









Local Structures 6 – 20ft Program

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Kick-Off Meeting Agenda

- Inspection Phase Overview
- BOS Website
- Inventory Information
- HSIS
- Inspection
- Invoicing
- Question and Answer







Inspection Phase Summary

- WCA contract/purchase order with WisDOT
 - Consultants under contract with WCA for cities, villages, and towns (Counties responsible for inspections on their structures)
- Inspections completed by certified bridge inspector
- Inspection findings/data reported in HSIS
- Consultant sends invoices to WisDOT & WCA
 - \$350 per structure inspected and data entered
- WisDOT reviews invoices and pays WCA
- WCA pays consultants







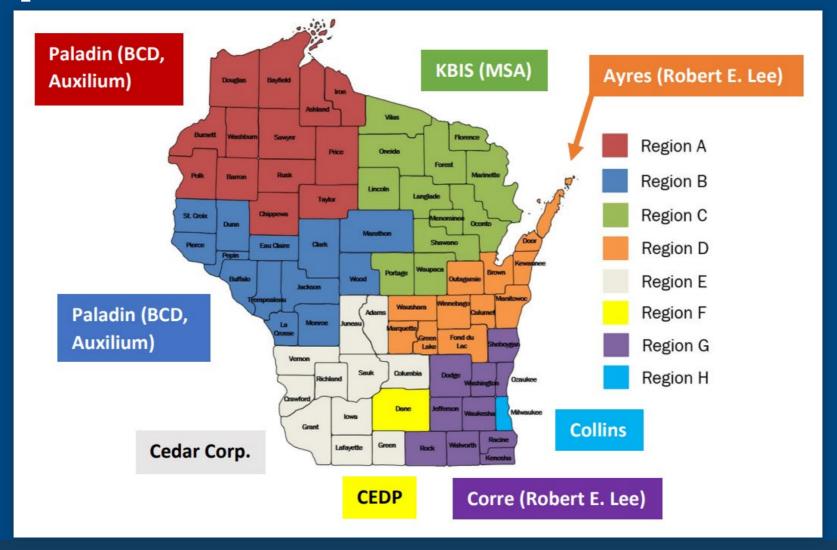








Inspection Services Selections















BOS Website



- Search Local Structures 6-20 ft
 - Top search return



DMV Online Services . DMV Info . Doing Business . Travel . Safety . Projects and Studies . About WisDOT .

Local Structures 6 - 20 feet

Bureau of Structures

Design & Construction

Maintenance & Inspection

Fabrication & Quality Assurance

Manuals & HSI Quick Links

Research & Outreach

Webinar - Inventory Phase

Maintenance & Inspection

Policy Memos | Structures Inspection | Structures Preservation | Announcements | Forms | Highway Structures Information System (HSI) | Program Managers | Inspector Application & Credentials | Training & Tools | Local Structures (6-20 ft) | Additional Resources | Contacts

Sep. 20, 2024 Q&A

Program Overview

Consultant Inspection Services Selection (8/28/2024)

Program Description

The Wisconsin State 2023-25 Budget includes the following language:

Provide \$12,500,000 to the Joint Committee on Finance SEG supplemental biennial appropriation in 2023-24 for assessment of local bridges and culverts that are less than 20 feet in length and create a biennial DOT SEG appropriation that could receive the funds. Direct DOT to develop a program for counties to assess local bridges and culverts that are 20 feet or under in length, but greater than six feet in length

Based on this budget item, the Wisconsin legislature created State Statute 85.64. The statute reads:

Assessment of local bridges and culverts. The department shall administer a program for counties to inventory and assess the condition of local bridges and culverts that are 20 feet or less in length but greater than 6 feet in length.

WisDOT has collaborated with local owners associations to develop details to administer the program identified above. Local partners include:

- Wisconsin Towns Association (WTA)
- · League of Wisconsin of Municipalities (LWM)
- . Wisconsin County Highway Association (WCHA)
- · Wisconsin Counties Association (WCA)





















Local "C" Structures

- All known local "C" structures changed to "V"
- Same number used only changed "C" to "V".
- Many may have a plaque indicating the C number.
- Some C structures may not have been inventoried.
- Not all original C structures were in HSIS inventory.
- Inspections required on all >6 to <a>20' local structures















"P" changed to "V"

- Length measurement verification as part of SNBI resulted in a small number of P structures found to be less than 20' – these have been renumbered with a V.
- These will show up in a local's inventory.
- All have recent inspections and will not need to be reinspected as part of the initial LSS program.







(Highway Structures Information System)





























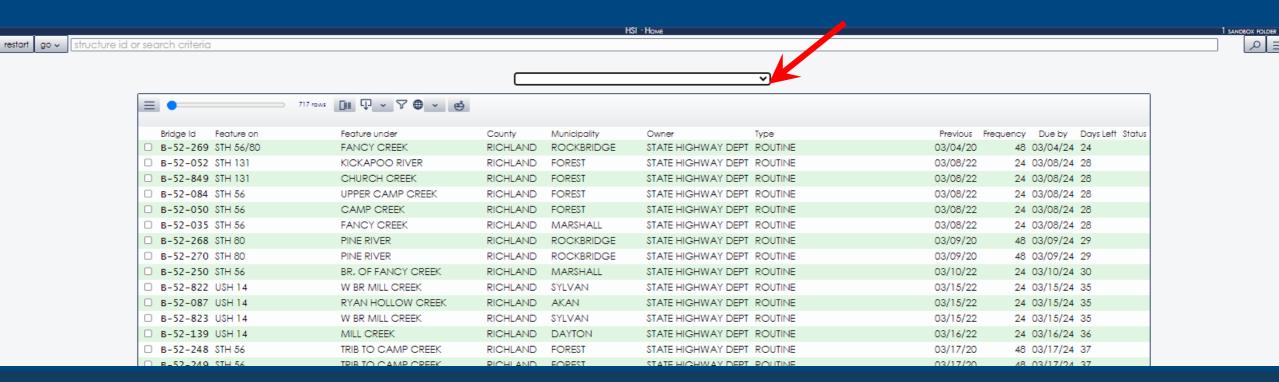






Use the **Assist** function to develop lists of structures

Drop down arrow in top middle of HSIS home screen

















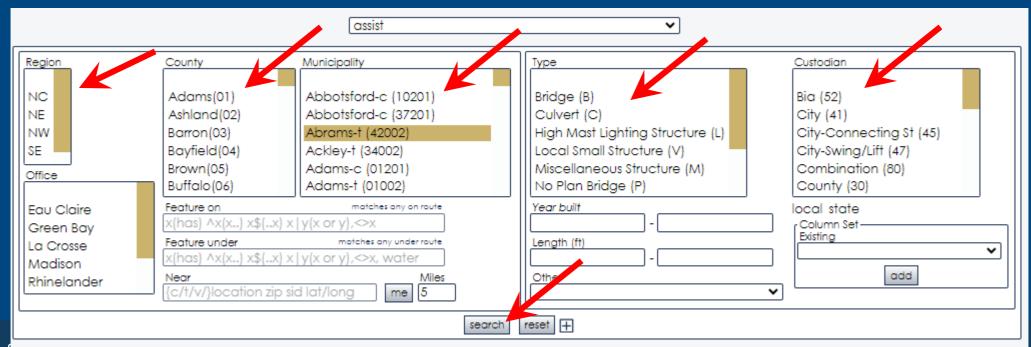




Assist function - Select

- Region, County, or Municipality,
- Type = Local Small Structure (V)

- Custodian (owner)
- Search













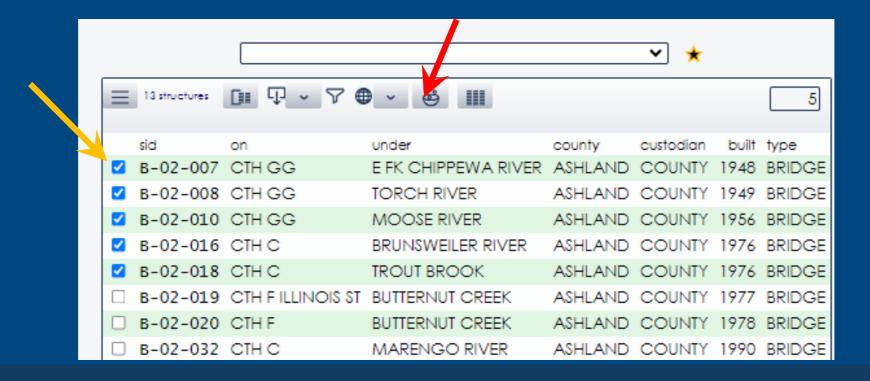






List of Structures

- Check the boxes for structures needing inspections (yellow arrow)
- Select icon that looks like a bowl (red arrow)

















Bowl icon - print - field inspections

Select Routine inspection type

Deselect any *Activity types*

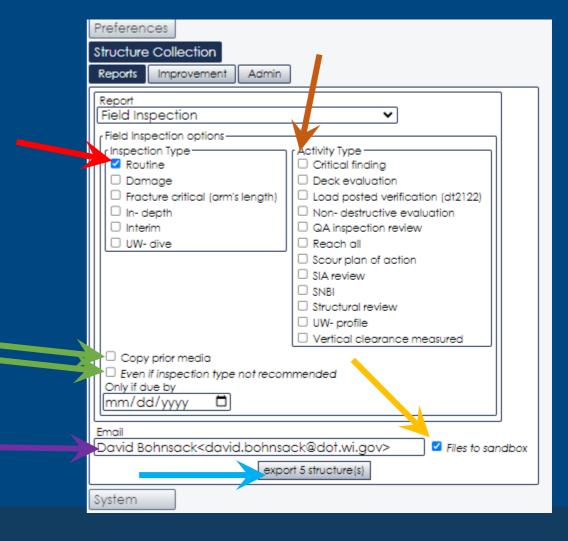
Deselect Copy prior media

Deselect Even if inspection...

Verify the email address

Select or unselect *Files to sandbox*

Select export structures





















Upper left corner of screen on colored bar - SANDBOX FOLDERS - select

Folder of the field inspections will show up













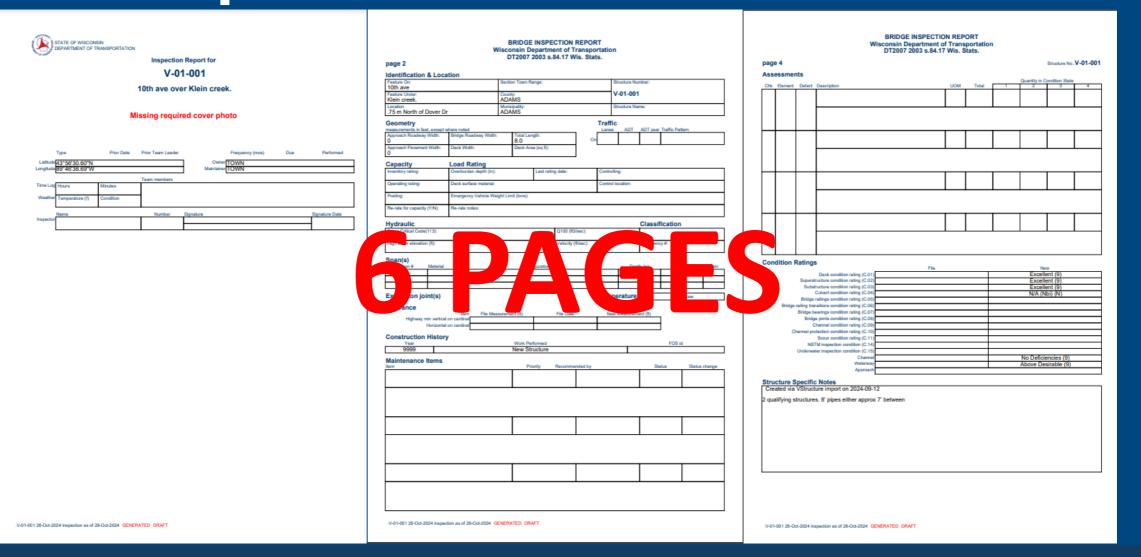








Inspection Form – HSIS Form

























Inspection Form – Hardcopy

SMALL STRUCTURE INSPECTION REPORT

6' up to and including 20' LENGTH

Feature On	County:	Structure Number
Feature Under	Municipality:	
Service Feature Under	Owner:	
Location	Lane Count On	
Latitude	Traffic Pattern On	
Longitude	Existing Load Posting	

Total Structure Length:	
Total Structure Width:	
Structure Roadway Width:	

Wearing Surface Material	
Overburden	inches

Structure Type

Pipe/Cell/Span	Type/Configuration	Material	Pipe/Cell/Span Width (feet)	Opening Height (inches)	Pipe/Cell Length
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					

Bridge Type Structures (Information needed to complete load rating)

Girder Size	Girder Height	Girder Width	Web Size	Flange Thickness	Other
Girder Information/Size					
Number of Girders					
Girder Spacing					
Deck/Slab Thickness					
Wearing Surface Material					

Channel/Waterway Observations (erosion, scour, flood/highwater, debris):

General Inspection Notes –

NBI Condition Ratings

NBI	Rating
Deck	
Superstructure	
Substructure	
Culvert	

Inspector Information

Team Leader Name and No. (Print)	Team Member(s) Name(s) (Print)		
Team Leader Signature		Insp. Date	Inspection Agency

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Instructions

SMALL STRUCTURE INSPECTION REPORT

6' up to and including 20' LENGTH

- Structure Number The unique number assigned by HSIS upon Inventory upload.
 Note: If a unique number has not been assigned by HSIS, use this line to assign a Temporary ID.
- . Feature On Name(s) of the roadway or route number(s) on the structure.
- Feature Under Name, if known, of the feature under. Examples Smith Creek, Hilldale Ped Path.
- Service Feature Under Select from waterway, pedestrian path, land/cattle pass, or other.
- Location A distance in tenths of a mile and a direction from nearest public highway intersection.
- . Latitude and Longitude use decimal degrees with up to 7 numbers beyond the decimal.
- County The county in which the structure is located.
- Municipality The municipality in which the structure is located (city, village, or town).
- Owner The owner agency of the structure (Options: County-30, City-40, Village-41, Town-42)
- . Lane Count On The number of highway traffic lanes over the structure
- Traffic Pattern On The traffic pattern over the structure one way, two way.
- Existing Load Posting Any load limit posted on a sign at the structure.
- Total Structure Length Length of the structure in tenths of a foot measured at the center of the roadway between
 under-copings on bridge like structures or extreme ends of the opening of culvert like structures.
- Total Structure Width The out-to-out width of the structure measured perpendicular to the roadway centerline. For
 culverts, the distance perpendicular to the roadway centerline from the end to end of the culvert.
- Structure Roadway Width The clear width of the useable roadway over the structure. The distance between the
 inside faces of rails, curbs or parapets; or for buried structures, outside edge to outside edge of useable travel way.
- Wearing Surface Material Material makeup of the wearing surface typically, asphalt, concrete, or crushed rock.
- Overburden measured or estimated average depth of the overburden material placed on the top of the structure (note in the comments area if measured or estimated).
- Wearing Surface Material The top surface of the overburden, such as an asphalt, concrete, base course, soil, etc.

Structure Type

- Pipe/Cell/Span Each pipe, cell, or span must be recorded separately.
- . Type/Configuration The structure configuration: Bridge, Box, Arch, or Pipe
- Material If structure is bridge like, code the material of the girders or beams, otherwise code the primary material of the arch, box, or pipe. (concrete, precast concrete, steel, galvanized steel, aluminum, timber, masonry, or plastic)
- Pipe/Cell/Span Width (feet) the width of each pipe/cell/span measured perpendicular from the inside wall to inside wall, or the pipe diameter.
- Opening Height (inches) the maximum vertical height of each pipe/cell/span measured from the ceiling. This is the diameter for circular pipes.
- . Pipe/Cell Length (feet) the length of the pipe or cell measured along the center of the pipe or cell of the structure.

Channel/Waterway Observations (erosion, scour, flood/highwater, debris)

 Record observations about the condition of the channel or waterway with respect to erosion, movement, scour, flood damage, or highwater marks.

General Inspection/Maintenance Notes

General inspection/maintenance notes that come up during the inspection that the inspector deems necessary to
document. Include notes used to further describe and clarify the structure's condition.

NBI Condition Ratings

- Deck The portion of a bridge like structure which directly supports the live load traffic of a multigirder or rigid frame.
 The entire slab of slab structures.
- Superstructure Girders and rigid frames, support the deck, and deliver the deck and live traffic loads to the substructure units. The entire slab of slab structures.
- Substructure All elements located below the bearings which support the superstructure and deck.
- . Culvert A buried structure carrying traffic over an obstruction that is 20-feet or less in length.

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Directions for Entering Data in HSIS



Inspection Phase

- WisDOT Bureau of Structures held a webinar to discuss process and procedure for collecting inspection information
 - A recording of the webinar can be found here.
 - A link to the presentation can be found here.
- Inspection information can be collected on paper in the field, but must be input directly by the bridge inspector into the Highway Structures Information System (HSIS).
- Inspection field form
- Video directions for entering inspection information into HSI.



















- Inspection data must be entered in HSIS
- Data entry and reports are the same as it is for bridge inspections
- Inspectors need to verify inventory data already entered in HSIS
- Local small structures 6 to 20 ft are assigned "V" numbers
 - V number assigned only after inventory loaded in HSIS
 - Inspection data cannot be loaded without a V number assigned.







Verify/Gather Missing Inventory Data

- Location and Owner
 - Length, Feature On (public highway), Feature Under, Service Feature Under, Location, Latitude, Longitude, County, Municipality, Owner
- Lane Count On
 - The number of highway traffic lanes on/over the structure.
- Traffic Pattern On
 - Highway traffic pattern on/over the structure one way or two way.
- Existing Load Posting
 - Record any load limit posting for the structure.













Inspection Items

- Lane Count On
- Traffic Pattern
- Existing Load Posting
- Length (total span length)
- Width
- Structure Roadway Width
- Opening Height
- Opening Width
- Barrel/cell/pipe length
- Configuration type of each span
- Material of each span
- Bridge Type Structure:
 - Measurements and sketches of span
 - Girder size and spacing
 - Deck or slab thickness

- Overburden depth
- Deck/Wearing surface/material
- NBI Condition Rating (0 to 9)
 - Deck
 - Superstructure
 - Substructure
- Channel/Waterway observations
- Inspection notes
 - Describe the conditions
- Photos
 - Profile/side and roadway views
 - General defect or deterioration that justifies the rating given
 - Safety Concerns





















NBI rating = 0 to 9
Follow the table on Page 218
of the Structure Inspection
Field Manual

NBI Rating:

Deck
Superstructure
Substructure
Culvert

Condition Rating

2024 WisDOT Structure Inspection Field Manual

Chapter 9. SNBI Condition Rating System

SNBI - Condition Ratings

The following criteria should be used to rate items B.C.01 (Deck), B.C.02 (Superstructure), B.C.03 (Substructure), B.C.04 (Culvert), B.C.05 (Bridge Railing), B.C.06 (Bridge Railing Transition), B.C.07 (Bridge Bearings), B.C.14 (NSTM), B.C.15 (Underwater)

Code	Condition	Description
N	Not Applicable	Component does not exist.
9	Excellent	Isolated inherent defects.
8	Very Good	Some inherent defects.
7	Good	Some minor defects.
6	Satisfactory	Widespread minor or isolated moderate defects.
5	Fair	Some moderate defects; strength and performance of the component are not affected.
4	Poor	Widespread moderate or isolated major defects; strength and/or performance of the component is affected.
3	Serious	Major defects; strength and/or performance of the component is seriously affected. Condition typically necessitates more frequent monitoring, load restrictions, and/or corrective actions.
2	Critical	Major defects; component is severely compromised. Condition typically necessitates frequent monitoring, significant load restrictions, and/or corrective actions in order to keep the bridge open.
1	Imminent Failure	Bridge is closed to traffic due to component condition. Repair or rehabilitation may return the bridge to service.
0	Failed	Bridge is closed due to component condition, and is beyond corrective action. Replacement is required to restore service.

Note: See the SNBI for commentary and examples





















Bridge-Like Structures

Bridge-like structures have deck, superstructure and substructure elements

- Record measurements and condition/defects about load path elements
 - Information needed to complete future load rating
 - Girder Size height, width, web size, flange thickness.
 - Number of girders
 - Deck/Slab thickness
 - Note any condition/defects that may have an affect on the load rating.
 - Create a sketch and upload into HSIS





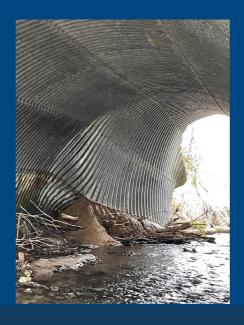




Critical Safety Concern

- Identify any critical safety concerns.
- Notify the owner directly as soon as possible.

























Photos and Notes

Notes

• Describe defect or deterioration that justifies any NBI rating ≤ 5.

Photos

- Profile/side and roadway views
- Defect or deterioration that justifies any NBI rating ≤ 5
- Safety Concerns























Invoicing for Inspections

- Invoice must include
 - List of structures inspected
 - Reference WisDOT/WCA PO #39584-0000029721
- Send a copy of the invoice to WisDOT and WCA
 - Email invoice to both:
 - David Bohnsack at david.bohnsack@dot.wi.gov
 - Terry Schumacher at schumacher@wicounties.org
 - Or mail invoice to both WisDOT and WCA

David Bohnsack Wisconsin DOT-Bureau of Structures 4822 Madison Yards Way 4th Floor Madison WI 53707

Terry Schumacher Wisconsin Counties Association 22 East Mifflin St, Suite 900 Madison WI 53707













Reminders

Structure Length

- Verify the length is > 6' and ≤ 20' prior to starting the inspection.
 - Structures ≤ 6' or > 20' do not qualify and will not be reimbursed for inspection.
 - Measurement between multiple pipe culverts must be less than 1/2 of the smaller opening.

Public Highway

• Highway must be a public road, not just open to the public. Road must get General Transportation Aids (GTA) – verify with town or municipality.

Photos and Notes

 Provide representative photos and notes showing defects or deterioration that justifies any NBI rating ≤ 5.

Critical Safety Concerns

 Identify any critical safety concerns - notify the structure owner as soon as possible.











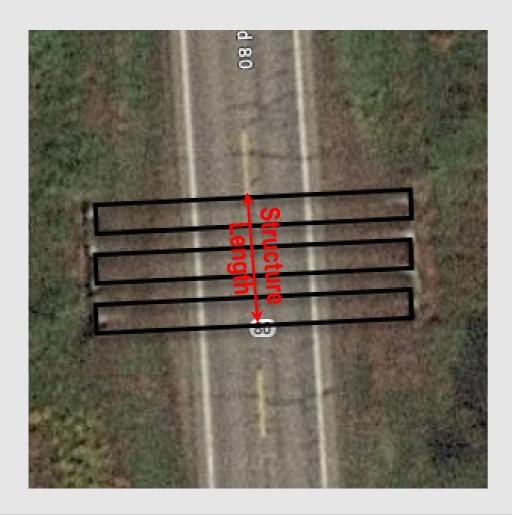




Questions?



Structure Length: Measured along the center of the roadway



























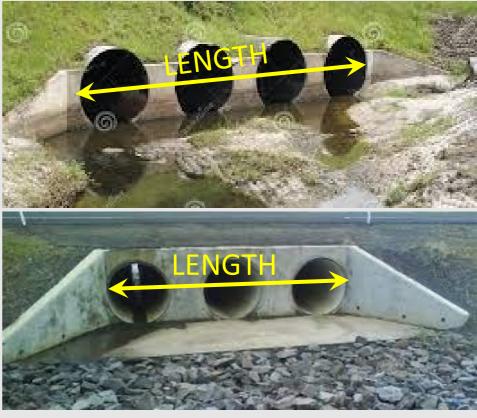
Example Structures: Pipe Culverts



Steel Pipe



Steel Pipe Arch



Multipipe Pipe Culvert AKA "culvert nest"

























Example Structures: Concrete Box Culvert





Single Concrete Box Culvert Pipe

Double Barrel (multicell) Box Culvert

















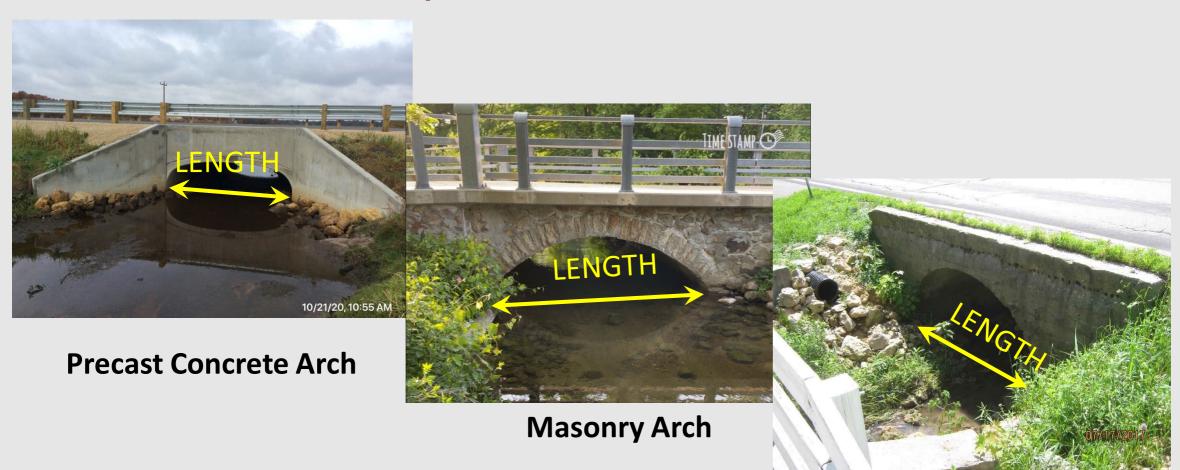








Example Structures: Arch Structures



















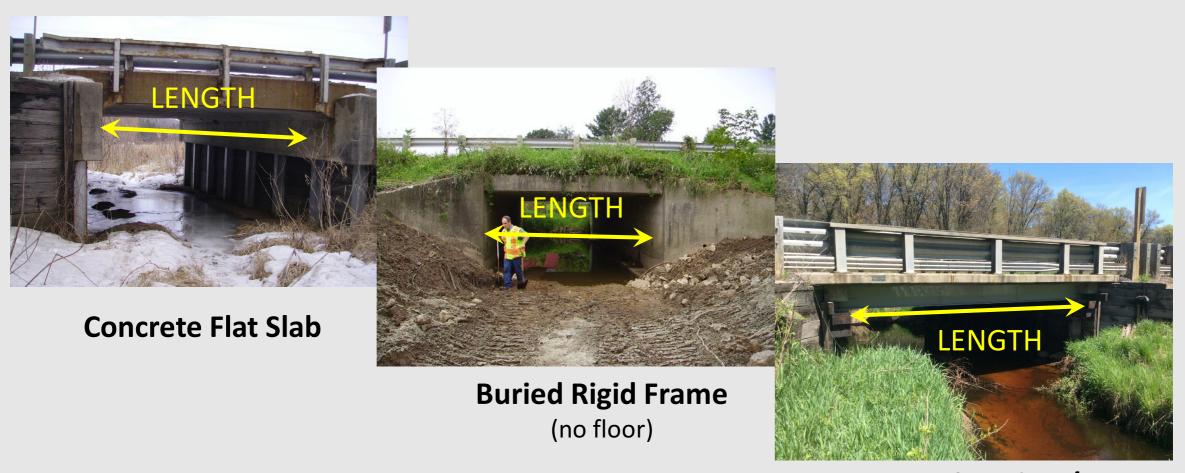








Example Structures: Bridge Like Structures





























Example Structure



CONCRETE FLAT SLAB ON TIMBER ABUTMENTS, 0° SKEW

(bridge like structure)

14' SPAN LENGTH

Structure Length = 14' along C/L between faces of outcroppings



















Multi-pipe Structure Example



2 – 4' DIA STEEL CULVERT PIPES SPACED = 2', 0° SKEW

10' SPAN LENGTH

Structure Length = 10' along C/L

Furthest 4' pipe on the left does not qualify because the spacing is greater than ½ the span length of the adjacent structures





















Structure Width

Structure Width: Out-to-out distance perpendicular to the roadway.



























Structure Width

Structure Width: Out-to-out distance perpendicular to the roadway.





























Roadway Width (on the structure)

The clear width of the useable roadway over the structure. The distance between the inside faces of rails, curbs or parapets.



























Roadway Width (on the structure)

Structure Width: For buried structures, outside edge to outside edge of useable travel way. Include shoulders in width if shoulders appear structurally sufficient for traffic.

























Wearing Surface Material

Identify the material of the wearing surface

Typical surface materials:

- Asphalt
- Concrete
- Crushed rock



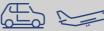
















Overburden (inches)

 Measure or estimate the average depth of the overburden material placed on the top of the structure in inches (note in the comments section if measured or estimated).

Total materials (ave thickness):

- Pavement overlays
- Pavement
- Crushed rock
- Fill/soil























Structure Type

• Each pipe, cell, or span making up a structure must be recorded separately





- Type/Configuration bridge, box, arch, pipe
- Material code the primary material
 - Concrete, precast concrete, steel, galvanized steel, aluminum, timber, masonry, plastic
 - If the structure is bridge like, code the material of the girders or beams

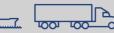


















Structure Type (continued)

- Pipe/Cell/Span Width (round to 0.1 ft)
 - Width of each pipe/cell/span measured perpendicular from the inside wall to inside wall, or the pipe diameter.
- Opening Height (round to 0.1 ft)
 - Maximum vertical height of each pipe/cell/span measured from the ceiling. This is the diameter for circular pipes.
- Pipe/Cell Length (round to 0.1 ft)
 - Length of the pipe or cell measured along the center of the pipe or cell of the structure.







Pipe/Cell/Span Width (0.1 feet)

Measure each pipe/cell/span inside to inside wall





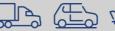












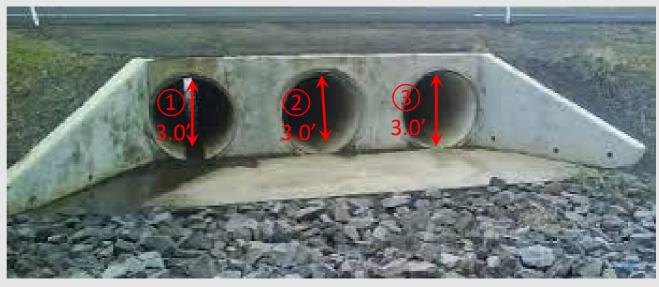




Opening Height (0.1 feet)

• Measure each pipe/cell/span height – inside to inside



















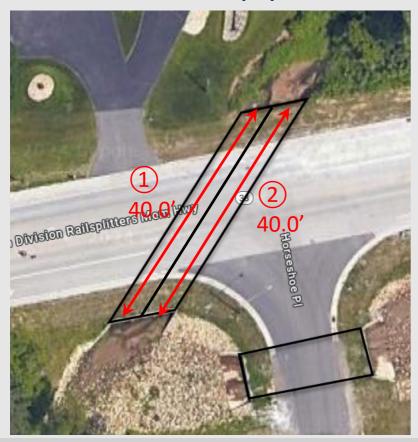


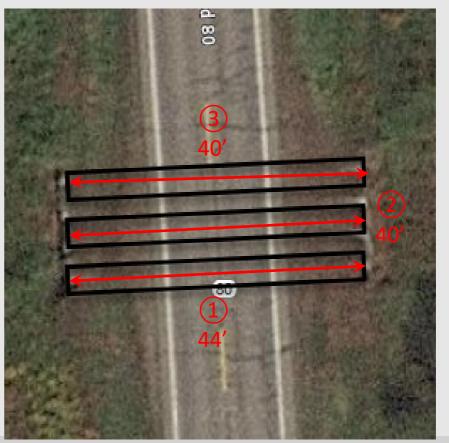




Pipe/Cell Length (0.1 feet)

Measure each pipe/cell length end to end inside along center of pipe/cell























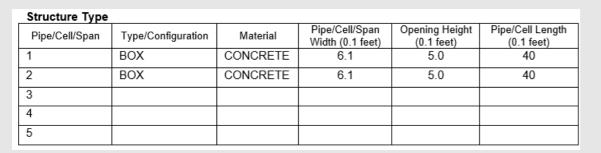




Structure Type (examples)

• Examples of populated table on field form:







Structure Type					
Pipe/Cell/Span	Type/Configuration	Material	Pipe/Cell/Span Width (0.1 feet)	Opening Height (0.1 feet)	Pipe/Cell Length (0.1 feet)
1	PIPE	CONCRETE	3.0	3.0	44
2	PIPE	CONCRETE	3.0	3.0	44
3	PIPE	CONCRETE	3.0	3.0	44
4					
5					























Channel/Waterway Observations

- Record observations about the condition of the channel or waterway with respect to erosion, movement, scour, flood damage, or highwater marks
 - Erosion
 - Scour
 - Flood/highwater Marks
 - Debris Accumulation









General Inspection/Maintenance Notes

 Record any inspection notes or maintenance items during the inspection that the inspector deems necessary to document. Include notes used to further describe and clarify the structure's condition.





