HIGHWAY WORK PROPOSAL

Wisconsin Department of Transportation
DT1502 01/2020 s.66.0901(7) Wis. Stats

Proposal Number: 011

STATE ID	FEDERAL ID	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	HIGHWAY	COUNTY
3110-08-70	WISC 2026033	Whitewater - Milwaukee, STH 67 to CTH X	STH 059	Waukesha

This proposal, submitted by the undersigned bidder to the Wisconsin Department of Transportation, is in accordance with the advertised request for proposals. The bidder is to furnish and deliver all materials, and to perform all work for the improvement of the designated project in the time specified, in accordance with the appended Proposal Requirements and Conditions.

Proposal Guaranty Required: $290,000.00 Payable to: Wisconsin Department of Transportation	Attach Proposal Guaranty on back of this PAGE.
Bid Submittal Date: November 11, 2025 Time (Local Time): 11:00 am	Firm Name, Address, City, State, Zip Code **SAMPLE** **NOT FOR BIDDING PURPOSES**
Contract Completion Time November 15, 2026	
Assigned Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Goal 0%	This contract is exempt from federal oversight.

This certifies that the undersigned bidder, duly sworn, is an authorized representative of the firm named above; that the bidder has examined and carefully prepared the bid from the plans, Highway Work Proposal, and all addenda, and has checked the same in detail before submitting this proposal or bid; and that the bidder or agents, officer, or employees have not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal bid.

Do not sign, notarize, or submit this Highway Work Proposal when submitting an electronic bid on the Internet.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this date _____

(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)	(Bidder Signature)
(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State Wisconsin)	(Print or Type Bidder Name)
(Date Commission Expires)	(Bidder Title)

Notary Seal

For Department Use Only

Type of Work:
Removals, Milling, Grading, Aggregate, Asphalt Pavement, Structure Rehabilitation, Curb and Gutter, Concrete Sidewalk, Beam Guard, Erosion Control, Permanent Signing, Traffic Control, Pavement Marking, Lighting, Traffic Signals, Restoration.

Notice of Award Dated	Date Guaranty Returned

PLEASE ATTACH
PROPOSAL GUARANTY HERE

PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

The bidder, signing and submitting this proposal, agrees and declares as a condition thereof, to be bound by the following conditions and requirements.

If the bidder has a corporate relationship with the proposal design engineering company, the bidder declares that it did not obtain any facts, data, or other information related to this proposal from the design engineering company that was not available to all bidders.

The bidder declares that they have carefully examined the site of, and the proposal, plans, specifications and contract forms for the work contemplated, and it is assumed that the bidder has investigated and is satisfied as to the conditions to be encountered, as to the character, quality, and quantities of work to be performed and materials to be furnished, and as to the requirements of the specifications, special provisions and contract. It is mutually agreed that submission of a proposal shall be considered conclusive evidence that the bidder has made such examination.

The bidder submits herewith a proposal guaranty in proper form and amount payable to the party as designated in the advertisement inviting proposals, to be retained by and become the property of the owner of the work in the event the undersigned shall fail to execute the contract and contract bond and return the same to the office of the engineer within fourteen (14) days after having been notified in writing to do so; otherwise to be returned.

The bidder declares that they understand that the estimate of quantities in the attached schedule is approximate only and that the attached quantities may be greater or less in accordance with the specifications.

The bidder agrees to perform the said work, for and in consideration of the payment of the amount becoming due on account of work performed, according to the unit prices bid in the following schedule, and to accept such amounts in full payment of said work.

The bidder declares that all of the said work will be performed at their own proper cost and expense, that they will furnish all necessary materials, labor, tools, machinery, apparatus, and other means of construction in the manner provided in the applicable specifications and the approved plans for the work together with all standard and special designs that may be designed on such plans, and the special provisions in the contract of which this proposal will become a part, if and when accepted. The bidder further agrees that the applicable specifications and all plans and working drawings are made a part hereof, as fully and completely as if attached hereto.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, agrees to begin the work not later than ten (10) days after the date of written notification from the engineer to do so, unless otherwise stipulated in the special provisions.

The bidder declares that if they are awarded the contract, they will execute the contract agreement and begin and complete the work within the time named herein, and they will file a good and sufficient surety bond for the amount of the contract for performance and also for the full amount of the contract for payment.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, shall pay all claims as required by Section 779.14, Statutes of Wisconsin, and shall be subject to and discharge all liabilities for injuries pursuant to Chapter 102 of the Statutes of Wisconsin, and all acts amendatory thereto. They shall further be responsible for any damages to property or injury to persons occurring through their own negligence or that of their employees or agents, incident to the performance of work under this contract, pursuant to the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction applicable to this contract.

In connection with the performance of work under this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with all applicable state and federal statutes relating to non-discrimination in employment. No otherwise qualified person shall be excluded from employment or otherwise be subject to discrimination in employment in any manner on the basis of age, race, religion, color, gender, national origin or ancestry, disability, arrest or conviction record (in keeping with s.111.32), sexual orientation, marital status, membership in the military reserve, honesty testing, genetic testing, and outside use of lawful products. This provision shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor further agrees to ensure equal opportunity in employment to all applicants and employees and to take affirmative action to attain a representative workforce.

The contractor agrees to post notices and posters setting forth the provisions of the nondiscrimination clause, in a conspicuous and easily accessible place, available for employees and applicants for employment.

If a state public official (section 19.42, Stats.) or an organization in which a state public official holds at least a 10% interest is a party to this agreement, this contract is voidable by the state unless appropriate disclosure is made to the State of Wisconsin Ethics Board.

BID PREPARATION

Preparing the Proposal Schedule of Items

A. General

(1) Obtain bidding proposals as specified in section 102 of the standard specifications prior to 11:45 AM of the last business day preceding the letting. Submit bidding proposals using one of the following methods:

1. Electronic bid on the internet.
2. Electronic bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM.
3. Paper bid under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.

(2) Bids submitted on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or paper bids submitted under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements govern over bids submitted on the internet.

(3) The department will provide bidding information through the department's web site at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

The contractor is responsible for reviewing this web site for general notices as well as information regarding proposals in each letting. The department will also post special notices of all addenda to each proposal through this web site no later than 4:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting. Check the department's web site after 5:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure all addenda have been accounted for before preparing the bid. When bidding using methods 1 and 2 above, check the Bid Express™ on-line bidding exchange at http://www.bidx.com/ after 5:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure that the latest schedule of items Expedite file (*.ebs or *.00x) is used to submit the final bid.

(4) Interested parties can subscribe to the Bid Express™ on-line bidding exchange by following the instructions provided at the www.bidx.com web site or by contacting:

Info Tech Inc.
5700 SW 34th Street, Suite 1235
Gainesville, FL 32608-5371
email: mailto:customer.support@bidx.com

(5) The department will address equipment and process failures, if the bidder can demonstrate that those failures were beyond their control.

(6) Contractors are responsible for checking on the issuance of addenda and for obtaining the addenda. Notice of issuance of addenda is posted on the department's web site at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

or by calling the department at (608) 266-1631. Addenda can ONLY be obtained from the department's web site listed above or by picking up the addenda at the Bureau of Highway Construction, 4th floor, 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, WI, during regular business hours.

(7) Addenda posted after 5:00 PM on the Thursday before the letting will be emailed to the eligible bidders for that proposal. All eligible bidders shall acknowledge receipt of the addenda whether they are bidding on the proposal or not. Not acknowledging receipt may jeopardize the awarding of the project.

B. Submitting Electronic Bids

B.1 On the Internet

(1) Do the following before submitting the bid:

4. Have a properly executed annual bid bond on file with the department.
5. Have a digital ID on file with and enabled by Info Tech Inc. Using this digital ID will constitute the bidder's signature for proper execution of the bidding proposal.

(2) In lieu of preparing, delivering, and submitting the proposal as specified in 102.6 and 102.9 of the standard specifications, submit the proposal on the internet as follows:

1. Download the latest schedule of items reflecting all addenda from the Bid Express™ web site.
2. Use Expedite™ software to enter a unit price for every item in the schedule of items.
3. Submit the bid according to the requirements of Expedite™ software and the Bid Express™ web site. Do not submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or a paper bid. If the bidder does submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or a paper bid in addition to the internet submittal, the department will disregard the internet bid
4. Submit the bid before the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates
5. Do not sign, notarize, and return the bidding proposal described in 102.2 of the standard specifications.

(3) The department will not consider the bid accepted until the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.

B.2 On a Printout with Accompanying Diskette or CD ROM

(1) Download the latest schedule of items from the Wisconsin pages of the Bid Express web site reflecting the latest addenda posted on the department's web site at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

Use Expedite™ software to prepare and print the schedule of items. Provide a valid amount for all price fields. Follow instructions and review the help screens provided on the Bid Express™ web site to assure that the schedule of items is prepared properly.

(2) Staple an 8 1/2 by 11 inch printout of the Expedite□□ generated schedule of items to the other proposal documents submitted to the department as a part of the bidder's sealed bid. As a separate submittal, not in the sealed bid envelop but due at the same time and place as the sealed bid, also provide the Expedite™ generated schedule of items on a 3 1/2 inch computer diskette or CD ROM. Label each diskette or CD ROM with the bidder's name, the 4 character department-assigned bidder identification code from the top of the bidding proposal, and a list of the proposal numbers included on that diskette or CD ROM as indicated in the following example:

Bidder Name
BN00
Proposals: 1, 12, 14, & 22

(3) If bidding on more than one proposal in the letting, the bidder may include all proposals for that letting on one diskette or CD ROM. Include only submitted proposals with no incomplete or other files on the diskette or CD ROM.

(4) The bidder-submitted printout of the Expedite□□ generated schedule of items is the governing contract document and must conform to the requirements of section 102 of the standard specifications. If a printout needs to be altered, cross out the printed information with ink or typewriter and enter the new information and initial it in ink. If there is a discrepancy between the printout and the diskette or CD ROM, the department will analyze the bid using the printout information.

(5) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:

1. The check code printed on the bottom of the printout of the Expedite™ generated schedule of items is not the same on each page.
2. The check code printed on the printout of the Expedite™ generated schedule of items is not the same as the check code for that proposal provided on the diskette or CD ROM.
3. The diskette or CD ROM is not submitted at the time and place the department designates.

B Waiver of Electronic Submittal

(1) The bidder may request a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements. Submit a written request for a waiver in lieu of bids submitted on the internet or on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM. Use the waiver that was included with the paper bid document sent to the bidder or type up a waiver on the bidder's letterhead. The department will waive the electronic submittal requirements for a bidding entity (individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or limited liability company) for up to 4 individual proposals in a calendar year. The department may allow additional waivers for equipment malfunctions.

(2) Submit a schedule of items on paper conforming to section 102 of the standard specifications. The department charges the bidder a $75 administrative fee per proposal, payable at the time and place the department designates for receiving bids, to cover the costs of data entry. The department will accept a check or money order payable to: "Wisconsin, Dept. of Transportation."

(3) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:

1. The bidder fails to provide the written request for waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
2. The bidder fails to pay the $75 administrative fee before the time the department designates for the opening of bids unless the bidder requests on the waiver that they be billed for the $75.
3. The bidder exceeds 4 waivers of electronic submittal requirements within a calendar year.

(4) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, the department may refuse to issue bidding proposals for future contracts to a bidding entity that owes the department administrative fees for a waiver of electronic submittal requirements.

PROPOSAL BID BOND

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

DT1303 1/2006

Proposal Number	Project Number	Letting Date
Name of Principal		
Name of Surety	State in Which Surety is Organized	

We, the above-named Principal and the above-named Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the State of Wisconsin in the sum equal to the Proposal Guaranty for the total bid submitted for the payment to be made; we jointly and severally bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns. The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted a bid proposal to the State of Wisconsin acting through the Department of Transportation for the improvement designated by the Proposal Number and Letting Date indicated above.

If the Principal is awarded the contract and, within the time and manner required by law after the prescribed forms are presented for signature, enters into a written contract in accordance with the bid, and files the bond with the Department of Transportation to guarantee faithful performance and payment for labor and materials, as required by law, or if the Department of Transportation shall reject all bids for the work described, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise, it shall be and remain in full force and effect. In the event of failure of the Principal to enter into the contract or give the specified bond, the Principal shall pay to the Department of Transportation **within 10 business days of demand** a total equal to the Proposal Guaranty as liquidated damages; the liability of the Surety continues for the full amount of the obligation as stated until the obligation is paid in full.

The Surety, for value received, agrees that the obligations of it and its bond shall not be impaired or affected by any extension of time within which the Department of Transportation may accept the bid; and the Surety does waive notice of any such extension.

IN WITNESS, the Principal and Surety have agreed and have signed by their proper officers and have caused their corporate seals to be affixed this date: **(DATE MUST BE ENTERED)**

PRINCIPAL

(Company Name) **(Affix Corporate Seal)**

(Signature and Title)

(Company Name)

(Signature and Title)

(Company Name)

(Signature and Title)

(Company Name)

(Signature and Title)

(Name of Surety) **(Affix Seal)**

(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)

NOTARY FOR PRINCIPAL

(Date)

State of Wisconsin)
) ss.
_____ County)

On the above date, this instrument was acknowledged before me by the named person(s).

(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Date Commission Expires)

Notary Seal

NOTARY FOR SURETY

(Date)

State of Wisconsin)
) ss.
_____ County)

On the above date, this instrument was acknowledged before me by the named person(s).

(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Date Commission Expires)

Notary Seal

IMPORTANT: A certified copy of Power of Attorney of the signatory agent must be attached to the bid bond.

CERTIFICATE OF ANNUAL BID BOND

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

DT1305 8/2003

Time Period Valid (From/To)
Name of Surety
Name of Contractor
Certificate Holder Wisconsin Department of Transportation

This is to certify that an annual bid bond issued by the above-named Surety is currently on file with the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

This certificate is issued as a matter of information and conveys no rights upon the certificate holder and does not amend, extend or alter the coverage of the annual bid bond.

Cancellation: Should the above policy be cancelled before the expiration date, the issuing surety will give thirty (30) days written notice to the certificate holder indicated above.

(Signature of Authorized Contractor Representative) (Date)

Effective with March 2010 Letting

LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

Section 66.0901(7), Wisconsin Statutes, provides that as a part of the proposal, the bidder also shall submit a list of the subcontractors the bidder proposes to contract with and the class of work to be performed by each. In order to qualify for inclusion in the bidder's list a subcontractor shall first submit a bid in writing, to the general contractor at least 48 hours prior to the time of the bid closing. The list may not be added to or altered without the written consent of the municipality. A proposal of a bidder is not invalid if any subcontractor and the class of work to be performed by the subcontractor has been omitted from a proposal; the omission shall be considered inadvertent or the bidder will perform the work personally.

No subcontract, whether listed herein or later proposed, may be entered into without the written consent of the Engineer as provided in Subsection 108.1 of the Standard Specifications.

Name of Subcontractor	Class of Work	Estimated Value

CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS - PRIMARY COVERED TRANSACTIONS

Instructions for Certification

1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective contractor is providing the certification set out below.

2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective contractor shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective contractor to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.

3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the contractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

4. The prospective contractor shall provide immediate written notice to the department to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective contractor learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

5. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

6. The prospective contractor agrees by submitting this proposal that, should this contract be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department entering into this transaction.

7. The prospective contractor further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," which is included as an addendum to PR- 1273 - "Required Contract Provisions Federal Aid Construction Contracts," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

8. The contractor may rely upon a certification of a prospective subcontractor/materials supplier that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A contractor may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each contractor may, but is not required to, check the Disapproval List (telephone # 608/266/1631).

9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a contractor in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters - Primary Covered Transactions

1. The prospective contractor certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

   (a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

   (b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements or receiving stolen property;

   (c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offense enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and

   (d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

2. Where the prospective contractor is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective contractor shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Special Provisions

Table of Contents

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

1. General.

Perform the work under this construction contract for Project 3100-08-70, Whitewater to Eagle, STH 67 to CTH X, STH 59, Waukesha County, Wisconsin as the plans show and execute the work as specified in the State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction, 2025 Edition, as published by the department, and these special provisions.

If all or a portion of the plans and special provisions are developed in the SI metric system and the schedule of prices is developed in the US standard measure system, the department will pay for the work as bid in the US standard system.

100-005 (20250701)

2. Scope of Work.

The work under this contract shall consist of removals, asphaltic surface milling, HMA pavement, permanent signing, beam guard, barrier system grading, shaping, and finishing, base aggregate, storm sewer, traffic signals, bridge deck sealing, pavement marking, rumble strips, concrete curb and gutter, sidewalk and all incidental items necessary to complete the work as shown on the plans and included in the proposal and contract.

104-005 (20090901)

3. Prosecution and Progress.

Begin work within 10 calendar days after the engineer issues a written notice to do so.

Provide the start date to the engineer in writing within a month after executing the contract but at least 14 calendar days before the preconstruction conference. Upon approval, the engineer will issue the notice to proceed within ten calendar days before the approved start date.

To revise the start date, submit a written request to the engineer at least two weeks before the intended start date. The engineer will approve or deny that request based on the conditions cited in the request and its effect on the department's scheduled resources.

The Notice to Proceed will be issued such that work shall start no later than April 1, 2026, unless otherwise approved by the engineer.

General

The project is divided into 2 segments:

Segment #1 is from the west project limits to STH 83.

Segment #2 is from STH 83 to the east project limits.

Work shall not progress concurrently on Segment #1 and Segment #2.

Complete all HMA paving permanent epoxy pavement marking by November 1, 2026.

Complete removing asphaltic surface milling prior to performing heaving/cracking joint repair from STH 83 to CTH X.

Place HMA pavement on milled surfaces within 72 hours of milling operation.

Pave lane and adjacent shoulder with widths of 6 ft or less in one operation to eliminate construction joint between traveled lane and shoulder pavement.

Contractor Coordination

Hold prosecution and progress meetings once a week. The contractor's superintendent or designated representative and subcontractor's representatives for ongoing subcontract work or subcontractor work

expected to begin within the next two weeks shall attend and provide a written schedule of the next week(s)' operations. Develop a rolling three-week schedule identifying the previous week worked and a two week "look ahead". The written schedule shall include begin and end dates of specific prime and subcontractor work operations. Agenda items at the meeting will include review of the contractor's schedule and subcontractors' schedule, evaluation of progress and pay items, address any long-term schedule issues, discuss any relevant technical issues, and making revisions if necessary. Plans and specifications for upcoming work will be reviewed to prevent potential problems or conflicts between contractors.

Notify the engineer if there are any changes in the schedule, early completions, or cancellations of scheduled work.

Interim Completion and Liquidated Damages – TLE #4: 5 Calendar Days

The project will require access to the Mobil gas station parking lot located at 102 E State St within the Village of North Prairie. The access is provided, as shown on the plans, via a Temporary Limited Easement (TLE). The TLE will allow the contractor to operate a directional boring machine for construction of the traffic signals at the intersection of STH 59 & Main Street (CTH E).

At the beginning of directional boring construction operations for construction of the traffic signals at the intersection of STH 59 and Main Street (CTH E), close TLE #4 as shown on the plans for a maximum of 5 calendar days. Do not reopen until completing the following work: Direction boring of conduit for traffic signals at the intersection of STH 59 and Main Street (CTH E).

If the contractor fails to complete the work necessary to reopen TLE #4 as shown on the plan within 5 calendar days, the department will assess the contractor $1000 in interim liquidated damages for each calendar day the contract work remains incomplete beyond 5 calendar days. An entire calendar day will be charged for any period of time within a calendar day that the road remains closed beyond 12:01 AM.

If contract time expires prior to completing all work specified in the contract, additional liquidated damages will be affixed according to standard spec 108.11.

Access During Construction

Maintain access to properties along the project for local residents, businesses, and emergency vehicles. Access for all driveways shall remain open at all times except when paving at local resident driveways. Do not fully close commercial driveways without the approval of the property owner and the engineer. If a property owner agrees to fully close a driveway provide a minimum of 48 hours' notice of the driveway closure. Construct commercial driveways in halves or by closing one access at a time for properties that have multiple driveways.

Accommodate pedestrians at all times. Maintain pedestrian access throughout the project as shown in the traffic control plan unless otherwise approved in writing by the engineer. The engineer shall not allow sidewalk or a curb ramp to be closed to pedestrians unless a temporary pedestrian access route is in place as shown in the plans.

Curb Ramp Construction

Perform curb ramp construction operations, removals, concrete placement, and restoration as a continuous operation to minimize exposure of disturbed soils.

Access – Genesee Oak Opening and Fen State Natural Area

Maintain access to the Genesee Oak Opening and Fen State Natural Area at all times via the access drive located approximately 1,800-ft east of the intersection of Dable Rd (Sta. 640+00 LT).

Work Performed Off WisDOT Right-of-Way

For work to be performed within Temporary Limited Easement (TLE) areas, the contractor shall adhere to the following restrictions:

- The contractor will conduct a meeting with the property owner at least 2 weeks prior to beginning construction within the TLE area. Monthly business progress meetings will be conducted during the construction seasons.
- The contractor will only store equipment and materials in TLE areas while work is being conducted in those TLE areas.
- The contractor shall protect in place existing trees, shrub, and landscaping that are not directly impacted by the proposed improvements. Any landscaping damaged or removed during construction outside of the slope intercepts or not shown in the plans shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor.

Contractor shall schedule a final site walk through with the property owner and engineer after all work within the TLE has been completed.

Migratory Birds

Swallow or other migratory bird nests have been observed on the following structures; however, deterrent is not needed because (1) construction activities that may affect the underside or interior of structure(s) will not occur during the migratory bird nesting season, or (2) it has been determined that anticipated construction activities on the structure will not disturb active nests. If it is later determined during construction that the nests will be disturbed the contractor shall implement avoidance/deterrent measures or obtain a depredation permit. All active nests (when eggs or young are present) of migratory birds are protected under the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act. The nesting season for swallows and other birds is from April 15 to August 31:

- B-67-0224, STA 738+18

Protection of Endangered Bats (Tree Clearing)

Northern long-eared bats (*Myotis septentrionalis*, or NLEB) have the potential to inhabit the project limits because they roost in trees, bridges and culverts. Roosts may not have been observed on this project, but conditions to support the species exist. The species and all active roosts are protected by the federal Endangered Species Act. If an individual bat or active roost is encountered during construction operations, stop work and notify the engineer and the WisDOT Regional Environmental Coordinator (REC).

Ensure all operators, employees, and subcontractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of environmental commitments and avoidance and minimization measures (AMMs) to protect both bats and their habitat.

Direct temporary lighting, if used, away from wooded areas during the bat active season April 1 to October 31, both dates inclusive.

To avoid adverse impacts upon the NLEBs, no tree clearing is allowed between April 1 and October 31, both dates inclusive. If the required tree clearing is not completed by March 31, the department will suspend all tree clearing and associated work directly impacted by clearing.

Tree clearing is limited to that which is specified in the plans. Contractor means and methods to remove additional trees will not be allowed. If it is determined that additional trees with a 3-inch or greater diameter at breast height (dbh) need to be removed beyond contractor means and methods, notify the engineer to coordinate with the WisDOT REC to determine if consultation with United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) is required. The contractor must be aware that the WisDOT REC and/or USFWS may not permit modifications.

Submit a schedule and description of clearing operations with the ECIP 14 days prior to any clearing operations. The department will determine, based on schedule and scope of work, what additional erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to the start of clearing operations, and list those additional measures in the ECIP.

Work Zone Restrictions

Provide a plan to the engineer to accomplish side road lane and shoulder closures a minimum of 7 days prior to beginning work.

Do not park or store equipment, contractor and personal vehicles or construction materials within the clear zone or on any roadway carrying traffic during working and non-working hours except at locations and periods of time approved by the engineer.

Blanchard's Cricket Frog

A Broad Incidental Take Permit/Authorization for Common Activities has been provided by the WDNR for this project. Follow the provisions of the Broad Incidental Take Permit/Authorization for Common Activities. A copy of the WDNR authorization permit is available from the regional office by contacting Gary Metzer at (262) 548-5685. Review the permit prior to preparing bids. Changes to the permit require written approval from the WDNR.

All individuals working on the project site will be briefly trained at the preconstruction meeting on how to identify Blanchard's Cricket Frogs and instructed on the general conservation measures associated with the Broad Incidental Take Permit/Authorization for Common Activities, including what to do if a Blanchard's Cricket Frog is observed.

Blanchard's Cricket Frog habitat is present within the wetlands abutting both ends of the culvert pipe at STA 50+57.

Project activities located within standing or flowing water at STA 50+57 shall not occur during the active breeding season for the Blanchard's Cricket Frog (May 20 thru August 15 and October 16 thru April 7).

Project activities located within wetlands and within 75ft of standing or flowing water/wetlands at STA 50+57 shall not occur during the overwintering period for the Blanchard's Cricket Frog (October 16 to April 7).

Prior to any disturbance/construction within the designated suitable habitat area, clear all vegetation within the disturbance area and out 1 foot beyond the disturbance area using a non-suction mower (flail mower, sickle bar mower, manual reel mower, electric/gas weed trimmer), by hand (hand sickle, hand clippers), or grazed according to the following specifications:

- Ground and shoreline vegetation must be cut to a height of 3 inches or less initially and maintained at 3-6 inches until all project related disturbance has been completed.
- Any in-stream vegetation (emergent, submergent or floating) within 1 foot of the water's surface must be cut so that the tops of the plants are more than 1 foot below the surface. The vegetation must then be maintained at least 1 foot below the water's surface until disturbance has been completed.

Prior to each work day, Blanchard's Cricket Frog removals shall be conducted in the disturbance footprint (for that day) by a qualified biologist (must have previous Blanchard's Cricket Frog experience and be approved by the ER Transportation Liaison prior to the initiation of removals). All Blanchard's Cricket Frogs (and preferably other amphibians and reptiles) found shall be immediately removed from the disturbance area and relocated to suitable habitat at least 330 feet downstream from the project site. If Blanchard's Cricket Frogs are found on the first walk-through of the area, a second walk-through will be conducted. This process should continue until the biologist feels confident he/she has removed as many Blanchard's Cricket Frogs as possible from the disturbance area. All Blanchard's Cricket Frogs removed will be recorded (total number removed per walk-through, i.e., 2 Blanchard's Cricket Frogs removed on first walk-through, 1 Blanchard's Cricket Frog removed on second walk-through and 0 Blanchard's Cricket Frogs removed on third walk-through) and reported to the WDNR Endangered Resources (ER) Transportation Liaison, Stacy Rowe at Stacy.Rowe@wisconsin.gov with the closing report. For a sample data March 2020 sheet that can be used for reporting, see https://dnr.wisconsin.gov/sites/default/files/topic/ERReview/CA_SpeciesRemovalDatasheet.pdf.

All dead amphibians and reptiles found onsite will be recorded (species, approximate age, possible cause of death), photographed, and reported to the ER Transportation Liaison, Stacy Rowe at Stacy.Rowe@wisconsin.gov at the conclusion of the project. For a sample data sheet that can be used for reporting, see https://dnr.wisconsin.gov/sites/default/files/topic/ERReview/CA_SpeciesRemovalDatasheet.pdf.

If erosion matting (also known as an erosion control blanket, erosion mat or erosion mesh netting) will be used, the following matting (or something similar) must be installed: American Excelsior "FibreNet" or "NetFree" products; East Coast Erosion biodegradable jute products; Erosion Tech biodegradable jute products; ErosionControlBlanket.com biodegradable leno weave products; North American Green S75BN, S150BN, SC150BN or C125BN; or Western Excelsior "All Natural" products. These models are

comprised of netting that contains biodegradable thread with the “leno” or “gauze” weave (contains strands that are able to move independently), which has the least impact on wildlife. Plastic netting without independent movement of strands can easily entrap wildlife. Please note that brand/trade names are provided for reference purposes only and are not an endorsement or rejection of any specific product.

All areas of disturbance within suitable habitat will be seeded with one or more of the following seed mixes upon project completion:

- WisDOT #75 Seed Mix: https://wisconsindot.gov/rdwy/stndspec/ss-06-30.pdf
- Mesic seed mix:

  Creeping Red Fescue 5.0 lbs/ac

  Side Oats Gramma 1.0 lbs/ac

  Black Eye Susan 1.0 oz/ac

  Purple Prairie Clover 1.0 oz/ac

  Bergamot 0.5 oz/ac Companion Crop of Oats 0.5 bu/ac.
- Wetland seed mix: Optional: Companion Crop of Oats 0.5 bu/ac.

  Grasses, Sedges, & Rushes (select 3 or more)

  Bromus ciliatus - Fringed Brome

  Carex bebbii Bebb's - Oval Sedge

  Carex bicknellii - Copper-Shouldered Oval Sedge

  Carex comosa - Bristly Sedge

  Carex crinita - Fringed Sedge

  Carex hystericina - Porcupine Sedge

  Carex lacustris - Common Lake Sedge

  Carex sprengelii - Long-Beaked Sedge

  Carex stipata - Common Fox Sedge

  Carex stricta - Tussock Sedge

  Carex vulpinoidea - Brown Fox Sedge

  Glyceria canadensis - Rattlesnake Grass

  Glyceria striata - Fowl Manna Grass

  Juncus dudleyi - Dudley's Rush

  Juncus tenuis - Path Rush

  Juncus torreyi - Torrey's Rush

  Leersia oryzoides - Rice Cut Grass

  Wildflowers (select 3 or more)

  Acorus calamus - Sweet Flag

  Alisma subcordatum - Mud Plantain

  Anemone canadensis - Meadow Anemone

  Asclepias incarnata - Marsh (Red) Milkweed

  Aster puniceus - Swamp Aster

  Eupatorium perfoliatum – Boneset

  Helenium autumnale – Sneezeweed

  Iris versicolor - Northern Blue Flag Iris

  Liatris spicata - Marsh Blazing Star

Lobelia cardinalis - Cardinal Flower

Lobelia siphilitica - Great Blue

Lobelia Lycopus americanus - Water Horehound

Mimulus ringens - Monkey Flower

Penthorum sedoides - Ditch Stonecrop

Physostegia virginiana - Obedient Plant

Polygonum pensylvanicum – Pinkweed

Pycnanthemum virginianum - Mountain Mint

Solidago graminifolia - Grass-Leaved Goldenrod

Solidago ohioensis - Ohio Goldenrod

Solidago riddellii - Riddell's Goldenrod

Verbena hastata - Blue Vervain

The cost of all labor, equipment, and materials required for the qualified biologist to perform the work related to Blanchard's Cricket Frogs shall be incidental to the Mobilization bid item.

Within 60 days of project completion, the following information shall be submitted via email to the Endangered Resources (ER) Transportation Liaison, Stacy Rowe at Stacy.Rowe@wisconsin.gov:

- Project Location:
- Project timeline (beginning and ending dates):
- Endangered/threatened species involved:
- Summary of species removal efforts, including:
    1. Number of live endangered/threatened species observed:
    2. Number of dead endangered/threatened species observed:
    3. Description of removals (dates, number of searches, etc.):

All work associated with documenting, reporting and maintaining records according to the Broad Incidental Take Permit/Authorization for Common Activities shall be incidental to the contract.

Henslow's Sparrow

All individuals working on the project site will be briefly trained at the preconstruction meeting on how to identify Henslow's Sparrows and instructed on what to do if a Henslow's Sparrow is observed.

Henslow's Sparrow habitat is present within the naturally vegetated and unmowed ground cover abutting both ends of the culvert pipe at STA 87+63.

Prior to any disturbance/construction within the designated suitable habitat area, clear all vegetation within the disturbance area and out 1 foot beyond the disturbance area using a non-suction mower (flail mower, sickle bar mower, manual reel mower, electric/gas weed trimmer), by hand (hand sickle, hand clippers), or grazed to a height of 3 inches or less initially and maintained at 3-6 inches until all project related disturbance has been completed.

All initial vegetation clearing within the designated suitable habitat area shall occur outside of the breeding season for Henslow's Sparrow, which is May 5 thru August 10.

4. Traffic

General

Complete all work according to the requirements of standard spec 643, the Wisconsin Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (WMUTCD), as detailed in the traffic control plans, and as herein described. All variations from the traffic control plans shall be approved in writing at least 48 hours prior to any traffic control change. Notify the engineer at least 48 hours prior to any traffic control changes.

Maintain emergency access at all times along STH 59, and throughout the project.

No operations shall proceed until all traffic control devices for such work are in the proper location, including detour route.

At locations that vehicular traffic and access will be maintained, provide temporary means to prevent grade differences greater than 2 inches between milled surfaces and existing or newly paved surfaces (both longitudinal and transverse) and temporary means to accommodate traffic across staged construction of concrete pavement. bridge vertical differences using slopes of 12:1 or flatter through milling of existing HMA pavement, through temporary asphalt wedging, through the use of wedge/tapered joint as part of mainline HMA paving, or through other means as approved by the engineer.

Close STH 59 to through traffic and detour through traffic as shown in the plans throughout the entire project.

Utilize flaggers, signs, barricades, and drums as may be necessary to safeguard and direct traffic at all locations where construction operations may interfere with or restrict the smooth flow of traffic and to protect and delineate hazards such as open excavations and abrupt drop-offs, exposed manholes, etc. The use of such devices shall be incidental to the operation which creates the hazard. No additional payment shall be made for any labor or materials required to adhere to this restriction.

In roadway segments open to traffic or closed to through traffic, place Uneven Pavement signs whenever there is a drop off greater than 2 inches between the layers of pavement or between pavement at the end of the workday. No additional payment shall be made for any labor or materials required to adhere to this restriction.

Supplement standard spec 643.3.1 with the following:

Provide the Waukesha County Sheriff's Department, the Wisconsin State Patrol, Village of Eagle Police Department, Village of Eagle Fire Department, Village of North Prairie Police Department, the Kettle Moraine Fire District and the project engineer a current telephone number with which the contractor or his representative can be contacted during non-working hours in the event a safety hazard develops.

Obtain prior approval from the engineer for the locations of egress or ingress for construction vehicles to prosecute the work.

Provide minimum 24-hour advance notification to the engineer for any LCS cancellations (not related to weather).

Do not disturb, remove, or obliterate any traffic control signs, advisory signs, sand barrel array, shoulder delineators or beam guard in place along the traveled roadways without the approval of the engineer.

Replace standard spec 643.3.1.(7) with the following:

Provide equipment, forces, and materials to promptly restore any traffic control devices or pavement markings damaged or disturbed within 2 hours of being contacted.

SER-643-001 (20211227)

Traffic Restrictions

Re-open lanes to local traffic immediately upon completion Place Traffic Control Signs PCMS 7 days in advance of detouring STH 59 to alert drivers of an upcoming closures.

Construct concrete curb and gutter from STA 221+68 to STA 224+44, LT during daytime hours by closing the westbound lane of STH 59. Maintain traffic in each direction along STH 59 and STH 67 by utilizing flaggers. Follow standard detail drawings for temporary lane closures and flagging operations. Open westbound lane of STH 59 to through traffic at the end of each work day. Closing and reopening of STH 59 and STH 67 traffic lanes as shown on the plans is incidental to traffic control bid items.

Construct HMA overlay polymer overlay on structure B-67-224 and methacrylate flood seal on structures B-67-320 and B-67-321 during overnight hours from 8:00 PM - 5:00 AM. Close STH 59 to traffic utilizing the detour for through traffic shown in the plans. Place a Portable Changeable Message Sign along STH 59 both west and east of the closure prior to beginning bridge deck work. Include the following message on the PCMS Board east of the closure, frame 1: “WIS 59 CLOSED AT HILLSIDE RD”, frame 2: “USE ALT ROUTE”. Include the following message on the PCMS Board west of the closure, frame 1: “WIS 59 CLOSED AT WIS 83”, frame 2: “USE ALT ROUTE”.

Railroad

Except for railroad crossing DOT # 391546N where STSP 107-026 applies, do not place any items within 50-feet of the railroad right-of-way, including items that could foul the same area. Including but not limited to signing, equipment, or material. This includes at-grade crossings and structures with RR under or over. If this is not adhered to Railroad Protective Liability Insurance will be required of the contractor and incidental to the project.

Notifications

Notify the following emergency services and school districts at least five (5) working days prior to beginning work along STH 59:

Law Enforcement Agencies

The law enforcement agencies serving the project area are listed below:

Waukesha County Sheriff's Department	(262) 548-7117
Wisconsin State Patrol – Waukesha Post	(262) 785-4700
Village of Eagle Police Department	(262) 594-2400
Village of North Prairie Police Department	(262) 392-2229

Fire Departments and EMS

There are two fire departments serving the project vicinity listed below:

Village of Eagle Fire Department	(262) 594-3302
Kettle Moraine Fire District – North Prairie	(262) 392-2700

Communications Center 911

The Waukesha County Communications Center provides dispatching services for police and fire agencies within Waukesha County. They should be kept informed of construction operations during the project.

Waukesha County Communications Center	(262) 446-5070

School Districts

Coordination with the four school districts serving the project area will be needed throughout construction:

Palmyra-Eagle Area School District	(262) 495-7101
Mukwonago Area School District	(262) 363-6300
Kettle Moraine School District	(262) 968-6300
School District of Waukesha	(262) 970-1000

Coordination with three school bus services within the project area will be needed throughout construction:

Dousman Transport Company (262) 965-2214
- § Palmyra-Eagle Area School District
- § Kettle Moraine School District

Dousman Transport Company (262) 392-2243
- § Kettle Moraine and Mukwonago Schools

First Student Bus Company (262) 524-0667
- § School District of Waukesha

Wisconsin Lane Closure System Advance Notification

Provide the following advance notification to the engineer for incorporation into the Wisconsin Lane Closure System (LCS).

TABLE 108-1 CLOSURE TYPE AND REQUIRED MINIMUM ADVANCE NOTIFICATION

Closure type with height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction < 16 feet)	**MINIMUM NOTIFICATION**
Lane and shoulder closures	7 calendar days
Full roadway closures	7 calendar days
Ramp closures	7 calendar days
Detours	7 calendar days
Closure type without height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction ≥ 16 feet)	**MINIMUM NOTIFICATION**
Shoulder Closures	3 calendar days
Lane closures	3 business days
Ramp closures	3 business days
Modifying all closure types	3 business days

Discuss LCS completion dates and provide changes in the schedule to the engineer at weekly project meetings in order to manage closures nearing their completion date.

5. Holiday and Special Event Work Restrictions.

Do not perform work on, nor haul materials of any kind along or across any portion of the highway carrying STH 59 traffic, and entirely clear the traveled way and shoulders of such portions of the highway of equipment, barricades, signs, lights, and any other material that might impede the free flow of traffic during the following holiday and special event periods:

- From noon Friday, May 22, 2026 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, May 26, 2026 for Memorial Day.
- From noon Friday, July 3, 2026 to 6:00 AM Monday, July 6, 2026 for Independence Day.
- From noon Friday, September 4, 2026 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, September 8, 2026 for Labor Day.
- From noon Wednesday, November 25, 2026 to 6:00 AM Monday, November 30, 2026 for Thanksgiving.

stp-107-005 (20210113)

6. Utilities.

This contract comes under the provision of Administrative Rule Trans 220.

The utility work plan includes additional detailed information regarding the location of known discontinued, relocated, or removed utility facilities. These can be requested from the department during the bid preparation process, or from the project engineer after the contract has been awarded and executed.

stp-107-065 (20240703)

Any utility facility locations (stations, offsets, elevations, depths) listed in this article are approximate.

Some of the utility work described below is dependent on prior work being performed by the contractor at a specific site. In such situations, provide the engineer and the affected utility a good faith notice of when the utility is to start work at the site. Provide this notice 14 to 16 calendar days in advance of when the prior work will be completed, and the site will be available to the utility owner. Follow-up with a confirmation notice to the engineer and the utility owner not less than three working days before the site will be ready for the utility owner to begin its work.

The following utility owners have facilities within the project area, and adjustments are anticipated:

Prairie Village Water Trust – Water

The Prairie Village Water Trust has existing water facilities within the project limits. A total of eight water valves are located within the roadway surface at the intersections of Fairview Avenue and CTH E. Adjustments to these water valves will be made by the contractor as part of the project. Construct Prairie Village Water Trust water items as shown in the plans and in the bid items for this project.

Village of Eagle – Water

The Village of Eagle has existing facilities within the project limits. A total of four water valves are located within the roadway surface and will require adjustments by the contractor as part of the project. Construct Village of Eagle water items as shown in the plans and in the bid items for this project.

We Energies – Electric

We Energies has existing overhead and underground electric facilities within the project limits.

We Energies will move a utility pole at Station 229+09.0, 20.3'RT to Station 229+09.0, 30.3'RT due to grade and shoulder changes. This work is anticipated to be completed prior to construction and is estimated to take 5 working days for installation and 20 working days for removal.

Any facilities not explicitly identified as being relocated and/or adjusted have been deemed to be not in conflict and will remain in place as is. We Energies has determined that the project is constructible with these facilities left within the work-zone.

It is imperative that the highway contractor contact We Energies before removing any electrical underground cables, to verify that they have been discontinued and carry no electrical current. The contractor must not assume that unmarked facilities have been discontinued. At no time is it acceptable to push, pull, cut or drill an unmarked facility without explicit consent from We Energies. The contractor must call the We Energies 24-hour Dispatch (800-662-4797) to arrange for this verification.

WE Energies – Gas

We Energies has existing underground gas facilities within the project limits.

We Energies will replace or adjust gas facilities as detailed below. This work is anticipated to be completed prior to construction and is estimated to take 30 working days to complete.

- Station 80+50 - gas valve to be replaced near the south ROW line.
- Station 178+00 - gas service to be replaced near the north ROW line.
- Station 217+85 – 224+50 - gas main and services to be replaced.
- Station 416+30 'S' – 419+70 'S' - gas main and services to be replaced.
- Station 494+00 – gas valve near south ROW to be replaced.
- Station 502+40 - gas service crossing to be replaced.
- Station 506+30 – gas service crossing to be replaced.
- Station 519+65 – gas service near the south ROW line to be replaced.
- Station 521+65 – gas service near the north ROW line to be replaced.
- Station 704+15 – gas service near the south ROW line to be replaced.
- Station 840+00 – gas service near the south ROW line to be replaced.
- Station 852+00 – gas service near the south ROW line to be replaced.
- Station 885+00 – gas valve to be replaced near the south ROW line.
- Station 888+90 – gas valve to be replaced near the north ROW line.
- Station 889+00 – gas crossing to be replaced.
- Station 33+35 'A' - gas valve to be replaced near south ROW line.

It is imperative that the highway contractor contact We Energies before removing any gas facilities to verify that this has been discontinued and carries no natural gas. The contractor must not assume that unmarked facilities have been discontinued. At no time is it acceptable to push, pull, cut, or drill an unmarked facility without explicit consent from We Energies.

Any facilities not explicitly identified as being relocated and/or adjusted have been deemed to be not in conflict and will remain in place as is. We Energies has determined that the project is constructible with these facilities left within the work-zone.

Contact 1-800-261-5325 for gas emergencies, to identify if gas facilities are live, and gas valve box adjustments.

The following utility owners have facilities within the project area; however, no adjustments are anticipated:

- **AT&T Local Network – Communications**
- **AT&T WI – Communications**

- **ATC Management – Electric Transmission**
- **City of Waukesha – Communication**
- **Everstream – Communication**
- **Level 3 Com LLC – Communication**
- **Spectrum – Communications**
- **Verizon Business – Communications**

7. Other Contracts.

Modifications to the traffic control plan or detour plan may be required by the engineer to be safe and consistent with the adjacent work by others.

The following projects may be under construction concurrently with the work under this contract:

Project 1330-34-70

STH 83, Wales – Hartford, Perkins Road to Glacier Pass, Waukesha County, Pavement Resurfacing

WisDOT Contact: Gary Metzer; (262) 548-5685; gary.metzer@dot.wi.gov

Project 3100-00-75

STH 67, Elkhorn – Eagle, USH 12 to STH 59, Waukesha County, Pavement Resurfacing

WisDOT Contact: Diego Silva; (262) 548-6433; diego.silva@dot.wi.gov

8. Railroad Insurance and Coordination - Wisconsin and Southern Railroad Company

A. Description

Comply with standard spec 107.17 for all work affecting Wisconsin and Southern Railroad Company property and any existing tracks.

A.1 Railroad Insurance Requirements

In addition to standard spec 107.26, provide railroad protective liability insurance coverage as specified in standard spec 107.17.3 Insurance is filed in the name of Watco Companies, L.L.C., and its affiliates, subsidiaries, and assigns.

Notify evidence of the required coverage, and duration to Justin Mahr, Senior Manger Real Estate - Contracts; 315 W. 3rd Street, Pittsburg, KS 66762; Telephone (402) 651-8238; E-mail: justin.mahr@watco.com

Also send a copy to the following: Jason Kazmierski, SE Region Railroad Coordinator, 141 N. Barstow Street, Waukesha, WI 53188; Telephone (262)548-6700; E-mail jason.kazmierski@dot.wi.gov

Include the following information on the insurance document:

- Project ID: 3110-08-70
- Project Location: North Prairie, Wisconsin
- Route Name: STH 59, Waukesha County
- Crossing ID: 391546N
- Railroad Subdivision: Waukesha Sub
- Railroad Milepost: MP 30.68
- Work Performed on or within 50’ of RR ROW: Mill 3-inches of existing asphalt surface and pave 5.5-inches of new asphalt pavement through the crossing. The railroad crossing surface and approaching profile will be raised by 2.5-inches. Replacement of sidewalk and installation of curb ramps, pavement markings and traffic control.

A.2 Train Operation

Approximately 2 through freight trains operate daily at up to 40 mph. No switching movements at this location.

A.3 Names and Addresses of Railroad Representatives for Consultation and Coordination

Construction Contact

Chris Jacobson, Superintendent of Engineering, Wisconsin and Southern Railroad Co.; 1890 East Johnson Street, Madison, WI 53704; Telephone (608) 750-6427; E-mail cjacobson@watco.com for consultation on railroad requirements during construction.

Amend standard spec 108.4 to include the railroad in the distribution of the initial bar chart, and monthly schedule updates. The bar chart shall specifically show work involving coordination with the railroad.

Flagging Contact

Send flagging request to flaggingapplication@watco.com Reference the Crossing ID, Wisconsin Milepost and Subdivision found in A.1. Contractor must officially request a railroad flagger a minimum of 15 day prior to scheduled work. If the contractor fails to do so and is required to pay an Expedited Fee, the project will not reimburse the contractor for said fee.

Cable Locate Contact

In addition to contacting Diggers Hotline, contact the Construction Contact at least five working days before the locate is needed. Reference the Crossing ID, Wisconsin Milepost and Subdivision found in A.1.

WSOR will only locate railroad owned facilities located in the railroad right-of-way. The railroad does not locate any other utilities.

cc: WisDOT Region Railroad Coordinator referenced in A.1 on all written correspondence with the railroads.

A.4 Work by Railroad

The railroad will perform the work described in this section, except for work described in other special provisions, and will be accomplished without cost to the contractor. The railroad will perform all work necessary to raise the profile of the track by 2.5-inches in order to meet the revised roadway cross-section. The railroad will also replace the railroad crossing signal equipment.

A.5 Temporary Grade Crossing

If a temporary grade crossing is desired, submit a written request to the railroad representative named in A.3 at least 40 days prior to the time needed. Approval is subject to the discretion of the railroad. The department has made no arrangements for a temporary grade crossing.

stp-107-026 (20250701)

9. Information to Bidders, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit.

The department has assumed coverage under the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Transportation Regional General Permit (TRGP). The department has determined that a pre-construction notification (permit application) to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and their written verification of TRGP coverage is not necessary for this project.

A copy of the Section 404 Transportation Regional General Permit can be obtained on USACE's website:

https://www.mvp.usace.army.mil/Portals/57/docs/regulatory/RGP/Transportation.pdf

If the contractor requires work outside the proposed slope intercepts, based on their method of operation to construct the project, it is the contractor's responsibility to determine whether a pre-construction notification (permit application) and written verification from U.S. Army Corps of Engineers under the Section 404 Transportation Regional General permit is required. If written verification under the TRGP is necessary, submit a pre-construction notification to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and obtain written verification of permit coverage prior to beginning construction operations requiring the permit. No time extensions as discussed in standard spec 108.10 will be granted for the time required to apply for and obtain the written verification of permit coverage. The contractor must be aware that the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers may not grant the permit request.

stp-107-054 (20230629)

10. Information to Bidders, WPDES Transportation Construction General Permit (TCGP) for Storm Water Discharges.

The calculated land disturbance for the project site is 0.74 acres.

The expected land disturbance for the project site is less than one acre in size and does not require permit coverage. Therefore, the department has not requested or obtained coverage under the TCGP.

If additional land disturbance is necessitated for the project due to proposed contractor means and methods, including temporary support activity sites, and the additional land disturbance results in a total cumulative land disturbance for the project of one acre or greater, permit coverage will need to be obtained. The department will be responsible for obtaining permit coverage following department approval of the associated ECIP. Contractor necessitated changes resulting in the need for permit coverage will not be cause for schedule delays or other damages.

Permit coverage for additional land disturbing construction activities related to contractor means and methods will be considered as part of the ECIP review and approval process. Coverage under the TCGP for additional land disturbance areas will be considered if the areas meet all the following:

- Must meet the permit's applicability criteria.
- Must be for the exclusive use of a WisDOT project.
- Ground disturbance first commences after the ECIP approval, and the areas are fully restored to meet the final stabilization criteria of the permit upon completion of the work.

If permit coverage is deemed necessary and obtained for the project, conform to all permit requirements and post the "Certificate of Permit Coverage" in a conspicuous place at the construction site.

Permit coverage, if necessary, will be under the Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, Transportation Construction General Permit, (WPDES Permit No. WI-S066796-2). The permit can be found at:

https://widnr.widen.net/s/s5mwp2gd7s/finalsignedwisdotcsgp

The contractor is responsible for obtaining any permits for areas that are not approved by the department for coverage under the TCGP.

stp-107-056 (20250108)

11. Erosion Control.

Add the following to standard spec 107.20 as paragraphs nine through fifteen:

(9) Erosion control best management practices (BMP's) the plans show are at suggested locations. The actual locations shall be determined by the contractor's ECIP and by the engineer. Include each dewatering (mechanical pumping) operation in the ECIP submittal. The ECIP shall supplement information the plans show and not reproduce it. The ECIP shall identify how to implement the project's erosion control plan. ECIP shall demonstrate timely and diligently staged operations, continuing all construction operations methodically from the initial removals and topsoil stripping operations through the subsequent grading, paving, and re-application of top soil to minimize the exposure to possible erosion.

(10) Provide the ECIP 14 days before the pre-construction conference. Provide 1 copy of the ECIP to the department and 1 copy of the ECIP to the WDNR Liaison Craig Webster, (262) 574-2141, criag.webster@wisconsin.gov. Do not implement the ECIP until department approval, and perform all work conforming to the approved ECIP.

(11) Maintain Erosion Control BMP's until permanent vegetation is established or until the engineer determines that the BMP is no longer required.

(12) Stockpile excess materials or spoils on upland areas away from wetlands, floodplains, and waterways. Install perimeter silt fence protection around stockpiles within a timeframe acceptable to the engineer. If stockpiled materials will be left for more than 14 days, install temporary seed and mulch or other temporary erosion control measures the engineer orders.

(13) Re-apply topsoil on graded areas, as designated by the engineer, within a timeframe acceptable to the engineer after grading is completed within those areas. Seed, fertilize, and mulch/erosion mat top-soiled areas, as designated by the engineer, within 5 days after placement of topsoil. If graded areas are left not completed and exposed for more than 14 days, seed those areas with temporary seed and mulch.

(14) Do not allow excavation for; structures, utilities, grading, maintaining drainage that requires dewatering(mechanical pumping) of water containing sediments (sand, silt, and clay particles) to leave the work site or discharge to a storm water conveyance system without sediment removal treatment. Before each dewatering operation, submit to the department a separate ECIP amendment describing in words and pictorial format an appropriate BMP for sediment removal, conforming to WisDNR Storm Water Construction Technical Standard, Code 1061, Dewatering. Include reasoning, location, and schedule duration proposed for each operation. Per Code 1061, include all selection criteria: site assessment, dewatering practice selection, calculations, plans, specifications, operations, maintenance, and location of proposed treated water discharge. Provide a stabilized discharge area. If directing discharge towards or into an inlet structure, provide additional inlet protection for back-up protection.

(15) Dewatering is incidental .

sef-107-010 (20180104)

12. Environmental Protection for Culvert Work

Supplement standard spec 107.18 with the following:

There are numerous existing culvert pipes requiring cleaning and/or work on the endwalls that are within or adjacent to wetland areas. Limit wetland disturbance as much as possible unless some ditch cleaning is required. Equipment used in this area shall be parked such that the wheels are located within 5-feet of the paved shoulder, or shall exert low ground pressure (no wheeled vehicles) or be done by hand. Use silt fence to protect adjacent wetland areas from siltation and disturbance.

The contractor will be allowed to isolate the work area with bypass pumping for one working day to clean each culvert.

Protect wetlands against erosion and sedimentation during the construction phase of the project.

Do not place any fills in waterways or wetlands.

Properly dispose of all sediment removed from the cleaning process at a site that is approved by the engineer.

Divert flow in any drainage ditches that have twin culverts. Use rock bags to isolate the flow into the second culvert while cleaning the first. If site dewatering is required, pump the sediment-laden water into an adequately sized sediment basin prior to discharging it to a ditch or waterway.

Utilize all best management practices for erosion control for this work as directed by the engineer.

Restore any disturbed area around the work area with specified landscaping as directed by the engineer.

Best management Practices

Each culvert location should be classified based on the required level of environmental protection. As par to the erosion control bid items, the contractor shall include protection as described below. BMP’s shown on the erosion control plan sheets are a minimum level of protection. Additional guidance is below:

Type 1: For culverts that have water running or standing in them during dry periods

- Provide a rock bag dam at both the upstream and downstream end of the culvert.
- Place silt fence or other erosion control BMP’s to protect undisturbed areas.
- Dewater work area.
- Clean the culvert, and ditch where applicable, of sediment. Limit cleaning operation to a single working day.
- Complete any endwall and/or pipe repairs.
- Reshape and restore all disturbed areas adjacent to the culvert with final restoration of topsoil, seed, and erosion mat within two calendar days.

Type 2: For culverts that are next to wetland areas without standing water or water in the culvert

- Place silt fence or other erosion control BMP’s to protect undisturbed area.
- Clean the culvert, and ditch where applicable, of sediment. Limit cleaning operation to a single working day.

- Complete any endwall and/or pipe repairs.
- Reshape and restore all disturbed areas adjacent to the culvert with final restoration of topsoil, seed, and erosion mat within two calendar days.

Type 3: For culverts not near water or wetlands

- Clean the culvert, and ditch where applicable, of sediment. Limit cleaning operation to a single working day.
- Complete any endwall and/or pipe repairs.
- Reshape and restore all disturbed areas adjacent to the culvert with final restoration of topsoil, seed, and erosion mat within three calendar days.

Dewatering

Perform all endwall repair work in a fully dewatered ditch or waterway.

In instances where topography or space does not allow for passive diversion of water, use pumps and pipes to divert the water. The contractor shall provide the pumps required for flow conditions as well as have available additional pumps in the event the flow increases.

All pumps shall be supervised during hours of pumping.

Provide pumps that are in good operating order and free of leaks. Pumps that are leaking fuel, lubricants or other material shall be removed immediately from the work area and then repaired or replaced as necessary.

During the dewatering operation, provide adequate protection from erosion at the discharge area. All materials placed to protect the discharge outfalls are temporary in nature and shall be removed from the project area upon completion of the dewatering process.

Pipe Cleaning

Pipes shall be cleaned according to standard spec 520 and special provision Cleaning Culvert Pipes.

All solids removed from the sewers mush be completely removed from the storm sewer system and hauled off the project for disposal. Silts resulting from any flushing or jetting operation must be prevented from escaping into sewers or waterways.

13. Maintaining Drainage.

Maintain drainage at and through worksite during construction conforming to standard spec 107.22, 204, 205 and 520.

Use existing storm sewers, existing culvert pipes, existing drainage channels, temporary culvert pipes, or temporary drainage channels to maintain existing surface and pipe drainage. Pumps may be required to drain the surface, pipe, and structure discharges during construction. Costs for furnishing, operating, and maintaining the pumps is considered incidental to the project.

Dewatering (Mechanical Pumping) for Bypass Water (sediment-free) Operations

If dewatering bypass operations are required from one pipe structure to another downstream pipe structure or from the upstream to downstream end of a culvert and the bypass flow is not transporting sediments (sand, silt, and clay particles) from a tributary work site area, bypass pumping operations will be allowed provided that the department has been made aware of and approves operation. When pumping bypass flows, the discharge location will need to be stable and not produce erosion from the discharge velocity that would cause release of sediment downstream.

Dewatering (Mechanical Pumping) for Bypass Water (sediment-laden) Operations

If dewatering operations require pumping of water containing sediments (sand, silt, and clay particles), the discharge will not be allowed to leave the worksite or discharge to a stormwater conveyance system without sediment removal treatment. Refer to article Erosion Control in these special provisions for additional requirements.

sef-107-016 (20170310)

Saw Cut Slurry

Saw cut slurry that may be generated as part of this contract shall be collected and actively managed. Prevent deposition of saw cut slurry into wetlands, drainage courses and onto private property. Squeegee slurry to gutter pan, collect, and remove from the project. Do not allow slurry to flow down gutter pan and drain into storm sewer structures. Remove slurry from each sawcut operation before mobilizing to another sawing operation. Remove slurry prior to the end of the work day. Management of saw cut slurry is incidental to construction and no separate payment will be made.

Concrete Washout Containment

All concrete trucks shall wash out into a containment system located sufficiently away from the work area to prevent runoff into wetlands and drainage courses. The contractor shall provide a construction detail and location of the containment system with the ECIP and reviewed by the engineer prior to use. Concrete washout containment is incidental to construction and no separate payment will be made.

14. Environmental Protection, Aquatic Exotic Species Control.

Exotic invasive organisms such as VHS, zebra mussels, purple loosestrife, and Eurasian water milfoil are becoming more prolific in Wisconsin and pose adverse effects to waters of the state. Wisconsin State Statutes 30.07, "Transportation of Aquatic Plants and Animals; Placement of Objects in Navigable Waters", details the state law that requires the removal of aquatic plants and zebra mussels each time equipment is put into state waters.

At construction sites that involve navigable water or wetlands, use the follow cleaning procedures to minimize the chance of exotic invasive species infestation. Use these procedures for all equipment that comes in contact with waters of the state and/or infested water or potentially infested water in other states.

Ensure that all equipment that has been in contact with waters of the state, or with infested or potentially infested waters, has been decontaminated for aquatic plant materials and zebra mussels before being used in other waters of the state. Before using equipment on this project, thoroughly disinfect all equipment that has come into contact with potentially infested waters. Guidelines from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for disinfection are available at:

http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/invasives/disinfection.html

Use the following inspection and removal procedures:

1. Before leaving the contaminated site, wash machinery and ensure that the machinery is free of all soil and other substances that could possibly contain exotic invasive species;
2. Drain all water from boats, trailers, bilges, live wells, coolers, bait buckets, engine compartments, and any other area where water may be trapped;
3. Inspect boat hulls, propellers, trailers and other surfaces. Scrape off any attached mussels, remove any aquatic plant materials (fragments, stems, leaves, seeds, or roots), and dispose of removed mussels and plant materials in a garbage can before leaving the area or invested waters; and
4. Disinfect your boat, equipment and gear by either:
    - 4.1. Washing with ~212 F water (steam clean), or
    - 4.2. Drying thoroughly for five days after cleaning with soap and water and/or high pressure water, or
    - 4.3. Disinfecting with either 200 ppm (0.5 oz per gallon or 1 Tablespoon per gallon) Chlorine for 10-minute contact time or 1:100 solution (38 grams per gallon) of Virkon Aquatic for 20- to 30-minute contact time. Note: Virkon is not registered to kill zebra mussel veligers nor invertebrates like spiny water flea. Therefore, this disinfect should be used in conjunction with a hot water (>104º F) application.

Complete the inspection and removal procedure before equipment is brought to the project site and before the equipment leaves the project site.

stp-107-055 (20130615)

15. Construction Over or Adjacent to Navigable Waters.

Jericho Creek, Genesee Creek and Saylesville Creek are classified as a state navigable waterways under standard spec 107.19.

stp-107-060 (20171130)

16. Health and Safety Requirements for Workers Remediating Petroleum Contamination.

Add the following to standard spec 107.1(2):

Soil contamination with gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, or other petroleum related products may be encountered during excavation activities. Prepare a site-specific Health and Safety Plan complying with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standard for Hazardous Waste Operation and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER), 29 CFR 1910.120.

All site workers taking part in remediation activities or who will have the reasonable probability of exposure of safety or health hazards associated with the hazardous material shall have completed Health and Safety training that meets OSHA requirements. Before the start of remediation work, submit to the engineer a site-specific Health and Safety Plan, and written verification that workers will have completed up-to-date OSHA training.

Develop, delineate, and enforce the health and safety exclusions zones for each contaminated site location pursuant to 29 CFR 1910.120.

stp-107-115 (20150630)

17. Coordination with Businesses and Residents.

The department will arrange and conduct a meeting between the contractor, the department, affected residents, local officials and business people to discuss the project schedule of operations including vehicular and pedestrian access during construction operations. Hold the first meeting at least one week before the start of work under this contract and no further meetings will be required unless directed by the engineer. The department will arrange for a suitable location for meetings that provides reasonable accommodation for public involvement. The department will prepare and coordinate publication of the meeting notices and mailings for meetings. The contractor shall schedule meetings with at least 2 weeks' prior notice to the engineer to allow for these notifications.

stp-108-060 (20141107)

18. Notice to Contractor – Traffic Signal Bases.

Traffic signal bases in close proximity to underground utilities may require hydro excavation to excavate for the traffic signal base. The cost of hydro excavation is incidental to the cost of the traffic signal base.

19. Notice to Contractor, Verification of Asbestos Inspection, No Asbestos Found.

John Roelke, License Number All-119523, inspected Structure B-67-0320 for asbestos on June 12, 2005. No regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) was found on this structure. A copy of the inspection report is available from Andrew Malsom, (262) 548-6705, Andrew.Malsom@dot.wi.gov.

stp-107-127 (20220628)

20. Notice to Contractor, Verification of Asbestos Inspection, No Asbestos Found.

John Roelke, License Number All-119523, inspected Structure B-67-0321 for asbestos on June 12, 2005. No regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) was found on this structure. A copy of the inspection report is available from Andrew Malsom, (262) 548-6705, Andrew.Malsom@dot.wi.gov.

stp-107-127 (20220628)

21. Abatement of Asbestos Containing Material B-67-0224, Item 203.0211.S.01.

A Description

This special provision describes abating asbestos containing material on structures.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

John Roelke, License Number All-119523, inspected Structure B-67-0224 for asbestos on June 12, 2025. Regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) was found on this structure in the following locations and quantities: The caulk located around the railing attachment plates and around the bolts in the railing attachment plates yielding a total of 18.5 sq feet of PLM, 2%.

Note, there is an additional 2 sq feet of caulk in the abutment joint which contains PLM, 2%, but this RACM will not be disturbed during construction and will not require abatement.

The RACM on this structure must be abated by a licensed abatement contractor. A copy of the inspection report is included in the bid package or available from Andrew Malsom, (262) 548-6705, Andrew.Malsom@dot.wi.gov. According to NR447 and DHS159, ensure that DNR or DHS receives a completed Notification of Demolition and/or Renovation (DNR Form 4500-113 (R 3/20), or subsequent revision) via U.S. mail, hand-delivery, or using the online notification system at least 10 working days before beginning any construction or demolition. Pay all associated fees. Provide a copy of the completed 4500-113 form and the abatement report to Andrew Malsom, (262) 548-6705, Andrew.Malsom@dot.wi.gov and via email to dothazmatunit@dot.wi.gov or via US mail to DOT BTS-ESS attn: Hazardous Materials Specialist, 5 South S.513.12, PO Box 7965, Madison, WI 53707-7965. In addition, comply with all local or municipal asbestos requirements.

Use the following information to complete WisDNR form 4500-113:

- Site Name: Structure B-67-0224, STH 59 over Saylesville Creek
- Site Address: 1.4 MI E JCT STH 83, Town of Genesee
- Ownership Information: WisDOT Transportation SE Region, 141 NW Barstow St, Waukesha, WI 53188
- Contact: Kurt Flierl
- Phone: (414) 750-3085
- Age: 34 years. This structure was constructed in 1991.
- Area: 1869 SF of deck

Insert the following paragraph in Section 6.g.:

- If asbestos not previously identified is found or previously non-friable asbestos becomes crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to a powder, stop work immediately, notify the engineer, and the engineer will notify the department's Bureau of Technical Services at (608) 266-1476 for an emergency response as specified in standard spec 107.24. Keep material wet until it is abated or until it is determined to be non-asbestos containing material.

D Measurement

The department will measure Abatement of Asbestos Containing Material (Structure #) by each structure, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
203.0211.S.01	Abatement of Asbestos Containing Material B-67-0224	EACH

Payment is full compensation for submitting necessary forms; removing all asbestos; and for properly disposing of all waste materials.

stp-203-005 (20220628)

22. Removing Traffic Signals, Item 204.9060.S.01.

A Description

This special provision describes removing traffic signals conforming to standard spec 204.

B (Vacant)

C (Vacant)

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Traffic Signals per intersection, acceptably completed.

E Payment

Add the following to standard spec 204.5:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
204.9060.S.01	Removing Traffic Signals	EACH

stp-204-025 (20230113)

23. Removing Loop Detector Wire & Lead-In Cable, Item 204.9060.S.02.

A Description

This special provision describes removing Loop Detector Wire & Lead-In Cable conforming to standard spec 204.

B (Vacant)

C (Vacant)

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Loop Detector Wire & Lead-In Cable in each, acceptably completed.

E Payment

Add the following to standard spec 204.5:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
204.9060.S.02	Removing Loop Detector Wire & Lead-In Cable	EACH

stp-204-025 (20230113)

24. Hauling Excess Shoulder Material, Item 305.0504.S.

A Description

This special provision describes moving excess suitable shoulder material longitudinally along the roadway to areas of deficiency as the engineer directs.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

After the asphaltic removing or salvaging operation, move the suitable shoulder material, which is in excess after shaping the shoulders to the required cross section, to areas of deficiency as the engineer directs.

D Measurement

The department will measure Hauling Excess Shoulder Material in volume by the cubic yard in the vehicle.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
305.0504.S	Hauling Excess Shoulder Material	CY

Payment is full compensation for loading, hauling, placing, and for compacting the material.

stp-305-010 (20030820)

25. HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics, Item 460.0105.S; HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density, Item 460.0110.S.

A Description

This special provision describes the Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) density and volumetric testing tolerances required for an HMA test strip. An HMA test strip is required for contracts constructed under HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP. A density test strip is required for each pavement layer placed over a specific, uniform underlying material, unless specified otherwise in the plans. Each contract is restricted to a single mix design per mix type per layer (e.g., upper layer and lower layer may have different mix type specified or may have the same mix type with different mix designs). Each mix design requires a separate test strip. Density and volumetrics testing will be conducted on the same test strip whenever possible.

Perform work according to standard spec 460 and as follows.

B Materials

Use materials conforming to HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP special provision.

C Construction

C.1 Test Strip

Submit the test strip start time and date to the department in writing at least 5 calendar days in advance of construction of the test strip. If the contractor fails to begin paving within 2 hours of the submitted start time, the test strip is delayed, and the department will assess the contractor $2,000 for each instance according to Section E of this document. Alterations to the start time and date must be submitted to the department in writing a minimum of 24 hours prior to the start time. The contractor will not be liable for changes in start time related to adverse weather days as defined by standard spec 101.3 or equipment breakdown verified by the department.

On the first day of production for a test strip, produce approximately 750 tons of HMA. (Note: adjust tonnage to accommodate natural break points in the project.) Locate test strips in a section of the roadway to allow a representative rolling pattern (i.e. not a ramp or shoulder, etc.).

C.1.1 Sampling and Testing Intervals

C.1.1.1 Volumetrics

Laboratory testing will be conducted from a split sample yielding three components, with portions designated for QC (quality control), QV (quality verification), and retained.

During production for the test strip, obtain sufficient HMA mixture for three-part split samples from trucks prior to departure from the plant. Collect three split samples during the production of test strip material. Perform sampling from the truck box and three-part splitting of HMA according to WTM R47. These three samples will be randomly selected by the engineer from each *third* of the test strip tonnage (T), excluding the first 50 tons:

Sample Number	Production Interval (tons)
1	50 to 1/3 T
2	1/3 T to 2/3 T
3	2/3 T to T

C.1.1.2 Density

Required field tests include contractor QC and department QV nuclear density gauge tests and pavement coring at ten individual locations (five in each half of the test strip length) according to Appendix A: *Test Methods and Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects*. Both QV and QC teams shall have two nuclear density gauges present for correlation at the time the test strip is constructed. QC and QV teams may wish to scan with additional gauges at the locations detailed in Appendix A, as only gauges used during the test strip correlation phase will be allowed.

C.1.2 Field Tests

C.1.2.1 Density

For contracts that include STSP 460-020 QMP Density in addition to PWL, a gauge comparison according to WTM T355 shall be completed prior to the day of test strip construction. Daily standardization of gauges on reference blocks and a project reference site shall be performed according to WTM T355. A standard count shall be performed for each gauge on the material placed for the test strip, prior to any additional data collection. Nuclear gauge readings and pavement cores shall be used to determine nuclear gauge correlation according to Appendix A. The two to three readings for the five locations across the mat for each of two zones shall be provided to the engineer. The engineer will analyze the readings of each gauge relative to the densities of the cores taken at each location. The engineer will determine the average difference between the nuclear gauge density readings and the measured core densities to be used as a constant offset value. This offset will be used to adjust raw density readings of the specific gauge and shall appear on the density data sheet along with gauge and project identification. An offset is specific to the mix and layer; therefore, a separate value shall be determined for each layer of each mix placed over a differing underlying material for the contract. This constitutes correlation of that individual gauge for the given layer. Two gauges per team are not required to be onsite daily after completion of the test strip. Any data collected without a correlated gauge will not be accepted.

The contractor is responsible for coring the pavement from the footprint of the density tests and filling core holes according to Appendix A. Coring and filling of pavement core holes must be approved by the engineer. The QV team is responsible for the labeling and safe transport of the cores from the field to the QC laboratory. Testing of cores shall be conducted by the contractor and witnessed by department personnel. The contractor is responsible for drying the cores following testing. The department will take possession of cores following laboratory testing and will be responsible for any verification testing at the discretion of the engineer.

The target maximum density to be used in determining core density is the average of the three volumetric/mix Gmm values from the test strip multiplied by 62.24 lb/ft^3. In the event mix and density portions of the test strip procedure are separated, or if an additional density test strip is required, the mix portion must be conducted prior to density determination. The target maximum density to determine core densities shall then be the Gmm four-test running average (or three-test average from a PWL volumetric-only test strip) from the end of the previous day's production multiplied by 62.24 lb/ft^3. If no PWL production QV volumetric test is to be taken in a density-only test strip, a non-random QV test will be taken according to 460.2.8.3.1.4 as modified in HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP and if non-conforming to C.2.1 herein, follow corrective action outlined in 460.2.8.2.1.7(4) as modified in HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP.

Exclusions such as shoulders and appurtenances shall be tested and reported according to CMM 815. However, all acceptance testing of shoulders and appurtenances will be conducted by the department, and average lot (daily) densities must conform to standard spec Table 460-3. No density incentive or disincentive will be applied to shoulders or appurtenances. However, unacceptable shoulder material will be handled according to standard spec 460.3.3.1 and CMM 815.11.

C.1.3 Laboratory Tests

C.1.3.1 Volumetrics

Obtain random samples according to C.1.1.1 and Appendix A. Perform tests the same day as taking the sample.

Theoretical maximum specific gravities of each mixture sample will be obtained. Bulk specific gravities of both gyratory compacted samples and field cores shall be determined. The bulk specific gravity values determined from field cores shall be used to calculate a correction factor (i.e., offset) for each QC and QV nuclear density gauge. The correction factor will be used throughout the remainder of the layer.

C.2 Acceptance

C.2.1 Volumetrics

Produce mix conforming to the following limits based on individual QC and QV test results (tolerances based on most recent JMF):

ITEM	ACCEPTANCE LIMITS
Percent passing given sieve:	
37.5-mm	+/- 8.0
25.0-mm	+/- 8.0
19.0-mm	+/- 7.5
12.5-mm	+/- 7.5
9.5-mm	+/- 7.5
2.36-mm	+/- 7.0
75-µm	+/- 3.0
Asphaltic content in percent[1]	- 0.5
Air Voids	-1.5 & +2.0
VMA in percent[2]	- 1.0
Maximum specific gravity	+/- 0.024

[1] Asphalt content more than -0.5% below the JMF will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel using automated extraction.

[2] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.

QV samples will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and AC. Air voids and VMA will then be calculated using these test results.

Calculation of air voids shall use either the QC, QV, or retained split sample test results, as identified by conducting the paired t-test with the WisDOT PWL Test Strip Spreadsheet.

If QC and QV test results do not correlate as determined by the split sample comparison, the retained split sample will be tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel as a referee test. Additional investigation shall be conducted to identify the source of the difference between QC and QV data. Referee data will be used to determine material conformance and pay.

C.2.2 Density

Compact all layers of test strip HMA mixture according to Table 460-3.

Nuclear density gauges are acceptable for use on the project only if correlation is completed for that gauge during the time of the test strip and the department issues documentation of acceptance stating the correlation offset value specific to the gauge and mix design. The offset is not to be entered into any nuclear density gauge as it will be applied by the department-furnished Field Density Worksheet.

C.2.3 Test Strip Approval and Material Conformance

All applicable laboratory and field testing associated with a test strip shall be completed prior to any additional mainline placement of the mix. All test reports shall be submitted to the department upon completion and approved before paving resumes. The department will notify the contractor within 24 hours from start of test strip regarding approval to proceed with paving unless an alternate time frame is agreed upon in writing with the department. The 24-hour approval time includes only working days as defined in standard spec 101.3.

The department will evaluate material conformance and make pay adjustments based on the PWL value of air voids and density for the test strip. The QC core densities and QC and QV mix results will be used to determine the PWL values as calculated according to Appendix A.

The PWL values for air voids and density shall be calculated after determining core densities. An approved test strip is defined as the individual PWL values for air voids and density both being equal to or greater than 75, mixture volumetric properties conforming to the limits specified in C.2.1, and an acceptable gauge-to-core correlation. Further clarification on PWL test strip approval and appropriate post-test strip actions are shown in the following table:

PWL TEST STRIP APPROVAL AND MATERIAL CONFORMANCE CRITERIA

PWL VALUE FOR AIR VOIDS AND DENSITY	TEST STRIP APPROVAL	MATERIAL CONFORMANCE	POST-TEST STRIP ACTION
Both PWL $\geq$ 75	Approved[1]	Material paid for according to Section E	Proceed with Production
50 $\leq$ Either PWL < 75	Not Approved	Material paid for according to Section E	Consult BTS to determine need for additional test strip
Either PWL < 50	Not Approved	Unacceptable material removed and replaced or paid for at 50% of the contract unit price according to Section E	Construct additional Volumetrics or Density test strip as necessary

[1] In addition to these PWL criteria, mixture volumetric properties must conform to the limits specified in C.2.1, split sample comparison must have a passing result and an acceptable gauge-to-core correlation must be completed.

A maximum of two test strips will be allowed to remain in place per pavement layer per contract. If material is removed, a new test strip shall replace the previous one at no additional cost to the department. If the contractor changes the mix design for a given mix type during a contract, no additional compensation will be paid by the department for the required additional test strip and the department will assess the contractor $2,000 for the additional test strip according to Section E of this special provision. For simultaneously conducted density and volumetric test strip components, the following must be achieved:

i. Passing/Resolution of Split Sample Comparison
ii. Volumetrics/mix PWL value $\geq$ 75
iii. Density PWL value $\geq$ 75
iv. Acceptable correlation

If not conducted simultaneously, the mix portion of a test strip must accomplish (i) & (ii), while density must accomplish (iii) & (iv). If any applicable criteria are not achieved for a given test strip, the engineer, with authorization from the department's Bureau of Technical Services, will direct an additional test strip (or alternate plan approved by the department) be conducted to prove the criteria can be met prior to additional paving of that mix. For a density-only test strip, determination of mix conformance will be according to main production, i.e., HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP special provision.

D Measurement

The department will measure HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip as each unit of work, acceptably completed as passing the required air void, VMA, asphalt content, gradation, and density correlation for a Test Strip. Material quantities shall be determined according to standard spec 450.4 and detailed here within.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.0105.S	HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics	EACH
460.0110.S	HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density	EACH

These items are intended to compensate the contractor for the construction of the test strip for contracts paved under the HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP article.

Payment for HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics is full compensation for volumetric sampling, splitting, and testing, and for the proper labeling, handling, and retention of the split samples.

Payment for HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density is full compensation for collecting and measuring of pavement cores, acceptably filling core holes, providing of nuclear gauges and operator(s), and all other work associated with completion of a core-to-gauge correlation, as directed by the engineer.

Acceptable HMA mixture placed on the project as part of a volumetric or density test strip will be compensated by the appropriate HMA Pavement bid item with any applicable pay adjustments. If a test

strip is delayed as defined in C.1 of this document, the department will assess the contractor $2,000 for each instance, under the HMA Delayed Test Strip administrative item. If an additional test strip is required because the initial test strip is not approved by the department or the mix design is changed by the contractor, the department will assess the contractor $2,000 for each additional test strip (i.e., $2,000 for each individual volumetrics or density test strip) under the HMA Additional Test Strip administrative item.

Pay adjustment will be calculated using 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement. The department will pay for measured quantities of mix based on $65/ton multiplied by the following pay adjustment:

PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT AIR VOIDS & DENSITY

PERCENT WITHIN LIMITS	*PAYMENT FACTOR, PF*
(PWL)	*(percent of $65/ton)*
≥ 90 to 100	PF = ((PWL – 90) * 0.4) + 100
≥ 50 to < 90	(PWL * 0.5) + 55
<50	50%[1]

where, PF is calculated per air voids and density, denoted $PF_{air\ voids}$ & $PF_{density}$

[1] Material resulting in PWL value less than 50 shall be removed and replaced, unless the engineer allows for such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

For air voids, PWL values will be calculated using lower and upper specification limits of 2.0 and 4.3 percent, respectively. Lower specification limits for density will be according to Table 460-3. Pay adjustment will be determined for an acceptably completed test strip and will be computed as shown in the following equation:

$$\text{Pay Adjustment} = (PF-100)/100 \times (WP) \times (\text{tonnage}) \times (\$65/\text{ton})^*$$

*Note: If Pay Factor = 50, the contract unit price will be used in lieu of $65/ton and the weighted percentage (WP) will equal 1.0.

The following weighted percentage (WP) values will be used for the corresponding parameter:

Parameter	WP
Air Voids	0.5
Density	0.5

Individual Pay Factors for each air voids ($PF_{air\ voids}$) and density ($PF_{density}$) will be determined. $PF_{air\ voids}$ will be multiplied by the total tonnage produced (i.e., from truck tickets), and $PF_{density}$ will be multiplied by the calculated tonnage used to pave the mainline only (i.e., traffic lane excluding shoulder) as determined according to Appendix A.

The department will pay incentive for air voids under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2005	Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	DOL
460.2010	Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	DOL

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement and the Disincentive Air Voids HMA Pavement administrative items.

stp-460-040 (20230629)

26. HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP.

A Description

This special provision describes percent within limits (PWL) pay determination, providing and maintaining a contractor Quality Control (QC) Program, department Quality Verification (QV) Program, required sampling and testing, dispute resolution, corrective action, pavement density, and payment for HMA pavements. Pay is determined by statistical analysis performed on contractor and department test results conducted according to the Quality Management Program (QMP) as specified in standard spec 460, except as modified below.

B Materials

Conform to the requirements of standard spec 450, 455, and 460 except where superseded by this special provision. The department will allow only one mix design for each HMA mixture type per layer required for the contract, unless approved by the engineer. The use of more than one mix design for each HMA pavement layer will require the contractor to construct a new test strip according to HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP Test Strip Volumetrics and HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP Test Strip Density articles at no additional cost to the department.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts with 5000 Tons of Mixture or Greater with the following:

460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts under Percent within Limits

(1) Furnish and maintain a laboratory at the plant site fully equipped for performing contractor QC testing. Have the laboratory on-site and operational before beginning mixture production.

(2) Obtain random samples and perform tests according to this special provision and further defined in Appendix A: *Test Methods & Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects*. Obtain HMA mixture samples from trucks at the plant. For the sublot in which a QV sample is collected, discard the QC sample and test a split of the QV sample.

(3) Perform sampling from the truck box according to WTM R97 and four-part splitting of HMA samples according to WTM R47. Sample size must be adequate to run the appropriate required tests in addition to one set of duplicate tests that may be required for dispute resolution (i.e., retained). This requires sample sizes which yield four splits for all random sampling per sublot. All QC samples shall provide the following: QC, QV, Retained, and Extra. Take possession of the QC and Extra split samples intended for QC testing. The department will observe the splitting and take possession of the QV and Retained split samples intended for QV testing. Additional sampling details are found in Appendix A. Label samples according to WTM R97.

(4) Test the QC split sample using the test methods identified below at a frequency greater than or equal to that indicated. The Extra split sample shall be tested only when the Gmm and/or Gmb replicate tolerances are exceeded according to WTM T166 section 13.1.4 and WTM T209 section 14.1.1. When testing the Extra split sample, only the results from the test from which the tolerances were exceeded may replace the results from the QC split sample. The Rule of Retained according to CMM 836.1.2 applies.

- Blended aggregate gradations according to WTM T30.
- Asphalt content (AC) in percent.

  Determine AC using one of the following methods:

  - AC by ignition oven according to WTM T308. If the department is using an ignition oven to determine AC, conform to WTP H-003. If the department is not using an ignition oven to determine AC, IOCFs must still be reverified for any of the reasons listed in WTP H-003 Table 2 and conform to WTP H-003 section 3.
  - AC by chemical extraction according to AASHTO T 164 Method A or B.
  - AC by automated extraction according to WTM D8159.
- Bulk specific gravity (Gmb) of the compacted mixture according to WTM T166.
- Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to WTM T209.
- Air voids (V_a) by calculation according to WTM T269.
- Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) by calculation according to WTM R35 section 9.2.

(5) Lot size shall consist of 3,750 tons with sublots of 750 tons. Test each design mixture at a frequency of 1 test per 750 tons of mixture type produced and placed as part of the contract. Add a random sample for any fraction of 750 tons at the end of production for a specific mixture design. Partial lots with less than three sublot tests will be included into the previous lot for data analysis and pay adjustment. Volumetric lots will include all tonnage of mixture type under specified bid item unless otherwise specified in the plan.

(6) Conduct field tensile strength ratio tests according to WTM T283 on each qualifying mixture according to CMM 836.6.14. Test each full 50,000-ton production increment, or fraction of an increment, after the first 5,000 tons of production. Perform required increment testing in the first week of production of that increment. If field tensile strength ratio values are below the spec limit, notify the engineer. The engineer and contractor will jointly determine a corrective action.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.5 and 460.2.8.2.1.6.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.7 Corrective Action with the following:

460.2.8.2.1.7 Corrective Action

(1) Material must conform to the following action and acceptance limits based on individual QC and QV test results (tolerances relative to the JMF used on the PWL Test Strip):

ITEM	ACTION LIMITS	ACCEPTANCE LIMITS
Percent passing given sieve:		
37.5-mm	+/- 8.0	
25.0-mm	+/- 8.0	
19.0-mm	+/- 7.5	
12.5-mm	+/- 7.5	
9.5-mm	+/- 7.5	
2.36-mm	+/- 7.0	
75-µm	+/- 3.0	
AC in percent	-0.3	-0.5
Va		- 1.5 & +2.0
VMA in percent[1]	- 0.5	-1.0

[1] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.

(2) QV samples will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and AC. Air voids and VMA will then be calculated using these test results.

(3) Notify the engineer if any individual test result falls outside the action limits, investigate the cause and take corrective action to return to within action limits. If two consecutive test results fall outside the action limits, stop production. Production may not resume until approved by the engineer. Additional QV samples may be collected upon resuming production, at the discretion of the engineer.

(4) For any additional non-random tests outside the random number testing conducted for volumetrics, the data collected will not be entered into PWL calculations. Additional QV tests must meet acceptance limits or be subject to production stop. If the department's non-random test does not conform to the acceptance limits, the retained sample will be tested by the BTS lab. If the BTS results also do not meet the acceptance limits, the material will be considered unacceptable as described in (5) below.

(5) Remove and replace unacceptable material at no additional expense to the department. Unacceptable material is defined as any individual QC or QV tests results outside the acceptance limits or a PWL value < 50. For AC in percent, unacceptable material is defined as any individual QV test result outside of the acceptance limit. The engineer may allow such material to remain in place with a price reduction. The department will pay for such HMA Pavement allowed to remain in place at 50 percent of the contract unit price.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.2 Personnel Requirements with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.2 Personnel Requirements

(1) The department will provide at least one HTCP-certified Transportation Materials Sampling (TMS) Technician, to observe QV sampling of HMA mixtures.

(2) Under departmental observation, a contractor TMS technician shall collect and split samples.

(3) A department HTCP-certified Hot Mix Asphalt, Technician I, Production Tester (HMA-IPT) technician will ensure that all sampling is performed correctly and conduct testing, analyze test results, and report resulting data.

(4) The department will make an organizational chart available to the contractor before mixture production begins. The organizational chart will include names, telephone numbers, and current certifications of all QV testing personnel. The department will update the chart with appropriate changes, as they become effective.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements

(1) HTCP-certified department personnel will obtain QV random samples by directly supervising HTCP-certified contractor personnel sampling from trucks at the plant. Sample size must be adequate to run the appropriate required tests in addition to one set of duplicate tests that may be required for dispute resolution (i.e., retained). This requires sample sizes which yield four splits for all random sampling per sublot. All QV samples shall furnish the following: QC, QV, Retained, and Extra. The department will observe the splitting and take possession of the QV, Retained, and Extra split samples intended for QV testing. The department will take possession of retained samples accumulated to date each day QV samples are collected. The department will retain samples until surpassing the analysis window of up to 5 lots, as defined in standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.7(2) of this special provision. Additional sampling details are found in Appendix A.

(2) The department will verify product quality using the test methods specified here in standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.4(3). The department will identify test methods before construction starts and use only those methods during production of that material unless the engineer and contractor mutually agree otherwise.

(3) The department will test the QV split sample using the test methods identified below at the frequency indicated. The Extra split sample will be tested only when the Gmm and/or Gmb replicate tolerances are exceeded according to WTM T166 section 13.1.4 and WTM T209 section 14.1.1. When testing the Extra split sample, only the results from the test from which the tolerances were exceeded may replace the results from the QV split sample. The Rule of Retained according to CMM 836.1.2 applies. In the event that both the department and contractor's replicate tolerances are exceeded, perform dispute resolution according to 460.2.8.3.1.7(2).

- Bulk specific gravity (Gmb) of the compacted mixture according to WTM T166.
- Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to WTM T209.
- Air voids (Va) by calculation according to WTM T269.
- Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) by calculation according to WTM R35 section 9.2.
- Asphalt Content (AC) in percent determined by ignition oven method according to WTM T308 and conforming to WTP H-003, chemical extraction according to AASHTO T 164 Method A or B, or automated extraction according to WTM D8159.

(4) The department will randomly test each design mixture at the minimum frequency of one test for each lot.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.6.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.7 Dispute Resolution with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.7 Data Analysis for Volumetrics

(1) Analysis of test data for pay determination will be contingent upon QC and QV test results. Statistical analysis will be conducted on Gmm and Gmb test results for calculation of Va. If either Gmm or Gmb analysis results in non-comparable data as described in 460.2.8.3.1.7(2), subsequent testing will be performed for both parameters as detailed in the following paragraph.

(2) The engineer, upon completion of the first 3 lots, will compare the variances (F-test) and the means (t-test) of the QV test results with the QC test results. Additional comparisons incorporating the first 3 lots of data will be performed following completion of the 4^{th} and 5^{th} lots (i.e., lots 1-3, 1-4, and 1-5). A rolling window of 5 lots will be used to conduct F & t comparison for the remainder of the contract (i.e., lots 2-6, then lots 3-7, etc.), reporting comparison results for each individual lot. Analysis will use a set alpha value of 0.025. If the F- and t-tests report comparable data, the QC and QV data sets are

determined to be statistically similar and QC data will be used to calculate the Va used in PWL and pay adjustment calculations. If the F- and t-tests result in non-comparable data, proceed to the *dispute resolution* steps found below. Note: if both QC and QV Va PWL result in a pay adjustment of 102% or greater, dispute resolution testing will not be conducted. Dispute resolution via further investigation is as follows:

[1] The Retained portion of the split from the lot in the analysis window with a QV test result furthest from the QV mean (not necessarily the sublot identifying that variances or means do not compare) will be referee tested for Gmm, Gmb, and Asphalt Content by the bureau's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel. All previous lots within the analysis window are subject to referee testing and regional lab testing as deemed necessary. Referee test results will replace the QV data of the sublot(s).

[2] Statistical analysis will be conducted with referee test results replacing QV results.

i. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances and means compare, no further testing is required for the lot and QC data will be used for PWL and pay factor/adjustment calculations.

ii. If the F- and t-tests indicate non-comparable variances or means, the Retained portion of the random QC sample will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and Asphalt Content by the department's regional lab for the remaining 4 sublots of the lot which the F- and t-tests indicate non-comparable datasets. The department's regional lab and the referee test results will be used for PWL and pay factor/adjustment calculations. Upon the second instance of non-comparable variance or means and for every instance thereafter, the department will assess a pay reduction for the additional testing of the remaining 4 sublots at $2,000/lot under the HMA Regional Lab Testing administrative item.

[3] The contractor may choose to dispute the regional test results on a lot basis within 7 days after receiving the results from the region. In this event, the retained portion of each sublot will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel. The referee Gmm and Gmb test results will supersede the regional lab results for the disputed lot.

i. If referee testing results in an increased calculated pay factor, the department will pay for the cost of the additional referee testing.

ii. If referee testing of a disputed lot results in an equal or lower calculated pay factor, the department will assess a pay reduction for the additional referee testing at $2,000/lot under the Referee Testing administrative item.

(3) The department will notify the contractor of the referee test results within 3 working days after receipt of the samples by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory. The intent is to provide referee test results within 7 calendar days from completion of the lot.

(4) The department will determine mixture conformance and acceptability by analyzing referee test results, reviewing mixture data, and inspecting the completed pavement according to the standard spec, this special provision, and accompanying Appendix A.

(5) Unacceptable material (i.e., resulting in a PWL value less than 50 or individual QC or QV test results not meeting the Acceptance Requirements of 460.2.8.2.1.7 as modified herein) will be referee tested by the bureau's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel and those test results used for analysis. Such material may be subject to remove and replace, at the discretion of the engineer. If the engineer allows the material to remain in place, it will be paid at 50% of the HMA Pavement contract unit price. Replacement or pay adjustment will be conducted on a sublot basis. If an entire PWL sublot is removed and replaced, the test results of the newly placed material will replace the original data for the sublot. Any remove and replace shall be performed at no additional cost to the department. Testing of replaced material must include a minimum of one QV result. [Note: If the removed and replaced material does not result in replacement of original QV data, an additional QV test will be conducted and under such circumstances will be entered into the HMA PWL Production spreadsheet for data analysis and pay determination.] The quantity of material paid at 50% the contract unit price will be deducted from PWL pay adjustments, along with accompanying data of this material.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.8 Corrective Action.

C Construction

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination with the following:

460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination

(1) The engineer will determine the target maximum density using department procedures described in WTM T355 and CMM 815. The engineer will determine density as soon as practicable after compaction and before placement of subsequent layers or before opening to traffic.

(2) Do not re-roll compacted mixtures with deficient density test results. Do not operate continuously below the specified minimum density. Stop production, identify the source of the problem, and make corrections to produce work meeting the specification requirements.

(3) A lot is defined as 7,500 lane feet with sublots of 1,500 lane feet (excluding shoulder, even if paved integrally) and placed within a single layer for each location and target maximum density category indicated in table 460-3. Complete three tests randomly per sublot and the department will randomly conduct one QV test per sublot. A partial quantity less than 750 lane feet will be included with the previous sublot. Partial lots with less than three sublots will be included in the previous lot for data analysis/acceptance and pay, by the engineer. If density lots/sublots are determined prior to construction of the test strip, any random locations within the test strip shall be omitted. Exclusions such as shoulders and appurtenances shall be tested and recorded according to WTM T355 and CMM 815. However, all acceptance testing of shoulders and appurtenances will be conducted by the department, and average lot (daily) densities must conform to standard spec Table 460-3 or else be subject to disincentives according to 460.5.2.2(5) herein. No density incentive will be applied to shoulders or appurtenances. Offsets will not be applied to nuclear density gauge readings for shoulders or appurtenances. Unacceptable shoulder material will be handled according to standard spec 460.3.3.1 and CMM 815.11.

(4) The three QC locations per sublot represent the outside, middle, and inside of the paving lane. The QC density testing procedures are detailed in Appendix A.

(5) QV nuclear testing will consist of one randomly selected location per sublot. The QV density testing procedures will be the same as the QC procedure at each testing location and are also detailed in Appendix A.

(6) An HTCP-certified nuclear density technician (NUCDENSITYTEC-I) shall identify random locations and perform the testing for both the contractor and department. The responsible certified technician shall ensure that sample location and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and provide density results to the contractor weekly, or at the completion of each lot.

(7) For any additional tests outside the random number testing conducted for density, the data collected will not be entered into PWL calculations. However, additional QV testing must meet the tolerances for material conformance as specified in the standard specification and this special provision. If additional density data identifies unacceptable material, proceed as specified in CMM 815.11.

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.3 Waiving Density Testing with Acceptance of Density Data with the following:

460.3.3.3 Analysis of Density Data

(1) Analysis of test data for pay determination will be contingent upon test results from both the contractor (QC) and the department (QV).

(2) As random density locations are paved, the data will be recorded in the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet for analysis in chronological order. The engineer, upon completion of the first 3 lots, will compare the variances (F-test) and the means (t-test) of the QV test results with the QC test results. A rolling window of 3 lots will be used to conduct F & t comparison for the remainder of the contract (i.e., lots 2-4, then lots 3-5, etc.), reporting comparison results for each individual lot. Analysis will use a set alpha value of 0.025.

   i. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances and means compare, the QC and QV data sets are determined to be statistically similar and QC data will be used for PWL and pay adjustment calculations.

ii. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances or means do not compare, the QV data will be used for subsequent calculations.

(3) The department will determine mixture density conformance and acceptability by analyzing test results, reviewing mixture data, and inspecting the completed pavement according to standard spec, this special provision, and accompanying Appendix A.

(4) Density resulting in a PWL value less than 50 or not meeting the requirements of 460.3.3.1 (any individual density test result falling more than 3.0 percent below the minimum required target maximum density as specified in standard spec Table 460-3) is unacceptable and may be subject to remove and replace at no additional cost to the department, at the discretion of the engineer.

i. Replacement may be conducted on a sublot basis. If an entire PWL sublot is removed and replaced, the test results of the newly placed material will replace the original data for the sublot.

ii. Testing of replaced material must include a minimum of one QV result. [Note: If the removed and replaced material does not result in replacement of original QV data, an additional QV test must be conducted and under such circumstances will be entered into the data analysis and pay determination.]

iii. If the engineer allows such material to remain in place, it will be paid for at 50% of the HMA Pavement contract unit price. The extent of unacceptable material will be addressed as specified in CMM 815.11. The quantity of material paid at 50% the contract unit price will be deducted from PWL pay adjustments, along with accompanying data of this material.

D Measurement

The department will measure the HMA Pavement bid items acceptably completed by the ton, as specified in standard spec 450.4 and as follows in standard spec 460.5, as modified in this special provision.

E Payment

Replace standard spec 460.5.2 HMA Pavement with the following:

460.5.2 HMA Pavement

460.5.2.1 General

(1) Payment for HMA Pavement Type LT, MT, and HT mixes is full compensation for providing HMA mixture designs; for preparing foundation; for furnishing, preparing, hauling, mixing, placing, and compacting mixture; for HMA PWL QMP testing and aggregate source testing; for warm mix asphalt additives or processes; for stabilizer, hydrated lime and liquid antistripping agent, if required; and for all materials including asphaltic materials.

(2) If provided for in the plan quantities, the department will pay for a leveling layer, placed to correct irregularities in an existing paved surface before overlaying, under the pertinent paving bid item. Absent a plan quantity, the department will pay for a leveling layer as extra work.

460.5.2.2 Calculation of Pay Adjustment for HMA Pavement using PWL

(1) Pay adjustments will be calculated using 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement. The HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet, including data, will be made available to the contractor by the department as soon as practicable upon completion of each lot. The department will pay for measured quantities of mix based on this price multiplied by the following pay adjustment calculated according to the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet:

PAY FACTOR FOR HMA PAVEMENT AIR VOIDS & DENSITY

PERCENT WITHIN LIMITS (PWL)	*PAYMENT FACTOR, PF (percent of $65/ton)*
≥ 90 to 100	PF = ((PWL – 90) * 0.4) + 100
≥ 50 to < 90	(PWL * 0.5) + 55
<50	50%[1]

where PF is calculated per air voids and density, denoted $PF_{air\ voids}$ & $PF_{density}$.

[1] Any material resulting in PWL value less than 50 shall be removed and replaced unless the engineer allows such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

(2) For air voids, PWL values will be calculated using lower and upper specification limits of 2.0 and 4.3 percent, respectively. Lower specification limits for density shall be according to standard spec Table 460-3.

(3) Pay adjustment will be determined on a lot basis and will be computed as shown in the following equation:

Pay Adjustment = (PF-100)/100 x (WP) x (tonnage) x ($65/ton)*

*Note: If Pay Factor = 50%, the contract unit price will be used in lieu of $65/ton and the weighted percentage (WP) will equal 1.0.

The following weighted percentage (WP) values will be used for the corresponding parameter:

Parameter	WP
Air Voids	0.5
Density	0.5

(4) Individual Pay Factors for each air voids ($PF_{air\ voids}$) and density ($PF_{density}$) will be determined. $PF_{air\ voids}$ will be multiplied by the total tonnage placed (i.e., from truck tickets), and $PF_{density}$ will be multiplied by the calculated tonnage used to pave the mainline only (i.e., travel lane excluding shoulder) as determined according to Appendix A.

(5) Pay adjustment for shoulders and appurtenances accepted by department testing will be determined on a lot basis. If the lot density is less than the specified minimum in table 460-3, the department will reduce pay based on the contract unit price for the HMA pavement bid item for that lot as follows:

DISINCENTIVE PAY REDUCTION FOR HMA PAVEMENT DENSITY

PERCENT LOT DENSITY BELOW SPECIFIED MINIMUM	PAYMENT FACTOR (percent of contract price)
From 0.5 to 1.0 inclusive	98
From 1.1 to 1.5 inclusive	95
From 1.6 to 2.0 inclusive	91
From 2.1 to 2.5 inclusive	85
From 2.6 to 3.0 inclusive	70
More than 3.0[1]	___

[1] Remove and replace the lot with a mixture at the specified density. When acceptably replaced, the department will pay for the replaced work at the contract unit price. Alternatively, the engineer may allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent payment factor.

(6) The department will pay incentive for air voids and density under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2005	Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	DOL
460.2010	Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	DOL

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement and the Disincentive Air Voids HMA Pavement administrative items.

The department will administer a disincentive under the Disincentive HMA Binder Content administrative item for each individual QV test result indicating asphalt binder content below the Action Limit in 460.2.8.2.1.7 presented herein. The department will adjust pay per sublot of mix at 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement multiplied by the following pay adjustment calculated according to the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet:

AC Binder Relative to JMF	Pay Adjustment / Sublot

-0.4% to -0.5%	75%[1]
More than -0.5%	50%[1] [2]

[1] Any material resulting in an asphalt binder content more than 0.3% below the JMF AC content will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel using automated extraction according to automated extraction according to WTM D8159.

[2] Any material resulting in an asphalt binder content more than 0.5% below the JMF AC content shall be removed and replaced unless the engineer allows such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

Note: PWL value determination is further detailed in the PWL Production Spreadsheet Instructions located in the *Project Info & Instructions* tab of the HMA PWL Production spreadsheet.

stp-460-050 (20240105)

27. Appendix A.

Test Methods & Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects

The following procedures are included with the HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) Quality Management Program (QMP) special provision:

- WisDOT Procedure for Nuclear Gauge/Core Correlation – Test Strip
- WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production
- Sampling for WisDOT HMA PWL QMP
- Calculation of PWL Mainline Tonnage Example

WisDOT Procedure for Nuclear Gauge/Core Correlation – Test Strip

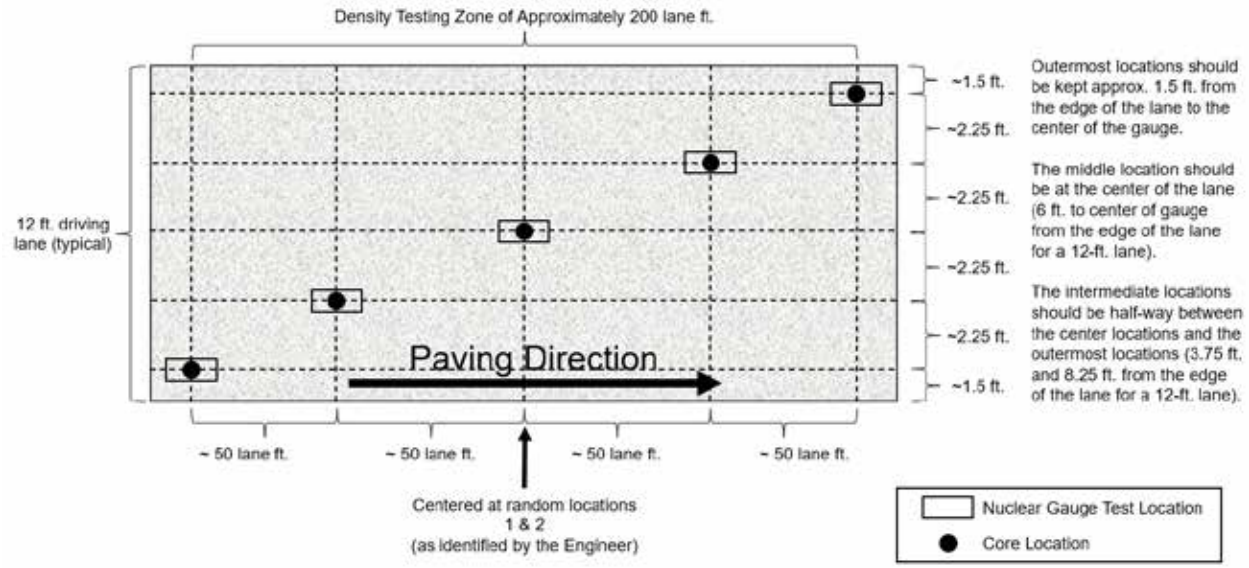


Figure 1: Nuclear/Core Correlation Location Layout

The engineer will identify two zones in which gauge/core correlation is to be performed. These two zones will be randomly selected within each *half* of the test strip length. (Note: Density zones shall not overlap and must have a minimum of 100 feet between the two zones; therefore, random numbers may be shifted (evenly) in order to meet these criteria.) Each zone shall consist of five locations across the mat as identified in Figure 1. The following shall be determined at each of the five locations within both zones:

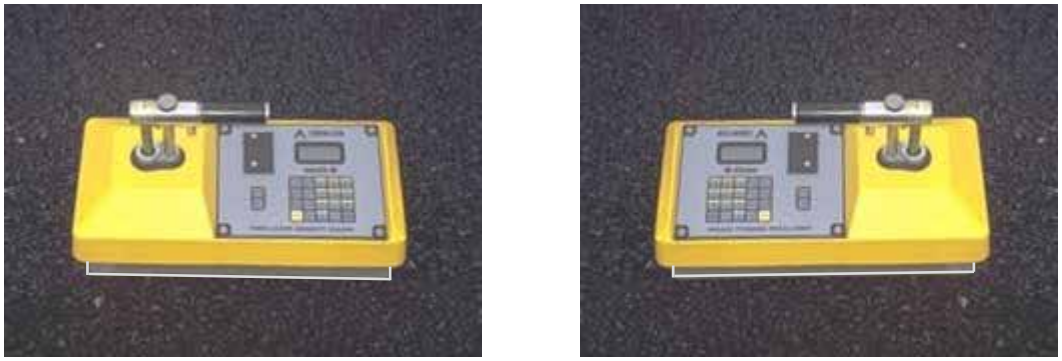
- two one-minute nuclear density gauge readings for QC team*
- two one-minute nuclear density gauge readings for QV team*
- pavement core sample

*If the two readings exceed 1.0 pcf of one another, a third reading is conducted in the same orientation as the first reading. In this event, all three readings are averaged, the individual test reading of the three which falls

farthest from the average value is discarded, and the average of the remaining two values is used to represent the location for the gauge.

The zones are supposed to be undisclosed to the contractor/roller operators. The engineer will not lay out density/core test sites until rolling is completed and the cold/finish roller is beyond the entirety of the zone. Sites are staggered across the 12-foot travel lane, and do not include shoulders. The outermost locations shall be 1.5-feet from the center of the gauge to the edge of the lane. [NOTE: This staggered layout is only applicable to the test strip. All mainline density locations after test strip shall have a longitudinal and transverse random number to determine the location as detailed in the *WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production* section of this document.]

The nuclear site is the same for QC and QV readings for the test strip, i.e., the QC and QV teams are to take nuclear density gauge readings in the same footprint. Each of the QC and QV teams are to take a minimum of two one-minute readings per nuclear site, with the gauge rotated 180 degrees between readings, as seen here:



(a) (b)

Figure 2: Nuclear Gauge Orientation for (a) 1st One-Minute Reading and (b) 2nd One-Minute Reading

Take photos of each of the 10 core/gauge locations of the test strip. Include gauge readings (pcf) and a labelled core within the gauge footprint. If a third reading is needed, record and document all three readings. Only raw readings in pcf shall be written on the pavement during the test strip, with a corresponding gauge ID/SN (generalized as QC-1 through QV-2 in the following Figure) in the following format:

Figure 3: Layout of Raw Gauge Readings as Recorded on the Pavement

Take each core from the center of the gauge footprint and correlate each gauge with the laboratory-measured bulk specific gravities of the pavement cores. One core in good condition must be obtained from each of the 10 locations. If a core is damaged at the time of extracting from the pavement, a replacement core should be taken immediately adjacent to the damaged core, i.e., from the same footprint. If a core is damaged during transport, it shall be recorded as damaged and excluded from the correlation. Coring after traffic is on the pavement shall be avoided. The contractor shall be responsible for coring of the pavement. Coring and filling of core holes must be approved by the engineer. The QV team is responsible for the labeling and safe transport of the cores from the field to the QC laboratory. Conduct core density testing with a witness by department personnel. Dry the cores following testing. The department will take possession of cores following initial testing and is responsible for any verification testing.

Each core 100 or 150 mm (4 or 6 inches) in diameter will be taken at locations as identified in Figure 1. Each random core will be full thickness of the layer being placed. Thoroughly dry cores obtained from the mat according to WTM R79 prior to using specimens for in-place density determination according to WTM T166.

Cut cores by the next day after completion of the test strip, except if the next day is not a working day, then cut within 48 hours of placement. Cores are cut under department/project staff observation. Relabel each core immediately after extruding or ensure that labels applied to pavement prior to cutting remain legible. The layer interface should also be marked immediately following extrusion. Cores should be cut at this interface, using a wet saw, to allow for density measurement of only the most recently placed layer. Cores should be protected from excessive temperatures such as direct sunlight. Also, there should be department custody (both in transport and storage) for the cores until they are tested whether that be immediately after the test strip or the subsequent day if agreed upon between department and contractor. Use of concrete cylinder molds works well to transport cores. Cores should be placed upside down (flat surface to bottom of cylinder mold) in the molds, one core per mold, cylinder molds stored upright, and ideally transported in a cooler. Avoid any stacking of pavement cores.

Fill all core holes with non-shrink rapid-hardening grout, mortar, or concrete, or with HMA. When using grout, mortar, or concrete, remove all water from the core holes prior to filling. Mix the mortar or concrete in a separate container prior to placement in the hole. If HMA is used, fill all core holes with hot-mix matching the same day's production mix type at same day compaction temperature +/- 20 F. Dry the core holes and coat with tack before filling, filled with a top layer no thicker than 2.25 inches, lower layers not to exceed 4 inches, and compacted with a Marshall hammer or similar tamping device using approximately 50 blows per layer. The finished surface shall be flush with the pavement surface. Any deviation in the surface of the filled core holes greater than ¼ inch at the time of final inspection will require removal of the fill material to the depth of the layer thickness and replacement.

WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production

For nuclear density testing of the pavement beyond the test strip, QC tests shall be completed at three locations per sublot, with a sublot defined as 1,500 lane feet. The three locations shall represent the outside, middle, and inside of the paving lane (i.e., the lane width will be divided into thirds as shown by the dashed longitudinal lines in Figure 3 and random numbers shall be used to identify the specific transverse location within each third determined by WTM D3665). Longitudinal locations within each sublot shall be determined with 3 independent random numbers determined by WTM D3665. The PWL Density measurements do not include the shoulder and other appurtenances. Such areas are tested by the department and are not eligible for density incentive but are subject to disincentive according to 460.5.2.2(5) of the HMA PWL QMP article. Measure each location with two one-minute gauge readings oriented 180 degrees from one another, in the same footprint as detailed in Figure 2 above. Each location requires a minimum of two readings per gauge. The density gauge orientation for the first test shall be with the source rod towards the direction of paving. QV nuclear testing will consist of one randomly selected location per sublot. The QV is also comprised of two one-minute readings oriented 180 degrees from one another. For both QC and QV test locations, if the two readings exceed 1.0 pcf of one another, a third reading shall be conducted in the same orientation as the first reading. In this event, all three readings are averaged, the individual test reading of the three which falls farthest from the average value is discarded, and the average of the remaining two values is used to represent the location for the gauge. The sublot density testing layout is depicted in Figure 4, with QC test locations shown as solid black boxes and QV test locations shown as dashed red boxes.

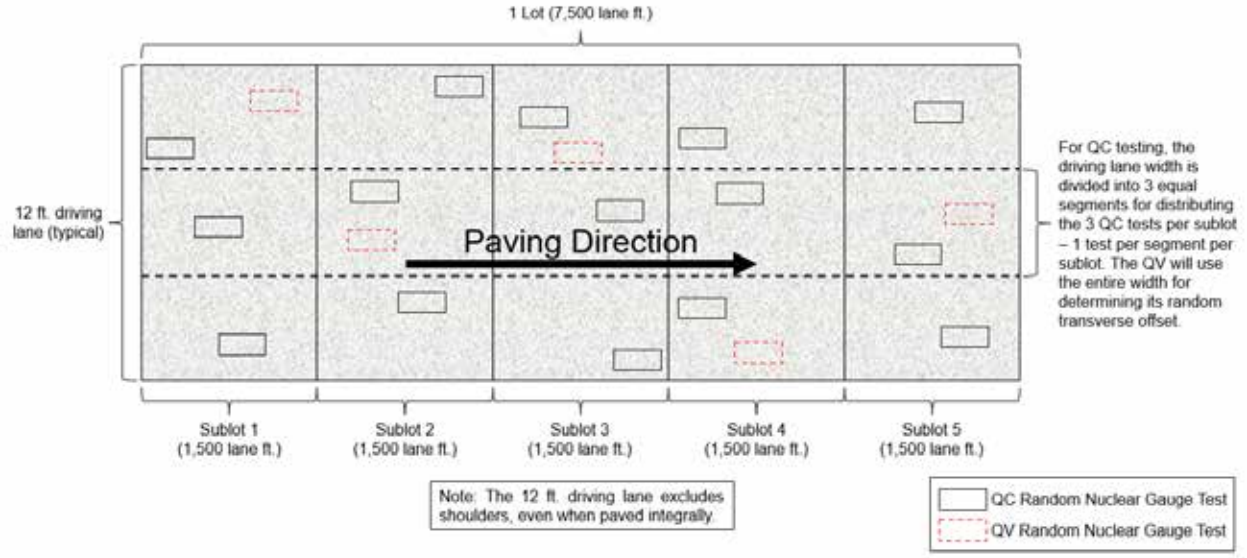


Figure 4: Example Layout of Mainline HMA Nuclear Density Tests

Raw nuclear density data must be shared by both parties at the end of each shift. Paving may be delayed if the raw data is not shared in a timely manner. QC and QV nuclear density gauge readings will be statistically analyzed according to Section 460.3.3.3 of the HMA PWL QMP article. (Note: For density data, if F- and t-tests compare, QC data will be used for the subsequent calculations of PWL value and pay determination. However, if an F- or t-test does not compare, the QV data will be used in subsequent calculations.)

Investigative cores will be allowed on the approaching side of traffic outside of the footprint locations. Results shall be shared with the department.
The QV density technician is expected to be onsite within 1 hour of the start of paving operations and should remain on-site until all paving is completed. Perform footprint testing as soon as both the QC and QV nuclear density technician are onsite and a minimum of once per day to ensure the gauges are not drifting apart during a project. Footprint testing compares the density readings of two gauges at the same testing location and can be done at any randomly selected location on the project. Both teams are encouraged to conduct footprint testing as often as they feel necessary. Footprint testing does not need to be performed at the same time. At project start-up, the QV should footprint the first 10 QC locations. Individual density tests less than 0.5% above the lower limit should be communicated to the other party and be footprint tested. Each gauge conducts 2 to 3 1-minute tests according to WTM T355 and the final results from each gauge are compared for the location. If the difference between the QC and QV gauges exceeds 1.0 pcf (0.7 percent) for an average of 10 locations, investigate the cause, check gauge moisture and density standards and perform additional footprint testing. If the cause of the difference between gauge readings cannot be identified, the regional HMA Coordinator will consult the RSO, the regional PWL representative and the BTS HMA unit to determine necessary actions. If it is agreed that there is a gauge comparison issue, perform one of the following two options:

New Gauge Combination

- All 4 gauges used on the test strip must footprint 10 locations on the pavement. Pavement placed on a previous day may be used.
- The results of the footprint testing will be analyzed to see if a better combination of acceptable gauges is available.
- If a better combination is found, those gauges should be used moving forward.
- If a better combination cannot be found, a new gauge correlation must be performed. (see below)

Re-correlation of Gauges

- Follow all test strip procedures regarding correlating gauges except the following:
- The 10 locations can be QC or QV random locations.
- The locations used may have been paved on a previous day.
- Retesting with gauges must be done immediately prior to coring.
- New gauge offsets will be used for that day's paving and subsequent paving days. New gauge offsets will not be used to recalculate density results from prior days.

Density Dispute Resolution Procedure

Density results may be disputed by the contractor on a lot-by-lot basis if one of the following criteria is met:

- The lot average for either QC or QV is below the lower specification limit.
- The lot average for QC is different from the lot average for QV by more than 0.5%.
- The lot is in disincentive.

In lieu of using density gauges for acceptance of the lot, the lot will be cored in the QV locations. The results of the cores from the entire lot will be entered in the spreadsheet and used for payment. If the pay factor increases, the contractor will only receive the additional difference in payment for the disputed lot. If the pay factor does not increase, the department will assess the contractor $2,000 for the costs of additional testing.

Notify the engineer in writing before dispute resolution coring. Immediately prior to coring, QC and QV will test the locations with nuclear density gauges.

Under the direct observation of the engineer, cut 100 or 150 mm (4 or 6 inch) diameter cores. Cut cores by the next day after completion of the lot, except if the next day is not a working day, then cut within 48 hours of placement. Prepare cores and determine density according to WTM T166. Dry cores after testing. Fill core holes according to Appendix A and obtain engineer approval before opening to traffic. The department will maintain custody of cores throughout the entire sampling and testing process. The department will label cores, transport cores to testing facilities, witness testing, store dried cores, and provide subsequent verification testing. If a core is damaged at the time of coring, immediately take a replacement core 1 ft ahead of the existing testing location in the direction of traffic at the same offset as the damaged core. If a core is damaged during transport, record it as damaged and notify the engineer immediately.

Sampling for WisDOT HMA PWL QMP Production

Sampling of HMA mix for QC, QV, Retained, and Extra split samples shall conform to WTM R97 and WTM R47.

Sampling Hot Mix Asphalt

At the beginning of the contract, determine the anticipated tonnage to be produced. The frequency of sampling is 1 per 750 tons (sublot) for QC and Retained Samples and 1 per 3,750 tons (lot or 5 sublots) for QV as defined by the HMA PWL QMP article. A test sample is obtained randomly from each sublot. Each random sample shall be collected at the plant according to WTM R97. Submit the random numbers for all mix sampling to the department before production begins.

Example 1

Expected production for a contract is 12,400 tons. The number of required samples is determined based on this expected production (per HMA PWL QMP SPV) and is determined by the random sample calculation.

Sample 1 – from 50 to 750 tons
Sample 2 – from 751 to 1500 tons
Sample 3 – from 1501 to 2250 tons
Sample 4 – from 2251 to 3000 tons
Sample X – .....
Sample 16 – from 11,251 to 12,000 tons
Sample 17 – from 12,001 to 12,400 tons

The approximate location of each sample within the prescribed sublots is determined by selecting random numbers using WTM D3665. The random numbers selected are used in determining when a sample is to be taken and will be multiplied by the sublot tonnage. This number will then be added to the final tonnage of the previous sublot to yield the approximate cumulative tonnage of when each sample is to be taken.

To allow for plant start-up variability, the procedure calls for the first random sample to be taken at 50 tons or greater per production day (not intended to be taken in the first two truckloads). Random samples calculated for 0-50 ton shall be taken in the next truck (51-75 ton).

This procedure is to be used for any number of samples per contract.

If the production is less than the final randomly generated sample tonnage, then the random sample is to be collected from the remaining portion of that sublot of production. If the randomly generated sample is calculated to be within the first 0-50 tons of the subsequent day of production, it shall be taken in the next truck. Add a random sample for any fraction of 750 tons at the end of the contract. Lot size will consist of 3750 tons with sublots of 750 tons. Partial lots with less than three sublot tests will be included into the previous lot, by the engineer.

It is intended that the plant operator is not advised ahead of time when samples are to be taken.

If belt samples are used during troubleshooting, the blended aggregate will be obtained when the mixture production tonnage reaches approximately the sample tonnage. For plants with storage silos, this could be up to 60 minutes in advance of the mixture sample that's taken when the required tonnage is shipped from the plant.

Collect QC, QV, Retained, and Extra split samples for all test strip and production mixture testing using a four-part splitting procedure according to WTM R47.

Calculation of PWL Mainline Tonnage Example

A mill and overlay project in being constructed with a 12-foot travel lane and an integrally paved 3-foot shoulder. The layer thickness is 2 inches for the full width of paving. Calculate the tonnage in each sublot eligible for density incentive or disincentive.

Solution:

$$\frac{1500\ ft\ \times\ 12\ ft}{9\ sf/sy} \times \frac{2\ in\ \times 112\ lb/sy/in}{2000\ lb/ton} = 224\ tons$$

stp-460-055 (20240105)

28. HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density.

A Description

This special provision incorporates longitudinal joint density requirements into the contract and describes the data collection, acceptance, and procedure used for determination of pay adjustments for HMA pavement longitudinal joint density. Pay adjustments will be made on a linear foot basis, as applicable per pavement layer and paving lane. Applicable longitudinal joints are defined as those between any two or more traffic lanes including full-width passing lanes, turn lanes, or auxiliary lanes more than 1,500 lane feet, and those lanes must also include the 460.2005 Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement bid item. This excludes any joint with one side defined as a shoulder and ramp lanes of any length. If echelon paving is required in the contract, the longitudinal joint density specification shall not apply for those joints. Longitudinal joints placed during a test strip will be tested for information only to help ensure the roller pattern will provide adequate longitudinal joint density during production. Longitudinal joint density test results collected during a test strip are not eligible for pay adjustment.

Pay is determined according to standard spec 460, HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP special provisions, and as modified within.

B Materials

Compact all applicable HMA longitudinal joints to the appropriate density based on the layer, confinement, and mixture type shown in Table B-1.

TABLE B-1 MINIMUM REQUIRED LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

Layer	Percent of Target Maximum Density			
	Unconfined		Confined	
	LT and MT	HT	LT and MT	HT
Lower (on crushed/recycled base)	88	89	89.5	90.5
Lower (on Concrete/HMA)	90[1]	90[1]	91.5[1]	91.5[1]
Upper	90	90	91.5	91.5

[1] Minimum reduced by 1.0 percent for a 1.25-inch-thick No. 5 mix lower layer constructed on a paved or milled surface.

C Construction

Add the following to standard spec 460.3.3.2:

(5) Establish companion QC and QV density locations for each applicable joint. Each companion location shares longitudinal stationing with the respective QC or QV mainline density location within each sublot and is located transversely with the center of the gauge 6-inches from the final joint edge of the paving area. Sublot and lot numbering remains the same as mainline densities, however, in addition to conventional naming, joint identification must clearly indicate “M” for inside/median side of lane or “O” for outside shoulder side of lane, as well as “U” for an unconfined joint or “C” for a confined joint (e.g., XXXXX-MC or XXXXX-OU).

(6) Each joint shall be measured, reported, and accepted under methods, testing times, and procedures consistent with the program employed for mainline density, i.e., PWL.

(7) For single nuclear density test results greater than 3.0% below specified minimums per Table B-1 herein, perform the following:

a) Testing at 50-foot increments both ahead and behind the unacceptable site.

b) Continued 50-foot incremental testing until test values indicate higher than or equal to -3.0 percent from target joint density.

c) Materials within the incremental testing indicating lower than -3.0 percent from target joint density are defined as unacceptable and will be handled with remedial action as defined in the payment section of this document.

d) The remaining sublot average (exclusive of unacceptable material) will be determined by the first forward and backward 50-foot incremental tests that reach the criteria of higher than or equal to -3.0 percent from target joint density.

Note: If the 50-foot testing extends into a previously accepted sublot, remedial action is required up to and inclusive of such material; however, the results of remedial action must not be used to recalculate the previously accepted sublot density. When this occurs, the lane feet of any unacceptable material will be deducted from the sublot in which it is located, and the previously accepted sublot density will be used to calculate pay for the remainder of the sublot.

(8) Joint density measurements shall be kept separate from all other density measurements and entered as an individual data set into Atwood Systems.

(9) Placement and removal of excess material outside of the final joint edge, to increase joint density at the longitudinal joint nuclear testing location, shall be done at the contractor’s discretion and cost. This excess material and related labor will be considered waste and will not be paid for by the department. Joints with excess material placed outside of the final joint edge to increase joint density or where a notched wedge is used will be considered unconfined joints.

(10) When not required by the contract, echelon paving may be performed at the contractor’s discretion to increase longitudinal joint density and still remain eligible to earn incentive. The additional costs incurred related to echelon paving will not be paid for by the department. If lanes are paved in echelon, the contractor may choose to use a longitudinal vertical joint or notched wedge longitudinal joint as described in SDD 13c19. Lanes paved in echelon shall be considered confined on both sides of the joint regardless of the selected joint design. The joint between echelon paved lanes shall be placed at the centerline or along lane lines.

(11) When performing inlay paving below the elevation of the adjacent lane, the longitudinal joint along the adjacent lane to be paved shall be considered unconfined.

D Measurement

(1) The department will measure each side of applicable longitudinal joints, as defined in Section A of this special provision, by the linear foot of pavement, acceptably placed. Measurement will be conducted independently for the inside or median side and for the outside or shoulder side of paving lanes with two applicable longitudinal joints. Each paving layer will be measured independently at the time the mat is placed.

E Payment

Add the following as 460.5.2.4 Pay Adjustment for HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density:

(1) The department will administer longitudinal joint density adjustments under the Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints and Disincentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints items. The department will adjust pay based on density relative to the specified targets in Section B of this special provision, and linear foot of the HMA Pavement bid item for that sublot as follows:

PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

PERCENT SUBLOT DENSITY ABOVE/BELOW SPECIFIED MINIMUM	PAY ADJUSTMENT PER LINEAR FOOT
Equal to or greater than +1.0 confined, +2.0 unconfined	$0.20
From 0.0 to +0.9 confined, 0.0 to +1.9 unconfined	$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	$(0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	$(0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	$(0.80)
More than -3.0	*REMEDIAL ACTION* [1]

[1] Remedial action must be approved by the engineer and agreed upon at the time of the pre-pave meeting and may include partial sublots as determined and defined in 460.3.3.2(7) of this document. If unacceptable material is removed and replaced per guidance by the engineer, the removal and replacement will be for the full lane width of the side of which the joint was constructed with unacceptable material.

(2) The department will not assess joint density disincentives for pavement placed in cold weather because of a department-caused delay as specified in standard spec 450.5.2(3).

(3) The department will not pay incentive on the longitudinal joint density if the traffic lane is in disincentive A disincentive may be applied for each mainline lane and all joint densities if both qualify for a pay reduction.

(4) Inlay paving operations will limit payment for additional material to 2 inches wider than the final paving lane width at the centerline.

The department will pay incentive for longitudinal joint density under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2007	Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints	DOL

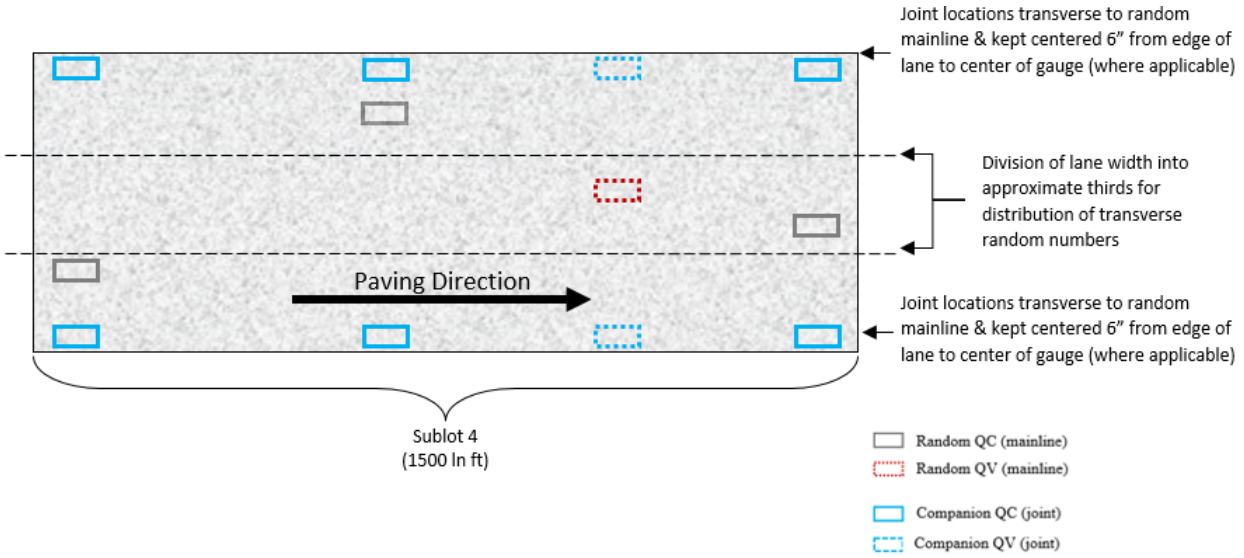
The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints administrative item.

Appendix

WisDOT Longitudinal Joint – Nuclear Gauge Density Layout

Each QC and QV density location must have a companion density location at any applicable joint. This companion location must share longitudinal stationing with each QC or QV density location and be located transversely with the center of the gauge 6-inches from the final joint edge of the paving area.

For HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP projects, this appears as follows:



Further Explanation of *PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY* Table

	Confined				
	Lower Layer (On Base)		Upper Layer		
	LT/MT	HT	LT/MT	HT	Pay Adjust
Mainline Target (SS 460-3)	91.0	92.0	93.0	93.0	-
Confined Target (mainline - 1.5)	89.5	90.5	91.5	91.5	-
Equal to or greater than +1.0	≥ 90.5	≥ 91.5	≥ 92.5	≥ 92.5	$0.20
From 0.0 to +0.9	90.4 - 89.5	91.4 - 90.5	92.4 - 91.5	92.4 - 91.5	$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	89.4 - 88.5	90.4 - 89.5	91.4 - 90.5	91.4 - 90.5	($0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	88.4 - 87.5	89.4 - 88.5	90.4 - 89.5	90.4 - 89.5	($0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	87.4 - 86.5	88.4 - 87.5	89.4 - 88.5	89.4 - 88.5	($0.80)
More than -3.0	< 86.5	< 87.5	< 88.5	< 88.5	REMEDIAL ACTION

	Unconfined				
	Lower Layer (On Base)		Upper Layer		
	LT/MT	HT	LT/MT	HT	Pay Adjust
Mainline Target (SS 460-3)	91.0	92.0	93.0	93.0	-
Unconfined Target (Mainline -3.0)	88.0	89.0	90.0	90.0	-
Equal to or greater than +2.0	≥ 90.0	≥ 91.0	≥ 92.0	≥ 92.0	$0.20
From 0.0 to +1.9	89.9 - 88.0	90.9 - 89.0	91.9 - 90.0	91.9 - 90.0	$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	87.9 - 87.0	88.9 - 88.0	89.9 - 89.0	89.9 - 89.0	($0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	86.9 - 86.0	87.9 - 87.0	88.9 - 88.0	88.9 - 88.0	($0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	85.9 - 85.0	86.9 - 86.0	87.9 - 87.0	87.9 - 87.0	($0.80)
More than -3.0	< 85.0	< 86.0	< 87.0	< 87.0	REMEDIAL ACTION

stp-460-075 (20240105)

29. Sawing Pavement Deck Preparation Areas, Item 509.0310.S.

A Description

This special provision describes sawing around deteriorated areas requiring deck repairs under the Preparation Decks bid items on decks receiving asphalt or polymer overlays and for deck repairs that will not receive an overlay.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

The department will sound and mark areas of deteriorated concrete that require deck preparation. The engineer may identify and mark additional areas as the work is being performed.

Wet cut a minimum of 1 inch deep and at least 2 inches outside of the marked areas. Bound each marked area by providing cuts aligned parallel and perpendicular to the deck centerline.

Remove sawing sludge after completing each area. Do not allow sludge or resulting residue to enter a live lane of traffic, storm sewer, stream, lake, reservoir, marsh, or wetland. Dispose of sludge at an acceptable material disposal site located off the project limits or, if the engineer allows, within the project limits.

D Measurement

The department will measure Sawing Pavement Deck Preparation Areas by the linear foot, acceptably completed, measured as the total linear feet of bounding cuts.

The department will not measure for payment over-cuts or cuts made beyond what is required to bound engineer-marked deterioration limits.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantity at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
509.0310.S	Sawing Pavement Deck Preparation Areas	LF

Payment is full compensation for making all saw cuts; and for debris disposal.

stp-509-070 (20180628)

30. HMA Overlay Polymer-Modified, Item 509.3500.S.

A Description

This special provision describes providing a polymer-modified HMA overlay on bridge decks.

B Materials

B.1 Mixture Composition

Furnish a mixture composed of fine and coarse aggregates, mineral filler if used, asphalt cement, and polymer modifier additive. Ensure that the final job mix design conforms to polymer modifier manufacturer requirements and is approved by the engineer.

Use fine and coarse aggregate conforming to standard spec 460.2.2. Do not use blast furnace slag, expanded shale, porous limestone, lightweight aggregates, or other porous aggregate. Ensure that mineral filler, if used, conforms to standard spec 450.

Use asphalt cement conforming to standard spec 455 and virgin thermoplastic polymer modifier additive. Furnish additive packaged in 22.5-pound meltable polyethylene bags, in 2,025-pound super sacks containing 45 units per sack, or as bulk material in tankers.

B.2 Deck Preparation Materials

Furnish tack coat and edge sealer conforming to the polymer modifier manufacturer’s requirements. Furnish rubberized asphalt joint sealer conforming to ASTM D3405, or if the polymer modifier manufacturer recommends, use a 20-inch wide strip of geotextile paving fabric applied according to their recommendations.

C Construction

C.1 General

Ensure that an on-site polymer modifier manufacturer representative oversees mixture production, placement, and compaction of polymer-modified HMA.

C.2 Proportioning and Mix Design

Seven days before the pre-construction meeting, submit the name and location of the intended sources for bituminous pavement products. Furnish HMA mixture from an engineer-approved automated plant conforming to ASTM D995 and SS405 and equipped with interlocks and printouts.

Coordinate with the polymer modifier manufacturer to formulate a job mix formula (JMF). Submit a JMF to the engineer that shows the gradation and conforms to the generic requirements under this special provision. As a part of the submittal include the following:

- Mineral aggregate sources and types.
- Grade and source of bituminous material.
- Type and source of all asphalt modifiers.
- Samples of aggregates to be used.

Submit a complete HMA mix design to the engineer according to department test method 1559 described in CMM 8.65.5. Submit a new JMF for engineer review if changing the production plant, aggregate, asphalt, or asphalt modifier.

C.3 Verification of the JMF

Unless the asphalt content (AC) of specimens used to develop the JMF is the same as the proposed design AC, prepare additional specimens at the proposed AC to ensure that gyratory test results accurately represent the design.

Generic Formulation of the PolymerModified HMA Mixture

Sieve Size, metric (imperial)	Nominal size of aggregate/Percent passing	Gradation Control on JMF
	9.5mm	
12.5 mm (1/2")	100	± 7 %
9.5 mm (3/8")	90 – 100	± 7 %
4.75 mm (#4)	55 – 85	± 7 %
2.36 mm (#8)	32 – 67	± 4 %
1.18 mm (#16)	Report	± 4 %
600 microns (#30)	Report	± 4 %
300 microns (#50)	7 – 23	± 4 %
150 microns (#100)	Report	± 4 %
75 microns (#200)	2 – 10	± 2 %

AC (% Total Mix) 5.0% minimum

Thermoplastic Polymer 2.25% by weight of total mix

Generic Minimum/Maximum Desired Physical Properties of the Design Mixture

Volumetric mix design parameters		
Volumetric parameter	Control requirement	Nominal size of aggregate/percent passing
		9.5mm
Gyratory volumetric requirements		
VMA	Minimum	16.5%
VFA	Minimum	90.0%
$\%G_{mm}$	@ N_{ini} (6 gyrations)	>87.0%
$\%G_{mm}$	@ N_{des} (50 gyrations)	99.0%
$\%G_{mm}$	@ N_{max} (75 gyrations)	>99.0%

Target Void Percentage: 1%

Weigh and heat aggregates for batching in an oven to 401 - 419 F. Add polymer modifier at a rate of 45 pounds per ton of mix or 2.25 percent of total batch weight. Dry mix the heated aggregate and the polymer modifier for 10 seconds at 374 - 383 F; introduce AC-binder at 302 - 320 F; and mix together for 90 seconds. Mix until aggregates are completely and uniformly coated. Verify that the temperature of the finished mix is 347 - 374 F. After mixing is completed, condition the material according to AASHTO R30 before compacting. Compact at 338 - 356 F. Evaluate the gyratory specimen at N_{ini}= 6, N_{des}=50, and N_{max}=75 gyrations regardless of class designation or aggregate structure.

After reviewing the JMF, the engineer will authorize initial placement. Once production begins, provide the engineer daily certification that in-place materials conform to the JMF and contract specifications.

Polymer modifier manufacturer personnel shall certify material production, take samples, and are authorized to reject material not meeting contract specifications. The polymer modifier manufacturer shall retain samples available upon engineer request for department examination and testing throughout the contract duration. The engineer may take additional independent samples and examine certifications to verify material quality.

Provide the engineer with access to the plant and equipment as necessary to review and verify certifications of material quality. The engineer may reject affected mixture placed if the contractor fails to perform quality control or submits an incorrect certification. The engineer may halt production and require the contractor to dispose of material due to temperature, oxidation, contamination, segregation, or incomplete coating of aggregate. The engineer may base rejection on visual inspection.

C.4 Deck Preparation

After deck patching and before placing polymer-modified HMA, prepare the deck surface. Cure the repaired deck a minimum of 7 days before placing the polymer-modified HMA overlay. Ensure that a polymer modifier manufacturer representative is present to oversee edge sealer and tack coat application.

Prepare the entire deck surface area by shot blasting. Include the vertical face of curbs or parapets to the specified finish overlay surface elevation. Collect and dispose of used steel shot and dust. Remove pavement-marking lines within the cleaning area to prevent bleeding through the tack coat. After shot blasting operations, clean the deck by sweeping, air blasting, pressure washing, or other engineer-approved method.

Clean the existing surfaces to remove any milled material or debris which would reduce or prevent bonding. Ensure that the surface is clean, dry, and free from loose debris or other contaminants. Saw cut and seal construction joints. Apply edge sealer and tack coat. Place an impermeable hot-mix waterproofing asphalt course on the cleaned and tack coated bridge deck, to the lines, grades, width, and depth the plans show.

Seal all edges of the planned day's placement of the asphalt waterproofing course with 4-6 inches of edge sealer applied at the manufacturer specified rate. Ensure that vertical edges of headers, drains, scuppers, expansion joints, or other areas where compaction may be difficult to achieve are adequately sealed. For vertical edges, apply sealer from the specified finish overlay surface elevation and out horizontally 4-6 inches. Maximize drying time by sealing as early as possible on the day of, or even the day before, overlay placement.

C.5 Placement

Before placing tack coat, ensure that the deck moisture is 6 percent or less. Apply tack coat at a rate of 0.07 to 0.15 gallons per square yard without puddles for concrete decks and at 0.04 to 0.1 gallons per square yard for steel decks. Cover and protect all deck drains and joints before paving.

Place the polymer-modified material in a uniform 2-inch thick layer.

Seal butt joints made during paving that have cooled below 150 F before placing the adjoining asphalt lift. Saw cut construction joints ½-inch wide and fill to within 1/8 inch of the surface with joint sealer. Do not overfill sawed joints since excess sealer will cause surface ripples requiring contractor correction.

Apply edge sealer to all terminations of the paved asphalt, including curb lines and deck joints, as soon as possible after the pavement has cooled.

C.6 Compaction

Because of higher compaction temperatures, use extra water applied evenly across the mat to keep material from sticking to the steel rolls.

Compact within a temperature range of 212 - 374 F conforming to standard spec 450.3.2.6. Use a minimum of two static rollers, one for break down and one for finish rolling. Have a third roller available on the job as a backup. Ensure that roller unit compression is 250 pounds or more per inch of driving roll width. Use three-wheel and tandem steel-wheel rollers with a manufacturer's rating of eight tons or more or use three-axle tandem steel-wheel rollers with a manufacturer's rating of 12 tons or more. Do not use pneumatic tired rollers. The contractor may use other compaction means in areas that cannot be accessed by the specified roller. The contractor may use an asphalt vibrator wacker with a water system.

Breakdown roll closely behind the spreading operation and finish roll to remove mat imperfections. Use a straight rolling pattern aligned with the paving direction. Do not turn except as necessary to move from pass to pass. Use the pattern and frequency the polymer modifier manufacturer's representative specifies. Do not change paving or rolling procedures without approval from the polymer modifier manufacturer's representative.

The department will waive the contract QMP HMA pavement nuclear density requirements for polymer-modified HMA overlay work.

D Measurement

The department will measure HMA Overlay Polymer-Modified by the ton, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
509.3500.S	HMA Overlay Polymer-Modified	TON

Payment is full compensation for providing overlays including mixture design and surface preparation, and for the polymer modifier manufacturer's on-site mix production and placement oversight.

The department will pay separately for repairs under the Curb Repair, Concrete Surface Repair, and Full-Depth Deck Repair bid items as specified in standard spec 509.

stp-509-035 (20141107)

31. Removing Asphaltic Concrete Deck Overlay B-67-0224, Item 509.9010.S.01.

A Description

This special provision describes removing asphalt bridge deck overlays with or without a waterproofing membrane by milling the entire bridge deck as the plans show.

Conform to standard spec 204 as modified in this special provision.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

C.1 Milling

Use a self-propelled milling machine that is specially designed and constructed for milling bridge decks. It shall mill without tearing or gouging the concrete masonry underlying the existing overlay. The machine shall consist of a cutting drum with carbide or diamond tip teeth. Space the teeth on the drum to mill a surface finish that is acceptable to the engineer.

Shroud the machine to prevent discharge of any loosened material into adjacent work areas or live traffic lanes. Equip the machine with electronic devices that provide accurate depth, grade and slope control, and an acceptable dust control system.

Perform milling in a manner that precludes damage to the bridge floor and results in a uniform textured finish that:

1. Is free of sharp protrusions;
2. Removes a minimum of 1/4 inch of the original concrete deck or slab, or to a depth the plans show;
3. Has uniform transverse grooves that measure up to 1/4 inch vertically and transversely; and
4. If applicable, is acceptable to the manufacturer of the sheet waterproof membrane.

Windrowing or storing of the removed milled asphaltic concrete on the bridge is only permitted in connection with the continuous removal and pick-up operation. During nonworking hours, clear the bridge of all materials and equipment.

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Asphaltic Concrete Deck Overlay B-67-0224 by the square yard, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
509.9010.S	Removing Asphaltic Concrete Deck Overlay B-67-0224	SY

Payment is full compensation for removing the asphaltic concrete with or without a waterproofing membrane; removing the underlying concrete as the spec or plans show; and for properly disposing of all materials.

stp-509-010 (20210113)

32. Removing and Installing Guardrail and Energy Absorbing Terminals.

This special provision describes maintaining the work site during removing and installing guardrail, type 2 terminals, thrie beam, and energy absorbing terminals conforming to standard specs 204 and 614 and as follows.

Perform removal and installation at each location in one continuous operation. Removal and installation of guardrail, type 2 terminals, thrie beam, and energy absorbing terminal shall be completed within 72 hours.

Appropriate traffic control measures must be in place during the removal and installation as approved by the engineer.

Blunt guardrail ends shall not be left unprotected at any time.

SER-614-003 (20180109)

33. Topsoil and Salvaged Topsoil.

Replace standard spec 625.2 (1) with the following:

(1) Topsoil consists of loam, sandy loam, silt loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam humus-bearing soils adapted to sustain plant life, and ensure the topsoil consists of the following:

Topsoil Requirements	Minimum Range	Maximum Range
Ph	6.0	8.0
Organic Matter*	5%	20%
Clay	5%	30%
Silt	10%	70%
Sand	10%	70%

*Organic matter determined by loss on ignition test of samples oven dried to constant weight at 212 F (100 C).

Add the following to standard spec 625.2:

(3) Furnish material that is free from large roots, sticks, weeds, brush, stones, litter, and waste products.

(4) Do not furnish surface soils from ditch bottoms, drained ponds, and eroded areas, or soils which are supporting growth of NR 40 listed plants and noxious weeds or other undesirable vegetation.

Replace standard spec 625.3.3 (3) with the following:

(3) Ensure that for the upper 2 inches, 100 percent of the material passes a one-inch sieve and at least 90 percent passes the No. 10 sieve.

SER-625-001 (20221007)

34. Fertilizer Type B.

Replace standard spec 629.2.1.3 with the following:

(1) Fertilizer Type B will conform to the following requirements:

Nitrogen, not less than 24% with 6% percent of the nitrogen being slow release.

Phosphorus, not less than 15%

Potash, not less than 9%

(2) The total nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash shall equal at least 48 percent.

Replace standard spec 629.3.1.3 with the following:

Apply fertilizer containing at least 48 percent total nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash at 5 pounds per 1,000 square feet unless otherwise directed by the engineer. For Fertilizer Type B that contains a different percentage of components, determine the new application rate by multiplying the specified rate by a dimensionless conversion factor determined as follows:

Conversion Factor = 48 / New Percentage of Components

Replace standard spec 629.4.1 with the following:

(1) The department will measure Fertilizer Type B by the hundred pounds (CWT), acceptably completed, measured based on the application rate of 5 pounds per 1,000 feet. The department will not measure fertilizer used for the bid items under standard spec 632. The measured quantity equals the number of hundred-weight (CWT) of material determined by multiplying the actual number of CWT of material incorporated by the ratio of the actual percentage of fertilizer components used to 48 percent for Fertilizer Type B.

35. Seeding.

Replace 630.3.5 (1) with the following:

(1) Use the following sowing rate for seeds in pounds per 1000 square feet:

- No. 10 at 3 pounds
- No. 20 at 5 pounds
- No. 30 at 5 pounds
- No. 40 at 5 pounds
- No. 60 at an equivalent seeding rate of 1.5 pounds*[1]*
- No. 70 or 70A at 0.4 pounds
- No. 75 at an equivalent seeding rate of 0.7 pounds[1]
- No. 80 at an equivalent seeding rate of 0.8 pounds[1]
- Temporary seeding at 3 pounds
- Nurse crop seeding at 2 pounds

[1] Determine the actual seeding rate by multiplying the equivalent seeding rate by the sum of the unadjusted and adjusted percentages of the various species in the seed mixtures as sown.

SER-630-002 (20221013)

36. Signs Type II.

Furnish and install mounting brackets per approved product list for type II signs on overhead sign supports incidental to sign. For type II signs on sign bridges use aluminum vertical support beams noted above incidental to sign.

Supplement standard spec 637.2.4 with the following:

Use stainless steel bolts, washers and nuts for type II signs mounted on sign bridges. Use clips on every joint for Sign Plate A 4-6 when mounted on a sign bridge or overhead sign support. Inspect installation of clips and assure bolts and nuts are tightened to manufacturer’s recommended torque values.

Use aluminum vertical sign support beams that have a 5-inch-wide flange and weigh 3.7 pounds per foot. If the L-brackets are 4 inches wide, then use 4-inch-wide flange beams weighing 3.06 pounds per foot. Contractor shall measure the width of the L-brackets on existing structures of determine the width needed for sign support beams.

Use beams a minimum of six feet in length or equal to the height of the sign to be supported, whichever is greater. Use U-bolts that are made of stainless steel, one-half inch diameter and of the proper size to fit the truss cords of each sign bridge. Install vertical sign support beams on each sign and use new U-bolts to attach each beam to the top and bottom cord of the sign bridge truss.

For type II signs on overhead sign supports follow the approved product list for mounting brackets.

Supplement standard spec 637.3.3.3(3) with the following:

Furnish and install new aluminum vertical sign support beams on each sign and new U-bolts to attach each beam to the top and bottom cord of the sign bridge truss for Type II Signs.

Add the following to standard spec 641.2:

Submit shop drawings for sign bridges and overhead sign supports to SE Region Traffic Operations Engineer, Tom Heydel and Bureau of Structures Design.

37. Temporary Audible Message Devices, Item 644.1900.S.

A Description

This special provision describes providing, maintaining, and removing temporary audible message devices. These devices are used on temporary pedestrian facilities to guide individuals with sight disabilities.

B Materials

Furnish temporary audible message devices from the approved products lists.

C Construction

Provide and maintain temporary audible message device. Maintain and repair devices within two hours of being notified by the project engineer of an issue.

Contractors record messages as approved by the engineer.

Mount temporary audible message devices on drums, temporary sign supports, or other locations approved by the engineer. Locate motion detection areas that will be effective in activating the device to operate properly. Avoid locating motion detection areas that will cause activation by trees, traffic, or other known regular activity.

Move and adjust devices after disruptions by the work or the public.

Maintain devices in a working condition and replace batteries as needed. Replace any devices that are not working properly within 2 hours of being notified of an issue.

Use tamper-proof hardware for mounting.

D Measurement

The department will measure temporary audible message devices by the day, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
644.1900.S	Temporary Audible Message Device	DAY

Payment is full compensation for providing, maintaining, and removing temporary audible message device.

The department will not pay for devices that are inoperable.

stp-644-190 (20250108)

38. General Requirements for Electrical Work.

Replace section 651.3.3 (3) of the standard specifications with the following:

(3) Request a signal inspection of the signal installation to the project engineer after completing the Prerequisites for Underground Inspection checklist or Prerequisites for Above Ground Inspection checklist at least five working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. Notify the department's Electrical Field Unit at (414) 266-1170 to coordinate the inspection. The department's Region Electrical personnel will perform the inspection. In the event of deficiencies, request a re-inspection when the work is corrected. The engineer will not authorize continuation of above-ground work or turn-on until the contractor corrects all deficiencies.

39. Electrical Conduit.

Replace 652.5(2) of the standard specifications with the following:

(2) Payment for Conduit Rigid Metallic, Conduit Rigid Nonmetallic, Conduit Reinforced Thermosetting Resin, and Conduit Special bid items is full compensation for providing the conduit, conduit bodies, and fittings; for providing all conduit hangers, clips, attachments, and fittings used to support conduit on structures; for pull wires or ropes; for expansion fittings and caps; for making necessary connections into an existing pull box, manhole, junction box or communication vault; for excavating, bedding, and backfilling, including any sand, concrete, or other required materials; for disposing of surplus materials; and for making inspections.

40. Electrical Service Meter Breaker Pedestal, Item 656.0201.01.

Add the following to standard specification 656.2.3:

The department will be responsible for the electric service installation request for any department-maintained facility.

Electric utility company service installation and energy cost will be billed to and paid for by the maintaining authority.

Add the following to standard specification 656.3.4:

Install the cabinet base and meter breaker pedestal first, so the electric utility company can install the service lateral. Finish grade the service trench, replace topsoil that is lost or contaminated with other materials, fertilize, seed, and mulch all areas that are disturbed by the electric utility company.

Add the following to standard specification 656.5(3):

Payment for grading the service trench, replacing topsoil, fertilizer, seed, and mulch will be incidental to this work unless the bid items are in the contract and then they will be paid for at the contract price.

41. Traffic Signals, General.

All work shall be in accordance to the plans and the State of Wisconsin Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction, 2025 Edition, and these special provisions.

Note that failure to comply with the state standards and specifications may result in the cost of the corrections to be made at the Contractor's expense. Also, any additional disruption of Department-owned facilities shall be repaired or relocated as needed at the Contractors expense.

Notify the department's Electrical Field Unit (EFU) at (414) 266-1170 at least three weeks prior to the beginning of the traffic signal work.

Furnish the engineer with material lists and specifications of all traffic control equipment for approval prior to installation.

42. Signal Housings.

Replace standard specification 658.2(3) with the following:

(3) Furnish signal housings, visors, LED modules, backplates, and cutaway visors as the plans show. The backplates for all traffic signal head indications (all approaches) shall be reflective yellow.

43. Traffic Signal Faces.

Add the following to standard specification 658.3:

(5) Connect all ungrounded conductors with wire nuts in the appropriate sections of the signal heads. Connect the neutral conductors to the terminal strip. Be certain to twist wires prior to installing the wire nuts. All wire nuts must be installed facing up to prevent the entrance of water.

44. Pedestrian Signal Faces 16-Inch, Item 658.0416.

Replace 658.2(4) of the standard specifications with the following:

For pedestrian signal faces: furnish polycarbonate resin housings, doors, and visors. Use yellow, Federal Standard 595 – FS13538, housings and dull black door faces and visors. For 16-inch heads, mount a z-crate visor and gasket to the door with stainless steel tabs. Drill the housing for top and bottom pipe mounting with the ability to rotate 270 degrees on the poly mounting brackets.

45. Pedestrian Push Buttons, Item 658.0500.

Replace 658.2(5) of the standard specifications with the following:

For pedestrian push buttons: furnish freeze-proof ADA compliant pedestrian push buttons made by a department-approved manufacturer. The contractor shall place a Size 1, Type H reflective (R10-3EL, R, D) sign sticker (per state sign plate), message series – B, directly above each push button. Include a directional arrow or arrows on the sign as the plans show.

46. Signal Mounting Hardware, Item 658.5070.01.

Add the following to 658.2(7) of the standard specifications:

Use an approved type of pole or standard vertical mounting brackets/clamps for signal faces from an approved manufacturer.

47. Lamp, Ballast, LED, Switch Disposal by Contractor, Item 659.5000.S.

A Description

This special provision describes the detachment and packaging of lamps, ballasts, LEDs, and mercury containing switches (e.g., overhead roadway lighting, underdeck bridge, wall packs, pedestrian signals, traffic control stop lights and warning flashers, fluorescent bulbs, and thermostats) removed under this contract for disposal as hazardous materials.

For Lamp, Ballast, LED, Switch Disposal by Contractor, coordinate removal from the work site by the department's hazardous waste disposal vendor. Disposal will be billed to the department by the hazardous waste disposal vendor.

B Materials

B.1 Disposal by Contractor

Items removed under this contract will be considered the property of the department for waste generator identification. The contractor is responsible for coordinating with the department's hazardous waste vendor for disposal:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrces/environment/hazwaste-contacts.pdf

C Construction

C.1 Removal

Arrange for the de-energizing of luminaires after receiving approval from the engineer that the existing luminaires can be removed. Do not remove luminaires that cannot be replaced with proposed LED units and operational within the same workday. The new LED units need to be operational prior to sunset of the same workday.

Detach and remove luminaires and lamps from the existing traffic signal poles or respective structure. Avoid breaking fixtures whenever possible.

Lamps, ballasts, LED, and switches will become property of the department, and will be disposed of in an environmentally sound manner.

C.2 Packaging of Hazardous Materials

Provide a secure, level location removed from the travelled way for storage of the material for disposal.

Pack intact fixtures in the packaging of the new lamps used to replace them, or packaging affording the equivalent protection. Place in full, closed stackable cartons.

Pile cartons no more than four high if palletized and secure cartons with shrink wrap to prevent shifting or falling of the loads. Clearly mark each pallet with the words “Universal Waste Lamps” or “Universal Waste Ballasts”, the date, and the number of fixtures on each pallet.

Pack broken fixtures into (min.) 6 mil thick plastic bags and place inside sturdy cardboard boxes or the equivalent. Mark the outer packaging with the term “Broken Fixtures/Lamps”, the date and the number of broken fixtures clearly marked on the box.

The hazardous waste vendor will not accept fixtures improperly packaged. The vendor will reject any fixtures not removed as part of a contract pay item or otherwise required under this contract.

Pack ballasts and mercury containing switches in appropriate containers.

C.3 Disposal by Contractor

Complete the lamp and ballast inventory (https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrces/environment/dotlampballastinventory.dotx) and contact the hazardous waste vendor to coordinate pickup and disposal at a location specified by the contractor. Consolidate all pallets and boxes from one project at a single location. Contact the hazardous waste vendor to set up an appointment for pickup. The hazardous waste vendor requires a minimum of one week advance notice to schedule pickup.

D Measurement

The department will measure Lamp, Ballast, LED, Switch Disposal by Contractor as each individual unit removed and received by the hazardous waste vendor, properly packaged and acceptably completed, matching the total number of units provided on the inventory form. The department will not measure broken fixtures that exceed a total of 10 percent of all fixtures to be disposed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
659.5000.S	Lamp, Ballast, LED, Switch Disposal by Contractor	EACH

Payment for Lamp, Ballast, LED, Switch Disposal by Contractor is full compensation for detachment, handling, packaging, labeling and scheduling disposal with the hazardous waste vendor; and scrapping and disposal of all other materials.

stp-659-500 (20220628)

48. Rapid Set Deck Repair, Item SPV.0035.01.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing, placing and curing a rapid setting non-shrink patch material on the sawed deck preparation areas of the concrete bridge deck. Perform the work conforming to standard spec 509.

B Materials

B.1 Patching Materials

Furnish a rapid setting non-shrink material designed for repairing concrete decks from the department's Approved Products List for "Rapid Setting Concrete Patch Material". The material shall be capable of obtaining a minimum compressive strength of 3000 psi within 3 hours. The patch material must be compatible with the existing concrete deck, reinforcing steel, and the polymer or asphalt overlay product (if applicable); and have a proven record of at least five successful applications in climates similar to Wisconsin. The use of chloride accelerators or other corrosion inducing products is prohibited.

A minimum of ten working days prior to construction, submit the manufacturer's product data sheets, material sources, mix designs, and supporting performance documentation to the engineer for approval.

B.2 Materials Quality Control Testing

For projects that allow 3 hours or more of cure time prior to opening to traffic, submit certified test results from an independent lab showing that the patch material can obtain 3000 psi within 3 hours of placement under the same curing conditions as the project.

For projects that require bridge decks to be open to traffic with less than 3 hours of cure time, perform quality control testing. For material extended with aggregates, perform cylinder breaks per ASTM C39. Make a minimum of two compressive strength test cylinders per shift per batch plant and cure under the same conditions as the deck patches. For material not using coarse aggregates, perform cube breaks per ASTM C109. Make a minimum of two compressive strength test cubes per shift per batch plant and cure under the same conditions as the deck patches. Provide test results to the engineer showing 3000 psi strength is obtained prior to opening the bridge deck to traffic.

For projects requiring ASTM C39 or ASTM C109 testing, furnish a department-certified mobile laboratory to perform the testing.

C Construction

Clean and prepare the area to be patched per the manufacturer's recommendations and as follows. After sawed deck preparation work is complete, blast clean the area and any exposed reinforcing steel. Thoroughly clean the surface upon which the new patch material is to be placed by brooming and using air pressure to remove all loose particles and dust. Apply a bonding agent, as necessary and as recommend by the patch material manufacturer, to surfaces to be covered by patch material.

Place patch material to produce plane surfaces that conform to the grade and elevation of the adjoining surfaces. Where a polymer or asphalt overlay will not be placed over the patch, finish the surface by tining or applying exposed angular aggregate as approved by the engineer. Where a polymer or asphalt overlay will be placed over the patch, shotblast the patch in the same fashion as the remainder of the bridge deck.

D Measurement

The department will measure Rapid Set Deck Repair in volume by the cubic yard acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantity at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0035.01	Rapid Set Deck Repair	CY

Payment for Rapid Set Deck Repair is full compensation for furnishing, hauling, preparing, placing, finishing, curing, and protecting all materials; and for materials quality control testing.

49. Clean and Re-caulk Guardrail Base Plates, Item SPV.0060.01.

A Description

This special provision describes removing failed and failing caulk from around guardrail base plates, cleaning the base plates of rust, furnishing new caulk, and re-caulking the base plates.

B Materials

Furnish gray sealant complying with ASTM C920 for non-sagging grade NS, class 25, traffic area use T, and either single-component type S, or multi-component type M.

C Construction

Remove existing caulk from guardrail base plates and clean the plates of rust by wire brushing, grinding, or other mechanical means as directed by the engineer, taking care not to damage any part of the guardrail, guardrail coating, or bridge deck. Reapply caulk around perimeter of base plates.

In the event that damage does occur, repair or replace damaged item at no expense to the department.

D Measurement

The department will measure Clean and Re-caulk Guardrail Base Plates as the number of base plates cleaned and resealed, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.01	Clean and Re-caulk Guardrail Base Plates	Each

Payment is full compensation for removing failed and failing caulk from around base plates, cleaning the plates of rust, and providing and applying new caulk around the perimeter of each plate.

50. Curb Ramp Grading, Shaping and Finishing, Item SPV.0060.02.

A Description

This special provision describes excavating, grading, filling, shaping, compacting, and finishing as necessary to construct each curb ramp location conforming to standard specs 205, 208, 211, 305, 625, 627, 629, and 630, as the plans show.

B Materials

Furnish materials as the plans show and engineer directs conforming the standard specs for the following:

Common excavation	205.2
Borrow	208.2
Base Aggregate Dense	305.2
Topsoil or Salvaged Topsoil	625.2
Mulching	627.2
Fertilizer	629.2
Seeding	630.2

C Construction

Construct the final subgrade and base for the curb ramp at the locations on the plans and as the engineer directs. Restore disturbed areas with topsoil or salvaged topsoil, fertilizer, seed, and mulch.

Dispose of all surplus and unsuitable material as specified in standard spec 205.3.12.

D Measurement

The department will measure Curb Ramp Grading, Shaping, and Finishing as each individual plan location acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.02	Curb Ramp Grading, Shaping and Finishing	Each

Payment is full compensation for all excavating, grading, placing borrow, base aggregate, shaping, and compacting, and for providing and placing topsoil or salvaged topsoil, fertilizer, seed, and mulch at each curb ramp location.

Sidewalk removal, construction staking, curb ramp detectable warning field, and concrete sidewalk will be paid under respective contract bid items.

SER-602-001 (20170629)

51. Adjusting Water Valves, Item SPV.0060.03.

A Description

This special provision describes adjusting water valve boxes to final pavement elevations the plans show.

B Materials

Utilize existing valve boxes where the required extent of adjustment allows. If additional sections are necessary, coordinate with either the Village of Eagle (Steve Deegan, 262-594-3400) or the Village of North Prairie (Sally Stellpflug, 262-392-5199) to obtain required materials.

C Construction

Before completion of paving operations, adjust the water valve boxes to match the final proposed grade. Excavate and expose the existing water main valve box to the depth needed to adjust the valve box to grade, add or remove extension(s) as needed, and backfill with base aggregate material conforming to the requirements for the adjacent roadway base course construction.

Complete adjustments in such a manner to avoid any damage to the water valve boxes. Provide the Village of Eagle or the Village of North Prairie two working days advance notice before adjusting the valve boxes to finished grade.

D Measurement

The department will measure Adjusting Water Valve as a unit of work for each valve box acceptably adjusted.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.03	Adjusting Water Valves	Each

Payment is full compensation for adjusting each valve box; excavating as necessary to access the valve box; backfilling; repairing any damage done to the valve box during adjustment; and for adding new sections if necessary.

52. Install Poles Type 9, Item SPV.0060.04; Install Poles Type 10 Special, Item SPV.0060.05; Install Monotube Arms 25-FT, Item SPV.0060.06; Install Monotube Arms 40-FT Type 9/10 Spec Pole, Item SPV.0060.07; Install Monotube Arms 45-FT Type 9/10 Spec Pole, Item SPV.0060.08; Install Luminaire Arms Steel 15-FT, Item SPV.0060.09.

A Description

This special provision describes transporting and installing state furnished materials conforming to standard spec 657, details shown in the plans, and as modified in this special provision.

B Materials

The department will furnish the monotube poles, monotube arms and monotube luminaire arms.

Pick up the department furnished materials at the department's Electrical Shop located at 935 South 60th Street, West Allis. Notify the department's Electrical Field Unit at (414) 266-1170 and make arrangements for picking up the department furnished materials five (5) working days prior to picking the materials up.

Provide all other needed materials in conformance with sections 651.2, 652.2, 653.2, 654.2, 655.2, 656.2, 657.2, 658.2 and 659.2 of the standard specifications.

C Construction

Perform work in accordance with sections 651.3, 652.3, 653.3, 654.3, 655.3, 656.3, 657.3, 658.3 and 659.3 of the standard specifications.

D Measurement

The department will measure Install [Equipment] as each item acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.04	Install Poles Type 9	EACH
SPV.0060.05	Install Poles Type 10 Special	EACH
SPV.0060.06	Install Monotube Arms 25-FT	EACH
SPV.0060.07	Install Monotube Arms 40-FT Type 9/10 Spec Pole	EACH
SPV.0060.08	Install Monotube Arms 45-FT Type 9/10 Spec Pole	EACH
SPV.0060.09	Install Luminaire Arms Steel 15-FT	EACH

Payment is full compensation for transporting and installing all materials, including all associated hardware, fittings, mounting devices, and attachments necessary to completely install the pole and arms.

53. Transport and Install State-Furnished Traffic Signal Cabinet & Controller STH 59 & CTH E, Item SPV.0060.11.

A Description

This special provision describes the transporting and installing of department furnished materials for traffic signals.

B Materials

Use materials furnished by the department including: the traffic signal controller and the traffic signal cabinet.

Pick up the department furnished materials at the department's Electrical Shop located at 935 South 60th Street, West Allis. Notify the department's Electrical Field Unit at (414) 266-1170 and make arrangements for picking up the department furnished materials five (5) working days prior to picking the materials up.

Provide all other needed materials in conformance with sections 651.2, 652.2, 653.2, 654.2, 655.2, 656.2, 657.2, 658.2 and 659.2 of the standard specifications.

C Construction

Perform work in accordance with sections 651.3, 652.3, 653.3, 654.3, 655.3, 656.3, 657.3, 658.3 and 659.3 of the standard specifications except as specified below.

Request a signal inspection of the completed signal installation to the project engineer at least five (5) working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. The departments' Region Electrical personnel will perform the inspection.

D Measurement

The department will measure Transport and Install Traffic Signal Cabinet [Location] as each intersection acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantity at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.11	Transport and Install State-Furnished Traffic Signal Cabinet STH 59 & CTH E	EACH

Payment is full compensation for transporting and installing the traffic signal controller and the traffic signal cabinet; for furnishing and installing all other items necessary (such as, wire nuts, splice kits and/or

connectors, tape, insulating varnish, ground lug fasteners, etc.) to make the proposed system complete from the source of supply to the most remote unit and for clean-up and waste disposal.

54. Transporting Traffic Signal & Intersection Lighting Materials STH 59 & CTH E, Item SPV.0060.12.

A Description

This special provision describes the transporting of department furnished materials for traffic signals and intersection lighting.

B Materials

Transport materials furnished by the department including: Monotube arms, poles, and luminaire arms (to be installed on monotubes).

Pick up the department furnished materials at the department's Electrical Shop located at 935 South 60th Street, West Allis. Notify the department's Electrical Field Unit at (414) 266-1170 and make arrangements for picking up the department furnished materials five (5) working days prior to picking the materials up.

Provide all other needed materials in conformance with sections 651.2, 652.2, 653.2, 654.2, 655.2, 656.2, 657.2, 658.2 and 659.2 of the standard specifications.

C Construction

Perform work in accordance with sections 651.3, 652.3, 653.3, 654.3, 655.3, 656.3, 657.3, 658.3 and 659.3 of the standard specifications except as specified below.

D Measurement

The department will measure Transporting Traffic Signal and Intersection Lighting Materials [Location] as each intersection acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantity at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.12	Transporting Traffic Signal & Intersection Lighting Materials STH 59 & CTH E	EACH

Payment is full compensation for transporting the monotube poles, arms, and luminaire arms. Installation of these materials is included under a separate pay item.

55. Section Corner Monuments, Item SPV.0060.13.

A Description

Coordinate with Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC) for the perpetuation and replacement of a section corner (Public Land Survey System- PLSS) monument.

B Materials

SEWRPC will provide a pre-cast concrete monument or brass disk to be used to mark the PLSS corner.

Furnish base aggregate dense materials that conform to standard spec 305. Furnish concrete, asphalt, topsoil or other materials depending on the surface surrounding the corner.

C Construction

SEWRPC will perpetuate existing section corner monument. Coordinate with SEWRPC and the department throughout the perpetuation and replacement process. Contact the engineer and SEWRPC at (262) 853-8463 at least two weeks before starting construction operations or the preconstruction meeting to allow for section corner monument perpetuation.

Excavate and completely remove the existing monument. Provide a backfilled 3 to 4 foot deep hole where existing monument was removed. Coordinate the materials and methodology to complete the construction of the surface surrounding the monument. This may include but is not limited to a 2' x 2' "box

out" or 24" diameter core hole in concrete, asphalt pavement/paving rings, coring to facilitate poured in place monuments, topsoil, seed and mulching or other materials or methodologies as agreed to with SEWPRC.

Contact Information:

Attn: Andy Traeger (Construction Coordinator)
Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission
W239 N1812 Rockwood Drive
P.O. Box 1607
Waukesha, WI 53187-1607
Phone (262) 953-4296
Cell (262) 853-8463
Fax (262) 547-1103
atraeger@sewrpc.org

D Measurement

The department will measure Section Corner Monuments Special by the individual unit acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0060.13	Section Corner Monuments	Each

Payment is full compensation for all excavating; removal of existing monument, for placing and compacting backfill material; for disposing of surplus materials; for concrete or asphalt material, finishing of roadway or other surfaces, for all coordination with SEWRPC.

SER-621-001 (20210924)

56. Flashing Stainless Steel, Item SPV.0090.01.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and installing a flashing system on structures.

B Materials

All materials for this system shall be new stock, free from defects impairing strength, durability, and appearance.

Provide stainless steel flashing that conforms to the requirements of ASTM A240, Type 304, 2B mill finish, with a minimum 16-gauge thickness. Provide 410 stainless steel hex head concrete screws.

Provide caulk at the top of the flashing for the entire length for a watertight seal between the concrete surface and the flashing system. Caulk shall conform to standard spec 502.2.9.

C Construction

Complete any required concrete surface repairs before flashing system installation.

Install flashing on the side of the deck as indicated on the plans, with minimum sheet lengths of 9.5-feet.

D Measurement

The department will measure Flashing Stainless Steel by the linear foot acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0090.01	Flashing Stainless Steel	LF

Payment is full compensation for fabricating, furnishing and installing the flashing system; and for furnishing and installing the caulk seal.

Required concrete surface repairs will be paid for separately.

57. Ditch Cleaning, Item SPV.0165.01.

A Description

This special provision describes ditch cleaning and cutting back and disposing of endwall vegetation and other debris at outfalls where shown on the plans and as directed by the engineer.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Cut back, with hand equipment, all vegetation within 5 feet of the endwall to within 6-8 inches of the existing ground. Remove and dispose of accumulated sediment at an acceptable location off of the project.

Dispose of vegetation and sediment according to standard spec 201. All cut vegetation shall be removed by hand within 24 hours of cutting.

D Measurement

The department will measure Ditch Cleaning by the square foot acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0165.01	Ditch Cleaning	SF

Payment is full compensation for removing and properly disposing of vegetation and accumulated sediment within the existing ditch. Pipes and edwalls damaged by the contractor's operations shall be replaced by the contractor, with no expense to the department.

58. Methacrylate Flood Seal, Item SPV.0180.01.

A Description

This special provision describes surface preparation of bridge deck, furnishing and applying a protective methacrylate sealer and broadcast sand, and any incidentals necessary to complete the project as specified or as shown in plans or as authorized by the Engineer.

B Materials

The bridge deck sealer shall consist of a methacrylate sealant, sand to prefill cracks, and broadcast sand.

B.1 Methacrylate Sealant

The following methacrylate sealants are acceptable for use provided that the requirements of this specifications are met:

Product	Manufacturer
MasterSeal 630 (formerly Degadeck Crack Sealer Plus)	BASF
T-78	Transpo Industries
KBP 204 P SEAL	Kwik Bond Polymers

or an approved equal

B.2 Fine Grade Sand

Provide fine grade sand for prefilling large cracks unable to be prefilled with sealant alone. Fine grade sand shall pass the No. 20 sieve and be retained on the No. 40 sieve.

Submit sand material data to the Engineer for review and address all written comments. Submit storage and use plan to the Engineer documenting procedures for maintaining dry sand and within gradation requirements above.

B.3 Broadcast Sand

Provide a commercial quality dry blast sand with an average absorption of no more than 1%. 95% of the sand shall pass the No. 8 sieve and at least 95% shall be retained on the No. 20 sieve.

C Construction

C.1 General

C.1.1 Pre-Installation Conference

Conduct a pre-installation conference with the manufacturer's representative prior to construction to establish procedures for maintaining optimum working conditions and coordination of work. Furnish the engineer with a copy of the recommended procedures and the manufacturer's instructions.

C.1.2 Contractor Personnel Requirements

Experienced personnel are required to be actively present during the seal application.

A technical representative from the sealer manufacturer must be present during first application. The need for manufacturer's representative may be waived if the contractor provides evidence and reference contacts for work involving at least 5 bridges treated with the same products and within the last two years. Contractor experience record in no way relieves the contractor from applying in accordance with this specification and as recommended by the manufacturer.

C.1.3 Material Storage and Safety Plan

Store resin materials in their original containers in a dry area. Store and handle materials according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Store all aggregates in a dry environment and protect aggregates from contaminants on the job site.

Safety Plan: Prior to arrival of the product on the job site, provide a product shipping, storage, and use safety plan to detail how the product will be delivered and stored on site in a manner that will not allow the constituent components to come in contact with each other in the event of a spill or container leakage. This plan must also include a description of the safety training workers applying the product have received regarding the product's use, and list any and all safety precautions which must be taken during application of the product.

C.2 Surface Preparation

C.2.1: General

Prepare the entire deck (or portion of the deck to be overlaid in one placement when staged construction is being employed) to ensure the concrete surface is dry, thoroughly clean, and free from dust or other loose material. Prepare concrete surfaces in accordance with these specifications dependent on whether the surfaces are of recently cast concrete (new construction) or of existing concrete.

Do not remove or damage striping or traffic markings in sound condition.

Do not perform surface preparation more than 24 hours prior to the application of the methacrylate sealer. The prepared surface shall not be exposed to vehicular or pedestrian traffic other than that required for sealer placement and approved by the Engineer. If the prepared surface is reopened to traffic prior to sealer placement, the surface shall be re-inspected for any contaminates and subsequently remove contaminates by use of abrasive blasting or shotblasting at no additional cost to the department.

The engineer may consider alternate surface preparation methods per the methacrylate sealer manufacturer's recommendations. The engineer must approve the final surface preparation and deck cleanliness prior to the contractor placing the methacrylate sealer. Prior to methacrylate sealer placement, cure concrete for a minimum of 21 days.

C.2.2: Surface Preparation for New Construction

Remove substances such as dirt, oil, curing compound, paint, grease, slurry, laitance, and other foreign or potentially detrimental materials by water blasting, light sandblasting, wire brushing, or other methods acceptable to the Engineer, all in accordance with the penetrant sealer manufacturer's recommendations. Determine an acceptable method that removes substances without damaging the underling substrate. Concrete removals shall not exceed 1/16 inch in depth.

C.2.3: Surface Preparation for Existing Concrete

Remove substances such as dirt, oil, asphalt, rubber, paint, carbonation, grease, slurry, membranes, rust, weak surface mortar, laitance, and other foreign or potentially detrimental materials by abrasive blasting. Determine an acceptable shotblasting machine operation (size of shot, flow of shot, forward speed, and/or number of passes) that provides a surface profile meeting CSP 3 (light shotblast) according to the ICRI Technical Guideline No. 310.2. If the engineer requires additional verification of the surface preparation, test the tensile bond strength according to ASTM C1593. The surface preparation will be considered acceptable if the tensile bond strength is greater than or equal to 250 psi or the failure area at a depth of 1/4 inches or more is greater than 50 percent of the test area. Continue adjustment of the shotblasting

machine and necessary testing until the surface is acceptable to the engineer or a passing test result is obtained. Prepare the entire deck using the final accepted adjustments to the shotblasting machine as determined above. Thoroughly blast clean with hand-held equipment any areas inaccessible by the shotblasting equipment.

C.2.4: Concrete Surface Cleaning Operation

Just prior to methacrylate sealer placement, clean all dust, debris, and concrete fines from the deck surface including vertical faces of curbs and barrier walls up to a height of 2-in above the surface with compressed air. Use a direct 125 psi air blast, from a compressor unit with a minimum pressure of 365 ft3 / min., over the entire surface to remove all dust and debris paying special attention to carefully clean all deck cracks. Use a suitable oil trap between the air supply and nozzle. Use ASTM D4285 "Standard Test Method for Indicating Oil or Water in Compressed Air" to ensure the compressed air is oil and moisture free. The air stream must be free of oil and moisture. Any grease, oil, or other foreign matter that rests on or has absorbed into the concrete shall be removed completely.

Perform a visual inspection of the surface that is to receive the methacrylate sealer. Locate and mark all cracks greater than 0.024 inch. Unless directed otherwise on the plans, prefill all cracks greater than 0.024 inch with the same methacrylate sealer or a pre-promoted version of the sealer prior to the methacrylate sealer. Where sealant soaks-in/withdraws from top of crack, place fine grade sand in crack and reapply methacrylate sealant to seal to top of crack. When sealant has not retreated after gel time, the crack is considered prefilled. Do not fill crack with sand beyond top of concrete surface.

Protect drains, expansion joints, access hatches, or other appurtenances on the deck from damage by cleaning and blasting operations and from material adhering and entering. Tape or form all construction joints to provide a clean straight edge.

Provide shielding as necessary to prevent dust or debris from striking vehicular traffic.

Air dry a wet deck for a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours before applying the sealer. Dry time may be reduced to 24 hours if an approved ASTM D4263 moisture test reveals the concrete is dry. Do not apply sealer materials during wet weather conditions or if adverse weather conditions are anticipated within twelve (12) hours of the completion of sealer application. Do not mix or apply any of these products at temperatures lower or higher than those specified in their product literature. Apply the sealant at the coolest time of the day within these limitations. Application by spray methods will not be permitted during windy conditions, if the Engineer predicts unsatisfactory results.

The Engineer shall approve the prepared surface prior to applying the methacrylate sealer.

C.3 Application of the Sealer

Apply the sealer conforming to the manufacturer’s instructions.

Apply an approved methacrylate to bridge deck or on surfaces as directed by the Engineer. At least 30 calendar days before the start of the work, provide the Engineer with the sealer Manufacturer's written instructions for application and use.

Do not thin or alter the methacrylate sealer unless specifically required in the Manufacturer's instructions.

Mix the sealer before and during its use as recommended by the Manufacturer. Distribute the sealant as a flood coat in a gravity-fed process by broom, roller, or with a spray bar near the surface so the spray pattern and coverage rates are reasonably uniform to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Apply the sealant at a minimum rate of 90 square feet/gallon.

Protect all expansion joints and prevent the crack sealant from contacting the strip seal glands. Protect all striping and traffic markings from marring, sealant application and reduction in reflective properties. Replace any striping and traffic markings that are marred by sealant.

Prior to completion of gel time of the flood seal and before broadcasting sand, broom uncured sealant in the direction of tining or deck grooves to promote maintenance of the deck texture for traction.

Broadcast sand to refusal into uncured resin to create traction and absorb sealant that is not penetrating into cracks. Broadcast approved sand into the wet, uncured resin no sooner than 10 minutes after applying resin but within gel time of product, unless directed otherwise by the Manufacturer. Apply approved sand at a minimum rate of 250 lbs. per 1000 square feet.

Allow the sealant to dry according to the Manufacturer's instructions. Do not allow vehicular traffic onto the treated areas until the sealer has dried and the treated surfaces provide safe skid resistance and traction. Remove non-adhered sand from bridge deck and joints by power sweeping the deck and vacuuming the joints.

Traffic or equipment will be allowed on the sealed deck after the Engineer has determined:

1. The treated deck surface is tack-free and non-oily;
2. The sand cover adheres and resists brushing by hand;
3. Excess sand and absorbent material has been removed; and
4. No sealant material will be tracked beyond limits of treatment by traffic

D Measurement

The department will measure Methacrylate Flood Seal bid item in area by the square yard acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0180.01	Methacrylate Flood Seal	SY

Payment for Methacrylate Flood Seal is full compensation for furnishing and applying the sealer to the bridge decks, as described above, including surface preparation, and all incidentals thereto. Cleanup of excess sand in joints and on bridge deck will not be paid for separately. Restoration of damaged or marred striping will be considered incidental to application requirements of Methacrylate Flood Seal.

59. Removing Existing Field Entrance, Item SPV.0180.02.

A Description

This special provision describes removing existing field entrance as shown on the plans and as hereinafter provided.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Remove and dispose of the existing gravel surface to a depth of at least 2-inches. Install topsoil, erosion mat or mulch and seed to blend into existing ground contours at the edge of the existing field entrance.

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Existing Field Entrance by the square yard acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for the measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0180.02	Removing Existing Field Entrance	SY

Payment is full compensation for removing and disposing of the existing gravel surface, providing and installing topsoil and erosion mat or mulch and seed, and for blending into existing ground contours.

60. Asphaltic Repair, Item SPV.0195.01.

A Description

This special provision describes repairing areas of existing asphalt pavement with asphaltic mixtures for overlaying with new pavement.

B Material

Furnish nominal size No. 4 (12.5 mm) aggregate blend graded as specified in 460.2.2.3 and conform to the other material and mixture requirements specified for asphaltic surface in 465. Use tack coat as required under 450.3.2.7.

C Construction

(1) Remove areas of existing asphalt pavement, including existing patching or surfacing materials, at locations the plans show or the engineer directs in the field as specified for removing asphaltic surface milling in 204.3.2.2.2. Mill the connecting edges as true and perpendicular as possible, both parallel and perpendicular to the roadway, creating a vertical edge on all sides. Remove the pavement without injury to the remaining pavement. Dispose of removed material as specified in 204.3.1.3.

(2) As an option for areas of full depth removal, the contractor may remove areas of existing asphalt pavement, including existing patching or surfacing materials, as specified for removing asphaltic surface in 204.3.2.2.1. Saw cut the connecting edges as true and perpendicular as possible, as specified for sawing pavement in 690. Remove the pavement without injury to the remaining pavement. Dispose of removed material as specified in 204.3.1.3.

(3) Construct as specified for asphaltic surface under 465.3 except as modified here.

Replace standard spec 465.3.1(2) with the following:

(2) Place using self-propelled pavers. Pave at a constant speed, appropriate for the paver and mixture, that ensures uniform spreading and strike-off with a smooth, dense texture and no tearing or segregation.

Replace standard spec 465.3.1(3) with the following:

(3) Immediately after placement, compact the mixture to produce a dense smooth surface using ordinary compaction procedures as specified in 450.3.2.6. Unless the engineer directs otherwise, compact each layer to a thickness of 6 inches or less so that the finished surface is 1/16 inch to 1/8 inch above the existing pavement surface.

D Measurement

The department will measure Asphaltic Repair by the ton acceptably completed as specified for asphaltic pavement in 450.4.

E Payment

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0195.01	Asphaltic Repair	TON

(2) Payment is full compensation for removing old pavement; for preparing the foundation; and for providing and compacting asphaltic mixture including asphaltic binder. Sawing existing asphalt pavement as a contractor option is incidental to the Asphaltic Repair bid item.

(3) The department will pay separately for tack coat under the Tack Coat bid item as specified in 455.5.

SER-390-001 (20220408)

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 1 (ASP 1)
HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION SKILLS TRAINING (HCST)
PROGRAM EMPLOYMENT PLACEMENTS AND APPRENTICESHIPS

The Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), Section 5204(e) – Surface Transportation Workforce Development Training and Education, provides for 100 percent Federal funding if the core program funds are used for training, education, or workforce development purposes, including "pipeline" activities. The core programs include: Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program, Highway Bridge Program (HBP), Interstate Maintenance (IM), National Highway System (NHS), and Surface Transportation Program (STP). These workforce development activities cover surface transportation workers, including OJT/SS programs for women and minorities as authorized in 23 U.S.C. §140(b).

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation OJT program was originally established in 1995. Highway Construction Skills Training (HCST) was previously known as Transportation Alliance for New Solutions (TrANS) and underwent a name change in early 2023. HCST is an industry driven plan of services to address the outreach, preparation, placement and retention of women, minorities, and disadvantaged persons as laborers and apprentices in the highway skilled trades. Candidate preparation and contractor coordination services (OJT Supportive Services) are provided by contracted community-based organizations.

I. BASIC CONCEPTS

Training reimbursements to employing contractors for new placements, rehires or advancement to apprenticeship of Highway Construction Skills Training (HCST) graduates and employing eligible trainees in qualifying trades will be made as follows:

1) **On-the-Job Training, Item ASP.1T0G, ASP 1 HCST Graduate.** At the rate of $5.00 per hour on Federal-aid projects when HCST graduates are initially hired, or seasonally rehired, as unskilled laborers or equivalent.

Eligibility and Duration: To the employing contractor, for up to 2,000 hours or two years, whichever comes first from the point of initial hire as a HCST placement.

Contract Goal: To maintain the intent of the Equal Employment Opportunity program, it is a goal that ___18___ HCST Graduate(s) be utilized for ___21600____ hours on this contract.

2) **On-the-Job Training, Item ASP.1T0A, ASP 1 Apprentice.** At the rate of $5.00 per hour on Federal-aid projects at the point when an employee who came out of the HCST Program is subsequently entered into an apprenticeship contract in a qualifying trade.

Eligibility and Duration: To the employing contractor, for the length of time that the HCST graduate is in apprenticeship status.

Contract Goal: To maintain the intent of the Equal Employment Opportunity program, it is a goal that ___7___ HCST Apprentice(s) be utilized for ___7000____ hours on this contract.

3) The maximum duration of reimbursement is two years as a HCST graduate plus time in apprentice status.

4) If a HCST program is not available in the contractor's area and another training program is utilized, payment of On-the-Job Training hours may be approved by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) if the training program meets the established acceptance criteria. Only On-the-Job Training Hours accumulated after WisDOT approval will be reimbursed as specified

under Items ASP.1T0G and ASP.1T0A. For more information, contact the Department of Transportation Labor Development Specialist at the phone number listed below.

5) WisDOT reserves the right to deny payments under items ASP.1T0G and ASP.1T0A if the contractor either fails to provide training or there is evidence of a lack of good faith in meeting the requirements of this training special provision.

II. RATIONALE AND SPECIAL NOTE

The $5.00 per hour now being paid for HCST placements is intended to cover the duration of two years to allow for reaching entry-level laborer status. An additional incentive, the $5.00 rate, would promote movement into the underutilized skilled trades' apprenticeships and applies until the individual completes their apprenticeship. These incentives benefit HCST candidates by giving them a better opportunity to enter a skilled trade; benefits contractors who will be assisted in meeting their EEO profiles and goals; and benefits the public who will see the program reinforce larger public-private employment reform in Wisconsin. The pool of HCST graduates was created for the purpose of addressing underutilization in the skilled trades, an objective that is further reinforced by a parallel retention pilot program, known as the Companywide Reporting. Whether or not reimbursement is involved, the WisDOT reassures contractors who are in the Companywide Program that HCST placements still contribute toward fulfilling the new hire goal of 50% women and minorities. Based on data administered by United States Department of Labor (US DOL), the highway skilled trades remain underutilized for women statewide (less than 6.9%); and for minorities in all counties (% varies by county).

NOTE: Unless using other advancement strategies, contractors are encouraged to use some or all of this monetary incentive to offset the cut in hourly wages an individual may incur when entering an apprenticeship if the full general laborer hourly rate has been previously paid. No special accounting measures are required.

III. IMPLEMENTATION

The implementation of ASP 1 is intended to cover only the amount of time it takes for underutilization to be resolved across the trades. This will be measured annually at the county and/or state levels using data administered by WisDWD in relation to goals set by the USDOL page 2 Dated January 2012 OFCCP. With appropriate state and federal approvals, we may also do some measurement at the company level. It is the contractor’s responsibility to note on their Certified Payrolls if their employee is a HCST graduate or a HCST apprentice. The compliance specialists utilize the information on the Certified Payrolls to track the hours accumulated by HCST Graduates and HCST apprentices on WisDOT contracts. Payment under this ASP 1 is made based on the hours recorded off of the Certified Payrolls. Tracking may eventually include improved linkages with the WisDWD apprentice database, information from company and committee level sources. HCST is nondiscriminatory by regulation and is a tool for optional use by contractors to address the underutilization of women and minorities as laborers and apprentices in our industry’s skilled trades.

IV. HCST TRAINING

As part of the contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided to employees enrolled in apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs as follows: The contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journey workers in the type of trade or job classifications involved. In the event the contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, the contractor shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor provided, however, that the contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The contractor shall also ensure that this training special provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journey workers status is a primary objective of this training special provision. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g., by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority trainees and women trainees); to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The contractor will be given an opportunity and will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that they have taken in pursuance thereof, prior to determination as to whether the contractor is in compliance with this training

special provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not. No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journey workers status or in which they have been employed as a journey worker. The contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

V. APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING

The Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) policy is to require full use of all available training and skill improvement opportunities to assure increased participation of minority groups, disadvantaged persons, and women in all phases of the highway construction industry. The FHWA On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program requires the State transportation agencies (STAs) to establish apprenticeships and training programs targeted to move women, minorities, and disadvantaged individuals into journey-level positions to ensure that a competent workforce is available to meet highway construction hiring needs, and to address the historical underrepresentation of members of these groups in highway construction skilled crafts.

The OJT Supportive Services (OJT/SS) Program was established in Title 23 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 230) to supplement the OJT program and support STA training programs by providing services to highway construction contractors and assistance to highway construction apprentices and trainees. The primary objectives of OJT/SS are:

(1) To increase the overall effectiveness of the State highway agencies' approved training programs.

(2) To seek other ways to increase the training opportunities for women, minorities, and disadvantaged individuals.

The STAs are responsible for establishing procedures, subject to the availability of Surface Transportation and Bridge Funds under 23 U.S.C. §140(b) (Nondiscrimination), for the provision of supportive services with respect to training programs approved under 23 CFR, Part 230(a) (Equal Employment Opportunity on Federal and Federal-aid Construction Contracts – including Supportive Services).

The contractor and subcontractor shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with these apprenticeship requirements. Reasonable exemptions and modifications to and from any or all of these requirements will be determined by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation-Office of Business Opportunity & Equity Compliance (OBOEC). A request for an exemption or modification, with justification, shall be made in writing, addressed to WisDOT OBOEC - Labor Development, 141 NW Barstow Street, Suite 411, PO Box 798, Waukesha, WI 53187.

VI. PROGRAM CONTACTS

Marguerite (Maggie) Givings, Labor Development Specialist
Margueritel.Givings@dot.wi.gov | 608-789-7876

Deborah Seip, Labor Development Specialist
Deborah.Seip@dot.wi.gov | 262-548-8702

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 4

This special provision does not limit the right of the department, prime contractor, or subcontractors at any tier to withhold payment for work not acceptably completed or work subject to an unresolved contract dispute.

Payment to First-Tier Subcontractors

Within 10 calendar days of receiving a progress payment for work completed by a subcontractor, pay the subcontractor for that work. The prime contractor may withhold payment to a subcontractor if, within 10 calendar days of receipt of that progress payment, the prime contractor provides written notification to the subcontractor and the department documenting "just cause" for withholding payment.

The prime contractor is not allowed to withhold retainage from payments due subcontractors.

Payment to Lower-Tier Subcontractors

Ensure that subcontracting agreements at all tiers provide prompt payment rights to lower-tier subcontractors that parallel those granted first-tier subcontractors in this provision.

Acceptance and Final Payment

Within 30 calendar days of receiving the semi-final estimate from the department, submit written certification that subcontractors at all tiers are paid in full for acceptably completed work.

Additional Special Provision 6 (ASP-6)
Modifications to the standard specifications

Table of Contents

Additional Special Provision 6 (ASP-6)
Modifications to the standard specifications

Make the following revisions to the standard specifications.

---

104 Scope of Work

104.6.1.2.3 Drop-Off Protection

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Eliminate vertical drop-offs greater than 2 inches and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 between adjacent lanes open to traffic.

(2) If the roadway remains open to through traffic during construction and a greater than 2-inch drop-off occurs within 3 feet or less from the edge of the traveled way, eliminate the drop-off within 48 hours after completing that days work. Provide aggregate shoulder material compacted to a temporary 3:1 or flatter cross slope from the surface of the pavement edge.

(3) Unless the engineer allows otherwise address drop-offs when they exist greater than 3 and less than 8 feet from the travelled way as follows:

- Delineate vertical drop-offs 2 inches or greater and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 with drums, barricades, and signs, by the end of the workday.
- Eliminate vertical drop-offs 2 inches or greater and edge slopes steeper than 3:1 within 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.
- Eliminate or use temporary concrete barrier to protect vertical drop-offs 4-inches or greater after 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.

(4) If a 4-inch or greater vertical drop-off or an edge slope steeper than 3:1 exists greater than 8 and less than 15 feet from the traveled way, delineate that drop-off or edge slope with drums, barricades, and signs by the end of the workday.

(5) If a 12-inch or greater vertical drop-off exists greater than 8 and less than 15 feet from a traveled way with a posted speed limit of 55 mph or greater, eliminate or use temporary concrete barrier to protect that drop-off within 72 hours or before a weekend or holiday whichever comes first.

104.6.1.2.4 Hazard Protection on Roads Open to All Traffic

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) On roads open to all traffic; conform to the following construction clear zone requirements:

- Posted speeds 45 mph or less: within 8 feet of the travelled way.
- Posted speeds from 45 mph to 55 mph inclusive: within 10 feet of the travelled way.
- Posted speeds above 55 mph: within 15 feet of the travelled way.

(2) Remove all construction debris, stored materials, and equipment not in use from the construction clear zone; or if the engineer allows, delineate and shield with concrete barrier.

(3) Delay removal of existing permanent roadside safety devices until necessary. When located within the construction clear zone and not shielded by concrete barrier, use temporary traffic control drums to delineate bridge abutments, concrete barrier blunt ends, sign bridge foundations, drainage structures, and slopes exposed by removing permanent protective measures.

- For exposed bridge abutments, concrete barrier blunt ends, sign bridge foundations, and drainage structures, eliminate the need for delineation within 5 calendar days.
- For exposed slopes steeper than 3:1, eliminate the need for delineation within 14 calendar days, or duration approved by the engineer.

---

107 Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public

Add section 107.27 (Drones or Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)) effective with the November 2024 letting.

107.27 Drones or Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)

107.27.1 Licensing and Compliance

(1) Obtain and possess the necessary Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) licenses and certifications to operate drones commercially (https://www.faa.gov/uas).

(2) Comply with all FAA regulations, airspace restrictions, and local laws. Operators of small drones that are less than 55 pounds for work or business must follow all requirements as listed in Title 14, Chapter 1, Subchapter

F, Part 107 of the Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) and obtain a remote pilot certificate (https://www.faa.gov/uas/commercial_operators).

(3) Comply with Wisconsin State Statute 942.10. Limit operations to the specific approved purpose and employ reasonable precautions to avoid capturing images of the public except those that are incidental to the project.

(4) Provide copies of waivers required for specific project conditions to the engineer prior to any flight.

107.27.2 Flight Approval, Safety, and Incident Reporting

(1) Submit information in 107.27.2(2) to obtain written drone flight approval from the engineer at least 3 business days prior to operating a drone within the right-of-way. Do not operate a drone within the right-of-way unless approved by the engineer.

(2) Drone flight application for review and approval must include:

- UAS pilot information and qualifications, images of certification
- UAS drone information and FAA tail numbers
- Max/ Min allowable flight parameters (weather)
- Specifics of flight mission: capture scope
- Estimated flight duration
- Pre-flight checklist
- Site-specific parameters
- Notification protocols - Federal/Local/Agency/Owner/Responsible in Charge
- Confirmation and verification of approved operators and hardware
- Flight plan map diagram (including launch and landing location)
- FAA-Airspace flight map classification and confirmation with graphics
- UAS incident management protocol

(3) If contractor is requesting multiple types of the same flight, a simplified request can be submitted listing weekly flight plan.

(4) Safety measures must include but are not limited to:

- Regular training and updates on drone regulations are required and must be provided upon request.
- Drones must be operated in accordance with safety guidelines, including maintaining a safe distance from people, structures, vehicles, etc.
- Conduct a pre-flight safety assessment, considering weather conditions, airspace restrictions, and potential hazards.
- Emergency procedures (e.g., drone malfunction, loss of control) must be documented and followed.
- All incidents must be reported to the engineer.

(5) If the drone has an incident during flight, report the following to the engineer:

- Incident background and details.
- FAA (14 CFR 107.9) and NTSB (49 CFR 870) notification protocol.
- Contractor internal notification protocol.

107.27.3 Insurance Requirements

(1) Maintain drone liability insurance with the following limits.

1. For drones weighing 10 pounds or less, a liability policy with a minimum limit of $1,000,000.00 is required.
2. For drones weighing more than 10 pounds and less than or equal to 20 pounds, a liability policy with a minimum limit of $2,000,000.00 is required.
3. For drones weighing more than 20 pounds, notify engineer and department will determine appropriate liability policy coverage levels based on size, use, location, and other risk factors.

---

305 Dense Graded Base

305.3.3.3 Shoulders Adjacent to Asphaltic Pavement or Surfacing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) If the roadway is closed to through traffic during construction, construct the aggregate shoulders before opening the road.

(2) If the roadway remains open to through traffic during construction, conform as specified in 104.6.1.2.3.

(3) Provide and maintain signing and other traffic protection and control devices, as specified in 643, until completing shoulder construction to the required cross-section and flush with the asphaltic pavement or surfacing.

310 Open-Graded Base

310.2 Materials

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(2) The contractor may substitute material conforming to the gradation requirements for crushed aggregate specified in table 310-01 if that material conforms to the fracture requirements for open-graded crushed gravel specified in 301.2.4.5.

TABLE 310-01 COARSE AGGREGATE (% passing by weight)

AASHTO No. 67[1]

SIEVE	COARSE AGGREGATE (% PASSING by WEIGHT) AASHTO No. 67
2-inch	-
1 1/2-inch	-
1-inch	100
3/4-inch	90 - 100
1/2-inch	-
3/8-inch	20 - 55
No. 4	0 - 10
No. 8	0 - 5
No. 16	-
No. 30	-
No. 50	-
No. 100	-
No. 200	-

[1] Size according to AASHTO M43.

415 Concrete Pavement

415.3.16.4.1.2 Magnetic Pulse Induction

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The department will measure thickness within 10 business days of paving. Upon completion of the project thickness testing, the department will provide the test results to the contractor within 5 business days.

(2) The department will establish a project reference plate at the start of each paving stage. The department will notify the contractor of project reference plate locations before testing. The department will measure the project reference plate before each day of testing.

(3) If the random plate test result falls within 80 to 50 percent pay range specified in 415.5.2, the department will measure the second plate in that unit. The department will notify the contractor immediately if the average of the 6 readings fall within the 80 to 50 percent pay range.

(4) If an individual random plate test result is more than 1 inch thinner than contract plan thickness, the pavement is unacceptable. Department will determine limits of unacceptable pavement by performing the following:

- The engineer will test each consecutive plate stationed ahead and behind until the thickness test result is plan thickness or greater.
- The engineer will direct the contractor to core the hardened concrete to determine the extent of the unacceptable area. In each direction, the contractor shall take cores at points approximately 20 feet from the furthest out of specification plate towards the plate that is plan thickness of greater. Once a core is within 80 to 100 percent pay range, the coring is complete and the limits of unacceptable pavement extend from the stationing between the core test results of 80 to 100 percent payment, inclusive of all unacceptable core and plate test results.
- Perform coring according to WTM T24. The department will evaluate the results according to AASHTO T148
- Fill core holes with concrete or mortar.

416 Concrete Pavement - Repair and Replacement

416.2 Materials

416.2.1 General

Replace paragraph (3) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(3) The contractor may use accelerating admixtures for concrete placed under SHES bid items as follows:

1. If using calcium chloride,
   - AASHTO M144, type S as grade N1 or grade N2, class A.
   - AASHTO M144, type L in a concentration of approximately 30 percent for premixed solutions.
2. If using non-chloride accelerators, conform to:
   - AASHTO M194, type C accelerating admixtures.
3. Do not exceed the manufacturer's recommended maximum dosage.
4. If the engineer requests, provide a written copy of the manufacturer's dosage recommendations.

416.2.4 Special High Early Strength Concrete Pavement Repair and Replacement

416.2.4.1 Composition and Proportioning of Concrete

Add paragraph (4) to subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.

(4) The contractor may use pre-packaged horizontal rapid set concrete patch material from the APL for partial and full-depth pavement repairs instead of specified grades of concrete.

---

506 Steel Bridges

506.3.12.3 High-Strength Bolts

506.3.12.3.1 Materials

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Install bolts according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications, article 11.5.5, with the following exceptions:

1. If connections are assembled, install bolts with a hardened washer under the nut or bolt head, whichever is the element turned in tightening.
2. If using oversized holes, 2 hardened washers are required, one under the bolt head and one under the nut.
3. Bring the bolted parts into solid contact bearing before final tightening. Use not less than 25 percent of the total number of bolts in a joint to serve as fitting up bolts.
4. For steel diaphragms on prestressed concrete bridges do the following:
   4.1. For steel-to-steel connections within diaphragms:
      - Tension by the turn-of-nut method.
   4.2. For steel-to-concrete girder connections:
      - No PIV or field rotational capacity (RoCAP) testing is required.
      - Tighten as the plan details specify.

(2) Before fasteners are delivered to the site, provide documentation of rotational capacity testing in accordance with ASTM F3125, Annex A2, Rotational Capacity (RoCap)Test. The fasteners must be received in packages that match the fastener assembly combination as tested. If documentation of RoCap testing is not received; then perform this testing in the field prior to installation.

(3) Install bolt, nut, and washer combinations from the same rotational-capacity lot.

(4) Check galvanized nuts to verify that a visible dyed lubricant is on the threads and at least one bolt face.

(5) Ensure that uncoated bolts are oily to the touch over their entire surface when delivered and installed.

(6) Provide and use a Skidmore-Wilhelm Calibrator or an acceptable equivalent tension measuring device at each job site during erection. Perform pre-installation verification (PIV) testing in the field conforming to the procedures enumerated in department form DT2114 no earlier than 14 calendar days prior to permanent bolting. Submit 2 copies of form DT2114 to the engineer.

(7) Prior to installation, ensure that the fastener condition has not changed due to accumulation of rust or dirt, weathering, mixture of tested assembly lots, or other reasons. If changes have occurred, including cleaning and re-lubricating of weathered bolts, the engineer will require re-qualification using RoCap testing in the field, for a minimum of two fastener assemblies of each combination to be used in permanent bolting, and PIV re-testing.

(8) Additional RoCap or PIV tests are required whenever the condition of the fasteners or understanding of the bolting crew is in question by the Engineer. Do not allow permanent bolting until PIV testing is completed.

(9) Tighten threaded bolts by the turn-of-nut method while holding the bolt head. Where clearance is an issue, the contractor may tighten the bolt head while holding the nut.

(10) The contractor may use alternate tightening methods if the engineer approves before use.

(11) The contractor may use a flat washer if the surface adjacent to and abutting the bolt head or nut does not have a slope of more than 1:20 with respect to a plane normal to the bolt axis. For slopes greater than 1:20, use smooth, beveled washers to produce parallelism.

(12) Snug all bolts during installation according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications, article 11.5.5.4.1.

(13) Tighten each fastener to provide, if all fasteners in the joint are tight, at least the minimum bolt tension as follows:

TABLE 506-1 BOLT TENSION

BOLT SIZE	REQUIRED MINIMUM BOLT TENSION[1]
1/2-inch	12 kips
5/8-inch	19 kips
3/4-inch	28 kips
7/8-inch	39 kips
1-inch	51 kips
1 1/8-inch	64 kips
1 1/4-inch	81 kips
1 3/8-inch	97 kips
1 1/2-inch	118 kips

[1] Equal to the proof load by the length measurement method as specified in ASTM F3125 for grade A35 bolts.

(14) Do not reuse galvanized F3125 A325 bolts. The contractor may reuse uncoated F3125 A325 bolts, if the engineer approves, but not more than once. The department will not consider re-tightening previously tightened bolts that become loosened by the tightening of adjacent bolts as reuse.

506.3.19 Welding

Replace subsection title and text with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

506.3.19.4 Welding Inspection

(1) Inspect welding according to the current edition of AWS D1.5. Unless specified otherwise, test butt welds in main members by either the radiographic or the ultrasonic method.

(2) Test fillet welds and groove welds not covered otherwise in main members in a non-destructive manner by the magnetic particle method according to ASTM E709, utilizing the yoke method. This includes, but is not limited to, a minimum of 12 inches in every 10 feet or portion thereof of each weld connecting web to flange, bearing stiffener to web or flange, framing connection bar to web or flange, and longitudinal stiffener to web or vertical bar.

506.3.31 Cleaning of Surfaces

506.3.31.2 Coated Surfaces

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Blast clean structural steel and ferrous metal products to be coated as specified in 517.3.1.3.3.

(2) Blast clean steel that will be encased in concrete to SSPC-SP 6 standards or cleaner.

506.3.32 Painting Metal

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Unless the contract provides otherwise, apply 3 coats of paint to structural steel and ferrous metal products. Furnish and apply paints according to the epoxy system or as specified in the special provisions. The requirements for this system are set forth in 517.

(2) For structural steel, including weathering steel, and miscellaneous metals that will be encased in concrete, paint as specified in 517.3.1.

(3) For galvanized surfaces paint as specified in 517.3.1.

(4) Use the 3-coat epoxy system to paint the end 6 feet of structural weathering steel at the abutments, the 6 feet on each side of piers, joints, downspouts, hinges, and galvanized bearings in contact with weathering

steel. Use a coat of brown urethane matching AMS Standard 595A: AMS-STD 20059. Apply one coat of zinc-rich paint to surfaces of expansion joint assemblies and other surfaces not in contact with the weathering steel but inaccessible after assembly or erection.

(5) Do not paint structural steel to be welded before completing welding. If welding only in the fabricating shop and subsequently erecting by bolting, coat it after completing shop welding. Apply one coat of weldable primer or other engineer-approved protective coating to steel surfaces to be field welded after completing shop welding and shop fabrication. Protect machine-finished surfaces that do not receive a paint or galvanizing from contamination during the cleaning and painting process.

(6) Upon fabrication and acceptance, coat pins and pinholes with a plastic or other engineer-approved coating before removing from the shop.

(7) Mark members weighing 3 tons or more with their weights on areas that will be encased in concrete, or paint with a compatible paint on zinc-rich primer, or mark with soapstone on an epoxy-coated surface. Wait until material is dry, inspected, and approved for shipment before loading for shipment.

---

509 Concrete Overlay and Structure Repair

509.2 Materials

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Furnish a neat cement bonding grout. Mix the neat cement in a water-cement ratio approximately equal to 5 gallons of water per 94 pounds of cement. Pre-packaged non-shrink grout from the APL may be used instead of site mixed or ready mixed grout.

(2) Furnish grade E conforming to 501 for overlays.

(3) Furnish grade C or E concrete conforming to 501 for surface repairs. The contractor may increase the slump for grade E concrete to a maximum of 4 inches. For vertical and overhead repairs, use pre-packaged vertical and overhead repair material from the APL unless a different material is approved by the engineer in writing.

(4) Furnish grade C or E concrete conforming to 501 for joint repairs, curb repairs, and full-depth deck repairs; except as follows:

1. The contractor may increase slump of grade E concrete to 3 inches.
2. The contractor may use ready-mixed concrete.

(5) Provide QMP for class II ancillary concrete as specified in 716 if using concrete mixtures conforming to 501.

---

513 Railing

513.2.3 Steel Railing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Furnish steel railing components as follows:

Structural steel	506.2.2
High strength bolts	506.2.5
Steel guardrail	614.2
Round structural steel tubing for steel pipe railing	ASTM A500 grade B
Structural steel tubing used with other steel railings	ASTM A500 grade B or C

(2) Furnish a two-coat paint system from the APL for structure painting systems under paint - galvanized surfaces.

---

517 Paint and Painting

517.3.1.3.3 Blast Cleaning

517.3.1.3.3.2 Epoxy Coating System

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Blast clean structural steel receiving this coating to a near-white finish according to SSPC-SP 10.

(2) Solvent clean oil and grease on surfaces receiving this coating according to SSPC-SP 1 and blast clean to a near-white finish according to SSPC-SP 10.

(3) Remove fins, tears, slivers, and burred or sharp edges present on any steel member, or that appears during blasting, by grinding then re-blast the area to a one to 2 mils surface shape.

(4) If using abrasives for blast cleaning, use either clean dry sand, steel shot, mineral grit, or manufactured grit of a gradation that produces a uniform one to 2 mils profile as measured with a department-approved impregnated surface profile tape.

(5) Remove abrasive and paint residue from steel surfaces with a commercial grade vacuum cleaner equipped with a brush-type cleaning tool, or by double blowing. If using the double blowing method, vacuum the top surfaces of structural steel, including top and bottom flanges; longitudinal stiffeners, splice plates, and hangers after completing the double blowing operations. Ensure that the steel is dust free when applying primer. Apply the primer within 8 hours after blast cleaning.

(6) Protect freshly coated surfaces from later blast cleaning operations. Brush any blast damaged primed surfaces with a non-rusting tool, or if visible rust occurs, re-blast to a near white condition. Clean the brushed or blast cleaned surfaces and re-prime within the manufacturer's recommended time.

(7) When coating galvanized surfaces, ensure tie-coat adhesion by brush blasting the cleaned surface according to SSPC-SP7 to create a slight angular surface profile according to manufacturer's recommendations of 1 mil to 1.5 mils. Blasting must not fracture the galvanized finish or remove dry film thickness. For the tie- and top-coat, furnish an epoxy coating system from the APL for paint systems for galvanized surfaces.

517.3.1.3.5 Galvanizing

Add subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) After fabrication, blast clean assemblies per SSPC-SP6 and galvanize according to ASTM A123.

---

526 Temporary Structures

526.3.4 Construction, Backfilling, Inspection and Maintenance

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Construct temporary structures conforming to 500. Backfill conforming to 206.3.13 with structure backfill conforming to 210.2.

(2) Temporary highway bridges open to traffic less than or equal to 24 months: inspect temporary bridges conforming to the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) and the department's Structure Inspection Manual (SIM) before opening to traffic. Perform additional inspections, as the department's SIM requires, based on structure type, condition, and time in service. Submit inspection reports on department form DT2007 to the engineer and electronic copies to the Bureau of Structures (BOS) Maintenance Section. Ensure that a department-certified qualified team leader performs the inspections.

(3) Temporary highway bridges open to traffic greater than 24 months: complete additional inspections and inventory data collection per the NBIS and SIM within 27 months of the bridge being opened to traffic. Contact the BOS to have a structure number assigned. Enter the inventory data and element level bridge inspection data in accordance with the SIM into WisDOT's Highway Structures Information System (HSIS) within 90 days of completing the field portion of the inspection. Continue to complete required inspections and data submittal at intervals according to the requirements of the NBIS and SIM.

(4) Maintain temporary structures and approaches in place until no longer needed. Unless the engineer directs otherwise, completely remove and dispose of as specified in 203.3.5; do not place on the finished surface.

526.5 Payment

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(2) Payment for the Temporary Structure bid items is full compensation for providing a temporary structure including design and construction; for construction staking; for temporary shoring and other secondary structure items; for backfilling with structure backfill; for maintaining; and for removing when no longer needed. The department will pay 70 percent of the contract amount when open to traffic and the balance after structure removal and associated site restoration.

621 Landmark Reference Monuments

Remove Standard Specification 621 (Landmark Reference Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting. Refer to updated information in standard specifications 680 and 682.

---

643 Traffic Control

643.1 Description

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) This section describes providing, maintaining, repositioning, and removing temporary traffic control devices as follows:

Drums	Warning lights	42-inch cones
Barricades type III	Connected arrow boards	Portable changeable message signs
Flexible tubular markers	Signs	Channelizing curb system
Speed feedback trailers	Connected work zone start and end location markers	

643.2.2 Department's Approved Products List (APL)

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Furnish materials from the APL as follows:

- Drums
- Barricades type III
- Flexible tubular marker posts including bases
- Warning lights and attachment hardware
- Channelizing curb systems
- Connected work zone start and end location markers
- Connected arrow boards
- Sign sheeting
- 42-inch cone assemblies
- Portable changeable message signs
- Speed feedback trailers

643.3 Construction

643.3.1 General

Add paragraphs (10), (11), (12) and (13) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(10) For connected devices provide a local specialist to respond to emergency situations within 2 hours of being notified. Equip local specialists with sufficient resources to correct deficiencies in the connected work zone devices.

(11) Prior to deployment, test all connected devices with the engineer to ensure the device is showing in the WisDOT approved data feed. Send an email to *DOTBTOworkzone@dot.wi.gov* to notify Bureau of Traffic Operations (BTO) that the devices have been turned on.

(12) Provide a WisDOT approved data feed from connected devices and the remote management software, updated at least every minute.

(13) If requested by the engineer, provide real-time status change alerts to a list of designated personnel via text or email or both. Send an alert each time a connected device is switched between operating modes which include the current operating mode, the previous operating mode, the date and time of the mode switch, and the location (latitude and longitude) of the device at the time of the mode switch in the alert.

643.3.3 Connected Arrow Boards

Revise subsection title, replace paragraph (3) and add paragraph (4) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(3) The connected arrow board may be switched between the following pattern displays per the plan:

- Blank
- Right arrow static
- Right arrow flashing
- Right arrow sequential
- Left arrow static
- Left arrow flashing
- Left arrow sequential
- Line flashing
- Bi-directional arrow flashing.

(4) When the connected arrow board is not displaying a pattern, the display shall be blank, and the connected arrow board transmits its status to the data feed. When a connected arrow board is switched to a pattern, the connected arrow board transmits its location and its current operating mode to the data feed.

643.3.7 Temporary Pavement Marking

Add paragraph (9) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(9) Install temporary markings on the final surface in the same location as permanent markings will be placed or as the plans show.

643.3.10 Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers

Add subsection effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Place work zone start location marker at the beginning of the work zone per plan or as the engineer directs. Clearly label the work zone start location marker so that it is easily distinguishable by field personnel.

(2) Place work zone end location marker at the end of the work zone per plan or as the engineer directs. Clearly label the work zone end location marker so that it is easily distinguishable by field personnel.

(3) Ensure the connected work zone start and end location markers operate continuously when deployed on the project.

(4) Ensure the work zone location markers and connected arrow board are from the same manufacturer.

(5) When the work zone start and end location markers are switched to the ON mode, verify the begin and end location markers transmit their location and identity as begin or end markers to the data feed.

(6) Switch the work zone start and end location markers to OFF mode when temporary traffic control is removed, and the normal traveled way is restored.

643.4 Measurement

643.4.1 Items Measured by the Day

Add paragraphs (3) and (4) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(3) The department will measure Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards by day for the days the device is reporting correct data.

(4) The department will measure Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers by day per roadway segment for the days the devices are reporting correct data.

643.5 Payment

643.5.1 General

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
643.0300	Traffic Control Drums	DAY
643.0420	Traffic Control Barricades Type III	DAY
643.0500	Traffic Control Flexible Tubular Marker Posts	EACH
643.0600	Traffic Control Flexible Tubular Marker Bases	EACH
643.0650	Traffic Control Channelizing Curb System	LF
643.0700 - 0799	Traffic Control Warning Lights (type)	DAY
643.0810	Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards	DAY
643.0900	Traffic Control Signs	DAY
643.0910	Traffic Control Covering Signs Type I	EACH
643.0920	Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II	EACH
643.1000	Traffic Control Signs Fixed Message	SF
643.1050	Traffic Control PCMS	DAY
643.1051	Traffic Control PCMS with TMC Communications	DAY
643.1070 - 1079	Traffic Control Cones (height)	DAY
643.1220	Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers	DAY
643.1500	Traffic Control Speed Feedback Trailer	DAY
643.3100 - 3299	Temporary Marking Line (material/type) (width)	LF
643.3300 - 3399	Temporary Marking Crosswalk (material) 6-Inch	LF
643.3500 - 3599	Temporary Marking Arrow (material)	EACH
643.3600 - 3699	Temporary Marking Word (material)	EACH
643.3700 - 3799	Temporary Marking Raised Pavement Marker (type)	EACH
643.3800 - 3899	Temporary Marking Stop Line (material) 18-Inch	LF
643.3900 - 3959	Temporary Marking Diagonal (material) 12-Inch	LF

643.3960 - 3999	Temporary Marking Removable Mask Out Tape (width)	LF
643.4100	Traffic Control Interim Lane Closure	EACH
643.5000	Traffic Control	EACH

646 Pavement Marking

646.3.1.1 General Marking

Replace paragraph (7) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(7) Apply marking to the width and color the bid item indicates. Distribute beads uniformly across the line. Provide a sharp cutoff for both sides and ends of the marking with a uniform cross-section. Achieve straight alignment, not to exceed a 3/8-inch variation in any 40-foot section of travelled way. Do not damage existing marking that will remain in place.

646.3.1.6.2 Retroreflectivity

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) For grooved-in markings, the engineer will also evaluate the percent failing retroreflectivity at the end of the proving period. Ensure that the 180-day reflectivity, in millicandelas/lux/m^2, meets or exceeds the following:

MATERIAL	COLOR	180 DAY DRY RETROREFLECTIVITY
Epoxy	White	150
	Yellow	100
Wet Reflective Epoxy	White	250
	Yellow	150
Permanent Tape	White	400
	Yellow	335

646.3.2.4 Black Epoxy

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2024 letting.

(1) Apply black epoxy in a grooved slot directly after the white marking. Apply epoxy at a wet mil thickness of 20. Apply black aggregate at or exceeding 25 pounds per gallon of epoxy. Do not apply glass beads to black epoxy.

650 Construction Staking

650.3.12 Supplemental Control Staking

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(2) Document and provide to the engineer complete descriptions and reference ties of the control points, alignment points, and benchmarks to allow for quick reestablishment of the plan data at any time during construction and upon project completion. Document additional control on department form DT1291 as described in CMM 710, table 710-1.

680 Public Land Survey Monuments

Add section 680 (Public Land Survey Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting.

680.1 Description

(1) This section describes perpetuating US Public Land Survey System (USPLSS) monuments.

680.2 Materials

(1) Furnish magnetic survey nails with center point a minimum of 2-1/2 inches long or engineer approved alternative.

(2) Furnish minimum 3/4-inch reinforcement or 1 inch outside diameter (OD) iron pipe at least 24 inches long.

(3) Furnish plastic survey marker cap with lettering that reads “Witness Monument”.

(4) Use alternative materials if requested and furnished by the county surveyor.

680.3 Construction

680.3.1 General

(1) Perform work under the direction and control of a professional land surveyor registered in the state of Wisconsin, following Wisconsin Administrative Code A-E 7 (https://docs.legis.wisconsin.gov/code/admin_code/a_e/7).

(2) Preserve existing USPLSS monuments and witness monuments (ties) within the construction limits in their original position until monuments are verified and sufficiently tied off.

680.3.2 Pre-Construction

(1) Notify the county surveyor at least 30 days prior to start of construction operations about all USPLSS monuments within the construction limits that might be disturbed.

(2) Obtain the existing USPLSS Monument Record from the county surveyor. Verify existing monuments and witness monuments are in place and undisturbed.

(3) Replace witness monuments that are missing or that could be disturbed by construction operations. Locate new witness monuments near the USPLSS monument but outside the construction limits. Submit a monument record as specified in 680.3.5.

(4) Temporarily mark the location of all witness monuments to protect them during construction.

680.3.3 Removals

(1) Remove or abandon existing monument and monument cover that interfere with construction operations. Remove and dispose of surplus excavation and materials as specified in 205.3.12.

680.3.4 Post-Construction

(1) Verify the location of monuments and witness monuments when construction operations are complete.

(2) Set new monuments and witness monuments where necessary. Recess magnetic survey nails 1/4 inch below the pavement surface for monuments located in pavement. Use reinforcement or iron pipe for monuments not in pavement and for witness monuments. Locate new witness monuments near the USPLSS monument and outside the roadbed. Install plastic caps on witness monuments.

(3) Install marker posts next to all witness monuments if required and supplied by the county surveyor.

(4) Omit setting monuments in the pavement if approved by the department's regional survey coordinator and county surveyor due to traffic or safety concerns.

(5) Submit a monument record as specified in 680.3.5.

680.3.5 Monument Records

(1) Submit a monument record on department form DT1291 to the county surveyor at locations where monuments were set. Provide a copy to the engineer and regional survey coordinator.

680.4 Measurement

(1) The department will measure bid items under this section as each individual monument acceptably completed.

680.5 Payment

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
680.0100	Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Reset	EACH

(2) Payment for the Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Salvage bid item is full compensation for providing all materials; for coordinating with county surveyors; for obtaining existing monument records; for verifying the existing location of monuments and witness monuments; for removing or abandoning existing monuments and monument covers; for resetting monuments; for setting or resetting temporary and permanent witness monuments; and for submitting monument records.

---

682 Geodetic Survey Monuments

Add section 682 (Geodetic Survey Monuments) effective with the November 2025 letting.

682.1 Description

(1) This section describes salvaging geodetic survey discs and constructing geodetic survey monuments.

682.2 Materials

(1) Furnish materials conforming to the following:

Concrete 501
Reinforcement 505.2
Foundation backfill 520.2

(2) Furnish grade A concrete as modified in 716. Provide QMP for class III ancillary concrete as specified in 716.

682.3 Construction

(1) Contact the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit at (866) 568-2852 or "geodetic@dot.wi.gov" as required below.

682.3.1 Salvage Geodetic Survey Discs

(1) Remove and salvage geodetic survey discs from existing structures or survey monuments being removed at the locations shown in the plan.

(2) Notify the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit 7 calendar days prior to removal operations.

(3) Ship or deliver salvaged discs to following address:

WisDOT Bureau of Technical Services

Geodetic Surveys Unit

3502 Kinsman Boulevard

Madison, WI 53704

Provide a tracking number to the Geodetic Surveys Unit upon shipment or contact the Geodetic Surveys Unit to schedule in-person delivery.

682.3.2 Geodetic Survey Monuments

682.3.2.1 Monument Location

(1) Stake the approximate location of monuments provided in the plan and contact the WisDOT Geodetic Surveys Unit 30 days prior to excavating holes for field verification and delivery of department furnished geodetic survey discs.

682.3.2.2 Placing Monuments

(1) Excavate holes for monuments by use of a circular auger at the size and depth the plans show or as the engineer directs.

(2) Remove and dispose of surplus excavation and materials as specified in 205.3.12.

(3) Fill holes with concrete and strike off flush with the ground surface. Place circular forms and steel reinforcement in the concrete as the plans show. Place geodetic survey discs on monuments while the concrete is still plastic.

682.3.2.3 Protecting and Curing

(1) Cure exposed portions of cast in place concrete monuments as specified in 415.3.12 except the contractor may use curing compound conforming to 501.2.8.

(2) Protect placed concrete monuments as specified for concrete pavement as specified in 415.3.14

(3) Protect cast in place concrete monuments from freezing for 7 days.

682.4 Measurement

(1) The department will measure bid items under this section as each individual monument acceptably completed.

682.5 Payment

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
682.0100	Salvage Geodetic Survey Disc	EACH
682.0200	Geodetic Survey Monument	EACH

(2) Payment for the Salvage Geodetic Survey Disc bid item is full compensation for removing and salvaging; and shipping or delivering the disc to the Geodetic Surveys Unit. Removing existing survey monuments will be paid separately under the Removing Concrete Bases bid item. Removing existing survey marker posts will be paid separately under the Removing Delineators and Markers bid item.

(3) Payment for the Geodetic Survey Monument bid item is full compensation for staking; providing concrete; providing steel reinforcement; for placing department-furnished geodetic discs; and for excavating and backfilling.

---

710 General Concrete QMP

710.3 Certification Requirements

Replace paragraph (1) and add paragraph (2) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Have a person certified from the Highway Technician Certification Program Portland Cement Concrete Technician 1 (HTCP - PCCTEC-1) or Assistant Certified Technician Program - Portland Cement Concrete (ACT-PCC) working under a certified technician, on the project site, prepared and equipped to perform required sampling and testing whenever placing concrete.

(2) The department will have a certified HTCP Portland Cement Concrete Mix Design Certification (PCC MDC) technician to review and approve concrete mixes.

710.4 Concrete Mixes

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The contractor is responsible for mix performance.

(2) At least 7 business days before producing concrete, document that materials conform to 501 unless the engineer allows or individual QMP specifications provide otherwise. Include the following:

1. For mixes: quantities per cubic yard expressed as SSD weights and net water, water to cementitious material ratio, air content, and SAM number.
2. For cementitious materials and admixtures: type, brand, and source.
3. For aggregates: absorption, oven-dried specific gravity, SSD bulk specific gravity, wear, soundness, light weight pieces, freeze thaw test results if required, and air correction factor. Submit component aggregate gradations, aggregate proportions, and target combined blended aggregate gradations using the following:
    - DT2220 for combined aggregate gradations.
    - DT2221 for optimized aggregate gradations.
4. For optimized concrete mixtures:
    - Complete the worksheets within DT2221 according to the directions.
    - Ensure the optimized aggregate gradations and the optimized mix design conform to WisDOT specifications and pass the built-in tests within DT2221.
    - Verify slip-form mixture workability and conformance to specifications through required trial batching.
    - Submit the completed DT2221 to the engineer electronically. Include the trial batch test results with the mix design submittal.
5. For high early strength (HES) concrete mixtures required by contract, complete the HES mix modification section in the DT2220 or DT2221 form.

(3) Document mix adjustments daily during concrete production.

(4) Prepare, notify, and submit mixture design modifications to the engineer. Do not place material until the documentation is submitted and, when required, written approval of the mixture design modifications.

(5) Report concrete mix design modifications as classified in levels as specified in table 710-1.

TABLE 710-1 MIX DESIGN MODIFICATION NOTIFICATION

NOTIFICATION	LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Prepare, notify, and submit mix design to Engineer	Prior to use	3 business days prior to use	5 business days prior to use
Approval required before placement	No	Yes	Yes

(6) A mix design modification is when any modification occurs for a specific level as specified in table 710-2.

(7) Dependent on the modification performed, documentation is required to be submitted to the engineer as specified in table 710-3.

(8) For HES concrete, conform as specified in table 710-4.

(9) HES concrete is not eligible for 28-day strength incentives.

(10) Submit concrete mix designs into MRS as specified in 701.1.2.7.

TABLE 710-2 MATERIAL MIX DESIGN MODIFICATIONS

MODIFICATION TYPE		LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Change in:	Water source	X		
	Cement source, type, or brand			X
	Total cementitious [1]			X
	Aggregate blend	X		
	Aggregate source			X
	SCM replacement rate		X	
	SCM type and supplier			X
	Fly ash source (different class)			X
	Fly ash source (same class for pavements and cast-in-place barriers)		X	
	Fly ash source (same class for structures)			X
	Slag source (same grade)		X	
	Chemical admixture manufacturer or product name [2]			X
Removal of:	SCM			X
	Type B or Type D chemical admixture	X [3]	X [4]	
Addition of:	Non-fading, color pigment	X		
	Type B or Type D chemical admixture	X [3]	X [4]	
	New SCM			X

[1] If not HES/SHES concrete.

[2] Not including Type B or Type D chemical admixture.

[3] Furnished from the APL.

[4] Not furnished from the APL.

TABLE 710-3 MIX DESIGN MODIFICATION DOCUMENTATION

NEW REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION	LEVEL I	LEVEL II	NEW MIX DESIGN DURING PROJECT
Results from trial batching if required			X
Amendment to the quality control plan	X	X	X
Water source name and report [1]	X		
Cement mill certification			X
WisDOT aggregate quality report			X
SCM mill certification		X	X
Chemical additive product data sheet	X	X	X
Updated DT2220 or DT2221 form	X	X	
New DT2220 or DT2221 form			X
New mixture ID: Contractor ID and WisDOT ID	X	X	X
New maturity curve	X [2]	X	X
New lot/sublot layout [3]		X [4]	X

[1] Water for concrete report conforming to 501.2.6 for private wells or surface water sources.

[2] Required only when using a retarder.

[3] Required for HES concrete.

[4] Required when changing the SCM replacement rate.

TABLE 710-4 OPTIONS FOR HES CONCRETE

SCENARIO	MIXTURE MODIFICATION	
When the contract requires, or the HES is directed by the department	OPTION 1 [1]	Add 94 to 282 lb/cy of cement [2]
	OPTION 2	Use Type III cement
When the engineer allows HES when requested by the contractor in writing	Add up to 282 lb/cy of cement [1.2]	

[1] Adjust water to maintain workability without raising the w/cm ratio.

[2] Add to a previously accepted mixture.

710.5.6.2 Contractor Control Charts

710.5.6.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Test aggregate gradations during concrete production except as allowed for small quantities under 710.2. Perform required contractor testing using non-random samples.

(2) Sample aggregates from either the conveyor belt or from the working face of the stockpiles.

(3) Complete aggregate testing as specified in table 710-5. Submit one pre-placement test within five days before anticipated placement. Include this gradation on the control charts.

(4) Report gradation test results and provide control charts to the engineer within 1 business day of obtaining the sample. Submit results to the engineer and electronically into MRS as specified in 701.1.2.7.

(5) Conduct aggregate testing at the minimum frequency specified in table 710-5 for each mix design, except as allowed for small quantities in 710.2. The contractor's concrete production tests can be used for the same mix design on multiple contracts.

TABLE 710-5 QC AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PRE-PLACEMENT TESTING	PLACEMENT TESTING	
Class I: Pavement	One pre-placement test per aggregate source	Hand Placement: ≤ 250 CY > 250 CY Slip Formed Placement [1] ≤ 1500 CY > 1500 CY	One test per cumulative 250 CY One test per day One test per day Two tests per day
Class I: Structures [2], [3], [4]		One test per cumulative 150 CY, maximum one test per day	
Class I: Cast-in Place Barrier		≤ 250 CY > 250 CY	One test per cumulative 250 CY One test per day
Class II: Base	One pre-placement test per aggregate source	One test per calendar week of production	
Class II: Structure Repair - Joints		One test per cumulative 150 CY, maximum one test per day	
Class II: Concrete Overlay			
Class II: Pavement Repair		One test per 400 CY, minimum one test per 10 business days, maximum one test per day	
Class II: Pavement Replacement			
Class II: Base Patching			
Class II: Ancillary			
Class II: Structure Repair – Curb & Surface [5]		Preplacement testing only	

[1] Frequency is based on project daily production rate.

[2] Aggregate gradation testing must be performed on a per contract basis. If multiple structures are on the same contract and use the same aggregate source, then the samples must be collected based on cumulative concrete contract quantities within the same concrete classification.

[3] WTM T255 (Fine and Coarse) required for each aggregate sample.

[4] Calculate trial batch weights for each mix design when production begins and whenever the moisture content of the fine or coarse aggregate changes by more than 0.5 percent, adjust the batch weights to maintain the design w/cm ratio.

[5] Aggregate gradation must meet the gradation previously approved by the engineer.

710.5.6.3 Department Acceptance Testing

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Department testing frequency is based on the quantity of each mix design placed under each individual WisDOT contract as specified table 710-6. Aggregate gradation testing must be performed on a per contract basis.

(2) The department will split each sample, test for acceptance, and retain the remainder for a minimum of 10 calendar days.

(3) The department will obtain the sample and deliver to the regional testing lab in the same day. The department will report gradation test results to the contractor within 1 business day of being delivered to the lab. The department and contractor can agree to an alternative test result reporting timeframe. Document alternative timeframes in the contractor's quality control plan.

(4) Additional samples may be taken at the engineer’s discretion due to a changed condition.

(5) If multiple bid items on the same contract use the same aggregate source, then the samples must be collected based on cumulative concrete contract quantities within the same concrete classification.

(6) Department will test small quantities at the minimum frequency specified in table 710-7.

TABLE 710-6 QV AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PLACEMENT TESTING
Class I: Pavement	One test per placement day for first 5 days of placement. - If all samples are passing, reduced testing frequency is applied. - Reduced frequency: One test per calendar week of placement
Class I: Structures	One test per 250 CY placed. - Minimum of one test per contract for substructure - Minimum of one test per contract for superstructure
Class I: Cast-in-Place Barrier	One test per 500 CY placed
Class II: Concrete Overlay	One test per 250 CY - Maximum one test per day
Class II: Base	No minimum testing
Class II: Structure Repair	
Class II: Pavement Repair	
Class II: Pavement Replacement	
Class II: Base Patching	
Class II: Ancillary	

TABLE 710-7 QV AGGREGATE TESTING FREQUENCY FOR SMALL QUANTITIES

CONCRETE CLASSIFICATION	PLACEMENT TESTING
Class I: Pavement	One test on the first day of placement.
Class I: Structures	
Class I: Cast-in-Place Barrier	

710.5.7 Corrective Action

710.5.7.1 Optimized Aggregate Gradations

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the volumetric percent retained exceeds the tarantula curve limits by less than or equal to 1.0 percent on a single sieve size or limits listed in the additional requirements for optimized aggregate gradation in 501.2.7.4.2 table 501-4, notify the other party immediately and do the following:

Option A:

1. Perform corrective action documented in the QC plan or as the engineer approves.
2. Document and provide corrective action results to the engineer as soon as they are available.
3. Department will conduct two tests within the next business day after corrective action. Department will provide test results to contractor after each test is complete.
4. If blended aggregate gradations are within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test:
    - Continue with concrete production.
    - Include a break in the 4-point running average.
    - For Class I Pavements: The department will discontinue reduced frequency testing and will test at a frequency of 1 test per placement day. Once 5 consecutive samples are passing at the 1 test per placement day frequency, the reduced frequency testing will be reapplied.
5. If blended aggregate gradations are not within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test:
    - If the contract does not require optimized aggregate gradation under 501.2.7.4.2.1(2), stop concrete production and submit either a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new combined aggregate gradation mix design.
    - If the contract requires optimized aggregate gradations under 501.2.7.4.2.1(2), stop concrete production and submit a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design.

Option B:

1. Submit a modified optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design.
2. Restart control charts for new mix design.

(2) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the volumetric percent retained exceeds the tarantula curve limits by more than 1.0 percent on one or more sieves, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.

(3) Both the department and contractor must sample and test aggregate of the modified mix design or a new mix design at the frequency specified in 710.5.6.1.

710.5.7.2 Combined Aggregate Gradations

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the percent passing by weight exceeds the combined aggregate gradation limits by less than or equal to 1.0 percent on a single sieve size, do the following:

1. Notify the other party immediately.
2. Perform corrective action documented in the QC plan or as the engineer approves.
3. Document and provide corrective action results to the engineer as soon as they are available.
4. The department will conduct two tests within the next business day after corrective action is complete.
5. If blended aggregate gradations are within the combined aggregate gradation limits by the second department test:
    - Continue with concrete production.
    - Include a break in the 4-point running average.
    - For Class I Pavements: The department will discontinue reduced frequency testing and will test at a frequency of 1 test per placement day. Once 5 consecutive samples are passing at the 1 test per placement day frequency, the reduced frequency testing will be reapplied.
6. If blended aggregate gradations are not within the combined aggregate gradation limits by the second department test, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.

(2) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the percent passing by weight exceeds the combined aggregate gradation limits by more than 1.0 percent on one or more sieves, stop concrete production and submit a modified mix design or a new mix design.

(3) Both the department and contractor must sample and test aggregate of the modified mix design or a new mix design at the frequency specified in 710.5.6.1.

---

715 QMP Concrete Pavement, Cast-in-Place Barrier and Structures

715.3.1.2 Lot and Sublot Definition

715.3.1.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Designate the location and size of all lots before placing concrete. Ensure that no lot contains concrete of more than one mix design or placement method defined as follows:

Mix design change A modification to the mix requiring the engineer's approval under 710.4(5).

For paving and barrier mixes, follow 710.4(4) and 710.4(5) for concrete mixture design modifications.

Placement method Either slip-formed, not slip-formed, or placed under water.

(2) Lots and sublots include ancillary concrete placed integrally with the class I concrete.

715.3.1.2.3 Lots by Cubic Yard

Replace paragraph (3) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(3) An undersized lot is eligible for incentive payment under 715.5 if the lot has 4 or more sublots for that lot.

715.3.2 Strength Evaluation

715.3.2.1 General

Replace subsection with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The department will make pay adjustments for strength on a lot-by-lot basis using the compressive strength of contractor QC cylinders or the flexural strength of contractor QC beams.

(2) The department will evaluate the sublot for possible removal and replacement if the 28-day sublot average strength is:

- Pavement (Compressive): < 2500 psi
- Pavement (Flexural): < 500 psi
- Structure: < f'c - 500 psi [1]
- Cast-in-Place Barrier: < f'c - 500 psi [1]

[1] f'c is design strength found in plans or specials.

715.5 Payment

715.5.1 General

Replace paragraph (4) and add paragraphs (8) and (9) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(4) The department will adjust pay for each lot using PWL of the 28-day sublot average strengths for that lot. The department will measure PWL relative to strength lower specification limits as follows:

- Compressive strength of 3700 psi for pavements.
- Flexural strength of 650 psi for pavements.
- Compressive strength of 4000 psi for super structures and barrier, or as shown in the plan details.
- Compressive strength of 3500 psi for substructures and culverts, or as shown in the plan details.

(5) The department will not pay a strength incentive for concrete that is nonconforming in another specified property, for ancillary concrete accepted based on tests of class I concrete, or for high early strength concrete unless placed in pavement gaps as allowed under 715.3.1.2.2.

(6) Submit test results to the department electronically using MRS software. The department will verify contractor data before determining pay adjustments.

(7) All coring and testing costs under 715.3.2.2 including filling core holes and providing traffic control during coring are incidental to the contract.

(8) If the contractor combines concrete of varying specified strengths in a single lot/sublot, the highest specified strength of the related concrete shall be used to calculate pay incentive/disincentive.

(9) The department will apply one price adjustment to a given quantity of material. If the quantity in question is subject to more than one nonconforming test, apply the adjustment with the greater price reduction. In the absence of exact quantities affected by the sublot test results, pay reductions will be applied to the entire sublot.

715.5.4 Pay Adjustments for Nonconforming Air Content, Temperature, and Delivery Time

Add subsection 715.5.4 (Pay Adjustments for Nonconforming Air Content, Temperature, and Delivery Time) effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) The department will adjust pay for each sublot with nonconforming QC air content and temperature test results as specified in table 715-2 and table 715-3. If the quantity in question is subject to more than one of the following conditions, apply the adjustment with the greater price reduction.

(2) For high temperatures, the engineer may consider the effectiveness of the contractor's temperature control plan and the contractor's compliance with their temperature control plan before taking a price reduction.

(3) A 25% price reduction to the concrete invoice price will be applied if concrete is placed after the delivery time exceeds the limit specified in 501.3.5.2.

TABLE 715-2 PRICE REDUCTIONS FOR NONCONFORMING AIR CONTENT

LIMITS (%)		PERCENT PRICE REDUCTION OF THE CONTRACT UNIT PRICE
Above Specification	>= 0.5 [1]	10
	0.1 to 0.4 [1]	5
Below Specification	0.1 to 0.5	20
	0.6 to 1.0	30
	> 1.0	50 or remove and replace

[1] Evaluate the strength data. If the strengths are acceptable, do not take a price reduction for high air content. Contractor is responsible to provide additional strength data, if necessary.

TABLE 715-3 PRICE REDUCTIONS FOR NONCONFORMING TEMPERATURE

LIMITS (F) [1]	PERCENT PRICE REDUCTION OF THE CONTRACT UNIT PRICE
<= 5	10
> 5	25

[1] Applies only for Concrete Structures and Cast-in-Place Barrier.

---

716 QMP Ancillary Concrete

716.2 Materials

716.2.1 Class II Concrete

Replace paragraph (2) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(2) Perform random QC testing at the following frequencies:

1. Test air content, temperature, and slump a minimum of once per 100 cubic yards for each mix design and placement method.
2. Cast one set of 3 cylinders per 200 cubic yards for each mix design and placement method. Cast a minimum of one set of 3 cylinders per contract for each mix design and placement method. Random 28-day compressive strength cylinders are not required for HES or SHES concrete.
3. For deck overlays, perform tests and cast cylinders once per 50 cubic yards of grade E concrete placed.
4. For concrete base, one set of tests and one set of cylinders per 250 cubic yards.

The department will allow concrete startup test results for small quantities as specified in 710.2(1). Cast one set of 3 cylinders if using startup testing for acceptance.

716.2.2 Class III Concrete

Replace paragraph (1) with the following effective with the November 2025 letting.

(1) Acceptance of class III concrete is based on DT2220/ DT2221 certification page. Submit the certificate of compliance at least 3 business days before producing concrete along with the initial concrete mix documentation as required under 710.4(2).

Bid Items

600 Bid Items

Add the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

611.0613	Inlet Covers Type DW	EACH

Remove the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

621.0100	Landmark Reference Monuments	EACH
621.1100	Landmark Reference Monuments and Cast-Iron Covers	EACH
621.1200	Landmark Reference Monuments and Aluminum Covers	EACH

Remove the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

643.0405	Traffic Control Barricades Type I	DAY
643.0410	Traffic Control Barricades Type II	DAY
643.0800	Traffic Control Arrow Boards	DAY

Add the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

643.0810	Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards	DAY
643.1220	Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers	DAY

Add the following bid items effective with the November 2025 letting.

680.0100	Public Land Survey Monument Verify and Reset	EACH
682.0100	Salvage Geodetic Survey Disk	EACH
682.0200	Geodetic Survey Monuments	EACH

ERRATA

204.3.1.3 Salvaging or Disposal of Materials

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(2) Dispose of concrete, stone, brick, and other material not designated for salvage as specified for disposing of materials under 203.3.5.

204.3.2.3 Removing Buildings

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(2) Buildings removed and materials resulting from building removal become the contractor's property unless the contract specifies otherwise. Dispose of unclaimed and removed material as specified for disposing of materials in 203.3.5.

335.3.2 Rubblizing

Replace paragraph (6) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(6) Remove reinforcing steel exposed at the surface by cutting below the surface and disposing of the steel as specified in 203.3.5. Do not remove unexposed reinforcing steel.

335.3.3 Compacting

Replace paragraph (2) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(2) Remove loose asphaltic patching material, joint fillers, expansion material, or other similar materials from the compacted surface. Also remove pavement or patches that have a maximum dimension greater than or equal to 6 inches that are either not well seated or projecting more than one inch. Dispose of removed material as specified in 203.3.5.

460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination

Replace change description annotation with the following to revise implementation date. This change is effective with the November 2025 letting.

Add information to 460.3.3.2(1) and (3). Add reference to CMM, WTM, and WTP H-002. WTP H-002 contains the sublot layouts formerly in CMM 815. Definition of a lot is now defined here (460.3.3.2(3)) instead of CMM. This change was implemented via ASP-6 with the February 2024 letting.

602.3.6 Concrete Rumble Strips

Replace paragraph (5) to correct link from 203.3.4 to 203.3.5 effective with the November 2024 letting.

(5) At the end of each workday, move equipment and material out of the clear zone and sweep or vacuum the traveled way pavement and shoulder areas. Sweep away or vacuum up milling debris before opening adjacent lanes to traffic. Dispose of waste material as specified in 203.3.5; do not place on the finished shoulder surface.

604.2 Materials

Replace paragraph (1) with the following information to remove line and link for crushed aggregate effective with the November 2024 letting. The crushed aggregate gradation information for slope paving is now found in 604.2(3).

(1) Furnish materials conforming to the following:

Water 501.2
Select crushed material 312.2
Concrete 501
Reinforcement 505
Expansion joint filler 415.2.3
Asphaltic materials 455.2

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 7

A. Reporting 1st Tier and DBE Payments During Construction

1. Comply with reporting requirements specified in the department's Civil Rights Compliance, Contractor's User Manual, Sublets and Payments.
2. Report payments to all DBE firms within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department or a contractor for work performed, materials furnished, or materials stockpiled by a DBE firm. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed and for all materials furnished or stockpiled.
3. Report payments to all first tier subcontractor relationships within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department for work performed. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed.
4. All tiers shall report payments as necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement as specified in A(2).
5. DBE firms must enter all payments to DBE and non-DBE firms regardless of tier.
6. Require all first tier relationships, DBE firms and all other tier relationships necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement in receipt of a progress payment by contractor to acknowledge receipt of payment as specified in A(1), (2), (3) and (4).
7. All agreements made by a contractor shall include the provisions in A(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6), and shall be binding on all first tier subcontractor relationships, all contractors and subcontractors utilizing DBE firms on the project, and all payments from DBE firms.

B. Costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.

NOTE: CRCS Prime Contractor payment is currently not automated and will need to be manually loaded into the Civil Rights Compliance System. Copies of prime contractor payments received (check or ACH) will have to be forwarded to paul.ndon@dot.wi.gov within 5 days of payment receipt to be logged manually.

***Additionally, for information on Subcontractor Sublet assignments, Subcontractor Payments and Payment Tracking, please refer to the CRCS Payment and Sublets manual at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payments-sublets-manual.pdf

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 9

Electronic Certified Payroll or Labor Data Submittal

(1) Use the department's Civil Rights Compliance System (CRCS) for projects with a LET date on or before December 2024 and AASHTOWare Project Civil Rights and Labor (AWP CRL) for projects with a LET date on or after January 2025 to electronically submit Certified Payroll Reports for contracts with federal funds and labor data for contracts with state funds only. Details are available online through the department's Highway Construction Contractor Information (HCCI) site on the Labor, Wages, and EEO Information page at: https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/default.aspx

(2) Ensure that all tiers of subcontractors, including all trucking firms, either submit their weekly certified payroll reports (contracts with federal funds) or labor data (contracts with state funds only) electronically through CRCS or AWP CRL. These payrolls or labor data are due within seven calendar days following the close of the payroll period. Every firm providing physical labor towards completing the project is a subcontractor under this special provision.

(3) Upon receipt of contract execution, promptly make all affected firms aware of the requirements under this special provision and arrange for them to receive CRCS or AWP CRL training as they are about to begin their submittals. The department will provide training either in a classroom setting at one of our regional offices, via the online AWP Knowledge Base, or by telephone. to schedule CRCS specific training. The AWP Knowledge Base is at: https://awpkb.dot.wi.gov/

(4) The department will reject all paper submittals for information required under this special provision. All costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.

(5) For firms wishing to export payroll/labor data from their computer system, have their payroll coordinator contact:

- For CRCS: Paul Ndon at paul.ndon@dot.wi.gov. Information about exporting payroll/labor data. Not every contractor's payroll system can produce export files. For details, see Section 4.8 CPR Auto Submit (Data Mapping) on pages 49-50; 66-71 of the CRCS Payroll Manual at: https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payroll-manual.pdf
- For AWP CRL: Contact AWP Support at awpsupport@dot.wi.gov. Additional information can be found in the AWP Knowledge Base at https://awpkb.dot.wi.gov/Content/crl/Payrolls-PrimesAndSubs/PayrollXMLFileCreationProcess.htm

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of $10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding $10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (*see* 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

> "It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
(1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
(2) Assessing sanctions;
(3) Liquidated damages; and/or
(4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than $10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding $2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 “Contract provisions and related matters” with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Wage rates and fringe benefits.* All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided,* That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH–1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. *Frequently recurring classifications.* (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in 29 CFR part 1, a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:

(i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

c. *Conformance.* (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.

(3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to *DBAconformance@dol.gov*. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to *DBAconformance@dol.gov*, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.

(5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

d. *Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate.* Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

e. *Unfunded plans.* If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided,* That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Withholding requirements.* The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:

(1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;

(2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;

(3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;

(4) A contractor's assignee(s);

(5) A contractor's successor(s); or

(6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, 31 U.S.C. 3901–3907.

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Basic record requirements* (1) *Length of record retention.* All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

(2) *Information required.* Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.

(3) *Additional records relating to fringe benefits.* Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

(4) *Additional records relating to apprenticeship.* Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. *Certified payroll requirements* (1) *Frequency and method of submission.* The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.

(2) *Information required.* The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (*e.g.,* the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH–347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH–347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at *https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/wh347/.pdf* or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.

(3) *Statement of Compliance.* Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:

(i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3; and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(4) *Use of Optional Form WH–347.* The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

(5) *Signature.* The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.

(6) *Falsification.* The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 3729.

(7) *Length of certified payroll retention.* The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

c. *Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents.* The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

d. *Required disclosures and access* (1) *Required record disclosures and access to workers.* The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.

(2) *Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements.* If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under 29 CFR part 6 any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.

(3) *Required information disclosures.* Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Apprentices* (1) *Rate of pay.* Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) *Fringe benefits.* Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.

(3) *Apprenticeship ratio.* The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(4) *Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates.* Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.

b. *Equal employment opportunity.* The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

11. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of $100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* $31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

a. *Withholding process.* The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:

(1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;

(2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;

(3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;

(4) A contractor's assignee(s);

(5) A contractor's successor(s); or

(6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, 31 U.S.C. 3901–3907.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

5. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term “perform work with its own organization” in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of $150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost $25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1**. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:**

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. “First Tier Covered Transactions” refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). “Lower Tier Covered Transactions” refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). “First Tier Participant” refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). “Lower Tier Participant” refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the $25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

* * * * *

3. **Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:**

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost $25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 – 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. “First Tier Covered Transactions” refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). “Lower Tier Covered Transactions” refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). “First Tier Participant” refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). “Lower Tier Participant” refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the $25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed $100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000 and not more than $100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed $100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B)
This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

NON-DISCRIMINATION PROVISIONS

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

1. Compliance with Regulations: The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

2. Non-discrimination: The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

4. Information and Reports: The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

5. Sanctions for Noncompliance: In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

a. Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
b. Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

6. Incorporation of Provisions: The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Employment Practices" and "Equal Opportunity Clause" set forth in the Required Contract Provisions, FHWA 1273.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation expressed in percentage terms for the contractor's aggregate work force in each trade, on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Goals for Minority Participation for Each Trade:

County	%	County	%	County	%
Adams	1.7	Iowa	1.7	Polk	2.2
Ashland	1.2	Iron	1.2	Portage	0.6
Barron	0.6	Jackson	0.6	Price	0.6
Bayfield	1.2	Jefferson	7.0	Racine	8.4
Brown	1.3	Juneau	0.6	Richland	1.7
Buffalo	0.6	Kenosha	3.0	Rock	3.1
Burnett	2.2	Kewaunee	1.0	Rusk	0.6
Calumet	0.9	La Crosse	0.9	St. Croix	2.9
Chippewa	0.5	Lafayette	0.5	Sauk	1.7
Clark	0.6	Langlade	0.6	Sawyer	0.6
Columbia	1.7	Lincoln	0.6	Shawano	1.0
Crawford	0.5	Manitowoc	1.0	Sheboygan	7.0
Dane	2.2	Marathon	0.6	Taylor	0.6
Dodge	7.0	Marinette	1.0	Trempealeau	0.6
Door	1.0	Marquette	1.7	Vernon	0.6
Douglas	1.0	Menominee	1.0	Vilas	0.6
Dunn	0.6	Milwaukee	8.0	Walworth	7.0
Eau Claire	0.5	Monroe	0.6	Washburn	0.6
Florence	1.0	Oconto	1.0	Washington	8.0
Fond du Lac	1.0	Oneida	0.6	Waukesha	8.0
Forest	1.0	Outagamie	0.9	Waupaca	1.0
Grant	0.5	Ozaukee	8.0	Waushara	1.0
Green	1.7	Pepin	0.6	Winnebago	0.9
Green Lake	1.0	Pierce	2.2	Wood	0.6

Goals for female participation for each trade: 6.9%

These goals are applicable to all the contractor's construction work, (whether or not it is federal or federally assisted), performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in the geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the Regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from contractor to contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the Regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within ten (10) working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of $10,000.00 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

   As referred to in this section, the Director means:

   Director
   Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs
   Ruess Federal Plaza
   310 W. Wisconsin Ave., Suite 1115
   Milwaukee, WI 53202

   The "Employer Identification Number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.

4. As used in this notice, and in the contract resulting from solicitation, the "covered area" is the county(ies) in Wisconsin to which this proposal applies.

ADDITIONAL FEDERAL-AID PROVISIONS

NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS

To report bid rigging activities call:

1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidding collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

DOMESTIC MATERIALS PREFERENCE PROVISION

Domestic Materials Preference (in accordance with the Buy America Act per 23 CFR 635.410, and the Build America-Buy America Act (BABA) per 2 CFR Part 184, and 2 CFR Part 200) shall be articles, materials, or supplies permanently incorporated in this project as classified in the following four categories, and as described in the Construction and Materials Manual (CMM):

1. Iron and Steel

   To be considered domestic, all steel and iron products used, and all products predominantly manufactured from steel or iron must be produced in the United States in accordance with the steel and iron product standards in 23 CFR 635.410.

   This includes smelting, coating, bending, shaping, and all other manufacturing processes performed on the product. Coating includes all processes which protect or enhance the value of the material to which the coating is applied.

Products that are predominantly iron or steel or a combination of both as defined in 23 CFR 635.410 are considered Steel and Iron products and must comply with this section.

2. Construction Materials

   To be considered domestic, all construction materials used must be produced in the United States in accordance with the construction material standards in 2 CFR 184.6:

   - Non-ferrous metals: All manufacturing processes, from initial smelting or melting through final shaping, coating, and assembly, occurred in the United States.
   - Plastic and polymer-based products: All manufacturing processes, from initial combination of constituent plastic or polymer-based inputs, or, where applicable, constituent composite materials, until the item is in its final form, occurred in the United States.
   - Glass. All manufacturing processes, from initial batching and melting of raw materials through annealing, cooling, and cutting, occurred in the United States.
   - Fiber optic cable (including drop cable): All manufacturing processes, from the initial ribboning (if applicable), through buffering, fiber stranding and jacketing, occurred in the United States. All manufacturing processes also include the standards for glass and optical fiber, but not for non-ferrous metals, plastic and polymer-based products, or any others.
   - Optical fiber: All manufacturing processes, from the initial preform fabrication stage through the completion of the draw, occurred in the United States.
   - Lumber: All manufacturing processes, from initial debarking through treatment and planning, occurred in the United States.
   - Drywall: All manufacturing processes, from initial blending of mined or synthetic gypsum plaster and additives through cutting and drying of sandwiched panels, occurred in the United States.
   - Engineered wood: All manufacturing processes from the initial combination of constituent materials until the wood product is in its final form, occurred in the United States.

3. Manufactured Products

   To be considered domestic, all manufactured products used must be produced in the United States as defined in 23 CFR 635.410(c)(1)(vii):

   - For projects with let dates on or after October 1, 2025, the final step in the manufacturing process must occur in the United States.
   - For projects with let dates on or after October 1, 2026, the final step in the manufacturing process must occur in the United States and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States must be greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product.

Manufactured products means articles, materials, or supplies that have been processed into a specific form and shape, or combined with other articles, materials, or supplies to create a product with different properties than the individual articles, materials, or supplies. If an item is classified as an iron or steel product, an excluded material, or construction material, then it is not a manufactured product. An article, material, or supply classified as a manufactured product may include components that are iron or steel

products, excluded materials, or construction materials. Mixtures of excluded materials delivered to a work site without final form for incorporation into a project are not a manufactured product.

Items that consist of two or more construction materials that have been combined together through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one construction material combined with a material that is not a construction material (including steel/iron) through a manufacturing process are treated as manufactured products, rather than as construction materials.

Products that are classified as predominantly iron or steel do not meet the definition of a manufactured product and must comply with section 1.

With respect to precast concrete products **that are classified as manufactured products**, components of precast concrete products that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both shall meet the requirements of section 1. The cost of such components shall be included in the applicable calculation for purposes of determining whether the precast concrete product is produced in the United States.

With respect to intelligent transportation systems and other electronic hardware systems that are installed in the highway right of way or other real property **and classified as manufactured products**, the cabinets or other enclosures of such systems that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both shall meet the requirements of section 1. The cost of cabinets or other enclosures shall be included in the applicable calculation for purposes of determining whether systems referred to in the preceding sentence are produced in the United States.

4. Temporary and Excluded Materials

> Temporary materials, and excluded materials meeting the definition of Section 70917(c) Materials as defined in 2 CFR 184, do not have any domestic materials requirements. Section 70917(c) Materials means cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives. Mixtures of excluded materials delivered to a work site without final form for incorporation into a project are not a manufactured product.

The classification of an article, material, or supply as falling into one of the categories listed in this section will be made based on its status at the time it is brought to the work site for incorporation into the project. Except as otherwise provided, an article, material, or supply incorporated into an infrastructure project must meet the Domestic Material Preference for only the single category in which it is classified.

Requirements do not preclude a minimal use of foreign steel and iron provided the cost of such materials do not exceed 0.1 percent (0.1%) of the total contract cost or $2500 whichever is greater. The total contract cost is the contract amount at award.

For each iron or steel product subject to meeting domestic materials requirements, that doesn't fully meet Buy America Act requirements, the following documentation must be provided by the Contractor to verify the foreign steel value. Ensure the threshold is not exceeded and place the documentation in the project files.

- Pay Item,
- Description of associated foreign iron or steel product, or component,
- Invoiced cost of associated foreign iron or steel product, or component, and
- Current cumulative list of all foreign iron or steel products with the total dollar amount of foreign products in relation to the total contract amount.

The minimal use of foreign iron or steel under the minimal usage threshold must be approved by the Engineer prior to incorporation into the project and any associated payment under the contract. The use of foreign iron or steel under the minimal usage threshold does not need to be approved by FHWA. This amount is not considered a waiver to the domestic materials requirements. The Contractor must ensure that the minimal usage amount is not exceeded.

The contractor shall take actions and provide documentation conforming to CMM 228.5 to ensure compliance with this Domestic Material provision.

https://wisconsindot.gov/rdwy/cmm/cm-02-28.pdf

Upon completion of the project, certify to the engineer, in writing using department form DT4567 that all iron and steel, construction materials, and manufactured products conform to this domestic material provision.

Form DT4567 is available at: https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/formdocs/dt4567.docx

Attach a list of foreign iron or steel and their associated costs to the certification form using the Domestic Material Exemption Tracking Tool, available at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/hccidocs/contracting-info/buy-america-exemption-tracking-tool.xlsx

CARGO PREFERENCE ACT REQUIREMENT

All Federal-aid projects shall comply with 46 CFR 381.7 (a) – (b) as follows:

(a) *Agreement Clauses.* "Use of United States-flag vessels:"

(1) Pursuant to Pub. L. 664 (43 U.S.C. 1241(b)) at least 50 percent of any equipment, materials or commodities procured, contracted for or otherwise obtained with funds granted, guaranteed, loaned, or advanced by the U.S. Government under this agreement, and which may be transported by ocean vessel, shall be transported on privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels, if available.

(2) Within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be furnished to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590."

(b) *Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses.* "Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees—"

(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION AND SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR PROJECTS WITH FEDERAL AID

I. PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The attached U.S. Department of Labor (Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates) furnishes the minimum prevailing wage rates pursuant to the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts. The wage rates shown are the minimum rates required by the contract to be paid during its life, however this is not a representation that labor can be obtained at these rates. Itis the responsibility of bidders to inform themselves as to the local labor conditions and prospective changes or adjustments of wage rates. No increase in the contract price will be allowed or authorized on account of the payment of wage rates in excess of those listed herein.

II. COVERAGE OF TRUCK DRIVERS

Truck drivers are covered by Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates in the following circumstances:

- Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor for time spent working on the site of the work.
- Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor for time spent loading and/or unloading materials and supplies on the site of the work, if such time is not de minimis. https://www.dol.gov/whd/FOH/FOH_Ch15.pdf
- Truck drivers transporting materials or supplies between a facility that is deemed part of the site of the work and the actual construction site.
- Truck drivers transporting portions of the building or work between a site established specifically for the performance of the contract where a significant portion of such building or work is constructed and the physical place where the building or work called for in the contract will remain.

Truck drivers are not covered by Davis-Bacon Minimum Wage Rates in the following circumstances:

- Material delivery truck drivers while off the site of the work.
- Drivers of a contractor or subcontractor traveling between a Davis-Bacon job and a commercial supply facility while they are off the site of the work."
- Truck drivers whose time spent on the site of the work is de minimis, such as only a few minutes at a time merely to pick up or drop off materials or supplies.

Details are available online at:

https://www.dol.gov/whd/recovery/pwrb/Tab9.pdf

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/trckng.aspx

III. POSTINGS AT THE SITE OF THE WORK

In addition to the required postings furnished by the department, the contractor shall post the following in at least one conspicuous and accessible place at the site of work:

a. A copy of the contractor's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy.

All required documents shall be posted by the first day of work and be accurate and complete. Postings must be readable, in an area where they will be noticed, and maintained until the last day of work.

IV. RESOURCES

Required information regarding compliance with federal provisions is found in the following resources:

- FHWA-1273 included in this contract
- U.S. Department of Labor Prevailing Wage Resource Book
- U.S. Department of Labor Field Operations Handbook
- U.S. Code of Federal Regulations
- Any applicable law, Act, or Executive Order enacted by the federal government at the time of the letting of this contract

"General Decision Number: WI20250010 09/19/2025

Superseded General Decision Number: WI20240010

State: Wisconsin

Construction Type: Highway

Counties: Wisconsin Statewide.

HIGHWAY, AIRPORT RUNWAY & TAXIWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (does not include bridges over navigable waters; tunnels; buildings in highway rest areas; and railroad construction)

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:	. Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract. . The contractor must pay all covered workers at least $17.75 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2025.
If the contract was awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:	. Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract. . The contractor must pay all covered workers at least $13.30 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2025.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	01/03/2025

1	02/07/2025
2	02/21/2025
3	05/23/2025
4	06/06/2025
5	06/27/2025
6	07/04/2025
7	07/11/2025
8	07/25/2025
9	08/15/2025
10	08/29/2025
11	09/05/2025
12	09/12/2025
13	09/19/2025

BRWI0001-002 06/01/2025

CRAWFORD, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 40.09	28.10

BRWI0002-002 06/01/2025

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, AND IRON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 48.60	29.31

BRWI0002-005 06/01/2025

ADAMS, BARRON, BROWN, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, DODGE, DOOR, DUNN, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, POLK, PORTAGE, RUSK, SAUK, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CROIX, TAYLOR, VILAS, WALWORTH, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER	$ 46.01	29.31

BRWI0003-002 06/01/2024

BROWN, DOOR, FLORENCE, KEWAUNEE, MARINETTE, AND OCONTO COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 38.45	27.41

BRWI0004-002 06/01/2025

KENOSHA, RACINE, AND WALWORTH COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 44.71	28.90

BRWI0006-002 06/01/2025

ADAMS, CLARK, FOREST, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, MENOMINEE, ONEIDA, PORTAGE, PRICE, TAYLOR, VILAS AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 39.36	28.83

BRWI0007-002 06/01/2025

GREEN, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 40.34	29.49

BRWI0008-002 06/01/2025

MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 45.72	27.42

BRWI0011-002 06/01/2024

CALUMET, FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC, AND SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 38.45	27.41

BRWI0019-002 06/01/2025

BARRON, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST. CROIX, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 39.50	28.69

BRWI0034-002 06/01/2025

COLUMBIA AND SAUK COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER	$ 41.17	28.66

CARP0068-011 05/05/2025

BURNETT (W. of Hwy 48), PIERCE (W. of Hwy 29), POLK (W. of Hwys 35, 48 & 65), AND ST. CROIX (W. of Hwy 65) COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 47.57	31.17
PILEDRIVERMAN	$ 47.71	30.98

CARP0231-002 06/01/2025

KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 47.73	31.52

CARP0310-002 06/03/2024

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BAYFIELD (Eastern 2/3), FOREST, IRON, JUNEAU, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, ONEIDA, PORTAGE, PRICE, SHAWANO (Western Portion of the County), TAYLOR, VILAS, AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 42.44	28.44
Piledriver	$ 42.44	28.44

CARP0314-001 06/02/2025

COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE, GRANT, GREEN, IOWA, JEFFERSON, LAFAYETTE, RICHLAND, ROCK, SAUK, AND WALWORTH COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Carpenter	$ 42.45	28.78
Piledrivermen	$ 44.45	28.78

CARP0361-004 05/05/2025

BAYFIELD (West of Hwy 63) AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 46.82	31.92

CARP0731-002 06/03/2024

CALUMET (Eastern Portion of the County), FOND DU LAC (Eastern Portion of the County), MANITOWOC, AND SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 42.44	28.44
Piledriver	$ 42.44	28.44

CARP0955-002 06/03/2024

CALUMET (Western Portion of the County), FOND DU LAC (Western Portion of the County), GREEN LAKE, MARQUETTE, OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 42.44	28.44
PILEDRIVER	$ 42.44	28.44

CARP1056-002 06/01/2024

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD , BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT ,CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE,

DOOR, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IOWA, IRON, JACKSON, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE (E. of Hwy. 29 & 65), POLK (E. of Hwy. 35, 48 & 65), PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CROIX (E. of Hwy. 65), TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, VILAS, WALWORTH, WASHBURN, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
MILLWRIGHT	$ 42.00	28.85

CARP1074-002 06/03/2024

BARRON, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, PEPIN, PIERCE (E. of Hwy. 29 & 65), POLK (E. of Hwy. 35, 48 & 65), RUSK, SAWYER, ST. CROIX (E. of Hwy. 65), AND WASHBURN

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 42.44	28.44
PILEDRIVER	$ 42.44	28.44

CARP1143-002 06/03/2024

BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPEALEAU AND VERNON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 42.44	28.44
PILEDRIVER	$ 42.44	28.44

CARP1146-002 06/03/2024

BROWN, DOOR, FLORENCE, KEWAUNEE, MARINETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, AND SHAWANO (Western Portion of the County) COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	$ 42.44	28.44
PILEDRIVER	$ 42.44	28.44

CARP2337-009 06/03/2024

KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA

	Rates	Fringes
PILEDRIVERMAN	$ 42.21	34.07

ELEC0014-002 05/25/2025

ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CHIPPEWA, CLARK (except Maryville, Colby, Unity, Sherman, Fremont, Lynn & Sherwood), CRAWFORD, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, GRANT, IRON, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PRICE, RICHLAND, RUSK, ST CROIX, SAWYER, TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	$ 44.29	25.21

ELEC0014-007 05/25/2025

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IOWA, IRON, JACKSON, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, KENOSHA, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RACINE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST CROIX, TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, VILAS, WALWORTH, WASHBURN, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Teledata System Installer		
Installer/Technician	$ 31.17	20.08

Low voltage construction, installation, maintenance and removal of teledata facilities (voice, data, and video) including outside plant, telephone and data inside wire, interconnect, terminal equipment, central offices, PABX, fiber optic cable and equipment, micro waves, V-SAT, bypass, CATV, WAN (wide area networks), LAN (local area networks), and ISDN (integrated systems digital network).

ELEC0127-002 06/01/2023

KENOSHA COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	$ 46.05	30%+13.15

ELEC0158-002 06/01/2024

BROWN, DOOR, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC (except Schleswig), MARINETTE(Wausuakee and area South thereof), OCONTO, MENOMINEE (East of a ine 6 miles West of the West boundary of Oconto County), SHAWANO (Except Area North of Townships of Aniwa and Hutchins) COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIAN	$ 40.25	29.75%+11.17

ELEC0159-003 05/26/2024

COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE (Area West of Hwy 26, except Chester and Emmet Townships), GREEN, LAKE (except Townships of Berlin, Seneca, and St. Marie), IOWA, MARQUETTE (except Townships of Neshkoka, Crystal Lake, Newton, and Springfield), and SAUK COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes

ELECTRICIAN.....$ 48.55 25.91

ELEC0219-004 06/01/2019

FLORENCE COUNTY (Townships of Aurora, Commonwealth, Fern, Florence and Homestead) AND MARINETTE COUNTY (Township of Niagara)

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:		
Electrical contracts over $180,000	$ 33.94	21.80
Electrical contracts under $180,000	$ 31.75	21.73

ELEC0242-005 06/01/2025

DOUGLAS COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	$ 47.46	33.34

ELEC0388-002 06/01/2024

ADAMS, CLARK (Colby, Freemont, Lynn, Mayville, Sherman, Sherwood, Unity), FOREST, JUNEAU, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MARATHON, MARINETTE (Beecher, Dunbar, Goodman & Pembine), MENOMINEE (Area West of a line 6 miles West of the West boundary of Oconto County), ONEIDA, PORTAGE, SHAWANO (Aniwa and Hutchins), VILAS AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	$ 40.19	26%+12.45

ELEC0430-002 06/01/2024

RACINE COUNTY (Except Burlington Township)

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	$ 48.50	26.25

ELEC0494-005 06/01/2025

MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:	$ 50.86	28.26

ELEC0494-006 06/01/2025

CALUMET (Township of New Holstein), DODGE (East of Hwy 26 including Chester Township), FOND DU LAC, MANITOWOC (Schleswig), and SHEBOYGAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes

Electricians:.....$ 45.20 25.27

ELEC0494-013 06/01/2025

DODGE (East of Hwy 26 including Chester Twp, excluding Emmet Twp), FOND DU LAC (Except Waupuin), MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, MANITOWOC (Schleswig), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Sound & Communications		
Installer	$ 37.13	21.58
Technician	$ 37.13	21.58

Installation, testing, maintenance, operation and servicing of all sound, intercom, telephone interconnect, closed circuit TV systems, radio systems, background music systems, language laboratories, electronic carillion, antenna distribution systems, clock and program systems and low-voltage systems such as visual nurse call, audio/visual nurse call systems, doctors entrance register systems. Includes all wire and cable carrying audio, visual, data, light and radio frequency signals. Includes the installation of conduit, wiremold, or raceways in existing structures that have been occupied for six months or more where required for the protection of the wire or cable, but does not mean a complete conduit or raceway system. work covered does not include the installation of conduit, wiremold or any raceways in any new construction, or the installation of power supply outlets by means of which external electric power is supplied to any of the foregoing equipment or products

---

ELEC0577-003 05/26/2024

CALUMET (except Township of New Holstein), GREEN LAKE (N. part including Townships of Berlin, St Marie, and Seneca), MARQUETTE (N. part including Townships of Crystal Lake, Neshkoro, Newton, and Springfield), OUTAGAMIE, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:.....	$ 40.00	22.69

ELEC0890-003 06/01/2024

DODGE (Emmet Township only), GREEN, JEFFERSON, LAFAYETTE, RACINE (Burlington Township), ROCK AND WALWORTH COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:.....	$ 43.65	25.95%+12.26

ELEC0953-001 06/02/2019

	Rates	Fringes
Line Construction:		
(1) Lineman	$ 47.53	21.43
(2) Heavy Equipment		

Operator	$ 42.78	19.80
(3) Equipment Operator	$ 38.02	18.40
(4) Heavy Groundman Driver	$ 33.27	16.88
(5) Light Groundman Driver	$ 30.89	16.11
(6) Groundsman	$ 26.14	14.60

ENGI0139-005 06/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operator		
Group 1	$ 48.37	30.30
Group 2	$ 47.87	30.30
Group 3	$ 46.77	30.30
Group 4	$ 46.51	30.30
Group 5	$ 46.22	30.30
Group 6	$ 40.32	30.30

HAZARDOUS WASTE PREMIUMS:
EPA Level ""A"" protection - $3.00 per hour
EPA Level ""B"" protection - $2.00 per hour
EPA Level ""C"" protection - $1.00 per hour

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of over 100 tons; or cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with boom, leads and/or jib lengths measuring 176 feet or longer.

GROUP 2: Cranes, tower cranes and derricks with or without attachments with a lifting capacity of 100 tons or less; or cranes, tower cranes, and derricks with boom, leads, and/or jibs lengths measuring 175 feet or under and Backhoes (excavators) weighing 130,000 lbs and over; caisson rigs; pile driver; dredge operator; dredge engineer; Boat Pilot.

GROUP 3: Mechanic or welder - Heavy duty equipment; cranes with a lifting capacity of 25 tons or under; concrete breaker (manual or remote); vibratory/sonic concrete breaker; concrete laser screed; concrete slipform paver; concrete batch plant operator; concrete pvt. spreader - heavy duty (rubber tired); concrete spreader & distributor; automatic subgrader (concrete); concrete grinder & planing machine; concrete slipform curb & gutter machine; slipform concrete placer; tube finisher; hydro blaster (10,000 psi & over); bridge paver; concrete conveyor system; concrete pump; Rotec type Conveyor; stabilizing mixer (self-propelled); shoulder widener; asphalt plant engineer; bituminious paver; bump cutter & grooving machine; milling machine; screed (bituminous paver); asphalt heater, planer & scarifier; Backhoes (excavators) weighing under 130,000 lbs; grader or motor patrol; tractor (scraper, dozer, pusher, loader); scraper - rubber tired (single or twin engine); endloader; hydraulic backhoe (tractor type); trenching machine; skid rigs; tractor, side boom (heavy); drilling or boring machine (mechanical heavy); roller over 5 tons; percussion or rotary drilling machine; air track; blaster; loading machine (conveyor); tugger; boatmen; winches & A-frames; post driver; material hoist.

GROUP 4: Greaser, roller steel (5 tons or less); roller (pneumatic tired) - self propelled; tractor (mounted or towed compactors & light equipment); shouldering machine; self- propelled chip spreader; concrete spreader; finishing

machine; mechanical float; curing machine; power subgrader; joint sawer (multiple blade) belting machine; burlap machine; texturing machine; tractor endloader (rubber tired) - light; jeep digger; forklift; mulcher; launch operator; fireman, environmental burner

GROUP 5: Air compressor; power pack; vibrator hammer and extractor; heavy equipment, leadman; tank car heaters; stump chipper; curb machine operator; Concrete proportioning plants; generators; mudjack operator; rock breaker; crusher or screening plant; screed (milling machine); automatic belt conveyor and surge bin; pug mill operator; Oiler, pump (over 3 inches); Drilling Machine Tender, day light machine

GROUP 6: Off-road material hauler with or without ejector.

IRON0008-002 06/01/2025

BROWN, CALUMET, DOOR, FOND DU LAC, KEWAUNEE, MANITOWOC, MARINETTE, OCONTO, OUTAGAMI, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, AND WINNEBAGO COUNTIES:

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	$ 44.66	33.67

Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day & Christmas Day.

IRON0008-003 06/01/2025

KENOSHA, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, RACINE, WALWORTH (N.E. 2/3), WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	$ 47.52	33.67

Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day & Christmas Day.

IRON0383-001 06/01/2025

ADAMS, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DANE, DODGE, FLORENCE, FOREST, GRANT, GREENE, (Excluding S.E. tip), GREEN LAKE, IOWA, JEFFERSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, MARATHON, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, PORTAGE, RICHLAND, ROCK (Northern area, vicinity of Edgerton and Milton), SAUK, VERNON, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	$ 44.00	32.66

IRON0498-005 06/01/2025

GREEN (S.E. 1/3), ROCK (South of Edgerton and Milton), and WALWORTH (S.W. 1/3) COUNTIES:

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	$ 48.74	49.65

IRON0512-008 05/01/2025

BARRON, BUFFALO, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, ST CROIX, TAYLOR, AND TREMPEALEAU COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	$ 46.35	36.86

IRON0512-021 05/01/2025

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, DOUGLAS, IRON, LINCOLN, ONEIDA, PRICE, SAWYER, VILAS AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	$ 42.89	36.86

LABO0113-002 06/02/2025

MILWAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER		
Group 1	$ 38.81	25.53
Group 2	$ 38.96	25.53
Group 3	$ 39.16	25.53
Group 4	$ 39.31	25.53
Group 5	$ 39.46	25.53
Group 6	$ 35.30	25.53

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster and Powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson; traffic control person

LABO0113-003 06/02/2025

OZAUKEE AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER		
Group 1	$ 38.06	25.53
Group 2	$ 38.16	25.53
Group 3	$ 38.21	25.53
Group 4	$ 38.41	25.53
Group 5	$ 38.26	25.53
Group 6	$ 35.15	25.53

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated);

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster; powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson and Traffic Control Person

LABO0113-011 06/02/2025

KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER		
Group 1	$ 37.87	25.53
Group 2	$ 38.02	25.53
Group 3	$ 38.22	25.53
Group 4	$ 38.19	25.53
Group 5	$ 38.52	25.53
Group 6	$ 35.02	25.53

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS:

GROUP 1: General laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand

Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster and Powderman

GROUP 6: Flagman; traffic control person

LABO0140-002 06/02/2025

ADAMS, ASHLAND, BARRON, BAYFIELD, BROWN, BUFFALO, BURNETT, CALUMET, CHIPPEWA, CLARK, COLUMBIA, CRAWFORD, DODGE, DOOR, DOUGLAS, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, FLORENCE, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GRANT, GREEN, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JACKSON, JUNEAU, IOWA, JEFFERSON, KEWAUNEE, LA CROSSE, LAFAYETTE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, MONROE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, PORTAGE, PRICE, RICHLAND, ROCK, RUSK, SAUK, SAWYER, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, ST. CROIX, TAYLOR, TREMPEALEAU, VERNON, VILLAS, WALWORTH, WASHBURN, WAUPACA, WAUSHARA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER		
Group 1	$ 43.77	19.97
Group 2	$ 43.87	19.97
Group 3	$ 43.92	19.97
Group 4	$ 44.12	19.97
Group 5	$ 43.97	19.97
Group 6	$ 40.40	19.97

LABORER CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bitminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminous Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator, Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Secialist

GROUP 5: Blaster; powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson; Traffic Control

LABO0464-003 06/02/2025

DANE COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER		
Group 1	$ 44.05	19.97
Group 2	$ 44.15	19.97
Group 3	$ 44.20	19.97
Group 4	$ 44.40	19.97
Group 5	$ 44.25	19.97
Group 6	$ 40.40	19.97

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS:

GROUP 1: General Laborer; Tree Trimmer; Conduit Layer; Demolition and Wrecking Laborer; Guard Rail, Fence, and Bridge Builder; Landscaper; Multiplate Culvert Assembler; Stone Handler; Bituminous Worker (Shoveler, Loader, and Utility Man); Batch Truck Dumper or Cement Handler; Bituminious Worker (Dumper, Ironer, Smoother, and Tamper); Concrete Handler

GROUP 2: Air Tool Operator; Joint Sawer and Filler (Pavement); Vibrator or Tamper Operator (Mechanical Hand Operated); Chain Saw Operator; Demolition Burning Torch Laborer

GROUP 3: Bituminous Worker (Raker and Luteman); Formsetter (Curb, Sidewalk, and Pavement); Strike Off Man

GROUP 4: Line and Grade Specialist

GROUP 5: Blaster; Powderman

GROUP 6: Flagperson and Traffic Control Person

PAIN0106-008 05/05/2025

ASHLAND, BAYFIELD, BURNETT, AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		
New:		
Brush, Roller	$ 38.17	27.26
Spray, Sandblast, Steel	$ 38.77	27.26
Repaint:		
Brush, Roller	$ 36.67	27.26
Spray, Sandblast, Steel	$ 37.27	27.26

PAIN0108-002 06/01/2025

RACINE COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		
Brush, Roller	$ 43.64	23.35
Spray & Sandblast	$ 44.64	23.35

PAIN0259-002 05/01/2008

BARRON, CHIPPEWA, DUNN, EAU CLAIRE, PEPIN, PIERCE, POLK, RUSK, SAWYER, ST. CROIX, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER	$ 24.11	12.15

PAIN0259-004 05/01/2015

BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, JACKSON, LA CROSSE, MONROE, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER	$ 22.03	12.45

PAIN0781-002 06/01/2025

JEFFERSON, MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		
Bridge	$ 43.19	24.87
Brush	$ 42.44	24.87
Spray & Sandblast	$ 43.19	24.87

PAIN0802-002 06/01/2025

COLUMBIA, DANE, DODGE, GRANT, GREEN, IOWA, LAFAYETTE, RICHLAND, ROCK, AND SAUK COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER		
Brush	$ 37.65	21.17

PREMIUM PAY:
Structural Steel, Spray, Bridges = $1.00 additional per hour.

PAIN0802-003 06/01/2025

ADAMS, BROWN, CALUMET, CLARK, DOOR, FOND DU LAC, FOREST, GREEN LAKE, IRON, JUNEAU, KEWAUNEE, LANGLADE, LINCOLN, MANITOWOC, MARATHON, MARINETTE, MARQUETTE, MENOMINEE, OCONTO, ONEIDA, OUTAGAMIE, PORTAGE, PRICE, SHAWANO, SHEBOYGAN, TAYLOR, VILAS, WAUSHARA, WAUPACA, WINNEBAGO, AND WOOD COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER	$ 37.65	21.17

PAIN0934-001 06/01/2025

KENOSHA AND WALWORTH COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		
Brush	$ 40.62	26.37
Spray	$ 41.62	26.37
Structural Steel	$ 40.77	26.37

PAIN1011-002 06/01/2025

FLORENCE COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes
Painters:	$ 31.17	15.92

PLAS0599-002 06/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER		
Area A	$ 47.22	31.90
Area C	$ 40.06	28.65
Area D	$ 42.28	26.43
Area E	$ 41.16	27.54
Area F	$ 37.33	31.38

AREA DESCRIPTIONS:

AREA A: ASHLAND, BURNETT, BAYFIELD, DOUGLAS, IRON, PRICE, SAWYER, AND WASHBURN COUNTIES

AREA C: BUFFALO, CRAWFORD, EAU CLAIRE, JACKSON, JUNEAU, LA CROSSE, MONROE, PEPIN, PIERCE, RICHLAND, TREMPEALEAU, AND VERNON COUNTIES

AREA D: MILWAUKEE, OZAUKEE, WASHINGTON, AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

AREA E: DANE, GRANT, GREEN, IOWA, LAFAYETTE, AND ROCK COUNTIES

AREA F: KENOSHA AND RACINE COUNTIES

TEAM0039-001 06/01/2025

	Rates	Fringes
TRUCK DRIVER		
1 & 2 Axles	$ 39.57	28.70
3 or more Axles; Euclids, Dumptor & Articulated, Truck Mechanic	$ 39.72	28.70

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

==========

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons

resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classifications and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the type(s) of construction and geographic area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order under rate identifiers indicating whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate), a survey rate, a weighted union average rate, a state adopted rate, or a supplemental classification rate.

Union Rate Identifiers

A four-letter identifier beginning with characters other than ""SU"", ""UAVG"", ?SA?, or ?SC? denotes that a union rate was prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2024. PLUM is an identifier of the union whose collectively bargained rate prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. The date, 07/01/2024 in the example, is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all changes over time that are reported to WHD in the rates in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing the classification.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

The UAVG identifier indicates that no single rate prevailed for those classifications, but that 100% of the data reported for the classifications reflected union rates. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 01/01/2024. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the State of Ohio. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/01/2024 in the example, indicates the date the wage determination was updated to reflect the most current union average rate.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January, to reflect a weighted average of the current rates in the collective bargaining agreements on which the rate is based.

Survey Rate Identifiers

The ""SU"" identifier indicates that either a single non-union rate prevailed (as defined in 29 CFR 1.2) for this classification in the survey or that the rate was derived by

computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As a weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SUFL2022-007 6/27/2024. SU indicates the rate is a single non-union prevailing rate or a weighted average of survey data for that classification. FL indicates the State of Florida. 2022 is the year of the survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 6/27/2024 in the example, indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

?SU? wage rates typically remain in effect until a new survey is conducted. However, the Wage and Hour Division (WHD) has the discretion to update such rates under 29 CFR 1.6(c)(1).

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

The ""SA"" identifier indicates that the classifications and prevailing wage rates set by a state (or local) government were adopted under 29 C.F.R 1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/03/2024 in the example, reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

a) a survey underlying a wage determination
b) an existing published wage determination
c) an initial WHD letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
d) an initial conformance (additional classification and rate) determination

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be directed to the WHD Branch of Wage Surveys. Requests can be submitted via email to davisbaconinfo@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Wage Surveys
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

Regarding any other wage determination matter such as conformance decisions, requests for initial decisions should be directed to the WHD Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Requests can be submitted via email to BCWD-Office@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division

U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2) If an initial decision has been issued, then any interested party (those affected by the action) that disagrees with the decision can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Requests for review and reconsideration can be submitted via email to dba.reconsideration@dol.gov or by mail to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210.

==========

END OF GENERAL DECISION"

NOTICE TO BIDDERS
WAGE RATE DECISION

The wage rate decision of the Department of Labor which has been incorporated in these advertised specifications is incomplete in that the classifications may be omitted from the Department of Labor's decision.

Since the bidder is responsible, independently, for ascertaining area practice with respect to the necessity, or lack of necessity, for the use of these classifications in the prosecution of the work contemplated by this project, no inference may be drawn from the omission of these classifications concerning prevailing area practices relative to their use. Further, this omission will not, per se, be construed as establishing any governmental liability for increased labor cost if it is subsequently determined that such classifications are required.

There may be omissions and/or errors in the federal wage rates. The bidder is responsible for evaluating and determining the correct applicable rate.

If a project includes multiple types of construction (highway, bridge over navigable water, sanitary sewer and water main, building) and there is not a separate wage determination for this type of work included in the proposal, use the wage determination that is in the proposal.

If a project includes multiple types of construction, different wage rate determinations may be inserted into the contract (WI10/Highway = in all WisDOT highway contracts, WI15/Heavy = bridge over navigable water per USDOL and US Coast Guard designation, WI8/Heavy (Sewer & Water Line & Tunnel) = sanitary sewer and water main if the cost is more than 20% of the contract and/or at least $1,000,000, and Building). If multiple wage rate determinations are inserted into the contract, use the classification in the wage determination for the work being done. Use WI15 wage rates when working on the bridge and/or structure from bank to bank. Use WI8 wage rates when working on any sanitary sewer or water main work. Use Building wage rates for all work done within the footprint of the building. Use WI10 wage rates for all other highway work in the contract and approaches to structures. For example, if a laborer is working within the footprint of a building, use the Laborer rate in the Building wage determination inserted in the contract. If a laborer is working on a bridge/structure within the banks, use the Laborer rate in the WI15/Heavy wage determination if inserted in the contract. If the laborer is working on the highway, use the Laborer rate in the WI10/Highway wage determination.

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0002	108.4400 CPM Progress Schedule	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0004	203.0100 Removing Small Pipe Culverts	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0006	203.0211.S Abatement of Asbestos Containing Material (structure) 01. B-67-224	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0008	203.0335 Debris Containment Over Waterway (structure) 01. B-67-224	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0010	204.0105 Removing Concrete Pavement Butt Joints	600.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0012	204.0115 Removing Asphaltic Surface Butt Joints	1,959.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0014	204.0125 Removing Asphaltic Surface Milling	44,253.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0016	204.0150 Removing Curb & Gutter	1,548.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0018	204.0155 Removing Concrete Sidewalk	394.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0020	204.0165 Removing Guardrail	2,022.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0022	204.0195 Removing Concrete Bases	11.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0024	204.9060.S Removing (item description) 01. Removing Traffic Signals (STH 59 & CTH E)	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0026	204.9060.S Removing (item description) 02. Removing Loop Detector wire & lead-in cable (STH 59 & CTH E)	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0028	205.0100 Excavation Common	786.000 CY	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0030	208.0100 Borrow	975.000 CY	_____.____	_____.____
0032	211.0400 Prepare Foundation for Asphaltic Shoulders 01. 3110-08-70	1,480.000 STA	_____.____	_____.____
0034	213.0100 Finishing Roadway (project) 01. 3110-08-70	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0036	305.0110 Base Aggregate Dense 3/4-Inch	8,333.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0038	305.0120 Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch	20.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0040	305.0500 Shaping Shoulders	1,083.000 STA	_____.____	_____.____
0042	305.0504.S Hauling Excess Shoulder Material	50.000 CY	_____.____	_____.____
0044	416.0610 Drilled Tie Bars	228.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0046	455.0605 Tack Coat	40,988.000 GAL	_____.____	_____.____
0048	460.0105.S HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics	2.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0050	460.0110.S HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density	2.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0052	460.2005 Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	57,426.000 DOL	1.00000	57,426.00
0054	460.2007 Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints	13,604.000 DOL	1.00000	13,604.00
0056	460.2010 Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	87,279.000 DOL	1.00000	87,279.00
0058	460.6423 HMA Pavement 3 MT 58-28 H	54,952.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0060	460.6424 HMA Pavement 4 MT 58-28 H	32,139.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0062	465.0105 Asphaltic Surface	127.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0064	465.0110 Asphaltic Surface Patching	2,107.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0066	465.0120 Asphaltic Surface Driveways and Field Entrances	678.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0068	465.0125 Asphaltic Surface Temporary	500.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0070	465.0310 Asphaltic Curb	48.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0072	465.0520 Asphaltic Rumble Strips, Shoulder	67,280.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0074	465.0560 Asphaltic Rumble Strips, Centerline	58,530.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0076	502.3215 Protective Surface Treatment Reseal	255.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0078	509.0301 Preparation Decks Type 1	1.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0080	509.0310.S Sawing Pavement Deck Preparation Areas	5.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0082	509.1200 Curb Repair	4.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0084	509.1500 Concrete Surface Repair	5.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0086	509.3500.S HMA Overlay Polymer-Modified	26.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
0088	509.9010.S Removing Asphaltic Concrete Deck Overlay (structure) 01. B-67-224	190.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0090	520.8700 Cleaning Culvert Pipes	4.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0092	521.1018 Apron Endwalls for Culvert Pipe Steel 18-Inch	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0094	601.0411 Concrete Curb & Gutter 30-Inch Type D	1,091.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0096	601.0600 Concrete Curb Pedestrian	20.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0098	602.0410 Concrete Sidewalk 5-Inch	4,716.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0100	602.0505 Curb Ramp Detectable Warning Field Yellow	210.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0102	602.0605 Curb Ramp Detectable Warning Field Radial Yellow	49.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0104	611.8110 Adjusting Manhole Covers	23.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0106	611.8115 Adjusting Inlet Covers	73.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0108	614.0010 Barrier System Grading Shaping Finishing	8.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0110	614.0397 Guardrail Mow Strip Emulsified Asphalt	918.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0112	614.2300 MGS Guardrail 3	163.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0114	614.2330 MGS Guardrail 3 K	1,438.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0116	614.2610 MGS Guardrail Terminal EAT	8.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0118	619.1000 Mobilization	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0120	625.0100 Topsoil	2,049.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0122	628.1504 Silt Fence	2,768.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0124	628.1520 Silt Fence Maintenance	2,768.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0126	628.1905 Mobilizations Erosion Control	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0128	628.1910 Mobilizations Emergency Erosion Control	2.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0130	628.2004 Erosion Mat Class I Type B	2,038.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0132	628.7010 Inlet Protection Type B	18.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0134	628.7015 Inlet Protection Type C	64.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0136	629.0210 Fertilizer Type B	1.320 CWT	_____.____	_____.____
0138	630.0175 Seeding Mixture No. 75	52.000 LB	_____.____	_____.____
0140	630.0500 Seed Water	23.000 MGAL	_____.____	_____.____
0142	631.1000 Sod Lawn	1,351.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0144	634.0618 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 18-FT	43.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0146	637.2210 Signs Type II Reflective H	220.130 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0148	637.2215 Signs Type II Reflective H Folding	20.720 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0150	637.2230 Signs Type II Reflective F	113.280 SF	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0152	638.2102 Moving Signs Type II	11.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0154	638.2602 Removing Signs Type II	50.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0156	638.3000 Removing Small Sign Supports	43.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0158	642.5401 Field Office Type D	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0160	643.0300 Traffic Control Drums	30,145.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0162	643.0420 Traffic Control Barricades Type III	16,530.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0164	643.0500 Traffic Control Flexible Tubular Marker Posts	60.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0166	643.0600 Traffic Control Flexible Tubular Marker Bases	60.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0168	643.0705 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type A	6,080.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0170	643.0715 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type C	6,860.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0172	643.0810 Traffic Control Connected Arrow Boards	270.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0174	643.0900 Traffic Control Signs	74,660.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0176	643.0910 Traffic Control Covering Signs Type I	25.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0178	643.0920 Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II	35.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0180	643.1000 Traffic Control Signs Fixed Message	15.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0182	643.1050 Traffic Control Signs PCMS	34.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0184	643.1220 Traffic Control Connected Work Zone Start and End Location Markers	480.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0186	643.3150 Temporary Marking Line Removable Tape 4-Inch	500.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0188	643.3165 Temporary Marking Line Paint 6-Inch	2,950.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0190	643.5000 Traffic Control	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0192	644.1430 Temporary Pedestrian Surface Plate	120.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0194	644.1440 Temporary Pedestrian Surface Matting	1,245.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0196	644.1601 Temporary Pedestrian Curb Ramp	540.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0198	644.1605 Temporary Pedestrian Detectable Warning Field	190.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0200	644.1810 Temporary Pedestrian Barricade	1,279.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0202	644.1900.S Temporary Audible Message Devices	345.000 DAY	_____.____	_____.____
0204	646.1020 Marking Line Epoxy 4-Inch	3,185.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0206	646.2025 Marking Line Grooved Black Epoxy 6-Inch	288.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0208	646.2040 Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 6-Inch	239,824.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0210	646.3020 Marking Line Epoxy 8-Inch	249.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0212	646.4025 Marking Line Grooved Black Epoxy 10-Inch	462.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0214	646.4040 Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 10-Inch	9,332.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0216	646.5020 Marking Arrow Epoxy	77.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0218	646.5120 Marking Word Epoxy	27.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0220	646.5320 Marking Railroad Crossing Epoxy	2.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0222	646.6120 Marking Stop Line Epoxy 18-Inch	1,217.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0224	646.6220 Marking Yield Line Epoxy 18-Inch	9.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0226	646.6320 Marking Dotted Extension Epoxy 18-Inch	156.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0228	646.7120 Marking Diagonal Epoxy 12-Inch	1,242.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0230	646.7420 Marking Crosswalk Epoxy Transverse Line 6-Inch	1,008.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0232	646.9010 Marking Removal Line Water Blasting 4-Inch	500.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0234	646.9012 Marking Removal Line Water Blasting 6-Inch	1,000.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0236	646.9110 Marking Removal Line Water Blasting 8-Inch	500.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0238	646.9112 Marking Removal Line Water Blasting 10-Inch	1,000.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0240	646.9210 Marking Removal Line Water Blasting Wide	100.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0242	646.9310 Marking Removal Special Marking Water Blasting	5.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0244	650.5500 Construction Staking Curb Gutter and Curb & Gutter	1,091.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0246	650.8000 Construction Staking Resurfacing Reference	67,819.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0248	650.8501 Construction Staking Electrical Installations (project) 01. 3110-08-70	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0250	650.9000 Construction Staking Curb Ramps	14.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0252	650.9500 Construction Staking Sidewalk (project) 01. 3110-08-70	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0254	652.0225 Conduit Rigid Nonmetallic Schedule 40 2-Inch	728.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0256	652.0235 Conduit Rigid Nonmetallic Schedule 40 3-Inch	591.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0258	652.0615 Conduit Special 3-Inch	600.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0260	652.0800 Conduit Loop Detector	1,210.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0262	653.0135 Pull Boxes Steel 24x36-Inch	6.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0264	653.0140 Pull Boxes Steel 24x42-Inch	10.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0266	653.0905 Removing Pull Boxes	14.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0268	654.0101 Concrete Bases Type 1	7.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0270	654.0110 Concrete Bases Type 10	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0272	654.0120 Concrete Bases Type 10-Special	3.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0274	654.0217 Concrete Control Cabinet Bases Type 9 Special	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0276	655.0230 Cable Traffic Signal 5-14 AWG	642.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0278	655.0240 Cable Traffic Signal 7-14 AWG	816.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0280	655.0260 Cable Traffic Signal 12-14 AWG	1,115.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0282	655.0270 Cable Traffic Signal 15-14 AWG	194.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0284	655.0280 Cable Traffic Signal 19-14 AWG	449.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0286	655.0320 Cable Type UF 2-10 AWG Grounded	483.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0288	655.0515 Electrical Wire Traffic Signals 10 AWG	1,454.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0290	655.0700 Loop Detector Lead In Cable	3,519.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0292	655.0800 Loop Detector Wire	3,946.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0294	656.0201 Electrical Service Meter Breaker Pedestal (location) 01. STH 59 & CTH E	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0296	657.0100 Pedestal Bases	7.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0298	657.0405 Traffic Signal Standards Aluminum 3.5-FT	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0300	657.0420 Traffic Signal Standards Aluminum 13-FT	3.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0302	657.0425 Traffic Signal Standards Aluminum 15-FT	2.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0304	657.0430 Traffic Signal Standards Aluminum 10-FT	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0306	658.0173 Traffic Signal Face 3S 12-Inch	12.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0308	658.0174 Traffic Signal Face 4S 12-Inch	6.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0310	658.0416 Pedestrian Signal Face 16-Inch	8.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0312	658.0500 Pedestrian Push Buttons	8.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0314	658.5070 Signal Mounting Hardware (location) 01. STH 59 & E	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0316	659.1125 Luminaires Utility LED C	3.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0318	659.5000.S Lamp, Ballast, LED, Switch Disposal by Contractor	25.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0320	680.0100 Public Land Reference Monument Verify and Reset	6.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0322	690.0150 Sawing Asphalt	1,897.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0324	690.0250 Sawing Concrete	1,075.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0326	740.0440 Incentive IRI Ride	20,000.000 DOL	1.00000	20,000.00

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0328	ASP.1T0A On-the-Job Training Apprentice at $5.00/HR	7,000.000 HRS	5.00000	35,000.00
0330	ASP.1T0G On-the-Job Training Graduate at $5.00/HR	21,600.000 HRS	5.00000	108,000.00
0332	SPV.0035 Special 01. Rapid Set Deck Repair	1.000 CY	_____.____	_____.____
0334	SPV.0060 Special 01. Clean and Re-cauk Guardrail Base Plates	14.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0336	SPV.0060 Special 02. Curb Ramp Grading, Shaping and Finishing	14.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0338	SPV.0060 Special 03. Adjusting Water Valves	12.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0340	SPV.0060 Special 04. Install Poles Type 9	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0342	SPV.0060 Special 05. Install Poles Type 10 Special	3.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0344	SPV.0060 Special 06. Install monotube arms 25-ft	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0346	SPV.0060 Special 07. Install monotube arms 40-ft type 9/10 spec pole	2.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0348	SPV.0060 Special 08. Install monotube arms 45-ft type 9/10 spec pole	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0350	SPV.0060 Special 09. Install luminaire arms steel 15-ft	3.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0352	SPV.0060 Special 11. Trnspt & Install State Furn Traffic Signal Cabinet (STH 59 & CTH E)	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____

Proposal ID: 20251111011 **Project(s):** 3110-08-70

Federal ID(s): WISC 2026033

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: **Alt Mbr ID:**

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0354	SPV.0060 Special 12. Trnspt Traffic Signal & Inter Lighting Materials (STH 59 & CTH E)	1.000 EACH	_____.____	_____.____
0356	SPV.0090 Special 01. Flashing Stainless Steel	75.000 LF	_____.____	_____.____
0358	SPV.0165 Special 01. Ditch Cleaning	490.000 SF	_____.____	_____.____
0360	SPV.0180 Special 01. Methacrylate Flood Seal	226.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0362	SPV.0180 Special 02. Removing Existing Field Entrance	68.000 SY	_____.____	_____.____
0364	SPV.0195 Special 01. Asphaltic Repair	1,000.000 TON	_____.____	_____.____
	Section: 0001		**Total:**	_____.____

Total Bid: _____.____

PLEASE ATTACH ADDENDA HERE