experience or prevailing market rates.
- c. If a DBE firm subcontracts work, the Department counts the value of the work subcontracted to a DBE subcontractor.
- d. The contractor will maintain records and may be required to furnish periodic reports documenting its performance under this item.
- e. It is the Prime Contractor's responsibility to determine whether the work that is committed and/or contracted to a DBE firm can be counted for DBE credit by referencing the work type and NAICS code listed for the DBE firm on the Wisconsin UCP DBE Directory.

- f. It is the Prime Contractor's responsibility to assess the DBE firm's ability to perform the work for which it is committing/contracting the DBE to do. Note that the Department encourages the Prime Contractor to assist and develop DBE firms to become fully knowledgeable contractors to successfully perform on its contracts.
- g. The Prime Contractor will inform the DBE office via email of all DBE subcontractors added to the project following execution of the contract. The Prime Contractor may omit submission of another form DT1506, but must submit signed Attachment A forms for additional DBE firms.
- h. See Section 7 for DBE credit evaluation for Trucking and Section 8 for DBE credit evaluation for Manufacturers, Suppliers, and Brokers

Naming conventions: When emailing files, please use the following language to identify your submission- "Project #, Proposal #, Let date, Business Name, Attachment A" Email: DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov

*Note: A sublet request is required for DBE work, regardless of subcontract tier, and also for reporting materials or supplies furnished by a DBE.

- Sublet Requests via form DT1925 or WS1925 are required for 1st Tier DBEs
- For all 2nd Tier and below notification of DBE sublet is indicated by the contractor entering them in CRCS

7. Credit Evaluation for Trucking

All bidders are expected to adhere to the Department's current trucking policy posted on the HCCI website at: <http://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/dbe/trucking-utilization-policy.pdf>

The prime contractor is responsible for ensuring that all subcontractors including trucking firms, receive Form FHWA 1273: <https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/programadmin/contracts/1273/1273.pdf>

See Section 8 for Broker credit.

8. Credit Evaluation for Manufacturers, Suppliers, Brokers

The Department will calculate the amount of DBE credit awarded to a prime using a DBE firm for the provisions of materials and supplies on a contract-by-contract basis. The Department will count the material and supplies that a DBE firm provides under the contract for DBE credit based on whether the DBE firm is a manufacturer, supplier, or broker. Generally, DBE credit is determined through evaluation of the DBE owner's role, responsibility, and contribution to the transaction. Maximum DBE credit is awarded when the DBE firm manufactures materials or supplies. DBE credit decreases when the DBE firm solely supplies materials, and minimal credit is allotted when the DBE firm's role is administrative or transactional. It is the bidder's responsibility to confirm that the DBE firm is considered a supplier or a manufacturer before listing them on Commitment to Subcontract to DBE form DT1506 or DBE Commitment submitted with the bid.

a. Manufacturers

- (1) A manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.
- (2) If the materials or supplies are obtained from a DBE manufacturer, **100%** percent of the cost of the materials or supplies counts toward DBE goals.

b. Regular Dealers of Material and/or Supplies

- (1) A regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications

and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business.

- (2) If the materials or supplies are purchased from a DBE regular dealer, count **60%** percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals.
- (3) At a minimum, a regular dealer must meet the following criteria to be counted for DBE credit:
 - i. The DBE firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question.
 - ii. The DBE firm must both own and operate distribution equipment for the product--bulk items such as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt. If some of the distribution equipment is leased, the lease agreement must accompany the DBE Commitment form for evaluation of the dealer's control before the DBE office approves the DBE credit.
- (4) When DBE suppliers are contracted, additional documentation must accompany the DBE Commitment and Attachment A forms. An invoice or bill-of-sale that includes names of the bidder and the DBE supplier, along with documentation of the calculations used as the basis for the purchase agreement, subcontract, or invoice. WisDOT recognizes that the amount on the Attachment A form may be more or less than the amount on the invoice per b.(1) above.
 - i. The bidder should respond to the following questions and include with submission of form DT1506 or the DBE Commitment entered with bid:
 - a. What is the product or material?
 - b. Is this item in the prime's inventory or was the item purchased when contract was awarded?
 - c. Which contract line items were referenced to develop this quote?
 - d. What is the amount of material or product used on the project?
- (5) Supplies purchased in **bulk** from DBE firms at the beginning of the season may be credited to current contracts if submitted with appropriate documentation to the DBE office.
 - i. To ensure that the appropriate credit is assigned, follow the procedure below:
 - a. When DBE suppliers are contracted for bulk supply or commodity purchases, an invoice or bill-of-sale that includes names of the contractor and the DBE supplier should be submitted to the DBE Office via eSubmit (preferred during letting) or the DBE_Alert email box. The supply/commodity credit may be applied during the federal fiscal year (October- September) in which the purchase was made.
 - b. When the contractor intends to apply the credit to a particular project, submit a copy of the original invoice, documentation of the calculations for supplies/commodities to be used on the project, and an Attachment A. Indicate on the Attachment A:
 - c. This supply/commodity is in the prime's inventory or pre-paid in case of commodities
 - d. The full value of the original invoice submitted to the DBE Office, above in (1)
 - e. The amount of material or product used on this project
 - f. Fuel estimate listed on Attachment A will be recorded as a deduction from the full fuel purchase amount shown on the invoice
 - ii. DBE Office Process (Applies only to bulk purchases)
 - a. Supply/Commodity commitment is received
 - b. Engineer verifies amount listed on invoice and enters the full amount into spreadsheet
 - c. The amount of credit applied for each project is updated on the spreadsheet until the bulk purchase is exhausted
 - d. Engineer informs contractor when full amount of bulk purchase has been applied

c. Brokers, Transaction Expeditors, Packagers, Manufacturers' Representatives

- (1) No portion of the cost of the materials, supplies, services themselves will count for DBE credit. However, WisDOT will evaluate the fees or commissions charged when a prime purchases materials, supplies, or services from a DBE certified firm which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, namely: brokers, packagers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions.
- (2) Brokerage fees are calculated as **10%** of the purchase amount.
- (3) WisDOT may count the amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, fees, or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site.
- (4) Evaluation of DBE credit includes review of the contract need for the item/service, the sub-contract or invoice for the item/service, and a comparison of the fees customarily allowed for similar services to determine whether they are reasonable.

9. DBE Commitment Modification Policy (Formerly "DBE Replacement Policy")**a. Issuing a Contract Change Order**

Any changes or modifications to the contract once executed are considered contract modifications and as such require a change order. In addition, the DBE office must provide consent for reduction, termination, or replacement of subcontractors approved on the DBE Commitment *in advance* of the modification for the prime contractor to receive payment for work or supplies. Additions to the DBE Commitment do not require advance notification of the DBE office. (see below e. DBE Utilization beyond the approved DBE Commitment)

b. Contractor Considerations

- (1) A prime contractor cannot modify the DBE Commitment through reduction in participation, termination, or replacement of a DBE subcontractor listed on the approved DBE Commitment without prior written consent from the DBE Office. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a prime contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm.
- (2) If a prime contractor reduces participation, replaces, or terminates a DBE subcontractor who has been approved for DBE credit toward its contract, the prime is required to provide documentation supporting its inability to fulfill the contractual commitment made to the Department regarding the DBE utilization.
- (3) The Prime Contractor is required to demonstrate efforts to find another DBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE subcontractor that was terminated, to the extent needed to meet the assigned DBE contract goal. When additional opportunity is available by contract modifications, the Prime Contractor must utilize DBE subcontractors that were committed to equal work items, in the original contract.
- (4) In circumstances when a DBE subcontractor fails to complete its work on the contract for any reason, or is terminated from a contract, the Prime Contractor must undertake efforts to maintain its commitment to the assigned DBE goal.
- (5) The DBE subcontractor should communicate with the Prime Contractor regarding its schedule and capacity in the context of the contract. If the DBE firm anticipates that it cannot fulfill its subcontract, they will advise the Prime Contractor and suggest a DBE subcontractor that may replace their services and provide written consent to be released from its subcontract.
 - i. Before the Prime Contractor can request modification to the approved DBE Commitment, the Prime Contractor must:
 - a. Make every effort to fulfill the DBE Commitment by working with the listed DBE subcontractor to ensure that the firm is fully knowledgeable of the Prime Contractor's expectations for successful performance on the contract. Document these efforts in writing.

- b. If those efforts fail, provide written notice to the DBE subcontractor of the Prime Contractor's intent to request to modify the Commitment through reduction in participation, termination, and/or replacement of the subcontractor including the reason(s) for pursuing this action.
- c. Copy the DBE Office on all correspondence related to changing a DBE subcontractor who has been approved for DBE credit on a contract, including preparation and coordination efforts.
- d. Clearly state the amount of time the DBE firm has to remedy and/or respond to the notice of intent to replace/terminate. The DBE must be allowed five days from the date notice was received as indicated by email time stamp or signed certified mail, to respond, in writing. EXCEPTION: The Prime Contractor must provide a verifiable reason for a response period shorter than five days. For example, a WisDOT project engineer or project manager confirms that WisDOT has eliminated an item the DBE subcontractor was contracted for.
- e. The DBE subcontractor must acknowledge the contract modification with written response to the Prime Contractor and the DBE Office. If objecting to the subcontract modification, the DBE subcontractor must outline the basis for objection to the proposed modification, providing sound reasoning for WisDOT to reject the prime's request.

c. Request to Modify DBE Subcontracting Commitment

The written request referenced above may be delivered by email or fax. The request must contain the following:

- (1) Project ID number
- (2) WisDOT Contract Project Engineer's name and contact information
- (3) DBE subcontractor name and work type and/or NAICS code
- (4) Contract's progress schedule
- (5) Reason(s) for requesting that the DBE subcontractor be replaced or terminated
- (6) Attach/include all communication with the DBE subcontractor to deploy/address/resolve work completion

Naming conventions: When emailing files, please use the following language to identify your submission- "Project #, Proposal #, Let date, Business Name, MODIFICATION" Email: DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov + Project Engineer

WisDOT will review the request and any supporting documentation submitted to evaluate if the circumstance and the reasons constitute good cause for replacing or terminating the approved DBE subcontractor.

Good Causes to Replace a DBE subcontractor according to the federal DBE program guidelines {49 CFR part 26.53}

- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract
- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor
- The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements
- The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness
- The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215, and 1,200 or applicable state law
- The prime has determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor
- The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of its withdrawal
- The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required

- A DBE firm owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract.

d. Evaluation and Response to the Request

WisDOT's timely response to the Prime Contractor's request for modification of the approved DBE Commitment will be provided to the prime and the WisDOT project engineer via email.

If WisDOT determines that the Prime Contractor's basis for reduction in participation, replacement, or termination of the DBE subcontractor is not consistent with the good cause guidelines, the DBE office will provide a response via email within 48-hours of receipt of request from the Prime Contractor as indicated by email time stamp. The communication will include: the requirement to utilize the committed DBE, actions to support the completion of the contractual commitment, a list of available WisDOT support services, and administrative remedies, including withholding payment to the prime, that may be invoked for failure to comply with federal DBE guidelines for DBE replacement.

The WisDOT contact for all actions related to modification of the approved DBE Commitment is the DBE Program Engineer who can be reached at DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov or (414) 335-0413.

e. DBE Utilization beyond the approved DBE Commitment

When the prime or a subcontractor increases the scope of work for an approved DBE subcontractor or adds a DBE subcontractor who was not on the approved form DT1506 or DBE Commitment submitted with bid at any time after contract execution, this is referred to as voluntary DBE contract goal achievement. The contractor must follow these steps to ensure that the participation is accurately credited toward the DBE goal:

- (1) Forward a complete, signed Attachment A form to the DBE Office. A complete Attachment A includes DBE subcontractor contact information, signatures, subcontract value, and description of the work areas to be performed by the DBE. The DBE Office will verify the DBE participation and revise the DBE Commitment based on the email/discussion and the new Attachment A.
- (2) When adding to an existing DBE Commitment, submit a new Attachment A to the DBE Alert mailbox
- (3) OR Submit a final Attachment A to DBE Alert during the Finals Process when Compliance receives notice of "Substantially Complete"

Naming conventions: When emailing files, please use the following language to identify your submission- "Project #, Proposal #, Let date, Business Name, New Attachment A" Email: DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov

Special note on trucking

- DBE truckers added to the sublets in CRCS *will* be approved without DBE credit (You will see a "N" in CRCS instead of "Y")
- Prime Contractors may enter a "place holder" e.g. \$1000.00, for DBE Trucking in CRCS if the full amount of trucking is unknown for sublet purposes only
- The hiring contractor may obtain the Attachment A with DBE signature included but the **Prime Contractor** must sign the Attachment A before submitting
- DBE truckers need to be added to the DBE commitment once. If the DBE trucker is on the initial commitment (DT1506/E1506) there is no requirement to submit another Attachment A for that trucker for that contract.

10. Commercially Useful Function

- a. Commercially Useful Function (CUF) is evaluated after the contract has been executed, while the DBE certified firm is performing contracted work items.
- b. The Department uses Form DT1011, DBE Commercially Useful Function Review and Certification to evaluate if the DBE is performing a commercially useful function. WisDOT counts expenditures of a DBE toward the DBE goal only if the DBE is performing a commercially useful function on that contract.

- c. A DBE firm is performing a commercially useful function if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) For contract work, the DBE is responsible for executing a distinct portion of the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising that work.
 - (2) For materials and supplies, the DBE is responsible for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering, and paying for those materials and supplies.
- d. Offsite Hauling – when DBE truck will haul between a pit and plant or location other than the construction site associated with the commitment
 - (1) Indicate Offsite Hauling on Attachment A
 - (2) Discuss offsite hauling at weekly progress meetings with Project Engineer (PE)
 - (3) PE conducts spot checks of pits/plants to verify DBE truck is hauling and/or verifying hauling log
 - (4) Prime should be prepared to submit haul tickets, plant/pit tickets, timecards, and other pertinent documentation if requested by PE or DBE Office

11. Credit Evaluation for DBE Primes

WisDOT calculates DBE credit based on the amount and type of work performed by DBE certified firms for work submitted with required documentation. If the prime contractor is a DBE certified firm, the Department will only count the work that the DBE prime performs with its own forces for DBE neutral credit. The Department will also calculate DBE credit for work performed by any other DBE certified subcontractor, DBE certified supplier, and DBE certified manufacturer on the contract in each firm's approved NAICS code/work areas that are submitted with required documentation. Crediting for manufacturers and suppliers is calculated consistent with Section 8 of this document and 49 CFR Part 26.

12. Joint Venture

A joint venture is an association of a DBE firm and one or more other firms to carry out a single, for-profit business enterprise, for which the parties combine their property, capital, efforts, skills and knowledge, and in which the DBE is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract and whose share in the capital contribution, control, management, risks, and profits of the joint venture are commensurate with its ownership interest. If a DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Department will only credit the portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the portion of the work that the DBE performs with its own forces.

13. Mentor-Protégé

- a. If a DBE performs as a participant in a mentor-protégé agreement, the Department will credit the portion of the work performed by the DBE protégé firm.
- b. DBE credit is evaluated and confirmed by the DBE Office for any contracts on which the mentor-protégé team identifies itself to the DBE Office as a current participant of the Mentor-Protégé Program.
 - (1) DBE credit may only be awarded to a non-DBE mentor firm for using its own protégé firm for less than one half of its goal on any contract; and
 - (2) Not award DBE credit to a non-DBE mentor firm for using its own protégé firm for more than every other contract performed by the protégé firm.
- c. A DBE protégé firm may be eligible for conditional NAICS code extension for training with the mentor. Request permission from the DBE Office- Certification area.
- d. Refer to WisDOT's Mentor-Protégé guidelines for guidance on the number of contracts and amount of DBE credit allowed on WisDOT projects.

14. Use of Joint Checks

The use of joint checks is allowable if it is a commonly recognized business practice in the material industry. A joint check is defined as a two-party check between a DBE subcontractor, a prime contractor, and the regular dealer or materials supplier who is neither the prime nor an affiliate of the prime. Typically, the prime contractor issues one check as payor to the DBE subcontractor and to the supplier jointly (to guarantee payment to the supplier) as payment for the material/supplies used by the DBE firm in cases where the DBE subcontractor and materials have been approved for DBE credit. The DBE subcontractor gains the opportunity to establish a direct contracting relationship with the supplier to potentially facilitate a business rapport that results in a line of credit or increased partnering opportunities.

The cost of material and supplies purchased by the DBE firm is part of the value of work performed by the DBE to be counted toward the goal. To receive credit, the DBE firm must be responsible for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the materials, and installing (where applicable) and "paying for the material itself." See 49 CFR 26.55(c)(1).

The approval to use joint checks constitutes a commitment to provide further information to WisDOT, upon request by staff. WisDOT will allow the use of joint checks when the following conditions are met:

- a. The Prime Contractor must request permission to use joint checks from the DBE Office by submitting the Application to Use Joint Checks.
 - (1) Request should be made when the DBE Commitment or the Request to Sublet is submitted; the request will not be considered if submitted after the DBE Subcontractor starts its work.
 - (2) Approval/Permission must be granted prior to the issuance of any joint checks.
 - (3) The payment schedule for the supplier must be presented to the DBE office before the first check is issued.
 - (4) The joint check for supplies must be strictly for the cost of approved supplies.
- b. The DBE subcontractor is responsible for furnishing and/or installing the material/work item and is not an 'extra participant' in the transaction. The DBE firm's role in the transaction cannot be limited solely to signing the check(s) to release payment to the material supplier. At a minimum, the DBE subcontractor's tasks should include the following:
 - (1) The DBE subcontractor (not the prime/payor) negotiates the quantities, price, and delivery of materials.
 - (2) The DBE subcontractor consents to sign/release the check to the supplier by signing the [Application to Use Joint Checks](#) after establishing the conditions and documentation of payment within the subcontract terms or in a separate written document.
- c. The Prime contractor/payor acts solely as a guarantor.
 - (1) The Prime Contractor agrees to furnish the check used for the payment of materials/supplies under the contract.
 - (2) The prime contractor/payor cannot require the subcontractor to use a specific supplier or the prime contractor's negotiated unit price.

15. Payment

Costs for conforming to this Additional Special Provision (ASP) and any associated DBE requirements are incidental to the contract.

Appendix A

Substantive Conversation Guidelines

The substantive conversation is critical to all bidders' demonstration of good faith effort to meet the DBE goal prior to bid opening. Relationship building between primes and subcontractors is crucial to DBE goal attainment. Responsible bidders seek to build rapport with potential DBE subcontractors to understand capacity, areas of expertise, and assess contracting feasibility. Bidders who compete for WisDOT contracts are specialty contractors responding to a growing and changing contract environment. Just as these specialists are responsible for care of the roads, they are likewise responsible for contributing to the health of the industry. The substantive conversation drives collaboration that will build industry health and capacity. The following is intended to provide guidance for such discussions but is not an exhaustive list. Contractors are encouraged to incorporate their existing strategies for cultivating business relationships as well.

Prior to Bid Opening- this discussion should happen as early as possible (WisDOT advertisements are released weeks prior to each Let)

1. Determine DBE subcontractor's interest in quoting
2. If response indicates inexperience with quoting- offer support/assistance to the DBE in understanding the industry including fundamentals a subcontractor needs to know, required reading and/or resources.
3. Assess their interest and experience in the road construction industry by asking questions such as:
 - Have you competed for other WisDOT contracts? Ratio of competed/to wins
 - Have you performed on any transportation industry contracts (locally or with other states)?
 - What the largest contract you've completed?
 - Have you worked in the industry: apprentice, journeyman, safety, inspection etc.?
 - Does this project fit into your schedule? Are you working on any contracts now?
 - Have you reviewed a copy of the plans? Are you comfortable performing within the scope and quantity considerations of this contract?
 - What region do you work in? Home base?
 - Which line items are you considering?
 - Have you read/are you familiar with WisDOT Standard Specifications? Construction Material Manual?
 - Do you understand where your work fits in the project schedule, project phases?

Following Bid Opening- this discussion can happen at any time

1. After reviewing their quote, note the following in your discussion:
 - Does the quote look complete? Irregular?
 - Are there errors in the quote? Are items very high or very low?
 - In general, does the quote look competitive?
2. Questions and Advice for the bidder to share with the potential DBE subcontractor:
 - What line items would typically be in a competitive quote for a subcontractor of their specialty?
 - How many employees and what is their role/experience/expertise in your firm?
 - Do you have resources for labor (union member, family-based, community-resourced) and capital (banking relationship, bond agent, CPA)?
 - Where have you worked: cities, states, government, commercial, residential/private sector, etc. Explain similarities or differences.
 - Refer them to reliable, trusted, industry resources that can educate or connect them to relevant resources, education/certification resources, more appropriate contract opportunities.
 - Discussion about prime contract and subcontract liability, critical path items, contract quantities, schedule risks, and potential profit/loss (for upcoming known projects or in general).
 - Discussion of bonding, insurance, and overall business risk considerations.

Appendix B

Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter Page 1

(This sample is provided as a guide, not a formatting requirement)

DBE Solicitation - [Month] [Day], [Year] WisDOT Bid Letting

Attention all DBEs. [Prime Contractor] is actively seeking your quote for the [Month][Day], [Year] Bid Letting. [Prime Contractor] is considering bidding on the projects listed on page 2 as a prime contractor. Please see page 2 for instructions and the sub-contractable opportunities for each proposal.

Does [Prime Contractor] accept quotes in areas we might self-perform? Yes, we do! We support this federal rule and (if needed) we consider areas we might self-perform an opportunity to provide in the field assistance and training if we award your quote.

Where can DBEs find the plans, specifications & addenda? Please visit [Prime Contractor's] plan room [LINK] or on WisDOT's Highway Construction Contract Information HCCI website: [Wisconsin Department of Transportation Highway Construction Contract Information \(wisconsindot.gov\)](https://wisconsindot.gov/HighwayConstructionContractInformation). This same website can be checked for the contract status.

What should your quote include? All the costs required to complete the items you propose to perform including labor, equipment, material, and related bonding or insurance. The quote should also note items that you are DBE certified to perform, tied items, and any special terms. Please use page 2 as your cover sheet for your quote.

Do you have a question regarding bonding, credit, insurance, equipment, or supplies/materials? We welcome all DBE questions! Please call [Prime Contractor] and ask to speak with [Contact]. [Prime Contractor] can provide basic information as well as a referral to a trusted industry partner for insurance and bonding needs.

When are quotes due?

[Month] [Day], [Year] at [Time]. We accept quotes via SBN, email, or fax. Please make every effort to have your quotes in by this time or earlier. Quality check your quote so it includes the correct letting date, project ID, proposal number, unit price and extension.

Who can DBEs contact for questions, information, clarification or for a quote evaluation? [Project Manager Name] [Phone] [Email]. If you are quoting [Prime Contractor] for the first time, we encourage you to come meet with us in person to discuss the project. Our office hours are 7:30 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. On bid day, we are in the office by 6:30 a.m.

Why partner with [Prime Contractor]?

DBE partnership is a core part of [Prime Contractor's] mission. Including DBEs at the beginning of each project is essential in the success of each project. We consider DBEs to be important industry partners who bring dedication and knowledge at various stages during construction. We are proud to be an industry leader with our DBE partnership. Your success as a DBE is our success.

Sample Contractor Solicitation Letter Page 2*(This sample is provided as a guide, not a formatting requirement)***REQUEST FOR QUOTE****[Prime Contractor]****Letting Date: [Month] [Day], [Year]****Project IDs: 1234-56-00 (Proposal #1) & 1234-01-78 (Proposal #6)**

Please check all that apply:

- ☐ Yes, we will be quoting the projects & items listed below
- ☐ No, we are not interested in quoting on the letting or its items referenced below
- ☐ Please take our name off your monthly DBE contact list
- ☐ We have questions about quoting this letting. Please have someone contact me at this number:

Prime Contractor Contact: _____

DBE: _____

Phone: _____

Fax: _____

Email: _____

Please circle the proposals and items you will be quoting below and contact us with any questions

Proposal County	1 Dane County	6 Crawford County
Clearing & Grubbing	X	X
Dump Truck Hauling	X	X
Curb/Gutter/Sidewalk	X	
Erosion Control Items		X
Excavation	X	X
Pavement Marking		X
Traffic Control	X	
Sawing	X	X
QMP, Base		X
Pipe Underdrain	X	
Landscape		X
Beam Guard	X	
Electrical	X	
Signs/Posts/Markers		X
Survey/Staking		X

Again, please make every effort to have your quotes into our office by **time deadline** prior to the letting date.

Sample Contractor Solicitation Email - Simplified

(This sample is provided as a guide, not a formatting requirement)

ATTENTION DBEs

- [Prime Contractor] specializes in municipal projects in the XX Region(s)
- We have successfully competed for and completed XX WisDOT projects over the past XX years
- Consider [Prime Contractor] your partner on WisDOT Projects

[Prime Contractor] is seeking your subcontractor quote for the XX/XX/20XX WisDOT bid letting on the below projects:

Project	Proposal	County	Region
1234-56-00	2	Dane	SW
1234-01-78	6	Crawford	SW

- o Please review the attachments [**attach Solicitation Letter**] and respond with your intent to quote (or not) along with the work items you are interested in performing and respond via fax or email by date. The quote should note items that you are DBE certified to perform, tied items, and any special terms. Please include labor, equipment, material, and related bonding or insurance.
- o If you have any questions regarding bonding, credit, insurance, equipment and/or materials/supplies, please feel free to call [Prime Contractor] and ask for [Contact]. **(Include if your company is willing to answer these types of DBE questions)**
- o Plans and Specifications can be found: **WisDOT HCCI Website: List webpage where plans are located**
- o If you do choose to quote, please make every effort to have your quote into our office by time and date. Make sure the correct letting date, project number, unit price and extension are included in your quote.
- o Should you have questions regarding the mentioned project, please call our office at (414) 555-5555 and we will direct you to the correct estimator/project manager.
Our office hours are 7:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

Thank you – we look forward to working with your company on this project!

Prime Contractor

Project Manager

Direct: 414-555-5555

Cell: 414-555-5556

Sample Contractor Solicitation Email to **non-DBE** WisDOT Subcontractors - Simplified

(This sample is provided as a guide, not a formatting requirement)

ATTENTION WisDOT SUBCONTRACTORS

[Prime Contractor] is considering bidding on the below projects for the XX/XX/20XX WisDOT Bid Letting:

Project	Proposal	County	Region	DBE Goal
1234-56-00	2	Dodge	SW	6.00%
1234-01-78	11	Adams	NC	3.00%
1234-00-99	20	Buffalo	NW	5.00%
1234-00-98	33	Portage	NC	6.00%

The above projects have DBE goals and [Prime Contractor] is committed to DBE inclusion with every project. As such, we are requesting:

- All WisDOT Subcontractors to **solicit and utilize** DBEs in your quotes.
- DBE participation can be achieved through purchasing materials from DBE suppliers, using DBE subcontractors and/or DBE trucking firms or any combination of these.
- If there is an opportunity to untie an item in your quote so a DBE can be utilized, please look for those opportunities as well.
- Your quote will be evaluated based on the amount of DBE participation your company is able to provide when compared to other quotes for the same work.

If you do choose to quote, please make every effort to have your quote into our office by **time and date**. Please submit all quotes to [Email]. Make sure the correct letting date, project number, unit price and extension are included in your quote.

Should you have questions regarding the mentioned project, the Project Manager contact is: [Name] [Phone Number] [Email]

Thank you for utilizing DBEs who are trusted industry partners with WisDOT projects.

Prime Contractor
Project Manager

Direct: 414-555-5555
Cell: 414-555-5556

Appendix C

Small Business Network (SBN) Overview

The Small Business Network is a part of the Bid Express® service that was created to ensure that prime bidders have a centralized online location to find subs - including small and disadvantaged business enterprises (DBEs). It is available for prime bidders to use as part of their Basic Service subscription. Within the Small Business Network, **Prime Contractors** can:

1. Easily select proposals, work types and items:
 - a. After adding applicable work types, select items that you wish to quote. Enter the sub-quote quantities and add comments, if desired. Adding or removing items and work types can be done quickly. If needed, you can save the sub-quote for later completion.
2. Create sub-quotes for the subcontracting community:
 - a. Create sub-quotes with ease using the intuitive sub-quote creator. In seven short steps, you can rapidly create a custom sub-quote directed to all subcontractors that bid on the applicable work types. Steps include: provide contact information and sub-quote expiration date, select letting and proposal, add work types and items, specify terms and conditions, upload attachments, and select vendors.
 - b. Create a sub-quote to send to subcontractors or suppliers that lists the items in a proposal that you want quoted
 - c. Create an unlimited number of sub-quotes for items you want quoted, and optionally mark them as a DBE preferred request.
 - d. Add attachments to sub-quotes.
3. View sub-quote requests & responses:
 - a. After logging into the Bid Express service, you can quickly review all of your sub-quote requests and all unsolicited sub-quote requests from subcontractors. To simplify the Small Business Network home screen, sub-quote requests can be hidden with one click if they are not applicable.
 - b. View or receive unsolicited sub-quotes that subcontractors have posted, complete with terms, conditions and pricing.
4. View Record of Subcontractor Outreach Effort:
 - a. For each sub-quote produced, a *Record of Subcontractor Outreach Effort* is generated that shows the response statistics for a particular sub-quote. If accepted by the letting agency, this report may serve as proof of a "Good Faith" effort in reaching out to the DBE community.
 - b. Easily locate pre-qualified and certified small and disadvantaged businesses.
 - c. Advertise to small and disadvantaged businesses more efficiently and cost effectively.
 - d. Document your interactions with subs/DBEs by producing an Outreach Report (may be accepted as proof of DBE outreach at the discretion of each agency).

The Small Business Network help small businesses learn more about opportunities, compete more effectively, network with other contractors and subcontractors, and win more jobs. The DBE will provide free SBN accounts to DBEs when requested. Use DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov to request an account. **DBE firms can:**

1. View and reply to sub-quote requests from primes:
 - a. After logging into the Bid Express service, you can quickly review all incoming sub-quote requests and all unsolicited sub-quotes created by your company. Receive notifications by selected work type. To simplify on the Small Business Network home screen, sub-quote requests can be filtered by work types relevant to your interests or hidden with one click if they are not applicable.
2. Select items when responding to sub-quote requests from primes:
 - a. You have the freedom to choose and price any number of items when responding to a sub-quote request. Quantities can be modified, and per-item comments are also available.
 - b. View requests for sub-quotes for work that primes have posted for projects they are bidding, add your pricing, terms, and conditions, and submit completed sub-quotes to the requesting primes.
 - c. Add attachments to a sub-quote.
3. Create and send unsolicited sub-quotes to specific contractors:
 - a. Create unsolicited sub-quotes with ease using the intuitive sub-quote creator. In eight short steps, you can rapidly create a custom sub-quote directed at any number of specific vendors of your choosing. Steps include: provide contact information and sub-quote expiration date, select letting and proposal, add work types and items, specify terms and conditions, upload attachments, and select vendors.
4. Easily select and price items for unsolicited sub-quotes:
 - a. After adding applicable work types, select items that you wish to quote. The extended price calculates automatically, cutting out costly calculation errors. Comments can be provided on a per-item basis as well.
 - b. Create an unsolicited sub-quote that lists the items from a proposal that you want to quote, include pricing, terms and conditions, and send it to selected prime/plan holder.
 - c. Add attachments to a sub-quote.
 - d. Add unsolicited work items to sub-quotes that you are responding to.
5. Easy Access to Valuable Information
 - a. Receive a confirmation that your sub-quote was opened by a prime.
 - b. View Bid Tab Analysis data from past bids, including the high, average and low prices of items.
 - c. View important notices and publications from DOT targeted to small and disadvantaged businesses.
6. Accessing Small Business Network for WisDOT contracting opportunities
 - a. If you are a contractor not yet subscribing to the Bid Express service, go to www.bidx.com and select "Order Bid Express." The Small Business Network is a part of the Bid Express Basic Service.

Appendix D

Good Faith Effort Evaluation Measures *by categories referenced in DBE regulations*

Bidders must demonstrate that they took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the assigned DBE contract goal. For each contract, all bidders must submit documentation indicating the goal has been met or if falling short of meeting the assigned goal, must request a DBE Goal Waiver and document all efforts employed to secure DBE subcontractor participation on Form DT1202.

DBE staff analyze the bidder's documented good faith efforts to determine if action taken was sufficient to meet the goal. Sufficiency is measured contract-by-contract. WisDOT evaluates active and aggressive efforts, quality, quantity, scope, intensity, and appropriateness of the bidder's efforts as a scale of the principles of Good Faith outlined in 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. Additional emphasis is placed on the bidder's demonstration of timely submission of documentation and communication with DBE subcontractors, and business development initiatives undertaken to support DBE firm growth.

The following is a sample of good faith effort activities that are rated according to the accompanying rubric. Contractors are encouraged to identify additional activities that align with their business type(s).

- Personal, tailored solicitation to firms that specialize in work types planned or desired for subcontracting
- Follow up to initial solicitation via email or phone
- Substantive conversation including topics such as contract liability, critical path work items, schedule risks, and potential profit/loss
- SBN utilization including posting quotes
- Review and response to DBE quotes including provision of information about plans, specifications, and requirements as applicable
- Documentation requesting subcontractors support DBE goal by solicitation and inclusion of DBE subcontractor quotes
- Responsive and timely submission of organized documentation
- Analysis of number of DBE firms who do work types that you typically subcontract
- Analysis of number of DBE firms who reside in geographical areas where prime seeks work
- Analysis of firms who express interest in bidding/quoting including the number of firms who declined your solicitation
- Reference check of DBE subcontractor work or training (documentation of questions and response required)
- Number of different efforts undertaken to meet the assigned DBE goal as documented in accompanying Form DT1202
- Submission of all DBE quotes received matched with a variety of work to be performed by DBEs
- Number and names of DBE firms provided written advice, or referral to industry-specific business development resources
- Overall pattern of DBE utilization on all WisDOT contracts which may include contracting with municipalities
- Documentation of resources expended to meet assigned DBE goal (#of hours, staff titles, average pay rate, actions taken)
- Analysis of subcontractable work items to be completed by prime beyond prime contractor's 30%
- Risk analysis of work items that are typically in tied quotes that could be unbundled
- List of contract work items in smallest economically feasible units, identifying schedule impact
- Submission of a Gap Analysis identifying DBE skillset and/or industry needs
- Staff training in EEO and Civil Rights laws as documented in training logs
- Written Capacity Assessment completed with DBE firm documenting its ability to perform the work quoted
- DBE engagement efforts beyond simple solicitation that include a substantive discussion, initiated as early in the acquisition process as possible (*points added for each day prior to letting*)
- Outreach and marketing efforts with minority, women, and veteran-focused organizations at least 10 days prior to bid opening
- Active involvement in WisDOT's Business Development Program, TrANS training, facilitated networking efforts, workshops
- Customized teaching/training efforts for future opportunities with DBE subcontractor, contract specific and/or annually
- Introduction and reference provided for DBE subcontractor to a prime who has not previously contracted with the DBE firm
- Prime utilization of a DBE subcontractor the prime has not contracted with previously
- Written referral/recommendation to bond/insurance agents, manufacturer, supplier
- Documented efforts fostering DBE participation through administrative and/or technical assistance
- Evidence of negotiation with the DBE firm about current and future Let opportunities
- Recommendation of local and state services that support small business and access to opportunity: DOA, SBA, WEDC, WPI, etc.
- Advice on bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required to complete the items quoted and contract requirements

GFE Evaluation Rubric – Phase 1 – Initial Review

DT1202	Examples	Rating	OBOEC Feedback
Solicitation Documentation	Identify all reasonable and available activities performed to solicit the interest of all certified DBEs who have capacity and ability to perform work on the project. <i>Such as: Updated solicitation letter and email, timely solicitation, and follow-up, and/or utilized various methods to communicate solicitation (ex: letter, email, publication, posting and/or website)</i>		
Selected Work Items Documentation	All work items are broken out into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation. <i>Such as: Selected work items are <u>specific</u> to each proposal and clearly identified in all solicitation(s)</i>		
Documentation of Project Information provided to Interested DBEs	Provide interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and any other contractual requirements in a timely manner to assist DBEs in response to solicitation. <i>Such as: Project information is clearly identified in all solicitation(s)</i>		
Documentation of Negotiation with Interested DBEs	Provide sufficient evidence demonstrating that good faith negotiations took place during the bid letting. <i>Such as: Documented attempts with DBEs or on behalf of DBEs to increase DBE participation</i>		
Documentation of Sound Reason for Rejecting DBEs	Provide sufficient evidence demonstrating that DBEs are rejected for sound reasons. <i>Such as: Detailed and thoughtful analysis that considers both the percentage and dollar difference when rejecting a DBE including past performance, relevant business experience and stability, safety record, business ethic and integrity, technical capacity, and other tangible factors.</i>		
Documentation of Assistance to Interested DBEs- bonding, credit, insurance, equipment, supplies/materials	Documented assistance in both solicitation(s) and outreach to DBEs.		
Documentation of Outreach to Minority, Women, and Community organizations and other DBE Business Development Support	Effectively use the services of minority, women, and community organizations as well as contractors' groups, local, state, and federal business assistance offices and organization that provide assistance in recruiting and supporting DBEs, as well participation in activities that support DBE business development. <i>Such as: Variety of activities that translate into meaningful DBE participation</i>		
Documentation of other GFE activities	<i>Such as: Used DT1202 Excel Workbook, Diversity & Inclusion company policy, Mentor-Protégé participant, awarded neutral DBE after bid submission, included company GFE overview/strategy information and/or company website highlights DBE opportunities and participation</i>		
Overall Demonstration of GFE			

GFE EVALUATION RATING LEGEND – PHASE 1 – Initial Review

Documentation provided by bidder is evaluated and rated on the rubric. Bidders should include activities characterized by the following types of effort:

ACTIVE & AGGRESSIVE: Demonstrated through engaged and assertive activity

QUALITY: Demonstrated through essential character of conscientious and serious activity

QUANTITY: Demonstrated through a measurable number of activities

SCOPE & INTENSITY: Demonstrated through a rigorous approach to an appropriate and purposeful range of activities

TIMING: Demonstrated through engagement efforts beyond simple solicitation, initiated early in the process

GFE EVALUATION – PHASE 2 – Team Review

GFE Team completes:

- Review of activities included on the rubric
- Review of the intent to award and sound reasoning submitted by Prime
- Bid analysis to confirm if any bid submitted met the DBE goal
- Review average of other bidders DBE goal achievement
- Team review of combined efforts documented in Phase 1 and 2 constitute final GFE determination

Rating Scale:

- **GFE Approval:**
Bona Fide = 6 or more categories color coded green.
Genuine effort characterized by sincere and earnest activities – “Solicitation” and “Sound Reasoning” must be green
- **GFE Approval:**
Sufficient = 5 or more categories color coded green or yellow
Adequate effort documented with a variety of quality activities – “Solicitation” and “Sound Reasoning” must be green or yellow
- **GFE Denial:**
Pro Forma efforts = 4 or less categories color coded green or yellow. Perfunctory effort characterized by routine or superficial activities

Green = Exceeds expectations

Yellow = Meets expectations

Red = Areas in need of attention and/or absence of documentation

See OBOEC Rubric Analysis Feedback

Excerpt from Appendix A to 49 CFR Part 26:

V. In determining whether a bidder has made good faith efforts, it is essential to scrutinize its documented efforts. At a minimum, you must review the performance of other bidders in meeting the contract goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the contract goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional efforts, the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal but meets or exceeds the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders, you may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made good faith efforts. As provided in §26.53(b)(2)(vi), you must also require the contractor to submit copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract to review whether DBE prices were substantially higher; and contact the DBEs listed

GFE RUBRIC ANALYSIS	
OBOEC DECISION	APPROVAL OR DENIAL
Prime Contractor	
Proposal	
Project	
Bid Letting	
DBE Goal Amount	
DBE Goal Amount Achieved	
Bid Analysis	
Goal %	Achieved %
Apparent Low Bidder	%
Bidder B	
Bidder C	
Average of OTHER Bidders (Not including Apparent Low Bidder)	
DBE Quotes Received	
DBE Quotes Awarded	
DBE Quote(s) Rejected	Rejected Quote Analysis
DBE Quote(s) Awarded	Awarded DBE Amount

Appendix E

Good Faith Effort Best Practices

This list is not a set of requirements; it is a list of potential strategies

Primes

- Prime contractor open houses inviting DBE firms to see the bid “war room” or providing technical assistance.
- Participate in speed networking and mosaic exercises as arranged by DBE office.
- Host information sessions not directly associated with a bid letting.
- Participate in a formal mentor protégé or joint venture with a DBE firm.
- Participate in WisDOT advisory committees i.e. TRANSAC, or Mega Project committee meetings.
- Facilitate a small group DBE ‘training session’ clarifying how your firm prepares for bid letting, evaluates subcontractors, preferred qualifications, and communication methods.
- Encourage subcontractors to solicit and highlight DBE participation in their quotes to you.
- Quality of communication, not quantity creates the best results. Contractors should be thorough in communicating with DBE firms before the bid and provide any assistance requested to assure best possible bid.

DBE

- DBE firms should contact primes as soon as possible with questions regarding their quotes or bid; seven days prior is optimal.
- Continually check for contract addendums on the HCCI website through the Thursday prior to letting to stay abreast of changes.
- Review the status of contracts on the HCCI website reviewing the ‘apparent low bidder’ list and bid tabs at a minimum.
- Prepare a portfolio or list of related projects and prime and supplier references; be sure to note transportation related projects of similar size and scope, firm expertise and staffing.
- Participate in DBE office assessment programs.
- Participate on advisory and mega-project committees.
- Sign up to receive the DBE Contracting Update.
- Consider membership in relevant industry or contractor organizations.
- Active participation is a must. Quote as many projects as you can reasonably work on; quoting the primes and bidding as a prime with the Department are the only ways to get work.

Appendix F

Good Faith Effort Evaluation Guidance

Appendix A of 49 CFR Part 26

I. When, as a recipient, you establish a contract goal on a DOT-assisted contract for procuring construction, equipment, services, or any other purpose, a bidder must, in order to be responsible and/or responsive, make sufficient good faith efforts to meet the goal. The bidder can meet this requirement in either of two ways. First, the bidder can meet the goal, documenting commitments for participation by DBE firms sufficient for this purpose. Second, even if it doesn't meet the goal, the bidder can document adequate good faith efforts. This means that the bidder must show that it took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve a DBE goal or other requirement of this part which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not fully successful.

II. In any situation in which you have established a contract goal, Part 26 requires you to use the good faith efforts mechanism of this part. As a recipient, you have the responsibility to make a fair and reasonable judgment whether a bidder that did not meet the goal made adequate good faith efforts. It is important for you to consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts that the bidder has made, based on the regulations and the guidance in this Appendix.

The efforts employed by the bidder should be those that one could reasonably expect a bidder to take if the bidder were actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the DBE contract goal. Mere pro forma efforts are not good faith efforts to meet the DBE contract requirements. We emphasize, however, that your determination concerning the sufficiency of the firm's good faith efforts is a judgment call. Determinations should not be made using quantitative formulas.

III. The Department also strongly cautions you against requiring that a bidder meet a contract goal (i.e., obtain a specified amount of DBE participation) in order to be awarded a contract, even though the bidder makes an adequate good faith efforts showing. This rule specifically prohibits you from ignoring bona fide good faith efforts.

IV. The following is a list of types of actions which you should consider as part of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain DBE participation. It is not intended to be a mandatory checklist, nor is it intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. Other factors or types of efforts may be relevant in appropriate cases.

A. (1) Conducting market research to identify small business contractors and suppliers and soliciting through all reasonable and available means the interest of all certified DBEs that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. This may include attendance at pre-bid and business matchmaking meetings and events, advertising and/or written notices, posting of Notices of Sources Sought and/or Requests for Proposals, written notices or emails to all DBEs listed in the State's directory of transportation firms that specialize in the areas of work desired (as noted in the DBE directory) and which are located in the area or surrounding areas of the project.

(2) The bidder should solicit this interest as early in the acquisition process as practicable to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation and submit a timely offer for the subcontract. The bidder should determine with certainty if the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

B. Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units (for example, smaller tasks or quantities) to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces. This may include, where possible, establishing flexible timeframes for performance and delivery schedules in a manner that encourages and facilitates DBE participation.

C. Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation with their offer for the subcontract.

D. (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional Agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the work.

(2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Prime contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

E. (1) Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The contractor's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the contractor's efforts to meet the project goal. Another practice considered an insufficient good faith effort is the rejection of the DBE because its quotation for the work was not the lowest received. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require the bidder or prime contractor to accept unreasonable quotes in order to satisfy contract goals.

(2) A prime contractor's inability to find a replacement DBE at the original price is not alone sufficient to support a finding that good faith efforts have been made to replace the original DBE. The fact that the contractor has the ability and/or desire to perform the contract work with its own forces does not relieve the contractor of the obligation to make good faith efforts to find a replacement DBE, and it is not a sound basis for rejecting a prospective replacement DBE's reasonable quote.

F. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or contractor.

G. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.

H. Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, State, and Federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.

V. In determining whether a bidder has made good faith efforts, it is essential to scrutinize its documented efforts. At a minimum, you must review the performance of other bidders in meeting the contract goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the contract goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional efforts, the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but meets or exceeds the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders, you may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made good faith efforts. As provided in §26.53(b)(2)(vi), you must also require the contractor to submit copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract to review whether DBE prices were substantially higher; and contact the DBEs listed on a contractor's solicitation to inquire as to whether they were contacted by the prime. Pro forma mailings to DBEs requesting bids are not alone sufficient to satisfy good faith efforts under the rule.

VI. A promise to use DBEs after contract award is not considered to be responsive to the contract solicitation or to constitute good faith efforts.

[79 FR 59600, Oct. 2, 2014]

Appendix G
(SAMPLE) Forms DT1506 and DT1202

COMMITMENT TO SUBCONTRACT TO DBE

Clear

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

DT1506 12/2021 s.84.06(2) Wis. Stats.

☐ Non-Traditional Project

Project ID:

Proposal #

Prime Contractor:

County:

This contract requires that a specified percentage of the work be subcontracted to a disadvantaged business enterprise and that this information be submitted as described in ASP-3. The submittal of this form with the bid proposal constitutes your DBE commitment. Include Attachment A for DBEs included on commitment.

Letting Date:

Total \$ Value of

Prime Contract:

DBE Contract Goal:

%

DBE Goal Achieved:

0.00 %

This form must be completed and returned for this proposal. See page 2 for instructions.

Government Use Only Approved Amounts		
A =	\$	%
V =	\$	%
Total =	\$	%

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Good faith effort approved: Yes ☐ No ☐

Prime Representative Signature & Date

DBE Office Signature & Date Approved

**COMMITMENT TO SUBCONTRACT TO DBE
ATTACHMENT A**

CONFIRMATION OF PARTICIPATION

Project I.D.:	Proposal Number:
Letting Date:	

Name of DBE Firm Participating in this Contract:	
Name of the Prime/Subcontractor who hired the DBE Firm: <i>(list all names of tiers if more than one)</i>	
Type of Work or Type of Material Supplied:	
Total Subcontract Value:	Total DBE Credit Value:

FOR PRIME CONTRACTORS ONLY: I certify that I made arrangements with the participating DBE firm to perform the type of work listed or supply the material indicated above for the subcontract value listed above.	Prime Contractor Representative's Signature
	Prime Contractor Representative's Name (Print Name)
	Prime Contractor (Print Company Name)
	Date

FOR PARTICIPATING DBE FIRMS ONLY: I certify that I made arrangements with the Prime Contractor or the Hiring Contractor to perform the type of work or supply the material indicated above for the subcontract value listed above. FOR DBE TRUCKING FIRMS ONLY: I certify that I will utilize, for DBE credit, only trucks listed on my WisDOT approved Schedule of Owned/Leased Vehicles for DBE Credit form and I will be utilizing the number of trucks as listed below.	Participating DBE Firm Representative's Signature	Date
	Participating DBE Firm Representative's Name (Print Name)	
	Participating DBE Firm (Print Company Name)	
	DBE Firm's Address:	

# Owned Trucks	# Leased Trucks	# DBE-Owned Leased Trucks	# Non-DBE-Owned Leased Trucks

☐ Off site Hauling

**DOCUMENTATION OF GOOD FAITH EFFORT**Wisconsin Department of Transportation
DT1202 3/2/20

Project ID XXXX	Proposal No. XXXX	Letting XXXX
Prime Contractor XXXX	County XXXX	
Person Submitting Document XXXX	Telephone Number XXXX	
Address XXXX	Email Address XXXX	

All bidders must undertake necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the assigned DBE contract goal per federal regulatory guidance at 49 CFR Part 26. Bidders use this form to document all efforts employed to meet the assigned goal as a record of contractor good faith efforts (GFE). Refer to ASP3 or 49 CFR Part 26 for guidance on actions that demonstrate good faith effort.

It is critical to list all efforts, attach documentation, and follow the instructions to complete this submission. Documentation of good faith effort includes copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder for the same line items. Utilize the sample documentation logs to document and organize efforts.

Submit good faith effort documentation per ASP-3 guidelines.

Instructions: Provide a narrative description of all activities pursued to demonstrate good faith efforts, any corresponding documentation, and applicable explanation on separate pages. Include the following items organized in the order listed below.

1. Solicitation Documentation:

- a. **Purpose:** To identify all reasonable and available activities the bidder performed to solicit the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capacity and ability to perform work on the project. All solicitation efforts should begin as early as possible to ensure DBEs have ample time to respond and ask questions.
- b. **Action:** Identify and list all activities engaged in to solicit DBEs using all reasonable and available means such as written notice and follow-up communications, substantive conversations, pre-bid meetings, networking events, market research, advertising.

2. Selected Work Items Documentation:

- a. **Purpose:** To ensure that all work items are broken out into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation. This must occur even when you prefer to perform the work yourself.
- b. **Action:** Identify economically feasible work units to be performed by DBEs to include activities such as: list of work items to be performed; breaking up of large work items into smaller tasks or quantities; flexible time frames for performance and delivery schedules.

3. Documentation of Project Information provided to Interested DBEs:

- a. **Purpose:** To provide interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and any other contractual requirements in a timely manner to assist DBEs in response to solicitation.
- b. **Action:** Provide DBEs access to plans, specifications, and other contract requirements. Early solicitation allows ample opportunity to provide project information, links to Let advertisements, and substantive engagement with DBEs.

4.→ Documentation of Negotiation with Interested DBEs:

a.→ Purpose: To ensure that negotiations with interested DBEs were made in good faith providing evidence as to why agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform work.

b.→ Action: Provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate that good faith negotiations took place. Merely sending out solicitations requesting bids from DBEs does not constitute sufficient good faith efforts. A bidder using good business judgment considers a number of factors in negotiating with all subcontractors, and the firm's price and capabilities in addition to contract goals are taken into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for failing to meet the DBE goal as long as costs are reasonable. (see 49 CFR Part 26 Appendix A)

5.→ Documentation of Sound Reason for Rejecting DBEs:

a.→ Purpose: To ensure that bidders avoid rejecting DBEs as unqualified without sound reasons. Reasons for rejection must be based on thorough investigation of DBE capabilities.

b.→ Action: Provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate that DBE was rejected for sound reasons such as past performance, relevant business experience and stability, safety record, business ethic and integrity, technical capacity, other tangible factors.

6.→ Documentation of Assistance to Interested DBEs--Bonding, Credit, Insurance, Equipment, Supplies/Materials:

a.→ Purpose: To assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonds, lines of credit, insurance, equipment, supplies, materials, and other assistance or services.

b.→ Action: Assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit or insurance, and provide technical assistance or information related to plans, specifications, and project requirements. Assist DBEs in obtaining equipment, supplies, materials or other services related to meeting project requirements (excluding supplies or equipment the DBE purchases from the prime).

7.→ Documentation of outreach to Minority, Women, and Community Organizations and other DBE Business Development Support:

a.→ Purpose: To effectively use the services of minority, women, and community organizations as well as contractors' groups, local, state, and federal business assistance offices and organization that provide assistance in recruiting and supporting DBEs, as well as participation in activities that support DBE business development.

b.→ Action: Contact organizations and agencies for assistance in contacting, recruiting, and providing support to DBE subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, and truckers at least 14 days before bid opening. Participate in or host activities such as networking events, mentor-protégé programs, small business development workshops, and others consistent with DBE support.

Return to:
 Wisconsin Department of Transportation
 DBE Program Office
 PO Box 7965
 Madison, WI 53707-7965
 DBE_Alert@dot.wi.gov

I certify that I have utilized comprehensive good faith efforts to solicit and utilize DBE firms to meet the DBE participation requirements of this contract proposal, as demonstrated by my responses and as specified in Additional Special Provision 3 (ASP-3).

I certify that the information given in the Documentation of Good Faith Efforts is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

I further understand that any willful falsification, fraudulent statement, or misrepresentation will result in appropriate sanctions, which may involve debarment and/or prosecution under applicable state (Trans 504) and Federal laws.

		(Bidder/Authorized Representative Signature)

		(Print Name)

		(Title)

Good Faith Effort--Sample Documentation Logs

The sample logs below are provided as guides rather than exhaustive list. See ASP3, Appendix A for additional examples of demonstrable good faith efforts. Attach documentation for each activity listed.

Acceptable forms of documentation include copies of solicitations sent to DBEs, notes from substantive conversations and negotiations with DBEs, copies of advertisements placed, email communications, all quotes received from DBEs and from all subcontractors who were considered alongside DBE quotes, proof of attendance at applicable networking events; flyers for events or workshops for DBEs offered by the prime, and other physical records of good faith efforts activities.

SOLICITATION LOG

Date	Activity	Name of DBE Solicited	Follow-up
4/1/2020	Sent May-Let solicitation	Winterland Electric	Spoke with Mark Winterland on 4/15/20 to ask if he would quote.

SELECTED WORK ITEMS SOLICITED LOG

Work Type	DBE Firm	Contact Person	Date	Contact Mode
Pavement Marking	ABC Marking	Leslie Lynch	4/1/2020	Email; phone
	#1 Marking Co.	Mark Smart	4/1/2020	Email; left VM
Electrical	Winterland Electric	Tabitha Tinker	4/3/2020	Email, left VM
	Superstar Wiring	Jose Huascar	4/3/2020	Email; phone

INFORMATION PROVIDED LOG

Request Date	DBE Firm	Information Requested & Provided	Response Date
4/1/2020	Winterland Electric	Requested info on electrical requirements; provided plan and link to specs	4/3/2020
4/21/2020	Absolute Construction	Wanted to know how and when supplies are paid for by WisDOT; referred to spec that covers stockpiling	4/21/2020

NEGOTIATIONS LOG

Date	DBE Firm	Contact Name	Work Type	Quotes Rec'd?	Considered for project?	If not selected, why?
4/12/2020	ABC Landscape	John Dean	Erosion Control	Yes	No	Cannot perform all items
4/17/2020	Wild Ferns	Sandy Lynn	Erosion Control	Yes	Yes	
4/20/2020	#1 Marking	Mark Smart	Electrical	Yes	Yes	

ASSISTANCE LOG

Date	DBE Firm	Contact Person	Assistance Provided
4/1/2020	ABC Sawing	Jackie Swiggle	Informed DBE on how to obtain bonding
4/17/2020	Supreme Construction	Winston Walters	Provided contact for wholesale supply purchase

OUTREACH & BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT LOG

Date	Agency/Organization Contacted	Contact Person	Assistance Requested
4/1/2020	Women in Construction	LaTonya Klein	Contact information for woman-owned suppliers
4/28/2020	WBIC	Sam Smith	Asked for information to provide to DBE regarding financing programs through WBIC

Official Form DT1202 can be found here: <https://wisconsindot.gov/pages/global-footer/formdocs/default.aspx>

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 4

This special provision does not limit the right of the department, prime contractor, or subcontractors at any tier to withhold payment for work not acceptably completed or work subject to an unresolved contract dispute.

Payment to First-Tier Subcontractors

Within 10 calendar days of receiving a progress payment for work completed by a subcontractor, pay the subcontractor for that work. The prime contractor may withhold payment to a subcontractor if, within 10 calendar days of receipt of that progress payment, the prime contractor provides written notification to the subcontractor and the department documenting "just cause" for withholding payment.

The prime contractor is not allowed to withhold retainage from payments due subcontractors.

Payment to Lower-Tier Subcontractors

Ensure that subcontracting agreements at all tiers provide prompt payment rights to lower-tier subcontractors that parallel those granted first-tier subcontractors in this provision.

Acceptance and Final Payment

Within 30 calendar days of receiving the semi-final estimate from the department, submit written certification that subcontractors at all tiers are paid in full for acceptably completed work.

Additional Special Provision 6 (ASP-6)
Modifications to the standard specifications

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Additional Special Provision 6 (ASP-6)
Modifications to the standard specifications

Make the following revisions to the standard specifications.

104 Scope of Work

104.2.2 Issuing Change Orders

Replace subsection 104.2.2 with the following and rearrange to add a 104.2.2.7 effective with the February 2026 letting.

104.2.2.1 Change Orders for Differing Site Conditions

- (1) During the progress of the work, if one or more of the following differing conditions are encountered at the site, the party discovering the condition must promptly notify the other party of the specific condition before further disturbing the site and before further performing the affected work.
 1. A subsurface or latent physical condition, differing materially from those indicated in the contract.
 2. An unknown physical condition of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work specified in the contract.
- (2) If the contractor discovers the differing condition, the contractor shall provide oral notification as specified in 104.3.2, of the specific differing condition before further disturbing the site and before further performing the affected work.
- (3) The project engineer will investigate the conditions. If the project engineer determines the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost, time, or both, required to perform the work under the contract, the project engineer will adjust the contract price, time, or both, and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The project engineer will respond to the contractor as to whether or not an adjustment is warranted. The project engineer will follow the contractor notification procedures specified in 104.3.
- (4) The department will not allow a contract adjustment unless the contractor has provided the required notice as specified in 104.3.

104.2.2.2 Change Orders for Engineer-Ordered Suspensions

- (1) If the project engineer suspends or delays the performance of all or any portion of the work in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary, or inherent to the construction industry) and the contractor believes that additional payment, contract time, or both, is due because of the suspension or delay, the contractor shall notify the engineer as specified in 104.3.
- (2) The project engineer will evaluate the contractor's request. If the project engineer agrees that the cost, time, or both, required for the performance of the contract has increased due to the suspension or delay and the suspension or delay was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the contractor, its suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the project engineer will make an adjustment and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The project engineer will respond to the contractor as to whether or not an adjustment is warranted as specified in 104.3.6.
- (3) The project engineer will not consider a contract adjustment unless the contractor submits the request for adjustment within the time specified above.
- (4) The project engineer will not consider a contract adjustment under this clause to the extent that the performance would have been suspended by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

104.2.2.3 Change Orders for Altered Work

- (1) If original contract work is altered from what is included in the contract, the department will adjust the contract if the character of the work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original contract.
- (2) Before performing altered work, reach agreement with the project engineer for any price adjustments as specified in 109.4. If the project engineer does not agree that the work has significantly changed and a price adjustment is justified, follow the notification procedures as specified in 104.3.
- (3) If the alterations do not significantly change the character of the work under the contract, the department will not adjust the contract.

104.2.2.4 Change Orders for Quantity Variations

- (1) If all original contract work for a bid item is completed as required in the contract, and the measured quantity for that bid item varies from the contract quantity, the department will adjust the contract if the department or contractor demonstrates that the quantity variation affects the contractor's unit cost to perform the work and

meets one of the criteria below. If the quantity variation does not significantly change the character of the work under the contract, the department will pay for the work at the contract price.

1. The quantity of a major bid item, as defined in 101.3, is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original contract quantity. Any allowance for an increase in quantity applies only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of the original contract bid item quantity, or in case of a decrease below 75 percent, to the work actually performed.
2. The quantity of a minor bid item is increased to become a major bid item. An adjustment in the contract unit price for that bid item applies only to the quantity of that bid item having a contract value as follows:
 - Original Contract < \$8M: In excess of 6.25 percent of the original contract.
 - Original Contract >= \$8M: In excess of \$500,000.
3. The quantity of a minor bid item that is part of an approved subcontract and that exceeds 10 percent of the original value of that subcontract is decreased more than 50 percent from the original contract quantity for that bid item. Either party to the contract may submit a request for a revision to the contract unit price for that bid item. The department's total payment for the final reduced quantity will not exceed 75 percent of the original contract quantity at the contract price.
4. The quantity of a minor bid item that is part of an approved subcontract and that exceeds 10 percent of the original value of that subcontract is increased more than 50 percent from the original contract quantity for that bid item and which as increased does not qualify for adjustment as a major bid item. Either party to the contract may submit a request to the other for a revision of the contract unit price for that quantity of the bid item that is in excess of 125 percent of the original contract quantity.

104.2.2.5 Change Orders for Extra Work

- (1) The department has the right to direct extra work not required in the original contract, as defined in 101.3.
- (2) The engineer will determine payment for extra work as specified in 109.4.

104.2.2.6 Change Orders for Eliminated Work

- (1) The department has the right to partially eliminate or completely eliminate work the project engineer finds to be unnecessary for the project. If the project engineer partially eliminates or completely eliminates work, the project engineer will issue a change order for a fair and equitable amount as specified in 109.5.

104.2.2.7 Change Orders for Revisions to Contract Time

- (1) The department will issue a change order to revise the contract time as specified in 108.10.

104.6 Roadway Maintenance and Traffic Control

104.6.1.2.3 Drop-Off Protection

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Eliminate vertical drop-offs greater than 2 inches and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 between adjacent lanes open to traffic.
- (2) If the roadway remains open to through traffic during construction and a greater than 2-inch drop-off occurs within 3 feet or less from the edge of the traveled way, eliminate the drop-off within 48 hours after completing that day's work. Provide aggregate shoulder material compacted to a temporary 3:1 or flatter cross slope from the surface of the pavement edge.
- (3) Unless the engineer allows otherwise address drop-offs when they exist greater than 3 and less than 8 feet from the travelled way as follows:
 - Delineate vertical drop-offs 2 inches or greater and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 with drums, barricades, and signs, by the end of the workday.
 - Eliminate vertical drop-offs 2 inches or greater and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 within 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.
 - Eliminate or use temporary concrete barrier to protect vertical drop-offs 4-inches or greater after 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.
- (4) If a 4-inch or greater vertical drop-off or an edge slope steeper than 3:1 exists greater than 8 and less than 15 feet from the traveled way, delineate that drop-off or edge slope with drums, barricades, and signs by the end of the workday.
- (5) If a 12-inch or greater vertical drop-off exists greater than 8 and less than 15 feet from a traveled way with a posted speed limit of 55 mph or greater, eliminate or use temporary concrete barrier to protect that drop-off within 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.

104.6.1.2.4 Hazard Protection on Roads Open to All Traffic

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) On roads open to all traffic; conform to the following construction clear zone requirements:

- Posted speeds 45 mph or less: within 8 feet of the travelled way.
 - Posted speeds from 45 mph to 55 mph inclusive: within 10 feet of the travelled way.
 - Posted speeds above 55 mph: within 15 feet of the travelled way.
- (2) Remove all construction debris, stored materials, and equipment not in use from the construction clear zone; or if the engineer allows, delineate and shield with concrete barrier.
- (3) Delay removal of existing permanent roadside safety devices until necessary. When located within the construction clear zone and not shielded by concrete barrier, use temporary traffic control drums to delineate bridge abutments, concrete barrier blunt ends, sign bridge foundations, drainage structures, and slopes exposed by removing permanent protective measures.
- For exposed bridge abutments, concrete barrier blunt ends, sign bridge foundations, and drainage structures, eliminate the need for delineation within 5 calendar days.
 - For exposed slopes steeper than 3:1, eliminate the need for delineation within 14 calendar days, or duration approved by the engineer.

105 Control of the Work

105.13 Claims Process for Unresolved Changes

Replace subsection with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

105.13.3 Submission of Claim

- (1) Submit the claim to the project engineer as promptly as possible following the submission of the Notice of Claim. If the contractor does not submit the claim prior to the earlier of the following dates, the department will deny the claim:
1. 120 calendar days from the date of the Notice of Claim.
 2. The end of the time allowed under 109.7 for the contractor to respond in writing to the engineer issued semi-final estimate.
- (2) The department will not accept the submission of a claim until the resolution process in 104.3 has been completed and the contractor makes no further requests to submit updated information that may affect the region's final decision.

107 Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public

Add section 107.27 (Drones or Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)) effective with the November 2024 letting.

107.27 Drones or Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)

107.27.1 Licensing and Compliance

Add paragraph 107.27.1(5) to the information included with the November 2024 ASP-6, effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) Obtain and possess the necessary Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) licenses and certifications to operate drones commercially (<https://www.faa.gov/uas>).
- (2) Comply with all FAA regulations, airspace restrictions, and local laws. Operators of small drones that are less than 55 pounds for work or business must follow all requirements as listed in Title 14, Chapter 1, Subchapter F, Part 107 of the Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) and obtain a remote pilot certificate (https://www.faa.gov/uas/commercial_operators).
- (3) Comply with Wisconsin State Statute 942.10. Limit operations to the specific approved purpose and employ reasonable precautions to avoid capturing images of the public except those that are incidental to the project.
- (4) Provide copies of waivers required for specific project conditions to the engineer prior to any flight.
- (5) UAS and UAS components are required to be compliant with federal guidelines outlined in the American Security Drone Act of 2023 (ASDA) and the OMB memorandum M-26-02.

107.27.2 Flight Approval, Safety, and Incident Reporting

- (1) Submit information in 107.27.2(2) to obtain written drone flight approval from the engineer at least 3 business days prior to operating a drone within the right-of-way. Do not operate a drone within the right-of-way unless approved by the engineer.
- (2) Drone flight application for review and approval must include:
- UAS pilot information and qualifications, images of certification
 - UAS drone information and FAA tail numbers
 - Max/ Min allowable flight parameters (weather)
 - Specifics of flight mission: capture scope

-
- Estimated flight duration
 - Pre-flight checklist
 - Site-specific parameters
 - Notification protocols - Federal/Local/Agency/Owner/Responsible in Charge
 - Confirmation and verification of approved operators and hardware
 - Flight plan map diagram (including launch and landing location)
 - FAA-Airspace flight map classification and confirmation with graphics
 - UAS incident management protocol
- (3) If contractor is requesting multiple types of the same flight, a simplified request can be submitted listing weekly flight plan.
- (4) Safety measures must include but are not limited to:
- Regular training and updates on drone regulations are required and must be provided upon request.
 - Drones must be operated in accordance with safety guidelines, including maintaining a safe distance from people, structures, vehicles, etc.
 - Conduct a pre-flight safety assessment, considering weather conditions, airspace restrictions, and potential hazards.
 - Emergency procedures (e.g., drone malfunction, loss of control) must be documented and followed.
 - All incidents must be reported to the engineer.
- (5) If the drone has an incident during flight, report the following to the engineer:
- Incident background and details.
 - FAA (14 CFR 107.9) and NTSB (49 CFR 870) notification protocol.
 - Contractor internal notification protocol.

107.27.3 Insurance Requirements

- (1) Maintain drone liability insurance with the following limits.
1. For drones weighing 10 pounds or less, a liability policy with a minimum limit of \$1,000,000.00 is required.
 2. For drones weighing more than 10 pounds and less than or equal to 20 pounds, a liability policy with a minimum limit of \$2,000,000.00 is required.
 3. For drones weighing more than 20 pounds, notify engineer and department will determine appropriate liability policy coverage levels based on size, use, location, and other risk factors.

305 Dense Graded Base

305.3.3.3 Shoulders Adjacent to Asphaltic Pavement or Surfacing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) If the roadway is closed to through traffic during construction, construct the aggregate shoulders before opening the road.
- (2) If the roadway remains open to through traffic during construction, conform as specified in 104.6.1.2.3.
- (3) Provide and maintain signing and other traffic protection and control devices, as specified in 643, until completing shoulder construction to the required cross-section and flush with the asphaltic pavement or surfacing.

310 Open-Graded Base**310.2 Materials**

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (2) The contractor may substitute material conforming to the gradation requirements for crushed aggregate specified in table 310-01 if that material conforms to the fracture requirements for open-graded crushed gravel specified in 301.2.4.5.

TABLE 310-01 COARSE AGGREGATE (% passing by weight)**AASHTO No. 67 ^[1]**

SIEVE	COARSE AGGREGATE (% PASSING by WEIGHT) AASHTO No. 67
2-inch	-
1 1/2-inch	-
1-inch	100
3/4-inch	90 - 100
1/2-inch	-
3/8-inch	20 - 55
No. 4	0 - 10
No. 8	0 - 5
No. 16	-
No. 30	-
No. 50	-
No. 100	-
No. 200	-

^[1] Size according to AASHTO M43.

415 Concrete Pavement**415.3.16.4.1.2 Magnetic Pulse Induction**

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) The department will measure thickness within 10 business days of paving. Upon completion of the project thickness testing, the department will provide the test results to the contractor within 5 business days.
- (2) The department will establish a project reference plate at the start of each paving stage. The department will notify the contractor of project reference plate locations before testing. The department will measure the project reference plate before each day of testing.
- (3) If the random plate test result falls within 80 to 50 percent pay range specified in 415.5.2, the department will measure the second plate in that unit. The department will notify the contractor immediately if the average of the 6 readings fall within the 80 to 50 percent pay range.
- (4) If an individual random plate test result is more than 1 inch thinner than contract plan thickness, the pavement is unacceptable. Department will determine limits of unacceptable pavement by performing the following:
 - The engineer will test each consecutive plate stationed ahead and behind until the thickness test result is plan thickness or greater.
 - The engineer will direct the contractor to core the hardened concrete to determine the extent of the unacceptable area. In each direction, the contractor shall take cores at points approximately 20 feet from the furthest out of specification plate towards the plate that is plan thickness of greater. Once a core is within 80 to 100 percent pay range, the coring is complete and the limits of unacceptable pavement extend from the stationing between the core test results of 80 to 100 percent payment, inclusive of all unacceptable core and plate test results.
 - Perform coring according to WTM T24. The department will evaluate the results according to AASHTO T148
 - Fill core holes with concrete or mortar.

416 Concrete Pavement - Repair and Replacement**416.2 Materials****416.2.1 General**

Replace paragraph (3) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (3) The contractor may use accelerating admixtures for concrete placed under SHES bid items as follows:
1. If using calcium chloride,
 - AASHTO M144, type S as grade N1 or grade N2, class A.
 - AASHTO M144, type L in a concentration of approximately 30 percent for premixed solutions.
 2. If using non-chloride accelerators, conform to:
 - AASHTO M194, type C accelerating admixtures.
 3. Do not exceed the manufacturer's recommended maximum dosage.
 4. If the engineer requests, provide a written copy of the manufacturer's dosage recommendations.

416.2.4 Special High Early Strength Concrete Pavement Repair and Replacement**416.2.4.1 Composition and Proportioning of Concrete**

Add paragraph (4) to subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (4) The contractor may use pre-packaged horizontal rapid set concrete patch material from the APL for partial and full-depth pavement repairs instead of specified grades of concrete.

506 Steel Bridges**506.3.12.3 High-Strength Bolts****506.3.12.3.1 Materials**

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Install bolts according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications, article 11.5.5, with the following exceptions:
1. If connections are assembled, install bolts with a hardened washer under the nut or bolt head, whichever is the element turned in tightening.
 2. If using oversized holes, 2 hardened washers are required, one under the bolt head and one under the nut.
 3. Bring the bolted parts into solid contact bearing before final tightening. Use not less than 25 percent of the total number of bolts in a joint to serve as fitting up bolts.
 4. For steel diaphragms on prestressed concrete bridges do the following:
 - 4.1. For steel-to-steel connections within diaphragms:
 - Tension by the turn-of-nut method.
 - 4.2. For steel-to-concrete girder connections:
 - No PIV or field rotational capacity (RoCAP) testing is required.
 - Tighten as the plan details specify.
- (2) Before fasteners are delivered to the site, provide documentation of rotational capacity testing in accordance with ASTM F3125, Annex A2, Rotational Capacity (RoCap) Test. The fasteners must be received in packages that match the fastener assembly combination as tested. If documentation of RoCap testing is not received; then perform this testing in the field prior to installation.
- (3) Install bolt, nut, and washer combinations from the same rotational-capacity lot.
- (4) Check galvanized nuts to verify that a visible dyed lubricant is on the threads and at least one bolt face.
- (5) Ensure that uncoated bolts are oily to the touch over their entire surface when delivered and installed.
- (6) Provide and use a Skidmore-Wilhelm Calibrator or an acceptable equivalent tension measuring device at each job site during erection. Perform pre-installation verification (PIV) testing in the field conforming to the procedures enumerated in department form DT2114 no earlier than 14 calendar days prior to permanent bolting. Submit 2 copies of form DT2114 to the engineer.
- (7) Prior to installation, ensure that the fastener condition has not changed due to accumulation of rust or dirt, weathering, mixture of tested assembly lots, or other reasons. If changes have occurred, including cleaning and re-lubricating of weathered bolts, the engineer will require re-qualification using RoCap testing in the field, for a minimum of two fastener assemblies of each combination to be used in permanent bolting, and PIV re-testing.

- (8) Additional RoCap or PIV tests are required whenever the condition of the fasteners or understanding of the bolting crew is in question by the Engineer. Do not allow permanent bolting until PIV testing is completed.
- (9) Tighten threaded bolts by the turn-of-nut method while holding the bolt head. Where clearance is an issue, the contractor may tighten the bolt head while holding the nut.
- (10) The contractor may use alternate tightening methods if the engineer approves before use.
- (11) The contractor may use a flat washer if the surface adjacent to and abutting the bolt head or nut does not have a slope of more than 1:20 with respect to a plane normal to the bolt axis. For slopes greater than 1:20, use smooth, beveled washers to produce parallelism.
- (12) Snug all bolts during installation according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications, article 11.5.5.4.1.
- (13) Tighten each fastener to provide, if all fasteners in the joint are tight, at least the minimum bolt tension as follows:

TABLE 506-1 BOLT TENSION

BOLT SIZE	REQUIRED MINIMUM BOLT TENSION ^[1]
1/2-inch.....	12 kips
5/8-inch.....	19 kips
3/4-inch.....	28 kips
7/8-inch.....	39 kips
1-inch	51 kips
1 1/8-inch.....	64 kips
1 1/4-inch.....	81 kips
1 3/8-inch.....	97 kips
1 1/2-inch.....	118 kips

^[1] Equal to the proof load by the length measurement method as specified in ASTM F3125 for grade A35 bolts.

- (14) Do not reuse galvanized F3125 A325 bolts. The contractor may reuse uncoated F3125 A325 bolts, if the engineer approves, but not more than once. The department will not consider re-tightening previously tightened bolts that become loosened by the tightening of adjacent bolts as reuse.

506.3.19 Welding

Replace subsection title and text with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

506.3.19.4 Welding Inspection

- (1) Inspect welding according to the current edition of AWS D1.5. Unless specified otherwise, test butt welds in main members by either the radiographic or the ultrasonic method.
- (2) Test fillet welds and groove welds not covered otherwise in main members in a non-destructive manner by the magnetic particle method according to ASTM E709, utilizing the yoke method. This includes, but is not limited to, a minimum of 12 inches in every 10 feet or portion thereof of each weld connecting web to flange, bearing stiffener to web or flange, framing connection bar to web or flange, and longitudinal stiffener to web or vertical bar.

506.3.31 Cleaning of Surfaces

506.3.31.2 Coated Surfaces

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Blast clean structural steel and ferrous metal products to be coated as specified in 517.3.1.3.3.
- (2) Blast clean steel that will be encased in concrete to SSPC-SP 6 standards or cleaner.

506.3.32 Painting Metal

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Unless the contract provides otherwise, apply 3 coats of paint to structural steel and ferrous metal products. Furnish and apply paints according to the epoxy system or as specified in the special provisions. The requirements for this system are set forth in 517.
- (2) For structural steel, including weathering steel, and miscellaneous metals that will be encased in concrete, paint as specified in 517.3.1.
- (3) For galvanized surfaces paint as specified in 517.3.1.
- (4) Use the 3-coat epoxy system to paint the end 6 feet of structural weathering steel at the abutments, the 6 feet on each side of piers, joints, downspouts, hinges, and galvanized bearings in contact with weathering

steel. Use a coat of brown urethane matching AMS Standard 595A: AMS-STD 20059. Apply one coat of zinc-rich paint to surfaces of expansion joint assemblies and other surfaces not in contact with the weathering steel but inaccessible after assembly or erection.

- (5) Do not paint structural steel to be welded before completing welding. If welding only in the fabricating shop and subsequently erecting by bolting, coat it after completing shop welding. Apply one coat of weldable primer or other engineer-approved protective coating to steel surfaces to be field welded after completing shop welding and shop fabrication. Protect machine-finished surfaces that do not receive a paint or galvanizing from contamination during the cleaning and painting process.
- (6) Upon fabrication and acceptance, coat pins and pinholes with a plastic or other engineer-approved coating before removing from the shop.
- (7) Mark members weighing 3 tons or more with their weights on areas that will be encased in concrete, or paint with a compatible paint on zinc-rich primer, or mark with soapstone on an epoxy-coated surface. Wait until material is dry, inspected, and approved for shipment before loading for shipment.

509 Concrete Overlay and Structure Repair

509.2 Materials

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Furnish a neat cement bonding grout. Mix the neat cement in a water-cement ratio approximately equal to 5 gallons of water per 94 pounds of cement. Pre-packaged non-shrink grout from the APL may be used instead of site mixed or ready mixed grout.
- (2) Furnish grade E conforming to 501 for overlays.
- (3) Furnish grade C or E concrete conforming to 501 for surface repairs. The contractor may increase the slump for grade E concrete to a maximum of 4 inches. For vertical and overhead repairs, use pre-packaged vertical and overhead repair material from the APL unless a different material is approved by the engineer in writing.
- (4) Furnish grade C or E concrete conforming to 501 for joint repairs, curb repairs, and full-depth deck repairs; except as follows:
 1. The contractor may increase slump of grade E concrete to 3 inches.
 2. The contractor may use ready-mixed concrete.
- (5) Provide QMP for class II ancillary concrete as specified in 716 if using concrete mixtures conforming to 501.

513 Railing

513.2.3 Steel Railing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Furnish steel railing components as follows:

Structural steel	506.2.2
High strength bolts	506.2.5
Steel guardrail	614.2
Round structural steel tubing for steel pipe railing	ASTM A500 grade B
Structural steel tubing used with other steel railings	ASTM A500 grade B or C
- (2) Furnish a two-coat paint system from the APL for structure painting systems under paint - galvanized surfaces.

517 Paint and Painting

517.3.1.3.3 Blast Cleaning

517.3.1.3.3.2 Epoxy Coating System

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Blast clean structural steel receiving this coating to a near-white finish according to SSPC-SP 10.
- (2) Solvent clean oil and grease on surfaces receiving this coating according to SSPC-SP 1 and blast clean to a near-white finish according to SSPC-SP 10.
- (3) Remove fins, tears, slivers, and burred or sharp edges present on any steel member, or that appears during blasting, by grinding then re-blast the area to a one to 2 mils surface shape.

-
- (4) If using abrasives for blast cleaning, use either clean dry sand, steel shot, mineral grit, or manufactured grit of a gradation that produces a uniform one to 2 mils profile as measured with a department-approved impregnated surface profile tape.
 - (5) Remove abrasive and paint residue from steel surfaces with a commercial grade vacuum cleaner equipped with a brush-type cleaning tool, or by double blowing. If using the double blowing method, vacuum the top surfaces of structural steel, including top and bottom flanges; longitudinal stiffeners, splice plates, and hangers after completing the double blowing operations. Ensure that the steel is dust free when applying primer. Apply the primer within 8 hours after blast cleaning.
 - (6) Protect freshly coated surfaces from later blast cleaning operations. Brush any blast damaged primed surfaces with a non-rusting tool, or if visible rust occurs, re-blast to a near white condition. Clean the brushed or blast cleaned surfaces and re-prime within the manufacturer's recommended time.
 - (7) When coating galvanized surfaces, ensure tie-coat adhesion by brush blasting the cleaned surface according to SSPC-SP7 to create a slight angular surface profile according to manufacturer's recommendations of 1 mil to 1.5 mils. Blasting must not fracture the galvanized finish or remove dry film thickness. For the tie- and top-coat, furnish an epoxy coating system from the APL for paint systems for galvanized surfaces.

517.3.1.3.5 Galvanizing

Add subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) After fabrication, blast clean assemblies per SSPC-SP6 and galvanize according to ASTM A123.
-

526 Temporary Structures

526.3.4 Construction, Backfilling, Inspection and Maintenance

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Construct temporary structures conforming to 500. Backfill conforming to 206.3.13 with structure backfill conforming to 210.2.
- (2) Temporary highway bridges open to traffic less than or equal to 24 months: inspect temporary bridges conforming to the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) and the department's Structure Inspection Manual (SIM) before opening to traffic. Perform additional inspections, as the department's SIM requires, based on structure type, condition, and time in service. Submit inspection reports on department form DT2007 to the engineer and electronic copies to the BOS Maintenance Section. Ensure that a department-certified qualified team leader performs the inspections.
- (3) Temporary highway bridges open to traffic greater than 24 months: complete additional inspections and inventory data collection per the NBIS and SIM within 27 months of the bridge being opened to traffic. Contact the Bureau of Structures to have a structure number assigned. Enter the inventory data and element level bridge inspection data in accordance with the SIM into WisDOT's Highway Structures Information System (HSIS) within 90 days of completing the field portion of the inspection. Continue to complete required inspections and data submittal at intervals according to the requirements of the NBIS and SIM.
- (4) Maintain temporary structures and approaches in place until no longer needed. Unless the engineer directs otherwise, completely remove and dispose of as specified in 203.3.5; do not place on the finished surface.

526.5 Payment

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (2) Payment for the Temporary Structure bid items is full compensation for providing a temporary structure including design and construction; for construction staking; for temporary shoring and other secondary structure items; for backfilling with structure backfill; for maintaining; and for removing when no longer needed. The department will pay 70 percent of the contract amount when open to traffic and the balance after structure removal and associated site restoration.
-

550 Driven Piles

550.3.9 Pre-Boring

550.3.9.1 General

Add paragraph (2) effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) Pre-bore holes to the depth the plans or special provisions require. Submit written requests for pre-boring not required under the contract to the engineer for review and approval. Do not impair the capacity of in-place piles or damage adjacent structures by pre-boring operations.

- (2) Contractor may elect to not perform pre-boring, subject to written approval from the engineer as specified in 104.2.1(2). If the contractor elects to not perform pre-boring and subsequently pre-boring is necessary at any point throughout the project, no additional time or compensation will be granted.

621 Landmark Reference Monuments

Remove Standard Specification 621 (Landmark Reference Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting. Refer to updated information in this ASP-6 for standard specifications 680 and 682.

643 Traffic Control

643.1 Description

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) This section describes providing, maintaining, repositioning, and removing temporary traffic control devices as follows:

Drums	Warning lights	42-inch cones
Barricades type III	Connected arrow boards	Portable changeable message signs
Flexible tubular markers	Signs	Channelizing curb system
Speed feedback trailers	Connected work zone start and end location markers	

643.2.2 Department's Approved Products List (APL)

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Furnish materials from the APL as follows:

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| - Drums | - Connected arrow boards |
| - Barricades type III | - Sign sheeting |
| - Flexible tubular marker posts including bases | - 42-inch cone assemblies |
| - Warning lights and attachment hardware | - Portable changeable message signs |
| - Channelizing curb systems | - Speed feedback trailers |
| - Connected work zone start and end location markers | |

643.3 Construction

643.3.1 General

Add paragraphs (10), (11), (12) and (13) effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (10) For connected devices provide a local specialist to respond to emergency situations within 2 hours of being notified. Equip local specialists with sufficient resources to correct deficiencies in the connected work zone devices.
- (11) Prior to deployment, test all connected devices with the engineer to ensure the device is showing in the WisDOT approved data feed. Send an email to DOTBTOworkzone@dot.wi.gov to notify BTO that the devices have been turned on.
- (12) Provide a WisDOT approved data feed from connected devices and the remote management software, updated at least every minute.
- (13) If requested by the engineer, provide real-time status change alerts to a list of designated personnel via text or email or both. Send an alert each time a connected device is switched between operating modes which include the current operating mode, the previous operating mode, the date and time of the mode switch, and the location (latitude and longitude) of the device at the time of the mode switch in the alert.

643.3.3 Connected Arrow Boards

Revise subsection title and add paragraphs (3) and (4) effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (3) The connected arrow board may be switched between the following pattern displays per the plan:
- Blank
 - Right arrow static
 - Right arrow flashing
 - Right arrow sequential
 - Left arrow static
 - Left arrow flashing
 - Left arrow sequential
 - Line flashing

- Bi-directional arrow flashing.

- (4) When the connected arrow board is not displaying a pattern, the display shall be blank, and the connected arrow board transmits its status to the data feed. When a connected arrow board is switched to a pattern, the connected arrow board transmits its location and its current operating mode to the data feed.

643.3.7 Temporary Pavement Marking

Add paragraph (9) effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (9) Install temporary markings on the final surface in the same location as permanent markings will be placed or as the plans show.

643.3.10 Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers

Add subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Place work zone start location marker at the beginning of the work zone per plan or as the engineer directs. Clearly label the work zone start location marker so that it is easily distinguishable by field personnel.
- (2) Place work zone end location marker at the end of the work zone per plan or as the engineer directs. Clearly label the work zone end location marker so that it is easily distinguishable by field personnel.
- (3) Ensure the connected work zone start and end location markers operate continuously when deployed on the project.
- (4) Ensure the work zone location markers and connected arrow board are from the same manufacturer.
- (5) When the work zone start and end location markers are switched to the ON mode, verify the begin and end location markers transmit their location and identity as begin or end markers to the data feed.
- (6) Switch the work zone start and end location markers to OFF mode when temporary traffic control is removed, and the normal traveled way is restored.

643.4 Measurement

643.4.1 Items Measured by the Day

Add paragraphs (3) and (4) effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (3) The department will measure Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards by day for the days the device is reporting correct data.
- (4) The department will measure Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers by day per roadway segment for the days the devices are reporting correct data.

643.5 Payment

643.5.1 General

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

<u>ITEM NUMBER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT</u>
643.0300	Traffic Control Drums	DAY
643.0420	Traffic Control Barricades Type III	DAY
643.0500	Traffic Control Flexible Tubular Marker Posts	EACH
643.0600	Traffic Control Flexible Tubular Marker Bases	EACH
643.0650	Traffic Control Channelizing Curb System	LF
643.0700 - 0799	Traffic Control Warning Lights (type)	DAY
643.0810	Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards	DAY
643.0900	Traffic Control Signs	DAY
643.0910	Traffic Control Covering Signs Type I	EACH
643.0920	Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II	EACH
643.1000	Traffic Control Signs Fixed Message	SF
643.1050	Traffic Control PCMS	DAY
643.1051	Traffic Control PCMS with TMC Communications	DAY
643.1070 - 1079	Traffic Control Cones (height)	DAY
643.1220	Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers	DAY
643.1500	Traffic Control Speed Feedback Trailer	DAY
643.3100 - 3299	Temporary Marking Line (material/type) (width)	LF
643.3300 - 3399	Temporary Marking Crosswalk (material) 6-Inch	LF
643.3500 - 3599	Temporary Marking Arrow (material)	EACH

643.3600 - 3699	Temporary Marking Word (material)	EACH
643.3700 - 3799	Temporary Marking Raised Pavement Marker (type)	EACH
643.3800 - 3899	Temporary Marking Stop Line (material) 18-Inch	LF
643.3900 - 3959	Temporary Marking Diagonal (material) 12-Inch	LF
643.3960 - 3999	Temporary Marking Removable Mask Out Tape (width)	LF
643.4100	Traffic Control Interim Lane Closure	EACH
643.5000	Traffic Control	EACH

646 Pavement Marking**646.3.1.1 General Marking**

Replace paragraph (7) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting. Add paragraph (8) effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (7) Apply marking to the width and color the bid item indicates. Distribute beads uniformly across the line. Provide a sharp cutoff for both sides and ends of the marking with a uniform cross-section. Achieve straight alignment, not to exceed a 3/8-inch variation in any 40-foot section of travelled way. Do not damage existing marking that will remain in place.
- (8) Apply both lines of the centerline marking simultaneously to ensure a consistent gap.

646.3.1.6 Proving Period**646.3.1.6.1 General**

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) The engineer may conduct post acceptance inspections periodically during a proving period to evaluate the physical presence of pavement marking and, for permanent markings, the retroreflectivity. The proving period begins on the last day of the week, for all marking placed within that week. The proving period extends through April 15 of the next calendar year or 180 days, whichever is longer. If weather or road surface conditions prevent the engineer from fully evaluating the marking at the end of the proving period, the engineer may extend the proving period.

646.3.1.6.2 Retroreflectivity

Replace paragraph (1), included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) For permanent markings, the engineer will also evaluate the percent failing retroreflectivity at the end of the proving period. Ensure that the 180-day reflectivity, in millicandelas/lux/m², meets or exceeds the following:

<u>MATERIAL</u>	<u>COLOR</u>	<u>180 DAY DRY RETROREFLECTIVITY</u>
Epoxy	White	150
	Yellow	100
Wet Reflective Epoxy	White	250
	Yellow	150
Permanent Tape	White	400
	Yellow	335

646.3.2.3.2 Wet Reflective Epoxy

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) Apply wet reflective epoxy binder in a grooved slot and provide a double drop bead system at the application rate specified in the APL.

646.3.2.4 Black Epoxy

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2024 letting.

- (1) Apply black epoxy in a grooved slot directly after the white marking. Apply epoxy at a wet mil thickness of 20. Apply black aggregate at or exceeding 25 pounds per gallon of epoxy. Do not apply glass beads to black epoxy.

646.3.3 Special Marking

Replace subsection with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) Fill in any breaks left from the stencil with the same material to ensure there are no gaps.

-
- (2) Under the Marking Railroad Crossings bid items, apply the RXR symbol and 3 transverse lines as the plans show.
 - (3) Under the Marking Curb bid items, mark the vertical face and the top of the curb.
 - (4) Under the Marking Aerial Enforcement Bars bid items, the department will locate the marking. Notify the engineer at least one week before marking so the State Patrol can provide exact locations.
-

650 Construction Staking

650.3.12 Supplemental Control Staking

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (2) Document and provide to the engineer complete descriptions and reference ties of the control points, alignment points, and benchmarks to allow for quick reestablishment of the plan data at any time during construction and upon project completion. Document additional control on department form DT1291 as described in CMM 710, table 710-1.
-

680 Public Land Survey Monuments

Add section 680 (Public Land Survey Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting.

680.1 Description

- (1) This section describes perpetuating US Public Land Survey System (USPLSS) monuments.

680.2 Materials

- (1) Furnish magnetic survey nails with center point a minimum of 2-1/2 inches long or engineer approved alternative.
- (2) Furnish minimum 3/4-inch reinforcement or 1 inch outside diameter (OD) iron pipe at least 24 inches long.
- (3) Furnish plastic survey marker cap with lettering that reads "Witness Monument".
- (4) Use alternative materials if requested and furnished by the county surveyor.

680.3 Construction

680.3.1 General

- (1) Perform work under the direction and control of a professional land surveyor registered in the state of Wisconsin, following Wisconsin Administrative Code A-E 7 (https://docs.legis.wisconsin.gov/code/admin_code/a_e/7).
- (2) Preserve existing USPLSS monuments and witness monuments (ties) within the construction limits in their original position until monuments are verified and sufficiently tied off.

680.3.2 Pre-Construction

- (1) Notify the county surveyor at least 30 days prior to start of construction operations about all USPLSS monuments within the construction limits that might be disturbed.
- (2) Obtain the existing USPLSS Monument Record from the county surveyor. Verify existing monuments and witness monuments are in place and undisturbed.
- (3) Replace witness monuments that are missing or that could be disturbed by construction operations. Locate new witness monuments near the USPLSS monument but outside the construction limits. Submit a monument record as specified in 680.3.5.
- (4) Temporarily mark the location of all witness monuments to protect them during construction.

680.3.3 Removals

- (1) Remove or abandon existing monument and monument cover that interfere with construction operations. Remove and dispose of surplus excavation and materials as specified in 205.3.12.

680.3.4 Post-Construction

- (1) Verify the location of monuments and witness monuments when construction operations are complete.
- (2) Set new monuments and witness monuments where necessary. Recess magnetic survey nails 1/4 inch below the pavement surface for monuments located in pavement. Use reinforcement or iron pipe for monuments not in pavement and for witness monuments. Locate new witness monuments near the USPLSS monument and outside the roadbed. Install plastic caps on witness monuments.
- (3) Install marker posts next to all witness monuments if required and supplied by the county surveyor.
- (4) Omit setting monuments in the pavement if approved by the department's regional survey coordinator and county surveyor due to traffic or safety concerns.

- (5) Submit a monument record as specified in 680.3.5.

680.3.5 Monument Records

- (1) Submit a monument record on department form DT1291 to the county surveyor at locations where monuments were set. Provide a copy to the engineer and regional survey coordinator.

680.4 Measurement

- (1) The department will measure bid items under this section as each individual monument acceptably completed.

680.5 Payment

- (1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

<u>ITEM NUMBER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT</u>
680.0100	Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Reset	EACH

- (2) Payment for the Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Salvage bid item is full compensation for providing all materials; for coordinating with county surveyors; for obtaining existing monument records; for verifying the existing location of monuments and witness monuments; for removing or abandoning existing monuments and monument covers; for resetting monuments; for setting or resetting temporary and permanent witness monuments; and for submitting monument records.

682 Geodetic Survey Monuments

Add section 682 (Geodetic Survey Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting.

682.1 Description

- (1) This section describes salvaging geodetic survey discs and constructing geodetic survey monuments.

682.2 Materials

- (1) Furnish materials conforming to the following:

Concrete.....	501
Reinforcement	505.2
Foundation backfill	520.2

- (2) Furnish grade A concrete as modified in 716. Provide QMP for class III ancillary concrete as specified in 716.

682.3 Construction

- (1) Contact the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit at (866) 568-2852 or “geodetic@dot.wi.gov” as required below.

682.3.1 Salvage Geodetic Survey Discs

- (1) Remove and salvage geodetic survey discs from existing structures or survey monuments being removed at the locations shown in the plan.
- (2) Notify the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit 7 calendar days prior to removal operations.
- (3) Ship or deliver salvaged discs to following address:

WisDOT Bureau of Technical Services
 Geodetic Surveys Unit
 3502 Kinsman Boulevard
 Madison, WI 53704

Provide a tracking number to the Geodetic Surveys Unit upon shipment or contact the Geodetic Surveys Unit to schedule in-person delivery.

682.3.2 Geodetic Survey Monuments

682.3.2.1 Monument Location

- (1) Stake the approximate location of monuments provided in the plan and contact the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit 30 days prior to excavating holes for field verification and delivery of department furnished geodetic survey discs.

682.3.2.2 Placing Monuments

- (1) Excavate holes for monuments by use of a circular auger at the size and depth the plans show or as the engineer directs.
- (2) Remove and dispose of surplus excavation and materials as specified in 205.3.12.

- (3) Fill holes with concrete and strike off flush with the ground surface. Place circular forms and steel reinforcement in the concrete as the plans show. Place geodetic survey discs on monuments while the concrete is still plastic.

682.3.2.3 Protecting and Curing

- (1) Cure exposed portions of cast in place concrete monuments as specified in 415.3.12 except the contractor may use curing compound conforming to 501.2.8.
- (2) Protect placed concrete monuments as specified for concrete pavement as specified in 415.3.14
- (3) Protect cast in place concrete monuments from freezing for 7 days.

682.4 Measurement

- (1) The department will measure bid items under this section as each individual monument acceptably completed.

682.5 Payment

- (1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

<u>ITEM NUMBER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT</u>
682.0100	Salvage Geodetic Survey Disc	EACH
682.0200	Geodetic Survey Monument	EACH

- (2) Payment for the Salvage Geodetic Survey Disc bid item is full compensation for removing and salvaging; and shipping or delivering the disc to the Geodetic Surveys Unit. Removing existing survey monuments will be paid separately under the Removing Concrete Bases bid item. Removing existing survey marker posts will be paid separately under the Removing Delineators and Markers bid item.
- (3) Payment for the Geodetic Survey Monument bid item is full compensation for staking; providing concrete; providing steel reinforcement; for placing department-furnished geodetic discs; and for excavating and backfilling.

710 General Concrete QMP

710.3 Certification Requirements

Replace paragraph (1) and add paragraph (2) effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Have a person certified from the Highway Technician Certification Program Portland Cement Concrete Technician 1 (HTCP - PCCTEC-1) or Assistant Certified Technician Program - Portland Cement Concrete (ACT-PCC) working under a certified technician, on the project site, prepared and equipped to perform required sampling and testing whenever placing concrete.
- (2) The department will have a certified HTCP Portland Cement Concrete Mix Design Certification (PCC MDC) technician to review and approve concrete mixes.

710.4 Concrete Mixes

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) The contractor is responsible for mix performance.
- (2) At least 7 business days before producing concrete, document that materials conform to 501 unless the engineer allows or individual QMP specifications provide otherwise. Include the following:
1. For mixes: quantities per cubic yard expressed as SSD weights and net water, water to cementitious material ratio, air content, and SAM number.
 2. For cementitious materials and admixtures: type, brand, and source.
 3. For aggregates: absorption, oven-dried specific gravity, SSD bulk specific gravity, wear, soundness, light weight pieces, freeze thaw test results if required, and air correction factor. Submit component aggregate gradations, aggregate proportions, and target combined blended aggregate gradations using the following:
 - DT2220 for combined aggregate gradations.
 - DT2221 for optimized aggregate gradations.
 4. For optimized concrete mixtures:
 - Complete the worksheets within DT2221 according to the directions.
 - Ensure the optimized aggregate gradations and the optimized mix design conform to WisDOT specifications and pass the built-in tests within DT2221.
 - Verify slip-form mixture workability and conformance to specifications through required trial batching.
 - Submit the completed DT2221 to the engineer electronically. Include the trial batch test results with the mix design submittal.

5. For high early strength (HES) concrete mixtures required by contract, complete the HES mix modification section in the DT2220 or DT2221 form.

- (3) Document mix adjustments daily during concrete production.
- (4) Prepare, notify, and submit mixture design modifications to the engineer. Do not place material until the documentation is submitted and, when required, written approval of the mixture design modifications.
- (5) Report concrete mix design modifications as classified in levels as specified in table 710-1.

TABLE 710-1 MIX DESIGN MODIFICATION NOTIFICATION

NOTIFICATION	LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Prepare, notify, and submit mix design to Engineer	Prior to use	3 business days prior to use	5 business days prior to use
Approval required before placement	No	Yes	Yes

- (6) A mix design modification is when any modification occurs for a specific level as specified in table 710-2.
- (7) Dependent on the modification performed, documentation is required to be submitted to the engineer as specified in table 710-3.
- (8) For HES concrete, conform as specified in table 710-4.
- (9) HES concrete is not eligible for 28-day strength incentives.
- (10) Submit concrete mix designs into MRS as specified in 701.1.2.7.

TABLE 710-2 MATERIAL MIX DESIGN MODIFICATIONS

Replace Table 710-2, included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

MODIFICATION TYPE		LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Change in:	Water source	X		
	Cement source, type, or brand			X
	Total cementitious		X ^[1]	X
	Aggregate blend	X		
	Aggregate source			X
	SCM replacement rate		X	
	SCM type and supplier			X
	Fly ash source (different class)			X
	Fly ash source (same class for pavements and cast-in-place barriers)		X	
	Fly ash source (same class for structures)			X
	Slag source (same grade)		X	
	Slag source (different grade)		X	
	Chemical admixture manufacturer or product name ^[2]			X
	Chemical admixture dosage rates	X ^[3]		X
Removal of:	SCM			X
	Chemical admixture other than Type B or D			X ^[3,4]
	Type B or Type D chemical admixture	X ^[3]	X ^[4]	
Addition of:	Non-fading, color pigment	X		
	Chemical admixture other than Type B or D			X ^[3,4]
	Type B or Type D chemical admixture	X ^[3]	X ^[4]	
	New SCM			X

^[1] For HES/SHES concrete modification only.

^[2] Not including Type B or Type D chemical admixture.

^[3] When admixture is from the concrete admixture APL and the dosage rate is within recommended dosage rates as specified in the APL. If the admixture dosage rate is outside of recommended dosage rates as specified in the APL, BTS approval is required before use.

^[4] Not furnished from the APL.

TABLE 710-3 MIX DESIGN MODIFICATION DOCUMENTATION

Replace Table 710-3, included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

NEW REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION	LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Results from trial batching if required			X
Amendment to the quality control plan	X	X	X
Water source name and report	X ^[1]		
Cement mill certification			X
WisDOT aggregate quality report			X
SCM mill certification		X	X
Chemical additive product data sheet	X	X	X
Updated DT2220 or DT2221 form	X	X	
New DT2220 or DT2221 form			X
New mixture ID: Contractor ID and WisDOT ID		X	X
New maturity curve	X ^[2]	X	X
New lot/sublot layout ^[3]		X ^[3,4,5]	X

^[1] Water for concrete report conforming to 501.2.6 for private wells or surface water sources.

^[2] Required only when using a retarder.

^[3] Required for HES concrete.

^[4] Required when changing the SCM replacement rate.

^[5] Not required for SCM source change of same Class/Grade in pavements and cast-in-place barrier projects.

TABLE 710-4 OPTIONS FOR HES CONCRETE

SCENARIO	MIXTURE MODIFICATION	
When the contract requires, or the HES is directed by the department	OPTION 1 ^[1]	Add 94 to 282 lb/cy of cement ^[2]
	OPTION 2	Use Type III cement
When the engineer allows HES when requested by the contractor in writing	Add up to 282 lb/cy of cement ^[1,2]	

^[1] Adjust water to maintain workability without raising the w/cm ratio.

^[2] Add to a previously accepted mixture.

710.5.6.2 Contractor Control Charts

710.5.6.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Test aggregate gradations during concrete production except as allowed for small quantities under 710.2. Perform required contractor testing using non-random samples.
- (2) Sample aggregates from either the conveyor belt or from the working face of the stockpiles.
- (3) Complete aggregate testing as specified in table 710-5. Submit one pre-placement test within five days before anticipated placement. Include this gradation on the control charts.
- (4) Report gradation test results and provide control charts to the engineer within 1 business day of obtaining the sample. Submit results to the engineer and electronically into MRS as specified in 701.1.2.7.
- (5) Conduct aggregate testing at the minimum frequency specified in table 710-5 for each mix design, except as allowed for small quantities in 710.2. The contractor's concrete production tests can be used for the same mix design on multiple contracts.

TABLE 710-5 QC AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY

Replace Table 710-5, included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PRE-PLACEMENT TESTING	PLACEMENT TESTING	
Class I: Pavement ^[1]	One pre-placement test per aggregate source	Hand Placement: ≤ 250 CY > 250 CY Slip Formed Placement ≤ 1500 CY > 1500 CY	One test per cumulative 250 CY One test per day One test per day Two tests per day
Class I: Structures ^{[2], [3], [4]}		One test per cumulative 150 CY, maximum one test per day	
Class I: Cast-in Place Barrier ^[1]		≤ 250 CY > 250 CY	One test per cumulative 250 CY One test per day
Class II: Base	One pre-placement test per aggregate source	One test per calendar week of production	
Class II: Structure Repair - Joints		One test per cumulative 150 CY, maximum one test per day	
Class II: Concrete Overlay		One test per 400 CY, minimum one test per 10 business days, maximum one test per day	
Class II: Pavement Repair			
Class II: Pavement Replacement			
Class II: Base Patching			
Class II: Ancillary			
Class II: Structure Repair – Curb & Surface ^[5]		Preplacement testing only	

^[1] Frequency is based on project daily production rate.

^[2] Aggregate gradation testing must be performed on a per contract basis. If multiple structures are on the same contract and use the same aggregate source, then the samples must be collected based on cumulative concrete contract quantities within the same concrete classification.

^[3] WTM T255 (Fine and Coarse) required for each aggregate sample.

^[4] Calculate trial batch weights for each mix design when production begins and whenever the moisture content of the fine or coarse aggregate changes by more than 0.5 percent, adjust the batch weights to maintain the design w/cm ratio.

^[5] Aggregate gradation must meet the gradation previously approved by the engineer.

710.5.6.3 Department Acceptance Testing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Department testing frequency is based on the quantity of each mix design placed under each individual WisDOT contract as specified table 710-6. Aggregate gradation testing must be performed on a per contract basis.
- (2) The department will split each sample, test for acceptance, and retain the remainder for a minimum of 10 calendar days.
- (3) The department will obtain the sample and deliver to the regional testing lab in the same day. The department will report gradation test results to the contractor within 1 business day of being delivered to the lab. The department and contractor can agree to an alternative test result reporting timeframe. Document alternative timeframes in the contractor's quality control plan.
- (4) Additional samples may be taken at the engineer's discretion due to a changed condition.
- (5) If multiple bid items on the same contract use the same aggregate source, then the samples must be collected based on cumulative concrete contract quantities within the same concrete classification.
- (6) Department will test small quantities at the minimum frequency specified in table 710-7.

TABLE 710-6 QV AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PLACEMENT TESTING
Class I: Pavement	One test per placement day for first 5 days of placement. - If all samples are passing, reduced testing frequency is applied. - Reduced frequency: One test per calendar week of placement
Class I: Structures	One test per 250 CY placed. - Minimum of one test per contract for substructure - Minimum of one test per contract for superstructure
Class I: Cast-in-Place Barrier	One test per 500 CY placed
Class II: Concrete Overlay	One test per 250 CY - Maximum one test per day
Class II: Base	No minimum testing
Class II: Structure Repair	
Class II: Pavement Repair	
Class II: Pavement Replacement	
Class II: Base Patching	
Class II: Ancillary	

TABLE 710-7 QV AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY FOR SMALL QUANTITIES

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PLACEMENT TESTING
Class I: Pavement	One test on the first day of placement.
Class I: Structures	
Class I: Cast-in-Place Barrier	

710.5.7 Corrective Action**710.5.7.1 Optimized Aggregate Gradations**

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the volumetric percent retained exceeds the tarantula curve limits by less than or equal to 1.0 percent on a single sieve size or limits listed in the additional requirements for optimized aggregate gradation in 501.2.7.4.2 table 501-4, notify the other party immediately and do the following:

Option A:

1. Perform corrective action documented in the QC plan or as the engineer approves.
2. Document and provide corrective action results to the engineer as soon as they are available.
3. Department will conduct two tests within the next business day after corrective action. Department will provide test results to contractor after each test is complete.
4. If blended aggregate gradations are within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test:
 - Continue with concrete production.
 - Include a break in the 4-point running average.
 - For Class I Pavements: The department will discontinue reduced frequency testing and will test at a frequency of 1 test per placement day. Once 5 consecutive samples are passing at the 1 test per placement day frequency, the reduced frequency testing will be reapplied.
5. If blended aggregate gradations are not within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test:
 - If the contract does not require optimized aggregate gradation under 501.2.7.4.2.1(2), stop concrete production and submit either a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design.
 - If the contract requires optimized aggregate gradations under 501.2.7.4.2.1(2), stop concrete production and submit a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design.

Option B:

1. Submit a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design.
2. Restart control charts for new mix design.

- (2) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the volumetric percent retained exceeds the tarantula curve limits by more than 1.0 percent on one or more sieves, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.
- (3) Both the department and contractor must sample and test aggregate of the modified mix design or a new mix design at the frequency specified in 710.5.6.1.

710.5.7.2 Combined Aggregate Gradations

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the percent passing by weight exceeds the combined aggregate gradation limits by less than or equal to 1.0 percent on a single sieve size, do the following:
 1. Notify the other party immediately.
 2. Perform corrective action documented in the QC plan or as the engineer approves.
 3. Document and provide corrective action results to the engineer as soon as they are available.
 4. The department will conduct two tests within the next business day after corrective action is complete.
 5. If blended aggregate gradations are within the combined aggregate gradation limits by the second department test:
 - Continue with concrete production.
 - Include a break in the 4-point running average.
 - For Class I Pavements: The department will discontinue reduced frequency testing and will test at a frequency of 1 test per placement day. Once 5 consecutive samples are passing at the 1 test per placement day frequency, the reduced frequency testing will be reapplied.
 6. If blended aggregate gradations are not within the combined aggregate gradation limits by the second department test, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.
- (2) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the percent passing by weight exceeds the combined aggregate gradation limits by more than 1.0 percent on one or more sieves, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.
- (3) Both the department and contractor must sample and test aggregate of the modified mix design or a new mix design at the frequency specified in 710.5.6.1.

715 QMP Concrete Pavement, Cast-in-Place Barrier and Structures

715.3.1.2 Lot and Sublot Definition

715.3.1.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Designate the location and size of all lots before placing concrete. Ensure that no lot contains concrete of more than one mix design or placement method defined as follows:

Mix design change A modification to the mix requiring the engineer's approval under 710.4(5).
For paving and barrier mixes, follow 710.4(4) and 710.4(5) for concrete mixture design modifications.

Placement method Either slip-formed, not slip-formed, or placed under water.

- (2) Lots and sublots include ancillary concrete placed integrally with the class I concrete.

715.3.1.2.3 Lots by Cubic Yard

Replace paragraph (3) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (3) An undersized lot is eligible for incentive payment under 715.5 if the lot has 4 or more sublots for that lot.

715.3.2 Strength Evaluation

715.3.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) The department will make pay adjustments for strength on a lot-by-lot basis using the compressive strength of contractor QC cylinders or the flexural strength of contractor QC beams.
- (2) The department will evaluate the sublot for possible removal and replacement if the 28-day sublot average strength is:
 - Pavement (Compressive): < 2500 psi
 - Pavement (Flexural): < 500 psi
 - Structure: < f'_c - 500 psi ^[1]

- Cast-in-Place Barrier: < f'c - 500 psi ^[1]
^[1] f'c is design strength found in plans or specials.

715.5 Payment

715.5.1 General

Replace paragraph (4) and add paragraphs (8) and (9) effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (4) The department will adjust pay for each lot using PWL of the 28-day subplot average strengths for that lot. The department will measure PWL relative to strength lower specification limits as follows:
 - Compressive strength of 3700 psi for pavements.
 - Flexural strength of 650 psi for pavements.
 - Compressive strength of 4000 psi for super structures and barrier, or as shown in the plan details.
 - Compressive strength of 3500 psi for substructures and culverts, or as shown in the plan details.
- (5) The department will not pay a strength incentive for concrete that is nonconforming in another specified property, for ancillary concrete accepted based on tests of class I concrete, or for high early strength concrete unless placed in pavement gaps as allowed under 715.3.1.2.2.
- (6) Submit test results to the department electronically using MRS software. The department will verify contractor data before determining pay adjustments.
- (7) All coring and testing costs under 715.3.2.2 including filling core holes and providing traffic control during coring are incidental to the contract.
- (8) If the contractor combines concrete of varying specified strengths in a single lot/sublot, the highest specified strength of the related concrete shall be used to calculate pay incentive/disincentive.
- (9) The department will apply one price adjustment to a given quantity of material. If the quantity in question is subject to more than one nonconforming test, apply the adjustment with the greater price reduction. In the absence of exact quantities affected by the subplot test results, pay reductions will be applied to the entire subplot.

715.5.4 Pay Adjustments for Nonconforming Air Content, Temperature, and Delivery Time

Add subsection 715.5.4 (Pay Adjustments for Nonconforming Air Content, Temperature, and Delivery Time) effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) The department will adjust pay for each subplot with nonconforming QC air content and temperature test results as specified in table 715-2 and table 715-3. If the quantity in question is subject to more than one of the following conditions, apply the adjustment with the greater price reduction.
- (2) For high temperatures, the engineer may consider the effectiveness of the contractor's temperature control plan and the contractor's compliance with their temperature control plan before taking a price reduction.
- (3) A 25% price reduction to the concrete invoice price will be applied if concrete is placed after the delivery time exceeds the limit specified in 501.3.5.2.

TABLE 715-2 PRICE REDUCTIONS FOR NONCONFORMING AIR CONTENT

LIMITS (%)		PERCENT PRICE REDUCTION OF THE CONTRACT UNIT PRICE
Above Specification	≥ 0.5 ^[1]	10
	0.1 to 0.4 ^[1]	5
Below Specification	0.1 to 0.5	20
	0.6 to 1.0	30
	> 1.0	50 or remove and replace

^[1] Evaluate the strength data. If the strengths are acceptable, do not take a price reduction for high air content. Contractor is responsible to provide additional strength data, if necessary.

TABLE 715-3 PRICE REDUCTIONS FOR NONCONFORMING TEMPERATURE

Replace Table 715-3, included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

CONCRETE TEMPERATURE (F) ^[1]		PRICE REDUCTION (%)
Upper Temperature Limit ^[2]	> 80 to <= 85	10
	> 85	25
Lower Temperature Limit	45 to <= 50	10
	< 45	25

^[1] Applies only for Concrete Structures and Cast-in-Place Barrier.

^[2] If a written temperature control plan outlining the actions by the contractor to control concrete temperature at the point of placement exceeding 80 F is submitted and followed to effectively control the temperature, the upper temperature limit is increased by 10 F for price reductions for nonconforming temperature.

716 QMP Ancillary Concrete

716.2 Materials

716.2.1 Class II Concrete

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(2) Perform random QC testing at the following frequencies:

1. Test air content, temperature, and slump a minimum of once per 100 cubic yards for each mix design and placement method.
2. Cast one set of 3 cylinders per 200 cubic yards for each mix design and placement method. Cast a minimum of one set of 3 cylinders per contract for each mix design and placement method. Random 28-day compressive strength cylinders are not required for HES or SHES concrete.
3. For deck overlays, perform tests and cast cylinders once per 50 cubic yards of grade E concrete placed.
4. For concrete base, one set of tests and one set of cylinders per 250 cubic yards.

The department will allow concrete startup test results for small quantities as specified in 710.2(1). Cast one set of 3 cylinders if using startup testing for acceptance.

716.2.2 Class III Concrete

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Acceptance of class III concrete is based on DT2220/ DT2221 certification page. Submit the certificate of compliance at least 3 business days before producing concrete along with the initial concrete mix documentation as required under 710.4(2).

Bid Items

500 Bid Items

Remove the following bid items effective with the February 2026 letting.

522.2363	Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical Class HE-III 63x98-Inch	LF
522.2663	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical 63x98-Inch	EACH

600 Bid Items

Remove the following bid item effective with the February 2026 letting.

608.2363	Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical Class HE-III 63x98-Inch	LF
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Add the following bid item effective with the November 2025 letting.

611.0613	Inlet Covers Type DW	EACH
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Remove the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

621.0100	Landmark Reference Monuments	EACH
621.1100	Landmark Reference Monuments and Cast-Iron Covers	EACH
621.1200	Landmark Reference Monuments and Aluminum Covers	EACH

Remove the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

643.0405	Traffic Control Barricades Type I	DAY
643.0410	Traffic Control Barricades Type II	DAY
643.0800	Traffic Control Arrow Boards	DAY

Add the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

643.0810	Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards	DAY
643.1220	Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers	DAY

Add the following bid item effective with the February 2026 letting.

657.0348	Poles Type 9 - Special Over Height	EACH
657.0353	Poles Type 10 - Special Over Height	EACH

Add the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

680.0100	Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Reset	EACH
682.0100	Salvage Geodetic Survey Disk	EACH
682.0200	Geodetic Survey Monuments	EACH

ERRATA

204.3.1.3 Salvaging or Disposal of Materials

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

- (2) Dispose of concrete, stone, brick, and other material not designated for salvage as specified for disposing of materials under 203.3.5.

204.3.2.3 Removing Buildings

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

- (2) Buildings removed and materials resulting from building removal become the contractor's property unless the contract specifies otherwise. Dispose of unclaimed and removed material as specified for disposing of materials in 203.3.5.

335.3.2 Rubblizing

Replace paragraph (6) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

- (6) Remove reinforcing steel exposed at the surface by cutting below the surface and disposing of the steel as specified in 203.3.5. Do not remove unexposed reinforcing steel.

335.3.3 Compacting

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

- (2) Remove loose asphaltic patching material, joint fillers, expansion material, or other similar materials from the compacted surface. Also remove pavement or patches that have a maximum dimension greater than or equal to 6 inches that are either not well seated or projecting more than one inch. Dispose of removed material as specified in 203.3.5.

460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination

Replace change description annotation with the following to revise implementation date. This change is effective with the November 2025 letting.

Add information to 460.3.3.2(1) and (3). Add reference to CMM, WTM, and WTP H-002. WTP H-002 contains the subplot layouts formerly in CMM 815. Definition of a lot is now defined here (460.3.3.2(3)) instead of CMM. This change was implemented via ASP-6 with the February 2024 letting.

602.3.6 Concrete Rumble Strips

Replace paragraph (5) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

- (5) At the end of each workday, move equipment and material out of the clear zone and sweep or vacuum the traveled way pavement and shoulder areas. Sweep away or vacuum up milling debris before opening adjacent lanes to traffic. Dispose of waste material as specified in 203.3.5; do not place on the finished shoulder surface.

604.2 Materials

Replace paragraph (1) with the following information to remove line and link for crushed aggregate effective with the November 2024 letting. The crushed aggregate gradation information for slope paving is now found in 604.2(3).

- (1) Furnish materials conforming to the following:

Water.....	501.2
Select crushed material.....	312.2
Concrete.....	501
Reinforcement.....	505
Expansion joint filler	415.2.3
Asphaltic materials	455.2

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 7

A. Reporting 1st Tier and DBE Payments During Construction

1. Comply with reporting requirements specified in the department's Civil Rights Compliance, Contractor's User Manual, Sublets and Payments.
2. Report payments to all DBE firms within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department or a contractor for work performed, materials furnished, or materials stockpiled by a DBE firm. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed and for all materials furnished or stockpiled.
3. Report payments to all first tier subcontractor relationships within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department for work performed. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed.
4. All tiers shall report payments as necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement as specified in A(2).
5. DBE firms must enter all payments to DBE and non-DBE firms regardless of tier.
6. Require all first tier relationships, DBE firms and all other tier relationships necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement in receipt of a progress payment by contractor to acknowledge receipt of payment as specified in A(1), (2), (3) and (4).
7. All agreements made by a contractor shall include the provisions in A(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6), and shall be binding on all first tier subcontractor relationships, all contractors and subcontractors utilizing DBE firms on the project, and all payments from DBE firms.

B. Costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.

NOTE: CRCS Prime Contractor payment is currently not automated and will need to be manually loaded into the Civil Rights Compliance System. Copies of prime contractor payments received (check or ACH) will have to be forwarded to paul.ndon@dot.wi.gov within 5 days of payment receipt to be logged manually.

***Additionally, for information on Subcontractor Sublet assignments, Subcontractor Payments and Payment Tracking, please refer to the CRCS Payment and Sublets manual at:

<https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payments-sublets-manual.pdf>

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 9

Electronic Certified Payroll or Labor Data Submittal

- (1) Use the department's Civil Rights Compliance System (CRCS) for projects with a LET date on or before December 2024 and AASHTOWare Project Civil Rights and Labor (AWP CRL) for projects with a LET date on or after January 2025 to electronically submit Certified Payroll Reports for contracts with federal funds and labor data for contracts with state funds only. Details are available online through the department's Highway Construction Contractor Information (HCCI) site on the Labor, Wages, and EEO Information page at:
<https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/default.aspx>
- (2) Ensure that all tiers of subcontractors, including all trucking firms, either submit their weekly certified payroll reports (contracts with federal funds) or labor data (contracts with state funds only) electronically through CRCS or AWP CRL. These payrolls or labor data are due within seven calendar days following the close of the payroll period. Every firm providing physical labor towards completing the project is a subcontractor under this special provision.
- (3) Upon receipt of contract execution, promptly make all affected firms aware of the requirements under this special provision and arrange for them to receive CRCS or AWP CRL training as they are about to begin their submittals. The department will provide training either in a classroom setting at one of our regional offices, via the online AWP Knowledge Base, or by telephone. to schedule CRCS specific training. The AWP Knowledge Base is at: <https://awpkb.dot.wi.gov/>
- (4) The department will reject all paper submittals for information required under this special provision. All costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.
- (5) For firms wishing to export payroll/labor data from their computer system, have their payroll coordinator contact:
 - For CRCS: Paul Ndon at paul.ndon@dot.wi.gov. Information about exporting payroll/labor data. Not every contractor's payroll system can produce export files. For details, see Section 4.8 CPR Auto Submit (Data Mapping) on pages 49-50; 66-71 of the CRCS Payroll Manual at: <https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payroll-manual.pdf>
 - For AWP CRL: Contact AWP Support at awpsupport@dot.wi.gov. Additional information can be found in the AWP Knowledge Base at <https://awpkb.dot.wi.gov/Content/crl/Payrolls-PrimesAndSubs/PayrollXMLFileCreationProcess.htm>

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants /

Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment:

The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#). The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Wage rates and fringe benefits.* All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act ([29 CFR part 3](#))), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act ([40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided*, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. *Frequently recurring classifications.* (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in [29 CFR part 1](#), a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:

(i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

c. *Conformance.* (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.

(3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

d. *Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate.* Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

e. *Unfunded plans.* If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Withholding requirements.* The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:

(1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;

(2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;

(3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;

(4) A contractor's assignee(s);

(5) A contractor's successor(s); or

(6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901–3907](#).

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

(2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.

(3) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

(4) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting

agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.

(2) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/wh347.pdf> or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.

(3) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:

(i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in [29 CFR part 3](#); and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(4) Use of Optional Form WH-347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

(5) *Signature.* The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.

(6) *Falsification.* The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under [18 U.S.C. 1001](#) and [31 U.S.C. 3729](#).

(7) *Length of certified payroll retention.* The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

c. *Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents.* The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

d. *Required disclosures and access* (1) *Required record disclosures and access to workers.* The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.

(2) *Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements.* If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under [29 CFR part 6](#) any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.

(3) *Required information disclosures.* Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address

of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Apprentices* (1) *Rate of pay.* Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) *Fringe benefits.* Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.

(3) *Apprenticeship ratio.* The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(4) *Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates.* Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.

b. *Equal employment opportunity.* The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and [29 CFR part 30](#).

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, [18 U.S.C. 1001](#).

11. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#); or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#).

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

a. *Withholding process.* The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:

- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
- (2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
- (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
- (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901](#)–3907.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

5. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

* * * * *

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 – 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or

cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

**ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS
PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT
HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS
ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B)**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

NON-DISCRIMINATION PROVISIONS

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

1. Compliance with Regulations: The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

2. Non-discrimination: The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

4. Information and Reports: The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

5. Sanctions for Noncompliance: In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- a. Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- b. Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

6. Incorporation of Provisions: The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Employment Practices" and "Equal Opportunity Clause" set forth in the Required Contract Provisions, FHWA 1273.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation expressed in percentage terms for the contractor's aggregate work force in each trade, on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Goals for Minority Participation for Each Trade:

<u>County</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>%</u>
Adams	1.7	Iowa	1.7	Polk	2.2
Ashland	1.2	Iron	1.2	Portage	0.6
Barron	0.6	Jackson	0.6	Price	0.6
Bayfield	1.2	Jefferson	7.0	Racine	8.4
Brown	1.3	Juneau	0.6	Richland	1.7
Buffalo	0.6	Kenosha	3.0	Rock	3.1
Burnett	2.2	Kewaunee	1.0	Rusk	0.6
Calumet	0.9	La Crosse	0.9	St. Croix	2.9
Chippewa	0.5	Lafayette	0.5	Sauk	1.7
Clark	0.6	Langlade	0.6	Sawyer	0.6
Columbia	1.7	Lincoln	0.6	Shawano	1.0
Crawford	0.5	Manitowoc	1.0	Sheboygan	7.0
Dane	2.2	Marathon	0.6	Taylor	0.6
Dodge	7.0	Marinette	1.0	Trempealeau	0.6
Door	1.0	Marquette	1.7	Vernon	0.6
Douglas	1.0	Menominee	1.0	Vilas	0.6
Dunn	0.6	Milwaukee	8.0	Walworth	7.0
Eau Claire	0.5	Monroe	0.6	Washburn	0.6
Florence	1.0	Oconto	1.0	Washington	8.0
Fond du Lac	1.0	Oneida	0.6	Waukesha	8.0
Forest	1.0	Outagamie	0.9	Waupaca	1.0
Grant	0.5	Ozaukee	8.0	Waushara	1.0
Green	1.7	Pepin	0.6	Winnebago	0.9
Green Lake	1.0	Pierce	2.2	Wood	0.6

Goals for female participation for each trade: 6.9%

These goals are applicable to all the contractor's construction work, (whether or not it is federal or federally assisted), performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in the geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the Regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from contractor to contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the Regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within ten (10) working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000.00 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

As referred to in this section, the Director means:

Director
Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs
Ruess Federal Plaza
310 W. Wisconsin Ave., Suite 1115
Milwaukee, WI 53202

The "Employer Identification Number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.

4. As used in this notice, and in the contract resulting from solicitation, the "covered area" is the county(ies) in Wisconsin to which this proposal applies.

ADDITIONAL FEDERAL-AID PROVISIONS

NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS

To report bid rigging activities call:

1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidding collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

DOMESTIC MATERIALS PREFERENCE PROVISION

Domestic Materials Preference (in accordance with the Buy America Act per [23 CFR 635.410](#), and the Build America-Buy America Act (BABA) per [2 CFR Part 184](#), and [2 CFR Part 200](#)) shall be articles, materials, or supplies permanently incorporated in this project as classified in the following four categories, and as described in the Construction and Materials Manual (CMM):

1. Iron and Steel

To be considered domestic, all steel and iron products used, and all products predominantly manufactured from steel or iron must be produced in the United States in accordance with the steel and iron product standards in 23 CFR 635.410.

This includes smelting, coating, bending, shaping, and all other manufacturing processes performed on the product. Coating includes all processes which protect or enhance the value of the material to which the coating is applied.

Products that are predominantly iron or steel or a combination of both as defined in 23 CFR 635.410 are considered Steel and Iron products and must comply with this section.

2. Construction Materials

To be considered domestic, all construction materials used must be produced in the United States in accordance with the construction material standards in [2 CFR 184.6](#):

- Non-ferrous metals: All manufacturing processes, from initial smelting or melting through final shaping, coating, and assembly, occurred in the United States.
- Plastic and polymer-based products: All manufacturing processes, from initial combination of constituent plastic or polymer-based inputs, or, where applicable, constituent composite materials, until the item is in its final form, occurred in the United States.
- Glass: All manufacturing processes, from initial batching and melting of raw materials through annealing, cooling, and cutting, occurred in the United States.
- Fiber optic cable (including drop cable): All manufacturing processes, from the initial ribboning (if applicable), through buffering, fiber stranding and jacketing, occurred in the United States. All manufacturing processes also include the standards for glass and optical fiber, but not for non-ferrous metals, plastic and polymer-based products, or any others.
- Optical fiber: All manufacturing processes, from the initial preform fabrication stage through the completion of the draw, occurred in the United States.
- Lumber: All manufacturing processes, from initial debarking through treatment and planing, occurred in the United States.
- Drywall: All manufacturing processes, from initial blending of mined or synthetic gypsum plaster and additives through cutting and drying of sandwiched panels, occurred in the United States.
- Engineered wood: All manufacturing processes from the initial combination of constituent materials until the wood product is in its final form, occurred in the United States.

3. Manufactured Products

To be considered domestic, all manufactured products used must be produced in the United States as defined in [23 CFR 635.410\(c\)\(1\)\(vii\)](#):

- For projects with let dates on or after October 1, 2025, the final step in the manufacturing process must occur in the United States.
- For projects with let dates on or after October 1, 2026, the final step in the manufacturing process must occur in the United States and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States must be greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product.

Manufactured products means articles, materials, or supplies that have been processed into a specific form and shape, or combined with other articles, materials, or supplies to create a product with different properties than the individual articles, materials, or supplies. If an item is classified as an iron or steel product, an excluded material, or construction material, then it is not a manufactured product. An article, material, or supply classified as a manufactured product may include components that are iron or steel

products, excluded materials, or construction materials. Mixtures of excluded materials delivered to a work site without final form for incorporation into a project are not a manufactured product.

Items that consist of two or more construction materials that have been combined together through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one construction material combined with a material that is not a construction material (including steel/iron) through a manufacturing process are treated as manufactured products, rather than as construction materials.

Products that are classified as predominantly iron or steel do not meet the definition of a manufactured product and must comply with section 1.

With respect to precast concrete products **that are classified as manufactured products**, components of precast concrete products that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both shall meet the requirements of section 1. The cost of such components shall be included in the applicable calculation for purposes of determining whether the precast concrete product is produced in the United States.

With respect to intelligent transportation systems and other electronic hardware systems that are installed in the highway right of way or other real property **and classified as manufactured products**, the cabinets or other enclosures of such systems that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both shall meet the requirements of section 1. The cost of cabinets or other enclosures shall be included in the applicable calculation for purposes of determining whether systems referred to in the preceding sentence are produced in the United States.

4. Temporary and Excluded Materials

Temporary materials, and excluded materials meeting the definition of Section 70917(c) Materials as defined in [2 CFR 184](#), do not have any domestic materials requirements. Section 70917(c) Materials means cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives. Mixtures of excluded materials delivered to a work site without final form for incorporation into a project are not a manufactured product.

The classification of an article, material, or supply as falling into one of the categories listed in this section will be made based on its status at the time it is brought to the work site for incorporation into the project. Except as otherwise provided, an article, material, or supply incorporated into an infrastructure project must meet the Domestic Material Preference for only the single category in which it is classified.

Requirements do not preclude a minimal use of foreign steel and iron provided the cost of such materials do not exceed 0.1 percent (0.1%) of the total contract cost or \$2500 whichever is greater. The total contract cost is the contract amount at award.

For each iron or steel product subject to meeting domestic materials requirements, that doesn't fully meet Buy America Act requirements, the following documentation must be provided by the Contractor to verify the foreign steel value. Ensure the threshold is not exceeded and place the documentation in the project files.

- Pay Item,
- Description of associated foreign iron or steel product, or component,
- Invoiced cost of associated foreign iron or steel product, or component, and
- Current cumulative list of all foreign iron or steel products with the total dollar amount of foreign products in relation to the total contract amount.

The minimal use of foreign iron or steel under the minimal usage threshold must be approved by the Engineer prior to incorporation into the project and any associated payment under the contract. The use of foreign iron or steel under the minimal usage threshold does not need to be approved by FHWA. This amount is not considered a waiver to the domestic materials requirements. The Contractor must ensure that the minimal usage amount is not exceeded.

The contractor shall take actions and provide documentation conforming to CMM 228.5 to ensure compliance with this Domestic Material provision.

<https://wisconsindot.gov/rdw/cmm/cm-02-28.pdf>

Effective with October 2025 Letting

Upon completion of the project, certify to the engineer, in writing using department form DT4567 that all iron and steel, construction materials, and manufactured products conform to this domestic material provision.

Form DT4567 is available at: <https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/formdocs/dt4567.docx>

Attach a list of foreign iron or steel and their associated costs to the certification form using the Domestic Material Exemption Tracking Tool, available at:

<https://wisconsindot.gov/hccidocs/contracting-info/buy-america-exemption-tracking-tool.xlsx>

CARGO PREFERENCE ACT REQUIREMENT

All Federal-aid projects shall comply with 46 CFR 381.7 (a) – (b) as follows:

(a) *Agreement Clauses.* “Use of United States-flag vessels:”

(1) Pursuant to Pub. L. 664 (43 U.S.C. 1241(b)) at least 50 percent of any equipment, materials or commodities procured, contracted for or otherwise obtained with funds granted, guaranteed, loaned, or advanced by the U.S. Government under this agreement, and which may be transported by ocean vessel, shall be transported on privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels, if available.

(2) Within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be furnished to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.”

(b) *Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses.* “Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees—”

(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION AND SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT**

**SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FOR PROJECTS WITH FEDERAL AID**

I. PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The attached U.S. Department of Labor (Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates) furnishes the minimum prevailing wage rates pursuant to the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts. The wage rates shown are the minimum rates required by the contract to be paid during its life, however this is not a representation that labor can be obtained at these rates. It is the responsibility of bidders to inform themselves as to the local labor conditions and prospective changes or adjustments of wage rates. No increase in the contract price will be allowed or authorized on account of the payment of wage rates in excess of those listed herein.

II. COVERAGE OF TRUCK DRIVERS

Truck drivers are covered by Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates in the following circumstances:

- Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor for time spent working on the site of the work.
- Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor for time spent loading and/or unloading materials and supplies on the site of the work, if such time is not de minimis.
https://www.dol.gov/whd/FOH/FOH_Ch15.pdf
- Truck drivers transporting materials or supplies between a facility that is deemed part of the site of the work and the actual construction site.
- Truck drivers transporting portions of the building or work between a site established specifically for the performance of the contract where a significant portion of such building or work is constructed and the physical place where the building or work called for in the contract will remain.

Truck drivers are not covered by Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates in the following circumstances:

- Material delivery truck drivers while off the site of the work.
- Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor traveling between a Davis-Bacon job and a commercial supply facility while they are off the site of the work.”
- Truck drivers whose time spent on the site of the work is de minimis, such as only a few minutes at a time merely to pick up or drop off materials or supplies.

Details are available online at:

<https://www.dol.gov/whd/recovery/pwrb/Tab9.pdf>

<https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/trckng.aspx>

III. POSTINGS AT THE SITE OF THE WORK

In addition to the required postings furnished by the department, the contractor shall post the following in at least one conspicuous and accessible place at the site of work:

- a. A copy of the contractor's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy.

All required documents shall be posted by the first day of work and be accurate and complete. Postings must be readable, in an area where they will be noticed, and maintained until the last day of work.

IV. RESOURCES

Required information regarding compliance with federal provisions is found in the following resources:

- FHWA-1273 included in this contract
- U.S. Department of Labor Prevailing Wage Resource Book
- U.S. Department of Labor Field Operations Handbook
- U.S. Code of Federal Regulations
- Any applicable law, Act, or Executive Order enacted by the federal government at the time of the letting of this contract

State: Wisconsin

Construction Types: Highway

Counties: Wisconsin Counties of
Adams, Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Brown,
Buffalo, Burnett, Calumet, Chippewa,
Clark, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Dodge,
Door, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire,
Florence, Fond Du Lac, Forest, Grant,
Green, Green Lake, Iowa, Iron, Jackson,
Jefferson, Juneau, Kenosha, Kewaunee, La
Crosse, Lafayette, Langlade, Lincoln,
Manitowoc, Marathon, Marinette,
Marquette, Menominee, Milwaukee, Monroe,
Oconto, Oneida, Outagamie, Ozaukee,
Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Portage, Price,
Racine, Richland, Rock, Rusk, Sauk,
Sawyer, Shawano, Sheboygan, St Croix,
Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Vilas,
Walworth, Washburn, Washington,
Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago
and Wood

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	01/02/2026
1	05/18/2026

BRWI0001-002 06/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (CRAWFORD, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPLEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES).....	\$ 40.09	28.10

BRWI0002-002 06/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, AND IRON COUNTIES).....	\$ 48.60	29.31

BRWI0002-005 06/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER (ADAMS, BARRON, BROWN, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, POLK, PORTAGE, RUSK, SAUK, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CROIX, TAYLOR, VILAS, WALWORTH, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES).....	\$ 46.01	29.31

BRWI0003-002 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (BROWN, DOOR, FLORENCE, KEWAUNEE, MARINETTE, AND OCONTO COUNTIES).....	\$ 38.45	27.41

BRWI0004-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (KENOSHA, RACINE, AND WALWORTH COUNTIES)....	\$ 44.71	28.90

BRWI0006-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (ADAMS, CLARK, FOREST, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, MENOMINEE, ONEIDA, PORTAGE, PRICE, TAYLOR, VILAS AND WOOD COUNTIES).....	\$ 39.36	28.83

BRWI0007-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (GREEN, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COUNTIES)....	\$ 40.34	29.49

BRWI0008-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 45.72	27.42

BRWI0011-002 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (CALUMET, FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC, AND SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES).....	\$ 38.45	27.41

BRWI0019-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (BARRON, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST. CROIX, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES).....	\$ 39.50	28.69

BRWI0034-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER (COLUMBIA AND SAUK COUNTIES).....	\$ 41.17	28.66

CARP0068-011 05/05/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
PILEDRIVERMAN (BURNETT (W. OF HWY 48), PIERCE (W. OF HWY 29), POLK (W. OF HWYS 35, 48 & 65), AND ST. CROIX (W. OF HWY 65) COUNTIES).....	\$ 47.71	30.98
CARPENTER (BURNETT (W. OF HWY 48), PIERCE (W. OF HWY 29), POLK (W. OF HWYS 35, 48 & 65), AND ST. CROIX (W. OF HWY 65) COUNTIES).....	\$ 47.57	31.17

CARP0231-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER (KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 45.46	31.52

CARP0310-002 06/01/2025		

	Rates	Fringes
PILEDRIIVER (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BAYFIELD (EASTERN 2/3), FOREST, IRON, JUNEAU, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, ONEIDA, PORTAGE, PRICE, SHAWANO (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), TAYLOR, VILAS, AND WOOD COUNTIES).....	\$ 44.43	29.95
CARPENTER (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BAYFIELD (EASTERN 2/3), FOREST, IRON, JUNEAU, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, ONEIDA, PORTAGE, PRICE, SHAWANO (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), TAYLOR, VILAS, AND WOOD COUNTIES).....	\$ 44.43	29.95

CARP0314-001 06/02/2025

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER: PILEDRIIVERMEN (COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE, GRANT, GREEN, IOWA, JEFFERSON, LAFAYETTE, RICHLAND, ROCK, SAUK, AND WALWORTH COUNTIES).....	\$ 44.45	28.78

CARP0361-004 05/05/2025

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER (BAYFIELD (WEST OF HWY 63) AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES).....	\$ 46.82	31.92

CARP0731-002 06/03/2024

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER: PILEDRIIVER (CALUMET (EASTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), FOND DU LAC (EASTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), MANITOWOC, AND SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES).....	\$ 42.44	28.44
CARPENTER (CALUMET (EASTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), FOND DU LAC (EASTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), MANITOWOC, AND SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES).....	\$ 42.44	28.44

CARP0955-002 06/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
PILEDRIIVER (CALUMET (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), FOND DU LAC (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), GREEN LAKE, MARQUETTE, OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO).....	\$ 44.43	29.95
CARPENTER (CALUMET (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), FOND DU LAC (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), GREEN LAKE, MARQUETTE, OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO).....	\$ 44.43	29.95

CARP0955-002 06/02/2025

	Rates	Fringes
PILEDRIIVER (CALUMET (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), FOND DU LAC (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), GREEN LAKE, MARQUETTE, OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO).....	\$ 44.43	29.95
CARPENTER (CALUMET (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), FOND DU LAC (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY), GREEN LAKE, MARQUETTE, OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO).....	\$ 44.43	29.95

CARP1056-002 06/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes
MILLWRIGHT (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD , BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT ,CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IOWA, IRON, JACKSON, JEFFERSON,		

JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE (E. OF HWY. 29 & 65), POLK (E. OF HWY. 35, 48 & 65), PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK,.....	\$ 42.00	28.85
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CARP1074-002 06/02/2025

	Rates	Fringes
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PILEDRIIVER (BARRON, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, PEpin, PIERCE (E. OF HWY. 29 & 65), POLK (E. OF HWY. 35, 48 & 65), RUSK, SAWYER, ST. CROIX (E. OF HWY. 65), AND WASHBURN).....	\$ 44.43	29.95
CARPENTER (BARRON, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, PEpin, PIERCE (E. OF HWY. 29 & 65), POLK (E. OF HWY. 35, 48 & 65), RUSK, SAWYER, ST. CROIX (E. OF HWY. 65), AND WASHBURN).....	\$ 44.43	29.95

CARP1143-002 06/02/2025

	Rates	Fringes
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PILEDRIIVER (BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPLEALEU AND VERNON COUNTIES).....	\$ 44.43	29.95
CARPENTER (BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPLEALEU AND VERNON COUNTIES).....	\$ 44.43	29.95

CARP1146-002 06/02/2025

	Rates	Fringes
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PILEDRIIVER (BROWN, DOOR, FLORENCE, KEWAUNEE, MARINETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, AND SHAWANO (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY) COUNTIES).....	\$ 44.43	29.95
CARPENTER (BROWN, DOOR, FLORENCE, KEWAUNEE, MARINETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, AND SHAWANO (WESTERN PORTION OF THE COUNTY) COUNTIES).....	\$ 44.43	29.95

CARP2337-009 06/02/2025

	Rates	Fringes
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PILEDRIIVERMAN (KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA).....	\$ 44.39	34.79
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ELEC0014-002 05/25/2025

	Rates	Fringes
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ELECTRICIANS: (ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, CLARK (EXCEPT MARYVILLE, COLBY, UNITY, SHERMAN, FREMONT, LYNN & SHERWOOD), CRAWFORD, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, GRANT, IRON, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, PEpin, PIERCE, POLK, PRICE, RICHLAND, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAWYER, TAYLOR, TREMPLEALEU, VERNON, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES).....	\$ 44.29	25.21
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ELEC0014-007 05/25/2025

	Rates	Fringes
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TELEDATA SYSTEM INSTALLER: INSTALLER/TECHNICIAN (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IOWA, IRON, JACKSON, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, KENOSHA, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE,		
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MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RACINE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUS.....	\$ 31.17	20.08

ELEC0127-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: (KENOSHA COUNTY).....	\$ 50.01	28.40

ELEC0158-002 05/25/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIAN (BROWN, DOOR, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC (EXCEPT SCHLESWIG), MARINETTE(WAUSUAKEE AND AREA SOUTH THEREOF), OCONTO, MENOMINEE (EAST OF A INE 6 MILES WEST OF THE WEST BOUNDARY OF OCONTO COUNTY), SHAWANO (EXCEPT AREA NORTH OF TOWNSHIPS OF ANIWA AND HUTCHINS) COUNTIES).....	\$ 42.00	23.93

ELEC0159-003 05/26/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIAN (COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE (AREA WEST OF HWY 26, EXCEPT CHESTER AND EMMET TOWNSHIPS), GREEN, LAKE (EXCEPT TOWNSHIPS OF BERLIN, SENECA, AND ST. MARIE), IOWA, MARQUETTE (EXCEPT TOWNSHIPS OF NESHKOKA, CRYSTAL LAKE, NEWTON, AND SPRINGFIELD), AND SAUK COUNTIES).....	\$ 48.55	25.91

ELEC0219-004 06/01/2019		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: ELECTRICAL CONTRACTS UNDER \$180,000 (FLORENCE COUNTY (TOWNSHIPS OF AURORA, COMMONWEALTH, FERN, FLORENCE AND HOMESTEAD) AND MARINETTE COUNTY (TOWNSHIP OF NIAGARA)).....	\$ 31.75	21.73
ELECTRICIANS: ELECTRICAL CONTRACTS OVER \$180,000 (FLORENCE COUNTY (TOWNSHIPS OF AURORA, COMMONWEALTH, FERN, FLORENCE AND HOMESTEAD) AND MARINETTE COUNTY (TOWNSHIP OF NIAGARA)).....	\$ 33.94	21.80

ELEC0242-005 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: (DOUGLAS COUNTY).....	\$ 47.46	33.34

ELEC0388-002 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: (ADAMS, CLARK (COLBY, FREEMONT, LYNN, MAYVILLE, SHERMAN, SHERWOOD, UNITY), FOREST, JUNEAU, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, MARINETTE (BEECHER, DUNBAR, GOODMAN & PEMBINE), MENOMINEE (AREA WEST OF A LINE 6 MILES WEST OF THE WEST BOUNDARY OF OCONTO COUNTY), ONEIDA, PORTAGE, SHAWANO (ANIWA AND HUTCHINS), VILAS AND WOOD COUNTIES).....	\$ 40.19	22.90

ELEC0430-002 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: (RACINE COUNTY (EXCEPT BURLINGTON TOWNSHIP)).....	\$ 48.50	26.25

ELEC0494-005 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: (MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 50.86	28.26

ELEC0494-006 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: (CALUMET (TOWNSHIP OF NEW HOLSTEIN), DODGE (EAST OF HWY 26 INCLUDING CHESTER TOWNSHIP), FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC (SCHLESWIG), AND SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES).....	\$ 45.20	25.27

ELEC0494-013 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
SOUND & COMMUNICATIONS: TECHNICIAN (DODGE (EAST OF HWY 26 INCLUDING CHESTER TWP, EXCLUDING EMMET TWP), FOND DU LAC (EXCEPT WAUPUIN), MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, MANITOWOC (SCHLESWIG), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 37.13	21.58
SOUND & COMMUNICATIONS: INSTALLER (DODGE (EAST OF HWY 26 INCLUDING CHESTER TWP, EXCLUDING EMMET TWP), FOND DU LAC (EXCEPT WAUPUIN), MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, MANITOWOC (SCHLESWIG), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 37.13	21.58

ELEC0577-003 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: (CALUMET (EXCEPT TOWNSHIP OF NEW HOLSTEIN), GREEN LAKE (N. PART INCLUDING TOWNSHIPS OF BERLIN, ST MARIE, AND SENECA), MARQUETTE (N. PART INCLUDING TOWNSHIPS OF CRYSTAL LAKE, NESHKORO, NEWTON, AND SPRINGFIELD), OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES).....	\$ 41.76	23.65

ELEC0890-003 06/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: (DODGE (EMMET TOWNSHIP ONLY), GREEN, JEFFERSON, LAFAYETTE, RACINE (BURLINGTON TOWNSHIP), ROCK AND WALWORTH COUNTIES).....	\$ 43.65	23.59

ELEC0953-001 06/02/2019		
	Rates	Fringes
LINE CONSTRUCTION: (6) GROUNDSMAN.....	\$ 26.14	14.60
LINE CONSTRUCTION: (5) LIGHT GROUNDMAN DRIVER.....	\$ 30.89	16.11
LINE CONSTRUCTION: (4) HEAVY GROUNDMAN DRIVER.....	\$ 33.27	16.88
LINE CONSTRUCTION: (3) EQUIPMENT OPERATOR).....	\$ 38.02	18.40
LINE CONSTRUCTION: (2) HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATOR.....	\$ 42.78	19.80
LINE CONSTRUCTION: (1) LINEMAN.....	\$ 47.53	21.43

ENGI0139-005 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR: GROUP 6 OFF-ROAD MATERIAL HAULER WITH OR WITHOUT EJECTOR.		

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS: EPA LEVEL "A" PROTECTION	
- \$3.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "B" PROTECTION - \$2.00	
PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "C" PROTECTION - \$1.00 PER HOUR.	\$ 40.32
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR: GROUP 5 AIR COMPRESSOR;	
POWER PACK; VIBRATOR HAMMER AND EXTRACTOR; HEAVY	
EQUIPMENT, LEADMAN; TANK CAR HEATERS; STUMP	
CHIPPER; CURB MACHINE OPERATOR; CONCRETE	
PROPORTIONING PLANTS; GENERATORS; MUDJACK OPERATOR;	
ROCK BREAKER; CRUSHER OR SCREENING PLANT; SCREED	
(MILLING MACHINE); AUTOMATIC BELT CONVEYOR AND	
SURGE BIN; PUG MILL OPERATOR; OILER, PUMP (OVER 3	
INCHES); DRILLING MACHINE TENDER, DAY LIGHT MACHINE	

30.30

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS: EPA LEVEL "A" PROTECTION	
- \$3.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "B" PROTECTION - \$2.00	
PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "C" PROTECTION - \$1.00 PER HOUR.	\$ 46.22
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR: GROUP 4 GREASER, ROLLER	
STEEL (5 TONS OR LESS); ROLLER (PNEUMATIC TIRED) -	
SELF PROPELLED; TRACTOR (MOUNTED OR TOWED	
COMPACTORS & LIGHT EQUIPMENT); SHOULDERING MACHINE;	
SELF- PROPELLED CHIP SPREADER; CONCRETE SPREADER;	
FINISHING MACHINE; MECHANICAL FLOAT; CURING	
MACHINE; POWER SUBGRADER; JOINT SAWER (MULTIPLE	
BLADE) BELTING MACHINE; BURLAP MACHINE; TEXTURING	
MACHINE; TRACTOR ENDLOADER (RUBBER TIRED) - LIGHT;	
JEEP DIGGER; FORKLIFT; MULCHER; LAUNCH OPERATOR;	
FIREMAN, ENVIRONMENTAL BURNER	

30.30

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS: EPA LEVEL	
"A" PROTECTION - \$3.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "B"	
PROTECTION - \$2.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "C"	
PROTECTION - \$1.00 PER HOUR.....	\$ 46.51
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR: GROUP 3 MECHANIC OR	
WELDER - HEAVY DUTY EQUIPMENT; CRANES WITH A	
LIFTING CAPACITY OF 25 TONS OR UNDER; CONCRETE	
BREAKER (MANUAL OR REMOTE); VIBRATORY/SONIC	
CONCRETE BREAKER; CONCRETE LASER SCREED; CONCRETE	
SLIPFORM PAVER; CONCRETE BATCH PLANT OPERATOR;	
CONCRETE PVT. SPREADER - HEAVY DUTY (RUBBER TIRED);	
CONCRETE SPREADER & DISTRIBUTOR; AUTOMATIC	
SUBGRADER (CONCRETE); CONCRETE GRINDER & PLANING	
MACHINE; CONCRETE SLIPFORM CURB & GUTTER MACHINE;	
SLIPFORM CONCRETE PLACER; TUBE FINISHER; HYDRO	
BLASTER (10,000 PSI & OVER); BRIDGE PAVER; CONCRETE	
CONVEYOR SYSTEM; CONCRETE PUMP; ROTEC TYPE	
CONVEYOR; STABILIZING MIXER (SELF-PROPELLED);	
SHOULDER WIDENER; ASPHALT PLANT ENGINEER;	
BITUMINOUS PAVER; BUMP CUTTER & GROOVING MACHINE;	
MILLING MACHINE; SCREED (BITUMINOUS PAVER); ASPHALT	
HEATER, PLANER & SCARIFIER; BACKHOES (EXCAVATORS)	
WEIGHING UNDER 130,000 LBS; GRADER OR MOTOR PATROL;	
TRACTOR (SCRAPER, DOZER, PUSHER, LOADER); SCRAPER -	
RUBBER TIRED (SINGLE OR TWIN ENGINE); ENDLOADER;	
HYDRAULIC BACKHOE (TRACTOR TYPE); TRENCHING	
MACHINE; SKID RIGS; TRACTOR, SIDE BOOM (HEAVY);	
DRILLING OR BORING MACHINE (MECHANICAL HEAVY);	
ROLLER OVER 5 TONS; PERCUSSION OR ROTARY DRILLING	

30.30

MACHINE; AIR TRACK; BLASTER; LOADING MACHINE
(CONVEYOR); TUGGER; BOATMEN; WINCHES & A-FRAMES;
POST DRIVER; MATERIAL HOIST.

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS: EPA LEVEL "A" PROTECTION
- \$3.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "B" PROTECTION - \$2.00
PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "C" PROTECTION - \$1.00 PER HOUR. \$ 46.77 30.30
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR GROUP 2 CRANES, TOWER
CRANES AND DERRICKS WITH OR WITHOUT ATTACHMENTS
WITH A LIFTING CAPACITY OF 100 TONS OR LESS; OR
CRANES, TOWER CRANES, AND DERRICKS WITH BOOM,
LEADS, AND/OR JIBS LENGTHS MEASURING 175 FEET OR
UNDER AND BACKHOES (EXCAVATORS) WEIGHING 130,000
LBS AND OVER; CAISSON RIGS; PILE DRIVER; DREDGE
OPERATOR; DREDGE ENGINEER; BOAT PILOT.

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS: EPA LEVEL
"A" PROTECTION - \$3.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "B"
PROTECTION - \$2.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "C"
PROTECTION - \$1.00 PER HOUR.....\$ 47.87 30.30
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR GROUP 1 CRANES, TOWER
CRANES, AND DERRICKS WITH OR WITHOUT ATTACHMENTS
WITH A LIFTING CAPACITY OF OVER 100 TONS; OR
CRANES, TOWER CRANES, AND DERRICKS WITH BOOM, LEADS
AND/OR JIB LENGTHS MEASURING 176 FEET OR LONGER.

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS: EPA LEVEL "A"
PROTECTION - \$3.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "B"
PROTECTION - \$2.00 PER HOUR EPA LEVEL "C"
PROTECTION - \$1.00 PER HOUR.....\$ 48.37 30.30

IRON0008-002 06/01/2025

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER (BROWN, CALUMET, DOOR, FOND DU LAC,
KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC, MARINETTE, OCONTO, OUTAGAMI,
SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES).....\$ 44.66 33.67

IRON0008-003 06/01/2025

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER (KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE,
WALWORTH (N.E. 2/3), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA
COUNTIES).....\$ 47.52 33.67

IRON0383-001 06/01/2025

Rates Fringes

IRONWORKER (ADAMS, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, FLORENCE, FOREST, GRANT, GREENE, (EXCLUDING S.E. TIP), GREEN LAKE, IOWA, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, MARATHON, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, PORTAGE, RICHLAND, ROCK (NORTHERN AREA, VICINITY OF EDGERTON AND MILTON), SAUK, VERNON, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WOOD COUNTIES).	\$ 44.00	32.66
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IRON0498-005 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER (GREEN (S.E. 1/3), ROCK (SOUTH OF EDGERTON AND MILTON), AND WALWORTH (S.W. 1/3) COUNTIES:)	\$ 48.74	49.65

IRON0512-008 05/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER (BARRON, BUFFALO, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST CROIX, TAYLOR, AND TREMPLEAU COUNTIES)	\$ 46.35	36.86

IRON0512-021 05/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER (ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, DOUGLAS, IRON, LINCOLN, ONEIDA, PRICE, SAWYER, VILAS AND WASHBURN COUNTIES)	\$ 42.89	36.86

LABO0113-002 06/02/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
LABORER: GROUP 6 FLAGPERSON; TRAFFIC CONTROL PERSON		

(MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES)	\$ 35.30	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 5 BLASTER AND POWDERMAN		

(MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES)	\$ 39.46	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 4 LINE AND GRADE SPECIALIST		

(MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES)	\$ 39.31	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 3 BITUMINOUS WORKER (RAKER AND LUTEMAN); FORMSETTER (CURB, SIDEWALK, AND PAVEMENT); STRIKE OFF MAN		

(MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES)	\$ 39.16	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 2 AIR TOOL OPERATOR; JOINT SAWER AND FILLER (PAVEMENT); VIBRATOR OR TAMPER OPERATOR (MECHANICAL HAND OPERATED); CHAIN SAW OPERATOR; DEMOLITION BURNING TORCH LABORER		

(MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).	\$ 38.96	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 1 GENERAL LABORER; TREE TRIMMER; CONDUIT LAYER; DEMOLITION AND WRECKING LABORER; GUARD RAIL, FENCE, AND BRIDGE BUILDER; LANDSCAPER; MULTIPLATE CULVERT ASSEMBLER; STONE HANDLER; BITUMINOUS WORKER (SHOVELER, LOADER, AND UTILITY MAN); BATCH TRUCK DUMPER OR CEMENT HANDLER; BITUMINOUS WORKER (DUMPER, IRONER, SMOOTHER, AND TAMPER); CONCRETE HANDLER		

(MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 38.81	25.53
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LABO0113-003 06/02/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
LABORER: GROUP 6 FLAGPERSON AND TRAFFIC CONTROL PERSON		

(OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES).....	\$ 35.15	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 5 BLASTER; POWDERMAN		

(OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES).....	\$ 38.26	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 4 LINE AND GRADE SPECIALIST		

(OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES).....	\$ 38.41	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 3 BITUMINOUS WORKER (RAKER AND LUTEMAN); FORMSETTER (CURB, SIDEWALK, AND PAVEMENT); STRIKE OFF MAN		

(OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES).	\$ 38.21	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 2 AIR TOOL OPERATOR; JOINT SAWER AND FILLER (PAVEMENT); VIBRATOR OR TAMPER OPERATOR (MECHANICAL HAND OPERATED); CHAIN SAW OPERATOR; DEMOLITION BURNING TORCH LABORER		

(OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES).....	\$ 38.16	25.53
LABORER: GROUP 1 GENERAL LABORER; TREE TRIMMER; CONDUIT LAYER; DEMOLITION AND WRECKING LABORER; GUARD RAIL, FENCE, AND BRIDGE BUILDER; LANDSCAPER; MULTIPLATE CULVERT ASSEMBLER; STONE HANDLER; BITUMINOUS WORKER (SHOVELER, LOADER, AND UTILITY MAN); BATCH TRUCK DUMPER OR CEMENT HANDLER; BITUMINOUS WORKER (DUMPER, IRONER, SMOOTHER, AND TAMPER); CONCRETE HANDLER		

(OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES).....\$ 38.06	25.53
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LABO0113-011 06/02/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
LABORER: GROUP 6 FLAGMAN; TRAFFIC CONTROL PERSON		

(KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES).....\$ 35.02	25.53
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LABORER: GROUP 5 BLASTER AND POWDERMAN

(KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES).....\$ 38.52	25.53
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LABORER: GROUP 4 LINE AND GRADE SPECIALIST

(KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES).....\$ 38.19	25.53
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LABORER: GROUP 3 BITUMINOUS WORKER (RAKER AND LUTEMAN); FORMSETTER (CURB, SIDEWALK, AND PAVEMENT); STRIKE OFF MAN

(KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES)...\$ 38.22	25.53
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LABORER: GROUP 2 AIR TOOL OPERATOR; JOINT SAWER AND FILLER (PAVEMENT); VIBRATOR OR TAMPER OPERATOR (MECHANICAL HAND OPERATED); CHAIN SAW OPERATOR; DEMOLITION BURNING TORCH LABORER

(KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES).....\$ 38.02	25.53
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LABORER: GROUP 1 GENERAL LABORER; TREE TRIMMER; CONDUIT LAYER; DEMOLITION AND WRECKING LABORER; GUARD RAIL, FENCE, AND BRIDGE BUILDER; LANDSCAPER; MULTIPLATE CULVERT ASSEMBLER; STONE HANDLER; BITUMINOUS WORKER (SHOVELER, LOADER, AND UTILITY MAN); BATCH TRUCK DUMPER OR CEMENT HANDLER; BITUMINOUS WORKER (DUMPER, IRONER, SMOOTHER, AND TAMPER); CONCRETE HANDLER

(KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES).....\$ 37.87	25.53
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LABO0140-002 06/02/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
LABORER GROUP 6 (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD,		

BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CRO.....\$ 40.40	19.97
LABORER GROUP 5 (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CRO.....\$ 43.97	19.97
LABORER GROUP 4 (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CRO.....\$ 44.12	19.97
LABORER GROUP 3 (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CRO.....\$ 43.92	19.97
LABORER GROUP 2 (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CRO.....\$ 43.87	19.97
LABORER GROUP 1 (ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CRO.....\$ 43.77	19.97

LAB00464-003 06/02/2025

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER: GROUP 6 FLAGPERSON AND TRAFFIC CONTROL PERSON		
(DANE COUNTY).....\$ 40.40		19.97
LABORER: GROUP 5 BLASTER; POWDERMAN		
(DANE COUNTY).....\$ 44.25		19.97
LABORER: GROUP 4 LINE AND GRADE SPECIALIST		
(DANE COUNTY).....\$ 44.40		19.97
LABORER: GROUP 3 BITUMINOUS WORKER (RAKER AND LUTEMAN); FORMSETTER (CURB, SIDEWALK, AND PAVEMENT); STRIKE OFF MAN		
(DANE COUNTY).....\$ 44.20		19.97
LABORER: GROUP 2 AIR TOOL OPERATOR; JOINT SAWER AND FILLER (PAVEMENT); VIBRATOR OR TAMPER OPERATOR (MECHANICAL HAND OPERATED); CHAIN SAW OPERATOR; DEMOLITION BURNING TORCH LABORER		
(DANE COUNTY).....\$ 44.15		19.97
LABORER: GROUP 1 GENERAL LABORER; TREE TRIMMER; CONDUIT LAYER; DEMOLITION AND WRECKING LABORER; GUARD RAIL, FENCE, AND BRIDGE BUILDER; LANDSCAPER; MULTIPLATE CULVERT ASSEMBLER; STONE HANDLER; BITUMINOUS WORKER (SHOVELER, LOADER, AND UTILITY MAN); BATCH TRUCK DUMPER OR CEMENT HANDLER; BITUMINOUS WORKER (DUMPER, IRONER, SMOOTHER, AND TAMPER); CONCRETE HANDLER		
(DANE COUNTY).....\$ 44.05		19.97

PAIN0106-008 05/05/2025

	Rates	Fringes
PAINTERS: REPAINT: SPRAY, SANDBLAST, STEEL: ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES....\$ 37.27		27.26
PAINTERS: REPAINT: BRUSH, ROLLER: ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES.....\$ 36.67		27.26
PAINTERS: NEW: SPRAY, SANDBLAST, STEEL: ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES.....\$ 38.77		27.26
PAINTERS: NEW: BRUSH, ROLLER: ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES.....\$ 38.17		27.26

PAIN0108-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTERS: SPRAY & SANDBLAST (RACINE COUNTY).....	\$ 44.64	23.35
PAINTERS: BRUSH, ROLLER (RACINE COUNTY).....	\$ 43.64	23.35

PAIN0259-002 05/01/2008		
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER (BARRON, CHIPPEWA, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, SAWYER, ST. CROIX, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES).....	\$ 24.11	12.15

PAIN0259-004 05/01/2015		
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER (BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPLEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES).....	\$ 22.03	12.45

PAIN0781-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTERS: SPRAY & SANDBLAST (JEFFERSON, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 43.19	24.87
PAINTERS: BRUSH (JEFFERSON, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 42.44	24.87
PAINTERS: BRIDGE (JEFFERSON, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES).....	\$ 43.19	24.87

PAIN0802-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER: BRUSH (COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE, GRANT, GREEN, IOWA, LAFAYETTE, RICHLAND, ROCK, AND SAUK COUNTIES).....	\$ 37.65	21.17

PAIN0802-003 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER (ADAMS, BROWN, CALUMET, CLARK, DOOR, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PORTAGE, PRICE, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, TAYLOR, VILAS, WAUSHARA, WAUPACA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES)...	\$ 37.65	21.17

PAIN0934-001 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTERS: STRUCTURAL STEEL (KENOSHA AND WALWORTH COUNTIES).....	\$ 40.77	26.37
PAINTERS: SPRAY (KENOSHA AND WALWORTH COUNTIES).....	\$ 41.62	26.37
PAINTERS: BRUSH (KENOSHA AND WALWORTH COUNTIES).....	\$ 40.62	26.37

PAIN1011-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
PAINTERS: (FLORENCE COUNTY).....	\$ 31.17	15.92

PLAS0599-002 06/01/2025		
	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER: AREA D: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES.....	\$ 42.28	26.43
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER, AREA F: KENOSHA AND		

RACINE COUNTIES.....	\$ 37.33	31.38
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER, AREA E: DANE, GRANT, GREEN, IOWA, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COUNTIES....	\$ 41.16	27.54
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER AREA C: BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, RICHLAND, TREMPPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES	\$ 40.06	28.65
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER AREA A: ASHLAND, BURNETT, BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, IRON, PRICE, SAWYER, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.....	\$ 47.22	31.90

TEAM0039-001 06/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
TRUCK DRIVER 3 OR MORE AXLES; EUCLIDS, DUMPTOR & ARTICULATED, TRUCK MECHANIC.....	\$ 39.72	28.70
TRUCK DRIVER 1 & 2 AXLES.....	\$ 39.57	28.70

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

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Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts>.

Note: Executive Order 13658 generally applies to contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act that were awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and that have not been renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022. Executive Order 13658 does not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts regardless of when they were awarded. If a contract is subject to Executive Order 13658, the contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$13.65 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract from May 11, 2026, through December 31, 2026. The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under Executive Order 13658 is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classifications and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the type(s) of construction and geographic area covered by the wage

determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order under rate identifiers indicating whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate), a survey rate, a weighted union average rate, a state adopted rate, or a supplemental classification rate.

Union Rate Identifiers

A four-letter identifier beginning with characters other than **◆SU◆**, **◆UAVG◆**, **◆SA◆**, or **◆SC◆** denotes that a union rate was prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2024. PLUM is an identifier of the union whose collectively bargained rate prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. The date, 07/01/2024 in the example, is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all changes over time that are reported to WHD in the rates in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing the classification.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

The UAVG identifier indicates that no single rate prevailed for those classifications, but that 100% of the data reported for the classifications reflected union rates. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 01/01/2024. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the State of Ohio. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/01/2024 in the example, indicates the date the wage determination was updated to reflect the most current union average rate.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January, to reflect a weighted average of the current rates in the collective bargaining agreements on which the rate is based.

Survey Rate Identifiers

The **◆SU◆** identifier indicates that either a single non-union rate prevailed (as defined in 29 CFR 1.2) for this classification in the survey or that the rate was derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As a weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SUFL2022-007 6/27/2024. SU indicates the rate is a single non-union prevailing rate or a weighted average of survey data for that classification. FL indicates the State of Florida. 2022 is the year of the survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 6/27/2024 in the example, indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

◆SU◆ wage rates typically remain in effect until a new survey is conducted. However, the Wage and Hour Division (WHD) has the discretion to update such rates under 29 CFR 1.6(c)(1).

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

The **SA** identifier indicates that the classifications and prevailing wage rates set by a state (or local) government were adopted under 29 C.F.R 1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/03/2024 in the example, reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the **SA** identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- a) a survey underlying a wage determination
- b) an existing published wage determination
- c) an initial WHD letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- d) an initial conformance (additional classification and rate) determination

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be directed to the WHD Branch of Wage Surveys. Requests can be submitted via email to davisbaconinfo@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Wage Surveys
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

Regarding any other wage determination matter such as conformance decisions, requests for initial decisions should be directed to the WHD Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Requests can be submitted via email to BCWD-Office@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2) If an initial decision has been issued, then any interested party (those affected by the action) that disagrees with the decision can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Requests for review and reconsideration can be submitted via email to dba.reconsideration@dol.gov or by mail to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210.

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END OF GENERAL DECISION

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NOTICE TO BIDDERS WAGE RATE DECISION

The wage rate decision of the Department of Labor which has been incorporated in these advertised specifications is incomplete in that the classifications may be omitted from the Department of Labor's decision.

Since the bidder is responsible, independently, for ascertaining area practice with respect to the necessity, or lack of necessity, for the use of these classifications in the prosecution of the work contemplated by this project, no inference may be drawn from the omission of these classifications concerning prevailing area practices relative to their use. Further, this omission will not, per se, be construed as establishing any governmental liability for increased labor cost if it is subsequently determined that such classifications are required.

There may be omissions and/or errors in the federal wage rates. The bidder is responsible for evaluating and determining the correct applicable rate.

If a project includes multiple types of construction (highway, bridge over navigable water, sanitary sewer and water main, building) and there is not a separate wage determination for this type of work included in the proposal, use the wage determination that is in the proposal.

If a project includes multiple types of construction, different wage rate determinations may be inserted into the contract (WI10/Highway = in all WisDOT highway contracts, WI15/Heavy = bridge over navigable water per USDOL and US Coast Guard designation, WI8/Heavy (Sewer & Water Line & Tunnel) = sanitary sewer and water main if the cost is more than 20% of the contract and/or at least \$1,000,000, and Building). If multiple wage rate determinations are inserted into the contract, use the classification in the wage determination for the work being done. Use WI15 wage rates when working on the bridge and/or structure from bank to bank. Use WI8 wage rates when working on any sanitary sewer or water main work. Use Building wage rates for all work done within the footprint of the building. Use WI10 wage rates for all other highway work in the contract and approaches to structures. For example, if a laborer is working within the footprint of a building, use the Laborer rate in the Building wage determination inserted in the contract. If a laborer is working on a bridge/structure within the banks, use the Laborer rate in the WI15/Heavy wage determination if inserted in the contract. If the laborer is working on the highway, use the Laborer rate in the WI10/Highway wage determination.



Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0002	201.0105 Clearing	26.000 STA	_____.	_____.
0004	201.0205 Grubbing	26.000 STA	_____.	_____.
0006	203.0100 Removing Small Pipe Culverts	12.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0008	203.0220 Removing Structure (structure) 01. C-62-302	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0010	203.0220 Removing Structure (structure) 02. B-62-984	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0012	204.0110 Removing Asphaltic Surface	357.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0014	204.0115 Removing Asphaltic Surface Butt Joints	1,138.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0016	204.0150 Removing Curb & Gutter	650.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0018	204.0155 Removing Concrete Sidewalk	199.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0020	204.0165 Removing Guardrail	8,364.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0022	204.0167 Removing Cable Barrier	1,460.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0024	205.0100 Excavation Common	15,754.000 CY	_____.	_____.
0026	206.1001 Excavation for Structures Bridges (structure) 01. B-62-984	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0028	206.2001 Excavation for Structures Culverts (structure) 01. C-62-335	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0030	208.1500.S Temporary Lane Shift During Culvert Work	11.000 EACH	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0032	209.2500 Backfill Granular Grade 2	4,650.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0034	210.1500 Backfill Structure Type A	171.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0036	210.2500 Backfill Structure Type B	1,153.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0038	211.0101 Prepare Foundation for Asphaltic Paving (project) 01. 5865-02-64	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0040	211.0400 Prepare Foundation for Asphaltic Shoulders	487.000 STA	_____.	_____.
0042	213.0100 Finishing Roadway (project) 01. 5865- 02-64	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0044	305.0110 Base Aggregate Dense 3/4-Inch	3,279.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0046	305.0120 Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch	11,018.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0048	310.0110 Base Aggregate Open-Graded	440.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0050	311.0110 Breaker Run	11,995.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0052	455.0605 Tack Coat	6,260.000 GAL	_____.	_____.
0054	460.0105.S HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0056	460.0110.S HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0058	460.2000 Incentive Density HMA Pavement	210.000 DOL	1.00000	210.00
0060	460.2005 Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	17,790.000 DOL	1.00000	17,790.00



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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0062	460.2007 Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints	7,540.000 DOL	1.00000	7,540.00
0064	460.2010 Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	22,699.000 DOL	1.00000	22,699.00
0066	460.5224 HMA Pavement 4 LT 58-28 S	22,808.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0068	465.0120 Asphaltic Surface Driveways and Field Entrances	78.000 TON	_____.	_____.
0070	465.0315 Asphaltic Flumes	260.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0072	465.0560 Asphaltic Rumble Strips, Centerline	31,293.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0074	502.0100 Concrete Masonry Bridges	35.000 CY	_____.	_____.
0076	502.3200 Protective Surface Treatment	994.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0078	502.3205 Pigmented Surface Sealer Reseal	203.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0080	502.3210 Pigmented Surface Sealer	47.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0082	502.3215 Protective Surface Treatment Reseal	24.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0084	502.4205 Adhesive Anchors No. 5 Bar	72.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0086	504.0100 Concrete Masonry Culverts	121.000 CY	_____.	_____.
0088	505.0400 Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Structures	19,350.000 LB	_____.	_____.
0090	505.0600 Bar Steel Reinforcement HS Coated Structures	3,090.000 LB	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0092	509.0301 Preparation Decks Type 1	404.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0094	509.0302 Preparation Decks Type 2	161.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0096	509.0500 Cleaning Decks	144.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0098	509.0505.S Cleaning Decks to Reapply Concrete Masonry Overlay	850.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0100	509.1500 Concrete Surface Repair	483.000 SF	_____.	_____.
0102	509.2500 Concrete Masonry Overlay Decks	106.000 CY	_____.	_____.
0104	509.9005.S Removing Concrete Masonry Deck Overlay (structure) 01. B-62-29	850.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0106	511.1200 Temporary Shoring (structure) 01. B-62-984	640.000 SF	_____.	_____.
0108	516.0500 Rubberized Membrane Waterproofing	34.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0110	520.1024 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe 24-Inch	7.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0112	520.3324 Culvert Pipe Class III-A 24-Inch	182.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0114	521.1018 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Steel 18-Inch	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0116	521.3118 Culvert Pipe Corrugated Steel 18-Inch	6.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0118	522.2319 Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical Class HE-III 19x30-Inch	160.000 LF	_____.	_____.



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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0120	522.2324 Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical Class HE-III 24x38-Inch	36.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0122	522.2619 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical 19x30-Inch	7.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0124	522.2624 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical 24x38-Inch	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0126	550.2146 Piling CIP Concrete 14 X 0.375-Inch	420.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0128	601.0411 Concrete Curb & Gutter 30-Inch Type D	1,920.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0130	601.0557 Concrete Curb & Gutter 6-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type D	2,435.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0132	602.0405 Concrete Sidewalk 4-Inch	3,685.000 SF	_____.	_____.
0134	602.0505 Curb Ramp Detectable Warning Field Yellow	40.000 SF	_____.	_____.
0136	602.0810 Concrete Driveway 6-Inch	205.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0138	603.8000 Concrete Barrier Temporary Precast Delivered	508.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0140	603.8125 Concrete Barrier Temporary Precast Installed	1,016.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0142	606.0200 Riprap Medium	17.000 CY	_____.	_____.
0144	606.0300 Riprap Heavy	187.000 CY	_____.	_____.



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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

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Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0146	608.3012 Storm Sewer Pipe Class III-A 12-Inch	147.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0148	608.3015 Storm Sewer Pipe Class III-A 15-Inch	134.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0150	608.3018 Storm Sewer Pipe Class III-A 18-Inch	825.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0152	608.3024 Storm Sewer Pipe Class III-A 24-Inch	621.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0154	611.0530 Manhole Covers Type J	6.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0156	611.0615 Inlet Covers Type F	4.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0158	611.0624 Inlet Covers Type H	8.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0160	611.0642 Inlet Covers Type MS	6.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0162	611.0645 Inlet Covers Type MS-A	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0164	611.2004 Manholes 4-FT Diameter	6.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0166	611.3003 Inlets 3-FT Diameter	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0168	611.3004 Inlets 4-FT Diameter	8.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0170	611.3253 Inlets 2.5x3-FT	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0172	611.3901 Inlets Median 1 Grate	4.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0174	611.3902 Inlets Median 2 Grate	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0176	612.0106 Pipe Underdrain 6-Inch	75.000 LF	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

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Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0178	614.0905 Crash Cushions Temporary	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0180	614.2300 MGS Guardrail 3	2,450.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0182	614.2330 MGS Guardrail 3 K	5,900.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0184	614.2340 MGS Guardrail 3 L	112.500 LF	_____.	_____.
0186	614.2350 MGS Guardrail Short Radius	112.500 LF	_____.	_____.
0188	614.2500 MGS Thrie Beam Transition	630.400 LF	_____.	_____.
0190	614.2610 MGS Guardrail Terminal EAT	38.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0192	614.2620 MGS Guardrail Terminal Type 2	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0194	614.2630 MGS Guardrail Short Radius Terminal	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0196	618.0100 Maintenance and Repair of Haul Roads (project) 01. 5865-02-64	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0198	619.1000 Mobilization	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0200	624.0100 Water	143.200 MGAL	_____.	_____.
0202	625.0100 Topsoil	1,651.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0204	625.0500 Salvaged Topsoil	10,380.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0206	627.0200 Mulching	5,411.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0208	628.1504 Silt Fence	11,800.000 LF	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0210	628.1520 Silt Fence Maintenance	23,600.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0212	628.1905 Mobilizations Erosion Control	8.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0214	628.1910 Mobilizations Emergency Erosion Control	4.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0216	628.2008 Erosion Mat Urban Class I Type B	8,200.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0218	628.2023 Erosion Mat Class II Type B	500.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0220	628.7005 Inlet Protection Type A	24.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0222	628.7010 Inlet Protection Type B	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0224	628.7015 Inlet Protection Type C	15.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0226	628.7504 Temporary Ditch Checks	348.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0228	628.7555 Culvert Pipe Checks	45.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0230	629.0210 Fertilizer Type B	14.500 CWT	_____.	_____.
0232	630.0130 Seeding Mixture No. 30	663.000 LB	_____.	_____.
0234	630.0140 Seeding Mixture No. 40	175.000 LB	_____.	_____.
0236	630.0175 Seeding Mixture No. 75	21.800 LB	_____.	_____.
0238	630.0200 Seeding Temporary	510.000 LB	_____.	_____.
0240	630.0500 Seed Water	493.000 MGAL	_____.	_____.



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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0242	633.5200 Markers Culvert End	16.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0244	634.0612 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 12-FT	8.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0246	634.0614 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 14-FT	31.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0248	634.0616 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 16-FT	11.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0250	634.0618 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 18-FT	6.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0252	638.2102 Moving Signs Type II	57.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0254	642.5201 Field Office Type C	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0256	643.0300 Traffic Control Drums	24,500.000 DAY	_____.	_____.
0258	643.0420 Traffic Control Barricades Type III	10,207.000 DAY	_____.	_____.
0260	643.0705 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type A	20,414.000 DAY	_____.	_____.
0262	643.0715 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type C	975.000 DAY	_____.	_____.
0264	643.0900 Traffic Control Signs	54,504.000 DAY	_____.	_____.
0266	643.0920 Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II	9.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0268	643.1050 Traffic Control Signs PCMS	14.000 DAY	_____.	_____.
0270	643.3150 Temporary Marking Line Removable Tape 4-Inch	5,152.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0272	643.3165 Temporary Marking Line Paint 6-Inch	74,182.000 LF	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0274	643.3850 Temporary Marking Stop Line Removable Tape 18-Inch	22.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0276	643.5000 Traffic Control	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0278	644.1440 Temporary Pedestrian Surface Matting	240.000 SF	_____.	_____.
0280	644.1810 Temporary Pedestrian Barricade	517.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0282	644.1900.S Temporary Audible Message Devices	120.000 DAY	_____.	_____.
0284	645.0105 Geotextile Type C	252.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0286	645.0120 Geotextile Type HR	424.000 SY	_____.	_____.
0288	646.2040 Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 6-Inch	150,482.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0290	646.9000 Marking Removal Line 4-Inch	1,564.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0292	648.0100 Locating No-Passing Zones	7.200 MI	_____.	_____.
0294	650.4000 Construction Staking Storm Sewer	23.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0296	650.4500 Construction Staking Subgrade	7,856.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0298	650.5000 Construction Staking Base	7,856.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0300	650.5500 Construction Staking Curb Gutter and Curb & Gutter	4,355.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0302	650.6000 Construction Staking Pipe Culverts	9.000 EACH	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 11 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0304	650.6501 Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 01. C-62-335	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0306	650.6501 Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 01. STA 110+12, LT	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0308	650.6501 Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 02. B-62-984	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0310	650.8000 Construction Staking Resurfacing Reference	38,150.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0312	650.9000 Construction Staking Curb Ramps	4.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0314	650.9500 Construction Staking Sidewalk (project) 01. 5865-02-64	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0316	650.9911 Construction Staking Supplemental Control (project) 01.5865-02-64	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0318	650.9920 Construction Staking Slope Stakes	7,856.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0320	690.0150 Sawing Asphalt	5,482.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0322	690.0250 Sawing Concrete	78.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0324	715.0502 Incentive Strength Concrete Structures	936.000 DOL	1.00000	936.00
0326	740.0440 Incentive IRI Ride	28,800.000 DOL	1.00000	28,800.00
0328	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 01. 132+17.1	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0330	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 02. 184+01.4	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 12 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0332	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 03. 252+98.5	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0334	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 04. 431+53.0	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0336	999.2100.S Installing and Maintaining Climbing Turtle Exclusion Fence	7,200.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0338	ASP.1T0A On-the-Job Training Apprentice at \$5.00/HR	2,400.000 HRS	5.00000	12,000.00
0340	ASP.1T0G On-the-Job Training Graduate at \$5.00/HR	3,200.000 HRS	5.00000	16,000.00
0342	SPV.0060 Special 001. Verify Landmark Reference Monuments	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0344	SPV.0060 Special 200. Remove Existing Sanitary Manhole	4.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0346	SPV.0060 Special 201. 48" Sanitary Sewer Manhole	3.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0348	SPV.0060 Special 202. 8" x 6" PVC Wye	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0350	SPV.0060 Special 203. 8" x 4" PVC Wye	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0352	SPV.0060 Special 204. Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Main	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0354	SPV.0060 Special 206. Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Service	16.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0356	SPV.0060 Special 207. Remove & Salvage Existing Hydrants & Valves	6.000 EACH	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 13 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0358	SPV.0060 Special 209. 8" Gate Valves & Boxes	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0360	SPV.0060 Special 210. 6" Gate Valves & Boxes	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0362	SPV.0060 Special 211. Fire Hydrant	3.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0364	SPV.0060 Special 212. 8" Tapping Saddle	22.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0366	SPV.0060 Special 213. 1" Corporation Stop	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0368	SPV.0060 Special 214. 2" Corporation Stop	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0370	SPV.0060 Special 215. 1" Curb Stop & Box	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0372	SPV.0060 Special 216. Connect to Existing Main	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0374	SPV.0060 Special 217. Connect to Existing Service	3.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0376	SPV.0060 Special 218. Temporary Water Services	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0378	SPV.0085 Special 200. Special Fittings	1,200.000 LB	_____.	_____.
0380	SPV.0090 Special 200. Remove Existing Sanitary Sewer Pipe	834.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0382	SPV.0090 Special 201. 8" Sanitary Sewer Main	906.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0384	SPV.0090 Special 202. 2" HDPE Sanitary Sewer Forcemain	96.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0386	SPV.0090 Special 203. 6" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe	37.000 LF	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 14 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0388	SPV.0090 Special 204. 4" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe	495.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0390	SPV.0090 Special 205. Remove Existing Watermain	1,121.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0392	SPV.0090 Special 206. 8" Watermain	1,039.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0394	SPV.0090 Special 207. 6" Watermain	64.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0396	SPV.0090 Special 208. 6" Class 52 Ductile Iron Pipe Hydrant Lead	40.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0398	SPV.0090 Special 209. 1" Copper Water Service	484.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0400	SPV.0090 Special 210. 2" Copper Water Service	19.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0402	SPV.0165 Special 001. Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized	350.000 SF	_____.	_____.
0404	SPV.0180 Special 001. Removing Asphaltic Surface Milling	100,500.000 SY	_____.	_____.
Section: 0001			Total:	_____.
			Total Bid:	_____.

PLEASE ATTACH ADDENDA HERE



Wisconsin Department of Transportation

July 28, 2026

**Division of Transportation Systems
Development**

Bureau of Project Development
4822 Madison Yards Way, 4th Floor South
Madison, WI 53705

Telephone: (608) 266-1631

Facsimile (FAX): (608) 266-8459

NOTICE TO ALL CONTRACTORS:

FHWA-1273 Addendum #01

Letting of August 11, 2026

Attached is a copy of the revised FHWA-1273 Contract Provisions for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts that are included in proposals 02 – 14, 16, and 18. This will be effective with the August 11, 2026 letting.

The responsibility for notifying potential subcontractors and suppliers of these changes remains with the prime contractors.

Sincerely,

Mike Coleman

Proposal Development Specialist
Proposal Management Section

END OF ADDENDUM

CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- IV. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- V. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VI. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- VIII. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- IX. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- X. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XI. Use of United States-Flag Vessels

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only).

I. GENERAL

1. Historically, contracting agencies using Federal-aid highway funds were required to ensure Form FHWA-1273 was physically incorporated into all contracts and subcontracts. Effective June 10, 2026, this requirement was eliminated [91 FR 25492]. Future use of Form FHWA-1273 is now optional on the part of the contracting agency using Federal-aid highway funds. FHWA continues to make Form FHWA-1273 available as a convenience to contracting agencies. Contracting agencies must continue to ensure compliance with the provisions cited in Form FHWA-1273 in accordance with the provisions regardless of the use of Form FHWA-1273. Accordingly, the contracting agency retains the authority to determine whether the contractor must use Form FHWA-1273 to physically incorporate required contract provisions in each subcontract and in lower tier contracts. Where permitted by the contracting agency, the contractor may choose other ways to include required contract provisions in each subcontract, besides incorporating Form FHWA-1273. Contract provisions in Form FHWA-1273 are not required to be physically included in subcontracts for design services on Federal-aid design-build contracts, or in purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services.

The applicable provisions of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor or design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents.

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's

immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27, including any amendments thereto.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27, including any amendments thereto.

The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract.

1. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26, including any amendments thereto, and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26, including any amendments thereto, in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E, including any amendments thereto, are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

III. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Wage rates and fringe benefits.* All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act ([29 CFR part 3](#))), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act ([40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in

paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided*, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. *Frequently recurring classifications.* (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in [29 CFR part 1](#), a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:

- (i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;
- (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

c. *Conformance.* (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:

- (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
- (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.

(3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the

classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

d. Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

e. Unfunded plans. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

f. Interest. In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Withholding requirements. The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered

necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

b. Priority to withheld funds. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph 2.a. of this section or Section IV, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:

- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
- (2) A contracting agency for its repurchase costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
- (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
- (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901](#)–3907.

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

(2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number

of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.

(3) *Additional records relating to fringe benefits.* Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

(4) *Additional records relating to apprenticeship.* Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. *Certified payroll requirements* (1) *Frequency and method of submission.* The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.

(2) *Information required.* The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/wh347.pdf> or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.

(3) *Statement of Compliance.* Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:

(i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in [29 CFR part 3](#); and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(4) *Use of Optional Form WH-347.* The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

(5) *Signature.* The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.

(6) *Falsification.* The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under [18 U.S.C. 1001](#) and [31 U.S.C. 3729](#).

(7) *Length of certified payroll retention.* The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

c. *Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents.* The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

d. *Required disclosures and access* (1) *Required record disclosures and access to workers.* The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.

(2) *Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements.* If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under [29 CFR part 6](#) any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.

(3) *Required information disclosures.* Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Apprentices (1) Rate of pay.* Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) *Fringe benefits.* Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.

(3) *Apprenticeship ratio.* The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(4) *Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates.* Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.

b. *Equal employment opportunity.* The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with [29 CFR part 30](#), including any amendments thereto.

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section III. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (11) of this section, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the

contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, [18 U.S.C. 1001](#).

11. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#); or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#).

IV. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the

Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$33 as of January 15, 2025 (See 90 FR 1859) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

a. *Withholding process.* The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section III paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:

(1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;

(2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;

(3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;

(4) A contractor's assignee(s);

(5) A contractor's successor(s); or

(6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901](#)–3907.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

5. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

V. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of

the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1. of this section refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;

(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1. of this section is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on longstanding interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however,

contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VI. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the

character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

VIII. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

IX. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this

covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the

eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

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2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

* * * * *

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 – 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers to any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered

transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

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4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

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X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XI. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the

extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

**ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS
PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT
HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS
ROAD CONTRACTS** (40 U.S.C. sections 14501(d) and 14701
and the Appalachian Regional Commission Code as
authorized under 40 U.S.C. section 14302)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded
under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 40 U.S.C. 14501 allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.



Wisconsin Department of Transportation

August 5, 2026

Division of Transportation Systems Development

Bureau of Project Development
4822 Madison Yards Way, 4th Floor South
Madison, WI 53705

Telephone: (608) 266-1631
Facsimile (FAX): (608) 266-8459

NOTICE TO ALL CONTRACTORS:

Proposal #05:	5865-02-64, WISC 2026436	5865-02-74
	Stoddard – Coon Valley	Stoddard – Coon Valley
	Village Park Driveway to Depot St	Village Park Driveway to Depot St
	STH 162	STH 162
	Vernon County	Vernon County

Letting of August 11, 2026

This is Addendum No. 01, which provides for the following:

Special Provisions:

Deleted Special Provisions	
Article No.	Description
44	Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth, Item SPV.0165.001

Schedule of Items:

Deleted Bid Item Quantities					
Bid Item	Item Description	Unit	Proposal Total Prior to Addendum	Proposal Quantity Change (-)	Proposal Total After Addendum
650.6501	Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 01. STA 110+12, LT	EA	1	-1	0
SPV.0165.001	Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth	SF	350	-350	0

Plan Sheets:

Revised Plan Sheets	
Plan Sheet	Plan Sheet Title (brief description of changes to sheet)
96	Table for Wall Modular Block Mechanically Stabilized Earth, SPV.0165.001 and Item 650.6501 Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 01. STA 110+12, LT is removed
100	Wall removed and grading changed
101	Wall removed and grading changed
130	Wall removed and grading changed
131	Wall removed and grading changed

The responsibility for notifying potential subcontractors and suppliers of these changes remains with the prime contractor.

Sincerely,

Mike Coleman

Proposal Development Specialist
Proposal Management Section

ADDENDUM NO. 01
5865-02-64/5865-02-74
August 5, 2026

Special Provisions

44. Deleted

Schedule of Items

Attached, dated August 5, 2026, are the revised Schedule of Items Pages 11 – 14.

Plan Sheets

The following 8½ x 11-inch sheets are attached and made part of the plans for this proposal:
Revised: 96, 100, 101, 130, and 131

END OF ADDENDUM

REMOVING ASPHALT SURFACE SPECIAL

SPV 0180.001

STATION	TO	STATION	LOCATION	SY	REMARKS
115+00	-	131+04	M/L	4,300	
133+30	-	182+50	M/L	12,400	
185+50	-	252+83	M/L	19,600	
253+14	-	329+90	M/L	20,800	
331+64	-	431+26	M/L	27,800	
431+80	-	486+00	M/L	15,600	
TOTALS				100,500	

TEMPORARY SHIFT DURING CULVERT WORK

208.1500.S

STATION	LOCATION	EACH	REMARKS
144+49	M/L	1	CULVERT REPLACEMENT
162+10	M/L	1	STORM CROSSING
168+75	M/L	1	STORM CROSSING
172+00	M/L	1	STORM CROSSING
261+57	M/L	1	CULVERT REPLACEMENT
272+19	M/L	1	CULVERT REPLACEMENT
290+83	M/L	1	CULVERT REPLACEMENT
298+40	M/L	1	CULVERT REPLACEMENT
395+64	M/L	1	CULVERT REPLACEMENT
448+94	M/L	1	CULVERT REPLACEMENT
483+77	M/L	1	CULVERT REPLACEMENT

11

BIRD DETERRENT SYSTEMS

		999 2000 S.01	999 2000 S.02	999 2000 S.03	999 2000 S.04
		INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING BIRD DETERRENT SYSTEM (01.132+17.1)	INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING BIRD DETERRENT SYSTEM (02.184+01.4)	INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING BIRD DETERRENT SYSTEM (03.252+98.5)	INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING BIRD DETERRENT SYSTEM (04.431+53.0)
CATEGORY	STATION	EACH	EACH	EACH	EACH
0010	132+17.1	1	-	-	-
0010	184+01.4	-	1	-	-
0010	252+98.5	-	-	1	-
0010	431+53.0	-	-	-	1
ITEM TOTALS		1	1	1	1

Addendum No. 01
ID 5865-02-64
Revised Sheet 96
August 5, 2026

LANDMARK REFERENCE MONUMENTS

SPV.0060.001 VERIFY LANDMARK REFERENCE MONUMENTS			
STATION	OFFSET	TOWN/RANGE/SECTION	EACH
401+95.8	11.1 RT	14N6WSECTION20	1
ITEM TOTALS			1

NOTE: ALL ITEMS CATEGORY 0010 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

PROJECT NO: 5865-02-64 HWY: 5TH 162

FILE NAME: X:\333\000\301925\01\TECH\CD\58650264\SHETS\PLAN\03201_1.MXD LAYOUT NAME: -15

COUNTY: VERNON

MISCELLANEOUS QUANTITIES

JEFF BREU

6/23/2026 1:38 PM

PLOT DATE:

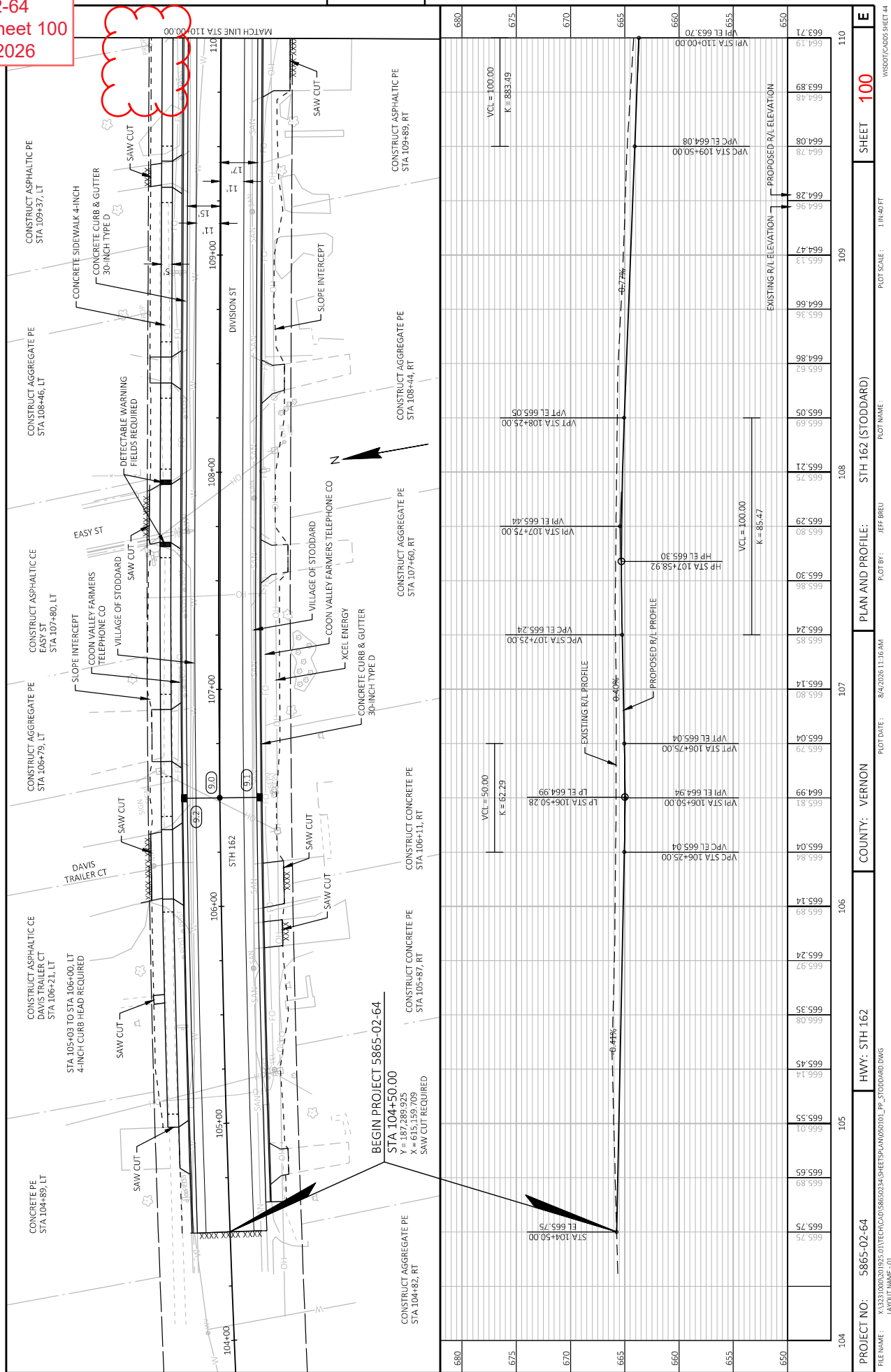
PLOT NAME:

PLOT SCALE: 1" = 1'

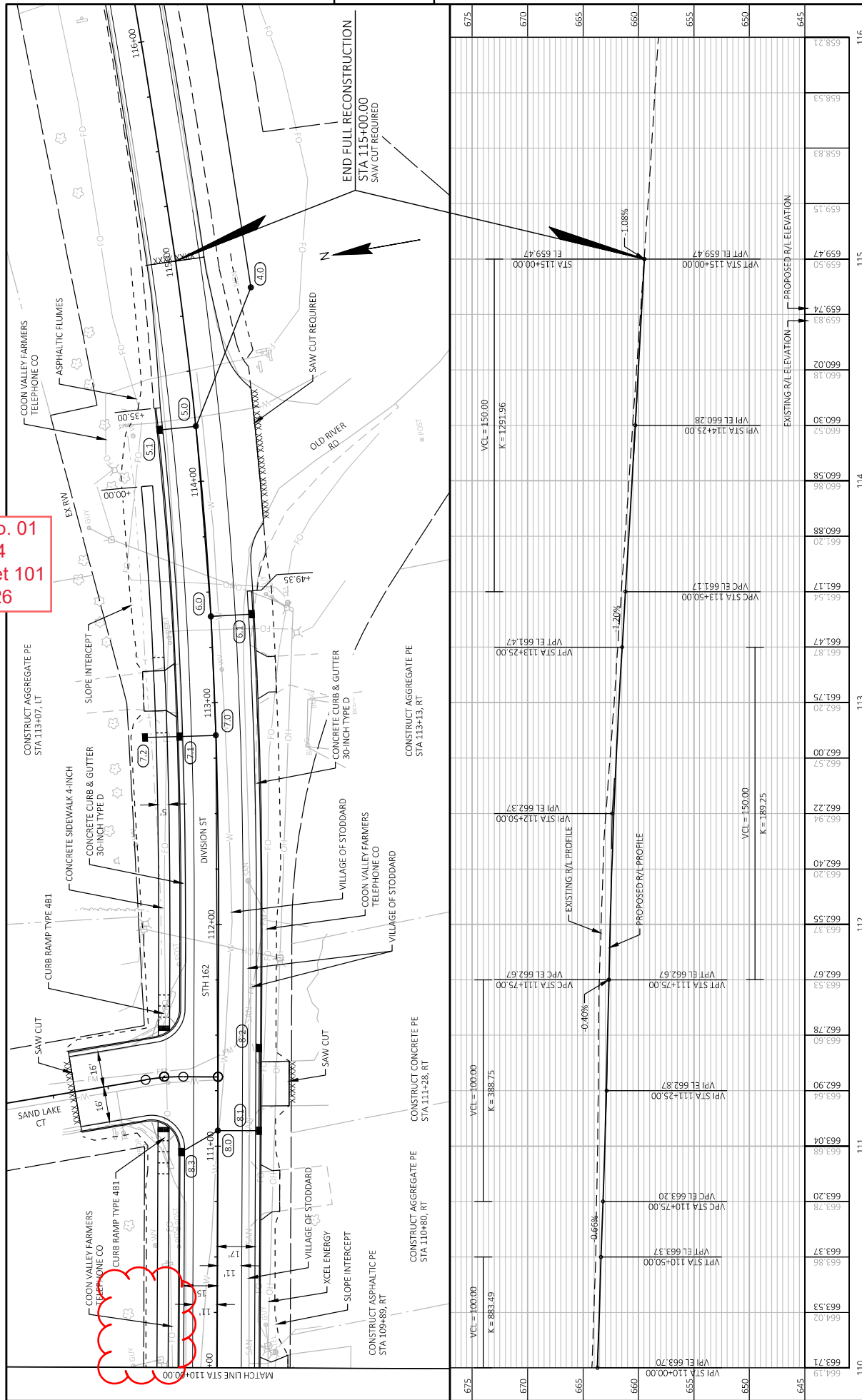
SHEET 96

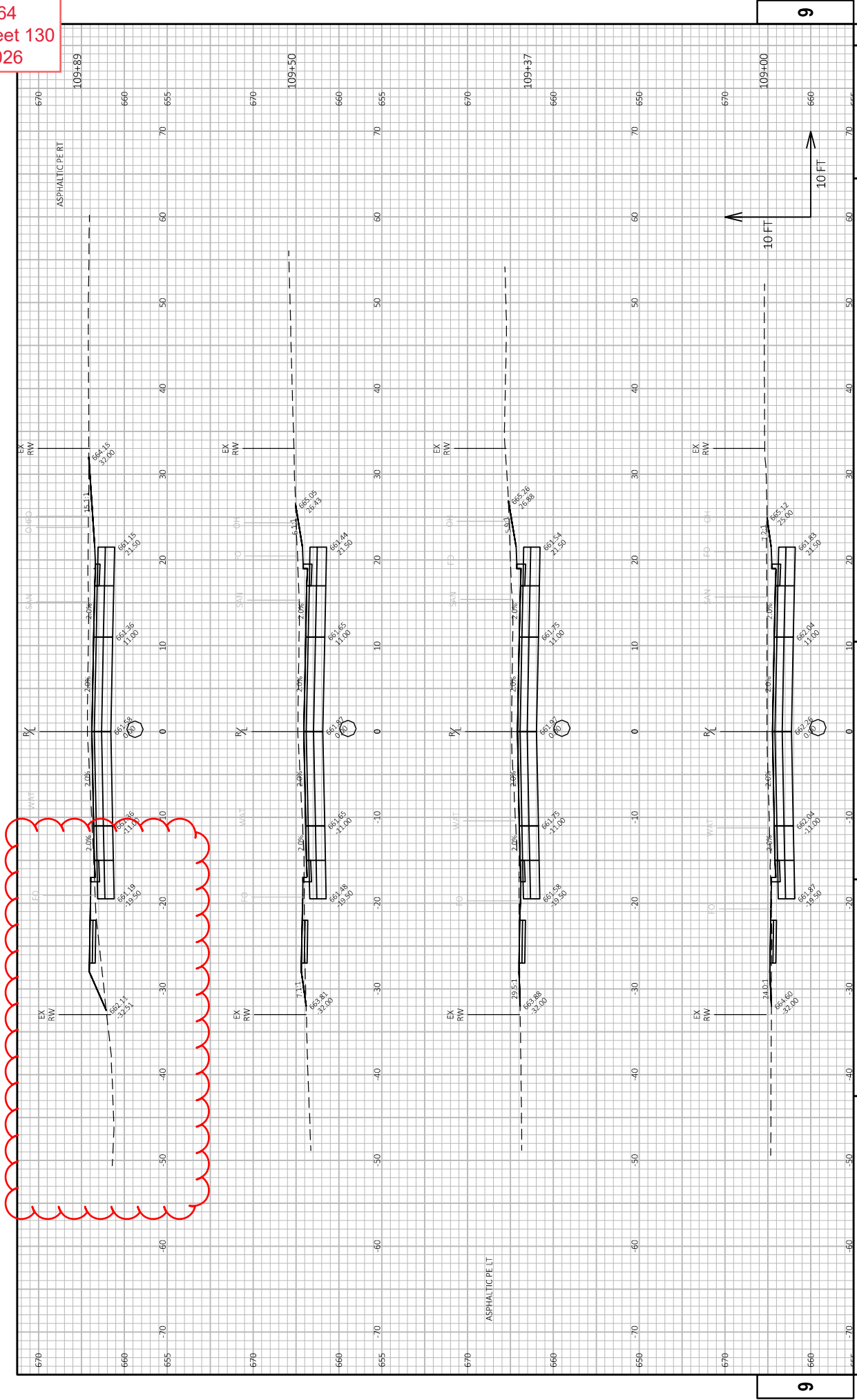
E

WISDOT/CAD05 SHEET 42

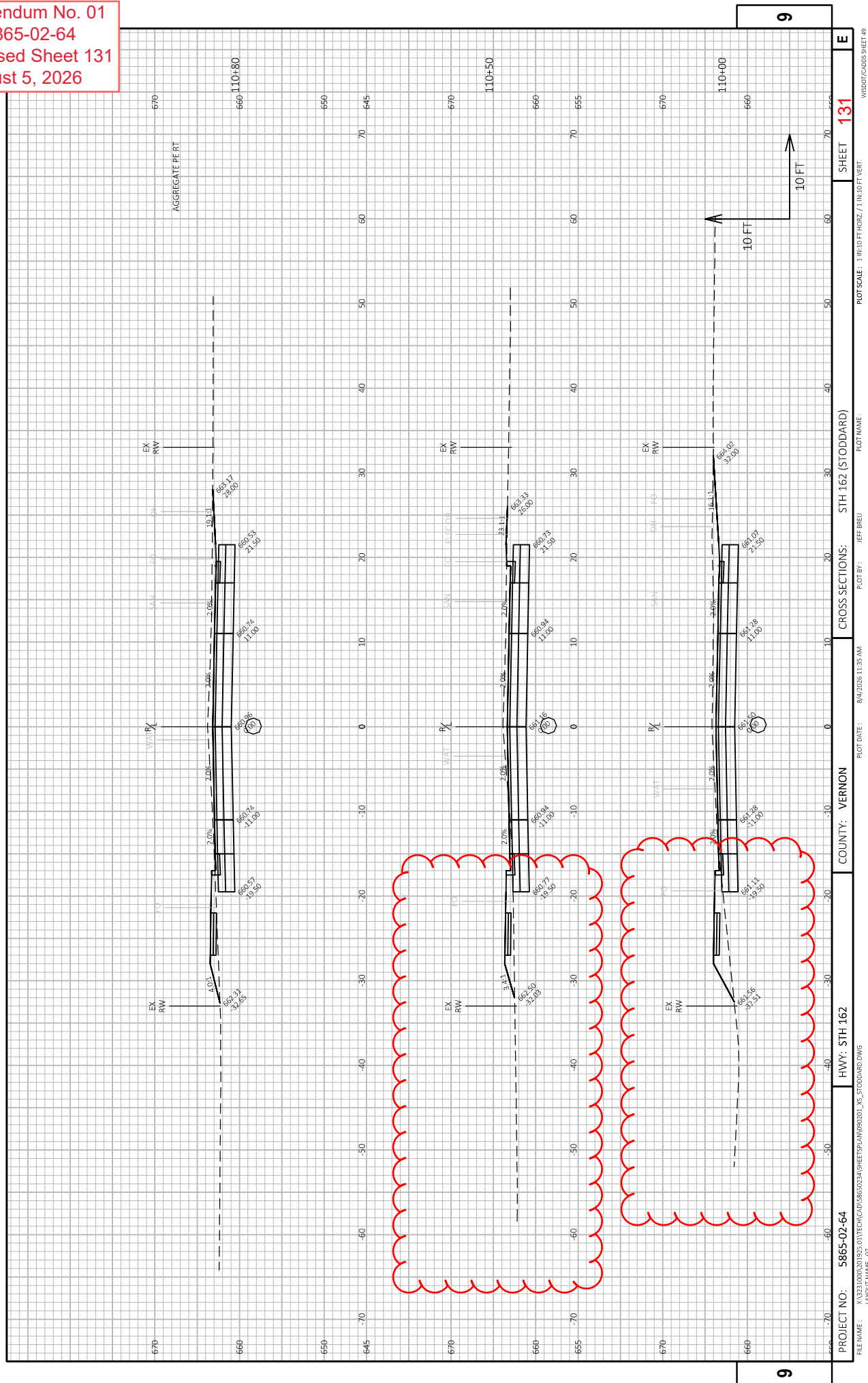


Addendum No. 01
ID 5865-02-64
Revised Sheet 101
August 5, 2026





Addendum No. 01
ID 5865-02-64
Revised Sheet 131
August 5, 2026





Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 11 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0304	650.6501 Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 01. C-62-335	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0308	650.6501 Construction Staking Structure Layout (structure) 02. B-62-984	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0310	650.8000 Construction Staking Resurfacing Reference	38,150.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0312	650.9000 Construction Staking Curb Ramps	4.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0314	650.9500 Construction Staking Sidewalk (project) 01. 5865-02-64	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0316	650.9911 Construction Staking Supplemental Control (project) 01.5865-02-64	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0318	650.9920 Construction Staking Slope Stakes	7,856.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0320	690.0150 Sawing Asphalt	5,482.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0322	690.0250 Sawing Concrete	78.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0324	715.0502 Incentive Strength Concrete Structures	936.000 DOL	1.00000	936.00
0326	740.0440 Incentive IRI Ride	28,800.000 DOL	1.00000	28,800.00
0328	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 01. 132+17.1	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0330	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 02. 184+01.4	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0332	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 03. 252+98.5	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 12 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0334	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 04. 431+53.0	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0336	999.2100.S Installing and Maintaining Climbing Turtle Exclusion Fence	7,200.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0338	ASP.1T0A On-the-Job Training Apprentice at \$5.00/HR	2,400.000 HRS	5.00000	12,000.00
0340	ASP.1T0G On-the-Job Training Graduate at \$5.00/HR	3,200.000 HRS	5.00000	16,000.00
0342	SPV.0060 Special 001. Verify Landmark Reference Monuments	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0344	SPV.0060 Special 200. Remove Existing Sanitary Manhole	4.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0346	SPV.0060 Special 201. 48" Sanitary Sewer Manhole	3.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0348	SPV.0060 Special 202. 8" x 6" PVC Wye	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0350	SPV.0060 Special 203. 8" x 4" PVC Wye	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0352	SPV.0060 Special 204. Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Main	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0354	SPV.0060 Special 206. Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Service	16.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0356	SPV.0060 Special 207. Remove & Salvage Existing Hydrants & Valves	6.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0358	SPV.0060 Special 209. 8" Gate Valves & Boxes	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 13 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0360	SPV.0060 Special 210. 6" Gate Valves & Boxes	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0362	SPV.0060 Special 211. Fire Hydrant	3.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0364	SPV.0060 Special 212. 8" Tapping Saddle	22.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0366	SPV.0060 Special 213. 1" Corporation Stop	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0368	SPV.0060 Special 214. 2" Corporation Stop	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0370	SPV.0060 Special 215. 1" Curb Stop & Box	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0372	SPV.0060 Special 216. Connect to Existing Main	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0374	SPV.0060 Special 217. Connect to Existing Service	3.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0376	SPV.0060 Special 218. Temporary Water Services	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0378	SPV.0085 Special 200. Special Fittings	1,200.000 LB	_____.	_____.
0380	SPV.0090 Special 200. Remove Existing Sanitary Sewer Pipe	834.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0382	SPV.0090 Special 201. 8" Sanitary Sewer Main	906.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0384	SPV.0090 Special 202. 2" HDPE Sanitary Sewer Forcemain	96.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0386	SPV.0090 Special 203. 6" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe	37.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0388	SPV.0090 Special 204. 4" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe	495.000 LF	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 14 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0390	SPV.0090 Special 205. Remove Existing Watermain	1,121.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0392	SPV.0090 Special 206. 8" Watermain	1,039.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0394	SPV.0090 Special 207. 6" Watermain	64.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0396	SPV.0090 Special 208. 6" Class 52 Ductile Iron Pipe Hydrant Lead	40.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0398	SPV.0090 Special 209. 1" Copper Water Service	484.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0400	SPV.0090 Special 210. 2" Copper Water Service	19.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0404	SPV.0180 Special 001. Removing Asphaltic Surface Milling	100,500.000 SY	_____.	_____.
Section: 0001			Total:	_____.
			Total Bid:	_____.



Wisconsin Department of Transportation

August 6, 2026

Division of Transportation Systems Development

Bureau of Project Development
4822 Madison Yards Way, 4th Floor South
Madison, WI 53705

Telephone: (608) 266-1631
Facsimile (FAX): (608) 266-8459

NOTICE TO ALL CONTRACTORS:

Proposal #05:	5865-02-64, WISC 2026436	5865-02-74
	Stoddard – Coon Valley	Stoddard – Coon Valley
	Village Park Driveway to Depot St	Village Park Driveway to Depot St
	STH 162	STH 162
	Vernon County	Vernon County

Letting of August 11, 2026

This is Addendum No. 02, which provides for the following:

Schedule of Items:

Revised Bid Item Quantities					
Bid Item	Item Description	Unit	Proposal Total Prior to Addendum	Proposal Quantity Change (-)	Proposal Total After Addendum
SPV.0060.206	Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Service	EA	16	+6	22
SPV.0060.217	Connect to Existing Service	EA	3	+19	22

Schedule of Items

Attached, dated August 6, 2026, are the revised Schedule of Items Pages 12 and 13.

The responsibility for notifying potential subcontractors and suppliers of these changes remains with the prime contractor.

Sincerely,

Mike Coleman

Proposal Development Specialist
Proposal Management Section

END OF ADDENDUM



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 12 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0334	999.2000.S Installing and Maintaining Bird Deterrent System (station) 04. 431+53.0	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0336	999.2100.S Installing and Maintaining Climbing Turtle Exclusion Fence	7,200.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0338	ASP.1T0A On-the-Job Training Apprentice at \$5.00/HR	2,400.000 HRS	5.00000	12,000.00
0340	ASP.1T0G On-the-Job Training Graduate at \$5.00/HR	3,200.000 HRS	5.00000	16,000.00
0342	SPV.0060 Special 001. Verify Landmark Reference Monuments	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0344	SPV.0060 Special 200. Remove Existing Sanitary Manhole	4.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0346	SPV.0060 Special 201. 48" Sanitary Sewer Manhole	3.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0348	SPV.0060 Special 202. 8" x 6" PVC Wye	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0350	SPV.0060 Special 203. 8" x 4" PVC Wye	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0352	SPV.0060 Special 204. Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Main	2.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0354	SPV.0060 Special 206. Connect to Existing Sanitary Sewer Service	22.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0356	SPV.0060 Special 207. Remove & Salvage Existing Hydrants & Valves	6.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0358	SPV.0060 Special 209. 8" Gate Valves & Boxes	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.



Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 13 of 14

Proposal ID: 20260811005 Project(s): 5865-02-64, 5865-02-74

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026436, N/A

SECTION: 0001

Contract Items

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0360	SPV.0060 Special 210. 6" Gate Valves & Boxes	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0362	SPV.0060 Special 211. Fire Hydrant	3.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0364	SPV.0060 Special 212. 8" Tapping Saddle	22.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0366	SPV.0060 Special 213. 1" Corporation Stop	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0368	SPV.0060 Special 214. 2" Corporation Stop	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0370	SPV.0060 Special 215. 1" Curb Stop & Box	21.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0372	SPV.0060 Special 216. Connect to Existing Main	5.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0374	SPV.0060 Special 217. Connect to Existing Service	22.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0376	SPV.0060 Special 218. Temporary Water Services	1.000 EACH	_____.	_____.
0378	SPV.0085 Special 200. Special Fittings	1,200.000 LB	_____.	_____.
0380	SPV.0090 Special 200. Remove Existing Sanitary Sewer Pipe	834.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0382	SPV.0090 Special 201. 8" Sanitary Sewer Main	906.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0384	SPV.0090 Special 202. 2" HDPE Sanitary Sewer Forcemain	96.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0386	SPV.0090 Special 203. 6" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe	37.000 LF	_____.	_____.
0388	SPV.0090 Special 204. 4" Sanitary Sewer Service Pipe	495.000 LF	_____.	_____.

