

Additional Special Provision 6 (ASP-6)
Modifications to the standard specifications

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Additional Special Provision 6 (ASP-6)

Modifications to the standard specifications

Make the following revisions to the standard specifications.

104 Scope of Work

104.2.2 Issuing Change Orders

Replace subsection 104.2.2 with the following and rearrange to add a 104.2.2.7 effective with the February 2026 letting.

104.2.2.1 Change Orders for Differing Site Conditions

- (1) During the progress of the work, if one or more of the following differing conditions are encountered at the site, the party discovering the condition must promptly notify the other party of the specific condition before further disturbing the site and before further performing the affected work.
 - 1. A subsurface or latent physical condition, differing materially from those indicated in the contract.
 - 2. An unknown physical condition of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work specified in the contract.
- (2) If the contractor discovers the differing condition, the contractor shall provide oral notification as specified in 104.3.2, of the specific differing condition before further disturbing the site and before further performing the affected work.
- (3) The project engineer will investigate the conditions. If the project engineer determines the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost, time, or both, required to perform the work under the contract, the project engineer will adjust the contract price, time, or both, and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The project engineer will respond to the contractor as to whether or not an adjustment is warranted. The project engineer will follow the contractor notification procedures specified in 104.3.
- (4) The department will not allow a contract adjustment unless the contractor has provided the required notice as specified in 104.3.

104.2.2.2 Change Orders for Engineer-Ordered Suspensions

- (1) If the project engineer suspends or delays the performance of all or any portion of the work in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary, or inherent to the construction industry) and the contractor believes that additional payment, contract time, or both, is due because of the suspension or delay, the contractor shall notify the engineer as specified in 104.3.
- (2) The project engineer will evaluate the contractor's request. If the project engineer agrees that the cost, time, or both, required for the performance of the contract has increased due to the suspension or delay and the suspension or delay was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the contractor, its suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the project engineer will make an adjustment and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The project engineer will respond to the contractor as to whether or not an adjustment is warranted as specified in 104.3.6.
- (3) The project engineer will not consider a contract adjustment unless the contractor submits the request for adjustment within the time specified above.
- (4) The project engineer will not consider a contract adjustment under this clause to the extent that the performance would have been suspended by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

104.2.2.3 Change Orders for Altered Work

- (1) If original contract work is altered from what is included in the contract, the department will adjust the contract if the character of the work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original contract.
- (2) Before performing altered work, reach agreement with the project engineer for any price adjustments as specified in 109.4. If the project engineer does not agree that the work has significantly changed and a price adjustment is justified, follow the notification procedures as specified in 104.3.
- (3) If the alterations do not significantly change the character of the work under the contract, the department will not adjust the contract.

104.2.2.4 Change Orders for Quantity Variations

- (1) If all original contract work for a bid item is completed as required in the contract, and the measured quantity for that bid item varies from the contract quantity, the department will adjust the contract if the department or contractor demonstrates that the quantity variation affects the contractor's unit cost to perform the work and

meets one of the criteria below. If the quantity variation does not significantly change the character of the work under the contract, the department will pay for the work at the contract price.

1. The quantity of a major bid item, as defined in 101.3, is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original contract quantity. Any allowance for an increase in quantity applies only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of the original contract bid item quantity, or in case of a decrease below 75 percent, to the work actually performed.
2. The quantity of a minor bid item is increased to become a major bid item. An adjustment in the contract unit price for that bid item applies only to the quantity of that bid item having a contract value as follows:
 - Original Contract < \$8M: In excess of 6.25 percent of the original contract.
 - Original Contract >= \$8M: In excess of \$500,000.
3. The quantity of a minor bid item that is part of an approved subcontract and that exceeds 10 percent of the original value of that subcontract is decreased more than 50 percent from the original contract quantity for that bid item. Either party to the contract may submit a request for a revision to the contract unit price for that bid item. The department's total payment for the final reduced quantity will not exceed 75 percent of the original contract quantity at the contract price.
4. The quantity of a minor bid item that is part of an approved subcontract and that exceeds 10 percent of the original value of that subcontract is increased more than 50 percent from the original contract quantity for that bid item and which as increased does not qualify for adjustment as a major bid item. Either party to the contract may submit a request to the other for a revision of the contract unit price for that quantity of the bid item that is in excess of 125 percent of the original contract quantity.

104.2.2.5 Change Orders for Extra Work

- (1) The department has the right to direct extra work not required in the original contract, as defined in 101.3.
- (2) The engineer will determine payment for extra work as specified in 109.4.

104.2.2.6 Change Orders for Eliminated Work

- (1) The department has the right to partially eliminate or completely eliminate work the project engineer finds to be unnecessary for the project. If the project engineer partially eliminates or completely eliminates work, the project engineer will issue a change order for a fair and equitable amount as specified in 109.5.

104.2.2.7 Change Orders for Revisions to Contract Time

- (1) The department will issue a change order to revise the contract time as specified in 108.10.

104.6 Roadway Maintenance and Traffic Control

104.6.1.2.3 Drop-Off Protection

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Eliminate vertical drop-offs greater than 2 inches and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 between adjacent lanes open to traffic.
- (2) If the roadway remains open to through traffic during construction and a greater than 2-inch drop-off occurs within 3 feet or less from the edge of the traveled way, eliminate the drop-off within 48 hours after completing that day's work. Provide aggregate shoulder material compacted to a temporary 3:1 or flatter cross slope from the surface of the pavement edge.
- (3) Unless the engineer allows otherwise, address drop-offs when they exist greater than 3 and less than 8 feet from the traveled way as follows:
 - Delineate vertical drop-offs 2 inches or greater and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 with drums, barricades, and signs, by the end of the workday.
 - Eliminate vertical drop-offs 2 inches or greater and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 within 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.
 - Eliminate or use temporary concrete barrier to protect vertical drop-offs 4-inches or greater after 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.
- (4) If a 4-inch or greater vertical drop-off or an edge slope steeper than 3:1 exists greater than 8 and less than 15 feet from the traveled way, delineate that drop-off or edge slope with drums, barricades, and signs by the end of the workday.
- (5) If a 12-inch or greater vertical drop-off exists greater than 8 and less than 15 feet from a traveled way with a posted speed limit of 55 mph or greater, eliminate or use temporary concrete barrier to protect that drop-off within 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.

104.6.1.2.4 Hazard Protection on Roads Open to All Traffic

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) On roads open to all traffic; conform to the following construction clear zone requirements:

- Posted speeds 45 mph or less: within 8 feet of the travelled way.
- Posted speeds from 45 mph to 55 mph inclusive: within 10 feet of the travelled way.
- Posted speeds above 55 mph: within 15 feet of the travelled way.

(2) Remove all construction debris, stored materials, and equipment not in use from the construction clear zone; or if the engineer allows, delineate and shield with concrete barrier.

(3) Delay removal of existing permanent roadside safety devices until necessary. When located within the construction clear zone and not shielded by concrete barrier, use temporary traffic control drums to delineate bridge abutments, concrete barrier blunt ends, sign bridge foundations, drainage structures, and slopes exposed by removing permanent protective measures.

- For exposed bridge abutments, concrete barrier blunt ends, sign bridge foundations, and drainage structures, eliminate the need for delineation within 5 calendar days.
- For exposed slopes steeper than 3:1, eliminate the need for delineation within 14 calendar days, or duration approved by the engineer.

105.13 Claims Process for Unresolved Changes

Replace subsection with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

105.13.3 Submission of Claim

(1) Submit the claim to the project engineer as promptly as possible following the submission of the Notice of Claim. If the contractor does not submit the claim prior to the earlier of the following dates, the department will deny the claim:

1. 120 calendar days from the date of the Notice of Claim.
2. The end of the time allowed under 109.7 for the contractor to respond in writing to the engineer issued semi-final estimate.

(2) The department will not accept the submission of a claim until the resolution process in 104.3 has been completed and the contractor makes no further requests to submit updated information that may affect the region's final decision.

107 Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public

Add section 107.27 (Drones or Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)) effective with the November 2024 letting.

107.27 Drones or Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)**107.27.1 Licensing and Compliance**

Add paragraph 107.27.1(5) to the information included with the November 2024 ASP-6, effective with the February 2026 letting.

(1) Obtain and possess the necessary Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) licenses and certifications to operate drones commercially (<https://www.faa.gov/uas>).

(2) Comply with all FAA regulations, airspace restrictions, and local laws. Operators of small drones that are less than 55 pounds for work or business must follow all requirements as listed in Title 14, Chapter 1, Subchapter F, Part 107 of the Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) and obtain a remote pilot certificate (https://www.faa.gov/uas/commercial_operators).

(3) Comply with Wisconsin State Statute 942.10. Limit operations to the specific approved purpose and employ reasonable precautions to avoid capturing images of the public except those that are incidental to the project.

(4) Provide copies of waivers required for specific project conditions to the engineer prior to any flight.

(5) UAS and UAS components are required to be compliant with federal guidelines outlined in the American Security Drone Act of 2023 (ASDA) and the OMB memorandum M-26-02.

107.27.2 Flight Approval, Safety, and Incident Reporting

(1) Submit information in 107.27.2(2) to obtain written drone flight approval from the engineer at least 3 business days prior to operating a drone within the right-of-way. Do not operate a drone within the right-of-way unless approved by the engineer.

(2) Drone flight application for review and approval must include:

- UAS pilot information and qualifications, images of certification
- UAS drone information and FAA tail numbers
- Max/ Min allowable flight parameters (weather)
- Specifics of flight mission: capture scope
- Estimated flight duration

- Pre-flight checklist
- Site-specific parameters
- Notification protocols - Federal/Local/Agency/Owner/Responsible in Charge
- Confirmation and verification of approved operators and hardware
- Flight plan map diagram (including launch and landing location)
- FAA-Airspace flight map classification and confirmation with graphics
- UAS incident management protocol

(3) If contractor is requesting multiple types of the same flight, a simplified request can be submitted listing weekly flight plan.

(4) Safety measures must include but are not limited to:

- Regular training and updates on drone regulations are required and must be provided upon request.
- Drones must be operated in accordance with safety guidelines, including maintaining a safe distance from people, structures, vehicles, etc.
- Conduct a pre-flight safety assessment, considering weather conditions, airspace restrictions, and potential hazards.
- Emergency procedures (e.g., drone malfunction, loss of control) must be documented and followed.
- All incidents must be reported to the engineer.

(5) If the drone has an incident during flight, report the following to the engineer:

- Incident background and details.
- FAA (14 CFR 107.9) and NTSB (49 CFR 870) notification protocol.
- Contractor internal notification protocol.

107.27.3 Insurance Requirements

(1) Maintain drone liability insurance with the following limits.

1. For drones weighing 10 pounds or less, a liability policy with a minimum limit of \$1,000,000.00 is required.
2. For drones weighing more than 10 pounds and less than or equal to 20 pounds, a liability policy with a minimum limit of \$2,000,000.00 is required.
3. For drones weighing more than 20 pounds, notify engineer and department will determine appropriate liability policy coverage levels based on size, use, location, and other risk factors.

305 Dense Graded Base

305.3.3.3 Shoulders Adjacent to Asphaltic Pavement or Surfacing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) If the roadway is closed to through traffic during construction, construct the aggregate shoulders before opening the road.

(2) If the roadway remains open to through traffic during construction, conform as specified in 104.6.1.2.3.

(3) Provide and maintain signing and other traffic protection and control devices, as specified in 643, until completing shoulder construction to the required cross-section and flush with the asphaltic pavement or surfacing.

310 Open-Graded Base

310.2 Materials

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(2) The contractor may substitute material conforming to the gradation requirements for crushed aggregate specified in table 310-01 if that material conforms to the fracture requirements for open-graded crushed gravel specified in 301.2.4.5.

TABLE 310-01 COARSE AGGREGATE (% passing by weight)

AASHTO No. 67 ^[1]

SIEVE	COARSE AGGREGATE (% PASSING by WEIGHT) AASHTO No. 67
2-inch	-
1 1/2-inch	-
1-inch	100
3/4-inch	90 - 100
1/2-inch	-
3/8-inch	20 - 55
No. 4	0 - 10
No. 8	0 - 5
No. 16	-
No. 30	-
No. 50	-
No. 100	-
No. 200	-

^[1] Size according to AASHTO M43.

415 Concrete Pavement

415.3.16.4.1.2 Magnetic Pulse Induction

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The department will measure thickness within 10 business days of paving. Upon completion of the project thickness testing, the department will provide the test results to the contractor within 5 business days.

(2) The department will establish a project reference plate at the start of each paving stage. The department will notify the contractor of project reference plate locations before testing. The department will measure the project reference plate before each day of testing.

(3) If the random plate test result falls within 80 to 50 percent pay range specified in 415.5.2, the department will measure the second plate in that unit. The department will notify the contractor immediately if the average of the 6 readings fall within the 80 to 50 percent pay range.

(4) If an individual random plate test result is more than 1 inch thinner than contract plan thickness, the pavement is unacceptable. Department will determine limits of unacceptable pavement by performing the following:

- The engineer will test each consecutive plate stationed ahead and behind until the thickness test result is plan thickness or greater.
- The engineer will direct the contractor to core the hardened concrete to determine the extent of the unacceptable area. In each direction, the contractor shall take cores at points approximately 20 feet from the furthest out of specification plate towards the plate that is plan thickness of greater. Once a core is within 80 to 100 percent pay range, the coring is complete and the limits of unacceptable pavement extend from the stationing between the core test results of 80 to 100 percent payment, inclusive of all unacceptable core and plate test results.
- Perform coring according to WTM T24. The department will evaluate the results according to AASHTO T148
- Fill core holes with concrete or mortar.

416 Concrete Pavement - Repair and Replacement**416.2 Materials****416.2.1 General**

Replace paragraph (3) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(3) The contractor may use accelerating admixtures for concrete placed under SHES bid items as follows:

1. If using calcium chloride,
 - AASHTO M144, type S as grade N1 or grade N2, class A.
 - AASHTO M144, type L in a concentration of approximately 30 percent for premixed solutions.
2. If using non-chloride accelerators, conform to:
 - AASHTO M194, type C accelerating admixtures.
3. Do not exceed the manufacturer's recommended maximum dosage.
4. If the engineer requests, provide a written copy of the manufacturer's dosage recommendations.

416.2.4 Special High Early Strength Concrete Pavement Repair and Replacement**416.2.4.1 Composition and Proportioning of Concrete**

Add paragraph (4) to subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.

(4) The contractor may use pre-packaged horizontal rapid set concrete patch material from the APL for partial and full-depth pavement repairs instead of specified grades of concrete.

506 Steel Bridges**506.3.12.3 High-Strength Bolts****506.3.12.3.1 Materials**

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Install bolts according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications, article 11.5.5, with the following exceptions:

1. If connections are assembled, install bolts with a hardened washer under the nut or bolt head, whichever is the element turned in tightening.
2. If using oversized holes, 2 hardened washers are required, one under the bolt head and one under the nut.
3. Bring the bolted parts into solid contact bearing before final tightening. Use not less than 25 percent of the total number of bolts in a joint to serve as fitting up bolts.
4. For steel diaphragms on prestressed concrete bridges do the following:
 - 4.1. For steel-to-steel connections within diaphragms:
 - Tension by the turn-of-nut method.
 - 4.2. For steel-to-concrete girder connections:
 - No PIV or field rotational capacity (RoCAP) testing is required.
 - Tighten as the plan details specify.

(2) Before fasteners are delivered to the site, provide documentation of rotational capacity testing in accordance with ASTM F3125, Annex A2, Rotational Capacity (RoCap) Test. The fasteners must be received in packages that match the fastener assembly combination as tested. If documentation of RoCap testing is not received; then perform this testing in the field prior to installation.

(3) Install bolt, nut, and washer combinations from the same rotational-capacity lot.

(4) Check galvanized nuts to verify that a visible dyed lubricant is on the threads and at least one bolt face.

(5) Ensure that uncoated bolts are oily to the touch over their entire surface when delivered and installed.

(6) Provide and use a Skidmore-Wilhelm Calibrator or an acceptable equivalent tension measuring device at each job site during erection. Perform pre-installation verification (PIV) testing in the field conforming to the procedures enumerated in department form DT2114 no earlier than 14 calendar days prior to permanent bolting. Submit 2 copies of form DT2114 to the engineer.

(7) Prior to installation, ensure that the fastener condition has not changed due to accumulation of rust or dirt, weathering, mixture of tested assembly lots, or other reasons. If changes have occurred, including cleaning and re-lubricating of weathered bolts, the engineer will require re-qualification using RoCap testing in the field, for a minimum of two fastener assemblies of each combination to be used in permanent bolting, and PIV re-testing.

- (8) Additional RoCap or PIV tests are required whenever the condition of the fasteners or understanding of the bolting crew is in question by the Engineer. Do not allow permanent bolting until PIV testing is completed.
- (9) Tighten threaded bolts by the turn-of-nut method while holding the bolt head. Where clearance is an issue, the contractor may tighten the bolt head while holding the nut.
- (10) The contractor may use alternate tightening methods if the engineer approves before use.
- (11) The contractor may use a flat washer if the surface adjacent to and abutting the bolt head or nut does not have a slope of more than 1:20 with respect to a plane normal to the bolt axis. For slopes greater than 1:20, use smooth, beveled washers to produce parallelism.
- (12) Snug all bolts during installation according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications, article 11.5.5.4.1.
- (13) Tighten each fastener to provide, if all fasteners in the joint are tight, at least the minimum bolt tension as follows:

TABLE 506-1 BOLT TENSION

BOLT SIZE	REQUIRED MINIMUM BOLT TENSION ^[1]
1/2-inch.....	12 kips
5/8-inch.....	19 kips
3/4-inch.....	28 kips
7/8-inch.....	39 kips
1-inch	51 kips
1 1/8-inch.....	64 kips
1 1/4-inch.....	81 kips
1 3/8-inch.....	97 kips
1 1/2-inch.....	118 kips

^[1] Equal to the proof load by the length measurement method as specified in ASTM F3125 for grade A35 bolts.

- (14) Do not reuse galvanized F3125 A325 bolts. The contractor may reuse uncoated F3125 A325 bolts, if the engineer approves, but not more than once. The department will not consider re-tightening previously tightened bolts that become loosened by the tightening of adjacent bolts as reuse.

506.3.19 Welding

Replace subsection title and text with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

506.3.19.4 Welding Inspection

- (1) Inspect welding according to the current edition of AWS D1.5. Unless specified otherwise, test butt welds in main members by either the radiographic or the ultrasonic method.
- (2) Test fillet welds and groove welds not covered otherwise in main members in a non-destructive manner by the magnetic particle method according to ASTM E709, utilizing the yoke method. This includes, but is not limited to, a minimum of 12 inches in every 10 feet or portion thereof of each weld connecting web to flange, bearing stiffener to web or flange, framing connection bar to web or flange, and longitudinal stiffener to web or vertical bar.

506.3.31 Cleaning of Surfaces

506.3.31.2 Coated Surfaces

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Blast clean structural steel and ferrous metal products to be coated as specified in 517.3.1.3.3.
- (2) Blast clean steel that will be encased in concrete to SSPC-SP 6 standards or cleaner.

506.3.32 Painting Metal

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Unless the contract provides otherwise, apply 3 coats of paint to structural steel and ferrous metal products. Furnish and apply paints according to the epoxy system or as specified in the special provisions. The requirements for this system are set forth in 517.
- (2) For structural steel, including weathering steel, and miscellaneous metals that will be encased in concrete, paint as specified in 517.3.1.
- (3) For galvanized surfaces paint as specified in 517.3.1.
- (4) Use the 3-coat epoxy system to paint the end 6 feet of structural weathering steel at the abutments, the 6 feet on each side of piers, joints, downspouts, hinges, and galvanized bearings in contact with weathering

steel. Use a coat of brown urethane matching AMS Standard 595A: AMS-STD 20059. Apply one coat of zinc-rich paint to surfaces of expansion joint assemblies and other surfaces not in contact with the weathering steel but inaccessible after assembly or erection.

- (5) Do not paint structural steel to be welded before completing welding. If welding only in the fabricating shop and subsequently erecting by bolting, coat it after completing shop welding. Apply one coat of weldable primer or other engineer-approved protective coating to steel surfaces to be field welded after completing shop welding and shop fabrication. Protect machine-finished surfaces that do not receive a paint or galvanizing from contamination during the cleaning and painting process.
- (6) Upon fabrication and acceptance, coat pins and pinholes with a plastic or other engineer-approved coating before removing from the shop.
- (7) Mark members weighing 3 tons or more with their weights on areas that will be encased in concrete, or paint with a compatible paint on zinc-rich primer, or mark with soapstone on an epoxy-coated surface. Wait until material is dry, inspected, and approved for shipment before loading for shipment.

509 Concrete Overlay and Structure Repair

509.2 Materials

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Furnish a neat cement bonding grout. Mix the neat cement in a water-cement ratio approximately equal to 5 gallons of water per 94 pounds of cement. Pre-packaged non-shrink grout from the APL may be used instead of site mixed or ready mixed grout.
- (2) Furnish grade E conforming to 501 for overlays.
- (3) Furnish grade C or E concrete conforming to 501 for surface repairs. The contractor may increase the slump for grade E concrete to a maximum of 4 inches. For vertical and overhead repairs, use pre-packaged vertical and overhead repair material from the APL unless a different material is approved by the engineer in writing.
- (4) Furnish grade C or E concrete conforming to 501 for joint repairs, curb repairs, and full-depth deck repairs; except as follows:
 1. The contractor may increase slump of grade E concrete to 3 inches.
 2. The contractor may use ready-mixed concrete.
- (5) Provide QMP for class II ancillary concrete as specified in 716 if using concrete mixtures conforming to 501.

513 Railing

513.2.3 Steel Railing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Furnish steel railing components as follows:

Structural steel	506.2.2
High strength bolts	506.2.5
Steel guardrail	614.2
Round structural steel tubing for steel pipe railing.....	ASTM A500 grade B
Structural steel tubing used with other steel railings.....	ASTM A500 grade B or C
- (2) Furnish a two-coat paint system from the APL for structure painting systems under paint - galvanized surfaces.

517 Paint and Painting

517.3.1.3.3 Blast Cleaning

517.3.1.3.3.2 Epoxy Coating System

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Blast clean structural steel receiving this coating to a near-white finish according to SSPC-SP 10.
- (2) Solvent clean oil and grease on surfaces receiving this coating according to SSPC-SP 1 and blast clean to a near-white finish according to SSPC-SP 10.
- (3) Remove fins, tears, slivers, and burred or sharp edges present on any steel member, or that appears during blasting, by grinding then re-blast the area to a one to 2 mils surface shape.

- (4) If using abrasives for blast cleaning, use either clean dry sand, steel shot, mineral grit, or manufactured grit of a gradation that produces a uniform one to 2 mils profile as measured with a department-approved impregnated surface profile tape.
- (5) Remove abrasive and paint residue from steel surfaces with a commercial grade vacuum cleaner equipped with a brush-type cleaning tool, or by double blowing. If using the double blowing method, vacuum the top surfaces of structural steel, including top and bottom flanges; longitudinal stiffeners, splice plates, and hangers after completing the double blowing operations. Ensure that the steel is dust free when applying primer. Apply the primer within 8 hours after blast cleaning.
- (6) Protect freshly coated surfaces from later blast cleaning operations. Brush any blast damaged primed surfaces with a non-rusting tool, or if visible rust occurs, re-blast to a near white condition. Clean the brushed or blast cleaned surfaces and re-prime within the manufacturer's recommended time.
- (7) When coating galvanized surfaces, ensure tie-coat adhesion by brush blasting the cleaned surface according to SSPC-SP7 to create a slight angular surface profile according to manufacturer's recommendations of 1 mil to 1.5 mils. Blasting must not fracture the galvanized finish or remove dry film thickness. For the tie- and top-coat, furnish an epoxy coating system from the APL for paint systems for galvanized surfaces.

517.3.1.3.5 Galvanizing

Add subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) After fabrication, blast clean assemblies per SSPC-SP6 and galvanize according to ASTM A123.

526 Temporary Structures

526.3.4 Construction, Backfilling, Inspection and Maintenance

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Construct temporary structures conforming to 500. Backfill conforming to 206.3.13 with structure backfill conforming to 210.2.
- (2) Temporary highway bridges open to traffic less than or equal to 24 months: inspect temporary bridges conforming to the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) and the department's Structure Inspection Manual (SIM) before opening to traffic. Perform additional inspections, as the department's SIM requires, based on structure type, condition, and time in service. Submit inspection reports on department form DT2007 to the engineer and electronic copies to the BOS Maintenance Section. Ensure that a department-certified qualified team leader performs the inspections.
- (3) Temporary highway bridges open to traffic greater than 24 months: complete additional inspections and inventory data collection per the NBIS and SIM within 27 months of the bridge being opened to traffic. Contact the Bureau of Structures to have a structure number assigned. Enter the inventory data and element level bridge inspection data in accordance with the SIM into WisDOT's Highway Structures Information System (HSIS) within 90 days of completing the field portion of the inspection. Continue to complete required inspections and data submittal at intervals according to the requirements of the NBIS and SIM.
- (4) Maintain temporary structures and approaches in place until no longer needed. Unless the engineer directs otherwise, completely remove and dispose of as specified in 203.3.5; do not place on the finished surface.

526.5 Payment

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (2) Payment for the Temporary Structure bid items is full compensation for providing a temporary structure including design and construction; for construction staking; for temporary shoring and other secondary structure items; for backfilling with structure backfill; for maintaining; and for removing when no longer needed. The department will pay 70 percent of the contract amount when open to traffic and the balance after structure removal and associated site restoration.

550.3.9 Pre-Boring

550.3.9.1 General

Add paragraph (2) effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) Pre-bore holes to the depth the plans or special provisions require. Submit written requests for pre-boring not required under the contract to the engineer for review and approval. Do not impair the capacity of in-place piles or damage adjacent structures by pre-boring operations.
- (2) Contractor may elect to not perform pre-boring, subject to written approval from the engineer as specified in 104.2.1(2). If the contractor elects to not perform pre-boring and subsequently pre-boring is necessary at any point throughout the project, no additional time or compensation will be granted.

621 Landmark Reference Monuments

Remove Standard Specification 621 (Landmark Reference Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting. Refer to updated information in this ASP-6 for standard specifications 680 and 682.

643 Traffic Control**643.1 Description**

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) This section describes providing, maintaining, repositioning, and removing temporary traffic control devices as follows:

Drums	Warning lights	42-inch cones
Barricades type III	Connected arrow boards	Portable changeable message signs
Flexible tubular markers	Signs	Channelizing curb system
Speed feedback trailers	Connected work zone start and end location markers	

643.2.2 Department's Approved Products List (APL)

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Furnish materials from the APL as follows:

- Drums
- Barricades type III
- Flexible tubular marker posts including bases
- Warning lights and attachment hardware
- Channelizing curb systems
- Connected work zone start and end location markers
- Connected arrow boards
- Sign sheeting
- 42-inch cone assemblies
- Portable changeable message signs
- Speed feedback trailers

643.3 Construction**643.3.1 General**

Add paragraphs (10), (11), (12) and (13) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(10) For connected devices provide a local specialist to respond to emergency situations within 2 hours of being notified. Equip local specialists with sufficient resources to correct deficiencies in the connected work zone devices.

(11) Prior to deployment, test all connected devices with the engineer to ensure the device is showing in the WisDOT approved data feed. Send an email to DOTBTOworkzone@dot.wi.gov to notify BTO that the devices have been turned on.

(12) Provide a WisDOT approved data feed from connected devices and the remote management software, updated at least every minute.

(13) If requested by the engineer, provide real-time status change alerts to a list of designated personnel via text or email or both. Send an alert each time a connected device is switched between operating modes which include the current operating mode, the previous operating mode, the date and time of the mode switch, and the location (latitude and longitude) of the device at the time of the mode switch in the alert.

643.3.3 Connected Arrow Boards

Revise subsection title and add paragraphs (3) and (4) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(3) The connected arrow board may be switched between the following pattern displays per the plan:

- Blank
- Right arrow static
- Right arrow flashing
- Right arrow sequential
- Left arrow static
- Left arrow flashing
- Left arrow sequential
- Line flashing
- Bi-directional arrow flashing.

(4) When the connected arrow board is not displaying a pattern, the display shall be blank, and the connected arrow board transmits its status to the data feed. When a connected arrow board is switched to a pattern, the connected arrow board transmits its location and its current operating mode to the data feed.

643.3.7 Temporary Pavement Marking*Add paragraph (9) effective with the November 2025 letting.*

(9) Install temporary markings on the final surface in the same location as permanent markings will be placed or as the plans show.

643.3.10 Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers*Add subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.*

(1) Place work zone start location marker at the beginning of the work zone per plan or as the engineer directs. Clearly label the work zone start location marker so that it is easily distinguishable by field personnel.

(2) Place work zone end location marker at the end of the work zone per plan or as the engineer directs. Clearly label the work zone end location marker so that it is easily distinguishable by field personnel.

(3) Ensure the connected work zone start and end location markers operate continuously when deployed on the project.

(4) Ensure the work zone location markers and connected arrow board are from the same manufacturer.

(5) When the work zone start and end location markers are switched to the ON mode, verify the begin and end location markers transmit their location and identity as begin or end markers to the data feed.

(6) Switch the work zone start and end location markers to OFF mode when temporary traffic control is removed, and the normal traveled way is restored.

643.4 Measurement**643.4.1 Items Measured by the Day***Add paragraphs (3) and (4) effective with the November 2025 letting.*

(3) The department will measure Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards by day for the days the device is reporting correct data.

(4) The department will measure Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers by day per roadway segment for the days the devices are reporting correct data.

643.5 Payment**643.5.1 General***Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.*

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
643.0300	Traffic Control Drums	DAY
643.0420	Traffic Control Barricades Type III	DAY
643.0500	Traffic Control Flexible Tubular Marker Posts	EACH
643.0600	Traffic Control Flexible Tubular Marker Bases	EACH
643.0650	Traffic Control Channelizing Curb System	LF
643.0700 - 0799	Traffic Control Warning Lights (type)	DAY
643.0810	Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards	DAY
643.0900	Traffic Control Signs	DAY
643.0910	Traffic Control Covering Signs Type I	EACH
643.0920	Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II	EACH
643.1000	Traffic Control Signs Fixed Message	SF
643.1050	Traffic Control PCMS	DAY
643.1051	Traffic Control PCMS with TMC Communications	DAY
643.1070 - 1079	Traffic Control Cones (height)	DAY
643.1220	Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers	DAY
643.1500	Traffic Control Speed Feedback Trailer	DAY
643.3100 - 3299	Temporary Marking Line (material/type) (width)	LF
643.3300 - 3399	Temporary Marking Crosswalk (material) 6-Inch	LF
643.3500 - 3599	Temporary Marking Arrow (material)	EACH
643.3600 - 3699	Temporary Marking Word (material)	EACH
643.3700 - 3799	Temporary Marking Raised Pavement Marker (type)	EACH
643.3800 - 3899	Temporary Marking Stop Line (material) 18-Inch	LF
643.3900 - 3959	Temporary Marking Diagonal (material) 12-Inch	LF

643.3960 - 3999	Temporary Marking Removable Mask Out Tape (width)	LF
643.4100	Traffic Control Interim Lane Closure	EACH
643.5000	Traffic Control	EACH

646 Pavement Marking

646.3.1.1 General Marking

Replace paragraph (7) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting. Add paragraph (8) effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (7) Apply marking to the width and color the bid item indicates. Distribute beads uniformly across the line. Provide a sharp cutoff for both sides and ends of the marking with a uniform cross-section. Achieve straight alignment, not to exceed a 3/8-inch variation in any 40-foot section of travelled way. Do not damage existing marking that will remain in place.
- (8) Apply both lines of the centerline marking simultaneously to ensure a consistent gap.

646.3.1.6 Proving Period

646.3.1.6.1 General

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) The engineer may conduct post acceptance inspections periodically during a proving period to evaluate the physical presence of pavement marking and, for permanent markings, the retroreflectivity. The proving period begins on the last day of the week, for all marking placed within that week. The proving period extends through April 15 of the next calendar year or 180 days, whichever is longer. If weather or road surface conditions prevent the engineer from fully evaluating the marking at the end of the proving period, the engineer may extend the proving period.

646.3.1.6.2 Retroreflectivity

Replace paragraph (1), included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) For permanent markings, the engineer will also evaluate the percent failing retroreflectivity at the end of the proving period. Ensure that the 180-day reflectivity, in millicandelas/lux/m², meets or exceeds the following:

MATERIAL	COLOR	180 DAY DRY
		RETROREFLECTIVITY
Epoxy	White	150
	Yellow	100
Wet Reflective Epoxy	White	250
	Yellow	150
Permanent Tape	White	400
	Yellow	335

646.3.2.3.2 Wet Reflective Epoxy

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) Apply wet reflective epoxy binder in a grooved slot and provide a double drop bead system at the application rate specified in the APL.

646.3.2.4 Black Epoxy

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2024 letting.

- (1) Apply black epoxy in a grooved slot directly after the white marking. Apply epoxy at a wet mil thickness of 20. Apply black aggregate at or exceeding 25 pounds per gallon of epoxy. Do not apply glass beads to black epoxy.

646.3.3 Special Marking

Replace subsection with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

- (1) Fill in any breaks left from the stencil with the same material to ensure there are no gaps.
- (2) Under the Marking Railroad Crossings bid items, apply the RXR symbol and 3 transverse lines as the plans show.
- (3) Under the Marking Curb bid items, mark the vertical face and the top of the curb.
- (4) Under the Marking Aerial Enforcement Bars bid items, the department will locate the marking. Notify the engineer at least one week before marking so the State Patrol can provide exact locations.

650 Construction Staking**650.3.12 Supplemental Control Staking**

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(2) Document and provide to the engineer complete descriptions and reference ties of the control points, alignment points, and benchmarks to allow for quick reestablishment of the plan data at any time during construction and upon project completion. Document additional control on department form DT1291 as described in CMM 710, table 710-1.

680 Public Land Survey Monuments

Add section 680 (Public Land Survey Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting.

680.1 Description

(1) This section describes perpetuating US Public Land Survey System (USPLSS) monuments.

680.2 Materials

(1) Furnish magnetic survey nails with center point a minimum of 2-1/2 inches long or engineer approved alternative.

(2) Furnish minimum 3/4-inch reinforcement or 1 inch outside diameter (OD) iron pipe at least 24 inches long.

(3) Furnish plastic survey marker cap with lettering that reads "Witness Monument".

(4) Use alternative materials if requested and furnished by the county surveyor.

680.3 Construction**680.3.1 General**

(1) Perform work under the direction and control of a professional land surveyor registered in the state of Wisconsin, following Wisconsin Administrative Code A-E 7 (https://docs.legis.wisconsin.gov/code/admin_code/a_e/7).

(2) Preserve existing USPLSS monuments and witness monuments (ties) within the construction limits in their original position until monuments are verified and sufficiently tied off.

680.3.2 Pre-Construction

(1) Notify the county surveyor at least 30 days prior to start of construction operations about all USPLSS monuments within the construction limits that might be disturbed.

(2) Obtain the existing USPLSS Monument Record from the county surveyor. Verify existing monuments and witness monuments are in place and undisturbed.

(3) Replace witness monuments that are missing or that could be disturbed by construction operations. Locate new witness monuments near the USPLSS monument but outside the construction limits. Submit a monument record as specified in 680.3.5.

(4) Temporarily mark the location of all witness monuments to protect them during construction.

680.3.3 Removals

(1) Remove or abandon existing monument and monument cover that interfere with construction operations. Remove and dispose of surplus excavation and materials as specified in 205.3.12.

680.3.4 Post-Construction

(1) Verify the location of monuments and witness monuments when construction operations are complete.

(2) Set new monuments and witness monuments where necessary. Recess magnetic survey nails 1/4 inch below the pavement surface for monuments located in pavement. Use reinforcement or iron pipe for monuments not in pavement and for witness monuments. Locate new witness monuments near the USPLSS monument and outside the roadbed. Install plastic caps on witness monuments.

(3) Install marker posts next to all witness monuments if required and supplied by the county surveyor.

(4) Omit setting monuments in the pavement if approved by the department's regional survey coordinator and county surveyor due to traffic or safety concerns.

(5) Submit a monument record as specified in 680.3.5.

680.3.5 Monument Records

(1) Submit a monument record on department form DT1291 to the county surveyor at locations where monuments were set. Provide a copy to the engineer and regional survey coordinator.

680.4 Measurement

(1) The department will measure bid items under this section as each individual monument acceptably completed.

680.5 Payment

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

<u>ITEM NUMBER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT</u>
680.0100	Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Reset	EACH

(2) Payment for the Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Salvage bid item is full compensation for providing all materials; for coordinating with county surveyors; for obtaining existing monument records; for verifying the existing location of monuments and witness monuments; for removing or abandoning existing monuments and monument covers; for resetting monuments; for setting or resetting temporary and permanent witness monuments; and for submitting monument records.

682 Geodetic Survey Monuments

Add section 682 (Geodetic Survey Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting.

682.1 Description

(1) This section describes salvaging geodetic survey discs and constructing geodetic survey monuments.

682.2 Materials

(1) Furnish materials conforming to the following:

Concrete.....	501
Reinforcement.....	505.2
Foundation backfill	520.2

(2) Furnish grade A concrete as modified in 716. Provide QMP for class III ancillary concrete as specified in 716.

682.3 Construction

(1) Contact the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit at (866) 568-2852 or "geodetic@dot.wi.gov" as required below.

682.3.1 Salvage Geodetic Survey Discs

(1) Remove and salvage geodetic survey discs from existing structures or survey monuments being removed at the locations shown in the plan.

(2) Notify the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit 7 calendar days prior to removal operations.

(3) Ship or deliver salvaged discs to following address:

WisDOT Bureau of Technical Services
Geodetic Surveys Unit
3502 Kinsman Boulevard
Madison, WI 53704

Provide a tracking number to the Geodetic Surveys Unit upon shipment or contact the Geodetic Surveys Unit to schedule in-person delivery.

682.3.2 Geodetic Survey Monuments**682.3.2.1 Monument Location**

(1) Stake the approximate location of monuments provided in the plan and contact the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit 30 days prior to excavating holes for field verification and delivery of department furnished geodetic survey discs.

682.3.2.2 Placing Monuments

(1) Excavate holes for monuments by use of a circular auger at the size and depth the plans show or as the engineer directs.

(2) Remove and dispose of surplus excavation and materials as specified in 205.3.12.

(3) Fill holes with concrete and strike off flush with the ground surface. Place circular forms and steel reinforcement in the concrete as the plans show. Place geodetic survey discs on monuments while the concrete is still plastic.

682.3.2.3 Protecting and Curing

(1) Cure exposed portions of cast in place concrete monuments as specified in 415.3.12 except the contractor may use curing compound conforming to 501.2.8.

(2) Protect placed concrete monuments as specified for concrete pavement as specified in 415.3.14

(3) Protect cast in place concrete monuments from freezing for 7 days.

682.4 Measurement

(1) The department will measure bid items under this section as each individual monument acceptably completed.

682.5 Payment

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
682.0100	Salvage Geodetic Survey Disc	EACH
682.0200	Geodetic Survey Monument	EACH

(2) Payment for the Salvage Geodetic Survey Disc bid item is full compensation for removing and salvaging; and shipping or delivering the disc to the Geodetic Surveys Unit. Removing existing survey monuments will be paid separately under the Removing Concrete Bases bid item. Removing existing survey marker posts will be paid separately under the Removing Delineators and Markers bid item.

(3) Payment for the Geodetic Survey Monument bid item is full compensation for staking; providing concrete; providing steel reinforcement; for placing department-furnished geodetic discs; and for excavating and backfilling.

710 General Concrete QMP

710.3 Certification Requirements

Replace paragraph (1) and add paragraph (2) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Have a person certified from the Highway Technician Certification Program Portland Cement Concrete Technician 1 (HTCP - PCCTEC-1) or Assistant Certified Technician Program - Portland Cement Concrete (ACT-PCC) working under a certified technician, on the project site, prepared and equipped to perform required sampling and testing whenever placing concrete.

(2) The department will have a certified HTCP Portland Cement Concrete Mix Design Certification (PCC MDC) technician to review and approve concrete mixes.

710.4 Concrete Mixes

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The contractor is responsible for mix performance.

(2) At least 7 business days before producing concrete, document that materials conform to 501 unless the engineer allows or individual QMP specifications provide otherwise. Include the following:

1. For mixes: quantities per cubic yard expressed as SSD weights and net water, water to cementitious material ratio, air content, and SAM number.

2. For cementitious materials and admixtures: type, brand, and source.

3. For aggregates: absorption, oven-dried specific gravity, SSD bulk specific gravity, wear, soundness, light weight pieces, freeze thaw test results if required, and air correction factor. Submit component aggregate gradations, aggregate proportions, and target combined blended aggregate gradations using the following:

- DT2220 for combined aggregate gradations.

- DT2221 for optimized aggregate gradations.

4. For optimized concrete mixtures:

- Complete the worksheets within DT2221 according to the directions.

- Ensure the optimized aggregate gradations and the optimized mix design conform to WisDOT specifications and pass the built-in tests within DT2221.

- Verify slip-form mixture workability and conformance to specifications through required trial batching.

- Submit the completed DT2221 to the engineer electronically. Include the trial batch test results with the mix design submittal.

5. For high early strength (HES) concrete mixtures required by contract, complete the HES mix modification section in the DT2220 or DT2221 form.

(3) Document mix adjustments daily during concrete production.

(4) Prepare, notify, and submit mixture design modifications to the engineer. Do not place material until the documentation is submitted and, when required, written approval of the mixture design modifications.

(5) Report concrete mix design modifications as classified in levels as specified in table 710-1.

TABLE 710-1 MIX DESIGN MODIFICATION NOTIFICATION

NOTIFICATION	LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Prepare, notify, and submit mix design to Engineer	Prior to use	3 business days prior to use	5 business days prior to use
Approval required before placement	No	Yes	Yes

(6) A mix design modification is when any modification occurs for a specific level as specified in table 710-2.

(7) Dependent on the modification performed, documentation is required to be submitted to the engineer as specified in table 710-3.

(8) For HES concrete, conform as specified in table 710-4.

(9) HES concrete is not eligible for 28-day strength incentives.

(10) Submit concrete mix designs into MRS as specified in 701.1.2.7.

TABLE 710-2 MATERIAL MIX DESIGN MODIFICATIONS

Replace Table 710-2, included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

MODIFICATION TYPE	LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Change in:	Water source	X	
	Cement source, type, or brand		X
	Total cementitious		X ^[1]
	Aggregate blend	X	
	Aggregate source		X
	SCM replacement rate		X
	SCM type and supplier		X
	Fly ash source (different class)		X
	Fly ash source (same class for pavements and cast-in-place barriers)		X
	Fly ash source (same class for structures)		X
	Slag source (same grade)		X
	Slag source (different grade)		X
Removal of:	Chemical admixture manufacturer or product name ^[2]		X
	Chemical admixture dosage rates	X ^[3]	X
	SCM		X
Addition of:	Chemical admixture other than Type B or D		X ^[3,4]
	Type B or Type D chemical admixture	X ^[3]	X ^[4]
	Non-fading, color pigment	X	
	Chemical admixture other than Type B or D		X ^[3,4]
	Type B or Type D chemical admixture	X ^[3]	X ^[4]
	New SCM		X

[1] For HES/SHES concrete modification only.

[2] Not including Type B or Type D chemical admixture.

[3] When admixture is from the concrete admixture APL and the dosage rate is within recommended dosage rates as specified in the APL. If the admixture dosage rate is outside of recommended dosage rates as specified in the APL, BTS approval is required before use.

[4] Not furnished from the APL.

TABLE 710-3 MIX DESIGN MODIFICATION DOCUMENTATION

Replace Table 710-3, included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

NEW REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION	LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Results from trial batching if required			X
Amendment to the quality control plan	X	X	X
Water source name and report	X ^[1]		
Cement mill certification			X
WisDOT aggregate quality report			X
SCM mill certification		X	X
Chemical additive product data sheet	X	X	X
Updated DT2220 or DT2221 form	X	X	
New DT2220 or DT2221 form			X
New mixture ID: Contractor ID and WisDOT ID		X	X
New maturity curve	X ^[2]	X	X
New lot/sublot layout ^[3]		X ^[3,4,5]	X

^[1] Water for concrete report conforming to 501.2.6 for private wells or surface water sources.

^[2] Required only when using a retarder.

^[3] Required for HES concrete.

^[4] Required when changing the SCM replacement rate.

^[5] Not required for SCM source change of same Class/Grade in pavements and cast-in-place barrier projects.

TABLE 710-4 OPTIONS FOR HES CONCRETE

SCENARIO	MIXTURE MODIFICATION	
When the contract requires, or the HES is directed by the department	OPTION 1 ^[1]	Add 94 to 282 lb/cy of cement ^[2]
	OPTION 2	Use Type III cement
When the engineer allows HES when requested by the contractor in writing	Add up to 282 lb/cy of cement ^[1,2]	

^[1] Adjust water to maintain workability without raising the w/cm ratio.

^[2] Add to a previously accepted mixture.

710.5.6.2 Contractor Control Charts

710.5.6.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Test aggregate gradations during concrete production except as allowed for small quantities under 710.2. Perform required contractor testing using non-random samples.
- (2) Sample aggregates from either the conveyor belt or from the working face of the stockpiles.
- (3) Complete aggregate testing as specified in table 710-5. Submit one pre-placement test within five days before anticipated placement. Include this gradation on the control charts.
- (4) Report gradation test results and provide control charts to the engineer within 1 business day of obtaining the sample. Submit results to the engineer and electronically into MRS as specified in 701.1.2.7.
- (5) Conduct aggregate testing at the minimum frequency specified in table 710-5 for each mix design, except as allowed for small quantities in 710.2. The contractor's concrete production tests can be used for the same mix design on multiple contracts.

TABLE 710-5 QC AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY

Replace Table 710-5, included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PRE-PLACEMENT TESTING	PLACEMENT TESTING	
Class I: Pavement ^[1]	One pre-placement test per aggregate source	Hand Placement: ≤ 250 CY	One test per cumulative 250 CY
Class I: Structures ^{[2], [3], [4]}		> 250 CY	One test per day
Class I: Cast-in Place Barrier ^[1]		Slip Formed Placement ≤ 1500 CY	One test per day
		> 1500 CY	Two tests per day
Class II: Base	One pre-placement test per aggregate source	One test per cumulative 150 CY, maximum one test per day	
Class II: Structure Repair - Joints		≤ 250 CY	One test per cumulative 250 CY
Class II: Concrete Overlay		> 250 CY	One test per day
Class II: Pavement Repair		One test per calendar week of production	
Class II: Pavement Replacement		One test per cumulative 150 CY, maximum one test per day	
Class II: Base Patching		One test per 400 CY, minimum one test per 10 business days, maximum one test per day	
Class II: Ancillary			
Class II: Structure Repair – Curb & Surface ^[5]		Preplacement testing only	

^[1] Frequency is based on project daily production rate.

^[2] Aggregate gradation testing must be performed on a per contract basis. If multiple structures are on the same contract and use the same aggregate source, then the samples must be collected based on cumulative concrete contract quantities within the same concrete classification.

^[3] WTM T255 (Fine and Coarse) required for each aggregate sample.

^[4] Calculate trial batch weights for each mix design when production begins and whenever the moisture content of the fine or coarse aggregate changes by more than 0.5 percent, adjust the batch weights to maintain the design w/cm ratio.

^[5] Aggregate gradation must meet the gradation previously approved by the engineer.

710.5.6.3 Department Acceptance Testing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

- (1) Department testing frequency is based on the quantity of each mix design placed under each individual WisDOT contract as specified table 710-6. Aggregate gradation testing must be performed on a per contract basis.
- (2) The department will split each sample, test for acceptance, and retain the remainder for a minimum of 10 calendar days.
- (3) The department will obtain the sample and deliver to the regional testing lab in the same day. The department will report gradation test results to the contractor within 1 business day of being delivered to the lab. The department and contractor can agree to an alternative test result reporting timeframe. Document alternative timeframes in the contractor's quality control plan.
- (4) Additional samples may be taken at the engineer's discretion due to a changed condition.
- (5) If multiple bid items on the same contract use the same aggregate source, then the samples must be collected based on cumulative concrete contract quantities within the same concrete classification.
- (6) Department will test small quantities at the minimum frequency specified in table 710-7.

TABLE 710-6 QV AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PLACEMENT TESTING
Class I: Pavement	<p>One test per placement day for first 5 days of placement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If all samples are passing, reduced testing frequency is applied. - Reduced frequency: One test per calendar week of placement
Class I: Structures	<p>One test per 250 CY placed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Minimum of one test per contract for substructure - Minimum of one test per contract for superstructure
Class I: Cast-in-Place Barrier	One test per 500 CY placed
Class II: Concrete Overlay	<p>One test per 250 CY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Maximum one test per day
Class II: Base	No minimum testing
Class II: Structure Repair	
Class II: Pavement Repair	
Class II: Pavement Replacement	
Class II: Base Patching	
Class II: Ancillary	

TABLE 710-7 QV AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY FOR SMALL QUANTITIES

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PLACEMENT TESTING
Class I: Pavement	One test on the first day of placement.
Class I: Structures	
Class I: Cast-in-Place Barrier	

710.5.7 Corrective Action

710.5.7.1 Optimized Aggregate Gradations

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the volumetric percent retained exceeds the tarantula curve limits by less than or equal to 1.0 percent on a single sieve size or limits listed in the additional requirements for optimized aggregate gradation in 501.2.7.4.2 table 501-4, notify the other party immediately and do the following:

Option A:

1. Perform corrective action documented in the QC plan or as the engineer approves.
2. Document and provide corrective action results to the engineer as soon as they are available.
3. Department will conduct two tests within the next business day after corrective action. Department will provide test results to contractor after each test is complete.
4. If blended aggregate gradations are within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test:
 - Continue with concrete production.
 - Include a break in the 4-point running average.
 - For Class I Pavements: The department will discontinue reduced frequency testing and will test at a frequency of 1 test per placement day. Once 5 consecutive samples are passing at the 1 test per placement day frequency, the reduced frequency testing will be reapplied.
5. If blended aggregate gradations are not within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test:
 - If the contract does not require optimized aggregate gradation under 501.2.7.4.2.1(2), stop concrete production and submit either a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new combined aggregate gradation mix design.
 - If the contract requires optimized aggregate gradations under 501.2.7.4.2.1(2), stop concrete production and submit a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design.

Option B:

1. Submit a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design.
2. Restart control charts for new mix design.

(2) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the volumetric percent retained exceeds the tarantula curve limits by more than 1.0 percent on one or more sieves, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.

(3) Both the department and contractor must sample and test aggregate of the modified mix design or a new mix design at the frequency specified in 710.5.6.1.

710.5.7.2 Combined Aggregate Gradations

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the percent passing by weight exceeds the combined aggregate gradation limits by less than or equal to 1.0 percent on a single sieve size, do the following:

1. Notify the other party immediately.
2. Perform corrective action documented in the QC plan or as the engineer approves.
3. Document and provide corrective action results to the engineer as soon as they are available.
4. The department will conduct two tests within the next business day after corrective action is complete.
5. If blended aggregate gradations are within the combined aggregate gradation limits by the second department test:
 - Continue with concrete production.
 - Include a break in the 4-point running average.
 - For Class I Pavements: The department will discontinue reduced frequency testing and will test at a frequency of 1 test per placement day. Once 5 consecutive samples are passing at the 1 test per placement day frequency, the reduced frequency testing will be reapplied.
6. If blended aggregate gradations are not within the combined aggregate gradation limits by the second department test, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.

(2) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the percent passing by weight exceeds the combined aggregate gradation limits by more than 1.0 percent on one or more sieves, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.

(3) Both the department and contractor must sample and test aggregate of the modified mix design or a new mix design at the frequency specified in 710.5.6.1.

715 QMP Concrete Pavement, Cast-in-Place Barrier and Structures

715.3.1.2 Lot and Sublot Definition

715.3.1.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Designate the location and size of all lots before placing concrete. Ensure that no lot contains concrete of more than one mix design or placement method defined as follows:

Mix design change A modification to the mix requiring the engineer's approval under 710.4(5).

For paving and barrier mixes, follow 710.4(4) and 710.4(5) for concrete mixture design modifications.

Placement method Either slip-formed, not slip-formed, or placed under water.

(2) Lots and sublots include ancillary concrete placed integrally with the class I concrete.

715.3.1.2.3 Lots by Cubic Yard

Replace paragraph (3) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(3) An undersized lot is eligible for incentive payment under 715.5 if the lot has 4 or more sublots for that lot.

715.3.2 Strength Evaluation

715.3.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The department will make pay adjustments for strength on a lot-by-lot basis using the compressive strength of contractor QC cylinders or the flexural strength of contractor QC beams.

(2) The department will evaluate the subplot for possible removal and replacement if the 28-day subplot average strength is:

- Pavement (Compressive): < 2500 psi
- Pavement (Flexural): < 500 psi
- Structure: < f'c - 500 psi ^[1]

- Cast-in-Place Barrier: $f'_c < 500$ psi ^[1]

^[1] f'_c is design strength found in plans or specials.

715.5 Payment

715.5.1 General

Replace paragraph (4) and add paragraphs (8) and (9) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(4) The department will adjust pay for each lot using PWL of the 28-day subplot average strengths for that lot. The department will measure PWL relative to strength lower specification limits as follows:

- Compressive strength of 3700 psi for pavements.
- Flexural strength of 650 psi for pavements.
- Compressive strength of 4000 psi for super structures and barrier, or as shown in the plan details.
- Compressive strength of 3500 psi for substructures and culverts, or as shown in the plan details.

(5) The department will not pay a strength incentive for concrete that is nonconforming in another specified property, for ancillary concrete accepted based on tests of class I concrete, or for high early strength concrete unless placed in pavement gaps as allowed under 715.3.1.2.2.

(6) Submit test results to the department electronically using MRS software. The department will verify contractor data before determining pay adjustments.

(7) All coring and testing costs under 715.3.2.2 including filling core holes and providing traffic control during coring are incidental to the contract.

(8) If the contractor combines concrete of varying specified strengths in a single lot/sublot, the highest specified strength of the related concrete shall be used to calculate pay incentive/disincentive.

(9) The department will apply one price adjustment to a given quantity of material. If the quantity in question is subject to more than one nonconforming test, apply the adjustment with the greater price reduction. In the absence of exact quantities affected by the subplot test results, pay reductions will be applied to the entire subplot.

715.5.4 Pay Adjustments for Nonconforming Air Content, Temperature, and Delivery Time

Add subsection 715.5.4 (Pay Adjustments for Nonconforming Air Content, Temperature, and Delivery Time) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The department will adjust pay for each subplot with nonconforming QC air content and temperature test results as specified in table 715-2 and table 715-3. If the quantity in question is subject to more than one of the following conditions, apply the adjustment with the greater price reduction.

(2) For high temperatures, the engineer may consider the effectiveness of the contractor's temperature control plan and the contractor's compliance with their temperature control plan before taking a price reduction.

(3) A 25% price reduction to the concrete invoice price will be applied if concrete is placed after the delivery time exceeds the limit specified in 501.3.5.2.

TABLE 715-2 PRICE REDUCTIONS FOR NONCONFORMING AIR CONTENT

LIMITS (%)		PERCENT PRICE REDUCTION OF THE CONTRACT UNIT PRICE
Above Specification	≥ 0.5 ^[1]	10
	0.1 to 0.4 ^[1]	5
Below Specification	0.1 to 0.5	20
	0.6 to 1.0	30
	> 1.0	50 or remove and replace

^[1] Evaluate the strength data. If the strengths are acceptable, do not take a price reduction for high air content. Contractor is responsible to provide additional strength data, if necessary.

TABLE 715-3 PRICE REDUCTIONS FOR NONCONFORMING TEMPERATURE

Replace Table 715-3, included with the November 2025 ASP-6, with the following effective with the February 2026 letting.

CONCRETE TEMPERATURE (F) ^[1]		PRICE REDUCTION (%)
Upper Temperature Limit ^[2]	> 80 to <= 85	10
	> 85	25
Lower Temperature Limit	45 to <= 50	10
	< 45	25

^[1] Applies only for Concrete Structures and Cast-in-Place Barrier.

^[2] If a written temperature control plan outlining the actions by the contractor to control concrete temperature at the point of placement exceeding 80 F is submitted and followed to effectively control the temperature, the upper temperature limit is increased by 10 F for price reductions for nonconforming temperature.

716 QMP Ancillary Concrete

716.2 Materials

716.2.1 Class II Concrete

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(2) Perform random QC testing at the following frequencies:

1. Test air content, temperature, and slump a minimum of once per 100 cubic yards for each mix design and placement method.
2. Cast one set of 3 cylinders per 200 cubic yards for each mix design and placement method. Cast a minimum of one set of 3 cylinders per contract for each mix design and placement method. Random 28-day compressive strength cylinders are not required for HES or SHES concrete.
3. For deck overlays, perform tests and cast cylinders once per 50 cubic yards of grade E concrete placed.
4. For concrete base, one set of tests and one set of cylinders per 250 cubic yards.

The department will allow concrete startup test results for small quantities as specified in 710.2(1). Cast one set of 3 cylinders if using startup testing for acceptance.

716.2.2 Class III Concrete

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Acceptance of class III concrete is based on DT2220/ DT2221 certification page. Submit the certificate of compliance at least 3 business days before producing concrete along with the initial concrete mix documentation as required under 710.4(2).

Bid Items

500 Bid Items

Remove the following bid items effective with the February 2026 letting.

522.2363	Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical Class HE-III 63x98-Inch	LF
522.2663	Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical 63x98-Inch	EACH

600 Bid Items

Remove the following bid item effective with the February 2026 letting.

608.2363	Storm Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Horizontal Elliptical Class HE-III 63x98-Inch	LF
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Add the following bid item effective with the November 2025 letting.

611.0613	Inlet Covers Type DW	EACH
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Remove the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

621.0100	Landmark Reference Monuments	EACH
621.1100	Landmark Reference Monuments and Cast-Iron Covers	EACH
621.1200	Landmark Reference Monuments and Aluminum Covers	EACH

Remove the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

643.0405	Traffic Control Barricades Type I	DAY
643.0410	Traffic Control Barricades Type II	DAY
643.0800	Traffic Control Arrow Boards	DAY

Add the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

643.0810	Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards	DAY
643.1220	Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers	DAY

Add the following bid item effective with the February 2026 letting.

657.0348	Poles Type 9 - Special Over Height	EACH
657.0353	Poles Type 10 - Special Over Height	EACH

Add the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

680.0100	Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Reset	EACH
682.0100	Salvage Geodetic Survey Disk	EACH
682.0200	Geodetic Survey Monuments	EACH

ERRATA

204.3.1.3 Salvaging or Disposal of Materials

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(2) Dispose of concrete, stone, brick, and other material not designated for salvage as specified for disposing of materials under 203.3.5.

204.3.2.3 Removing Buildings

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(2) Buildings removed and materials resulting from building removal become the contractor's property unless the contract specifies otherwise. Dispose of unclaimed and removed material as specified for disposing of materials in 203.3.5.

335.3.2 Rubblizing

Replace paragraph (6) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(6) Remove reinforcing steel exposed at the surface by cutting below the surface and disposing of the steel as specified in 203.3.5. Do not remove unexposed reinforcing steel.

335.3.3 Compacting

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(2) Remove loose asphaltic patching material, joint fillers, expansion material, or other similar materials from the compacted surface. Also remove pavement or patches that have a maximum dimension greater than or equal to 6 inches that are either not well seated or projecting more than one inch. Dispose of removed material as specified in 203.3.5.

460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination

Replace change description annotation with the following to revise implementation date. This change is effective with the November 2025 letting.

Add information to 460.3.3.2(1) and (3). Add reference to CMM, WTM, and WTP H-002. WTP H-002 contains the subplot layouts formerly in CMM 815. Definition of a lot is now defined here (460.3.3.2(3)) instead of CMM. This change was implemented via ASP-6 with the February 2024 letting.

602.3.6 Concrete Rumble Strips

Replace paragraph (5) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(5) At the end of each workday, move equipment and material out of the clear zone and sweep or vacuum the traveled way pavement and shoulder areas. Sweep away or vacuum up milling debris before opening adjacent lanes to traffic. Dispose of waste material as specified in 203.3.5; do not place on the finished shoulder surface.

604.2 Materials

Replace paragraph (1) with the following information to remove line and link for crushed aggregate effective with the November 2024 letting. The crushed aggregate gradation information for slope paving is now found in 604.2(3).

(1) Furnish materials conforming to the following:

Water.....	501.2
Select crushed material.....	312.2
Concrete.....	501
Reinforcement.....	505
Expansion joint filler	415.2.3
Asphaltic materials	455.2